

Sterile Neutrinos in Tritium Beta-Decay Experiments

arXiv: 2211.XXXXX

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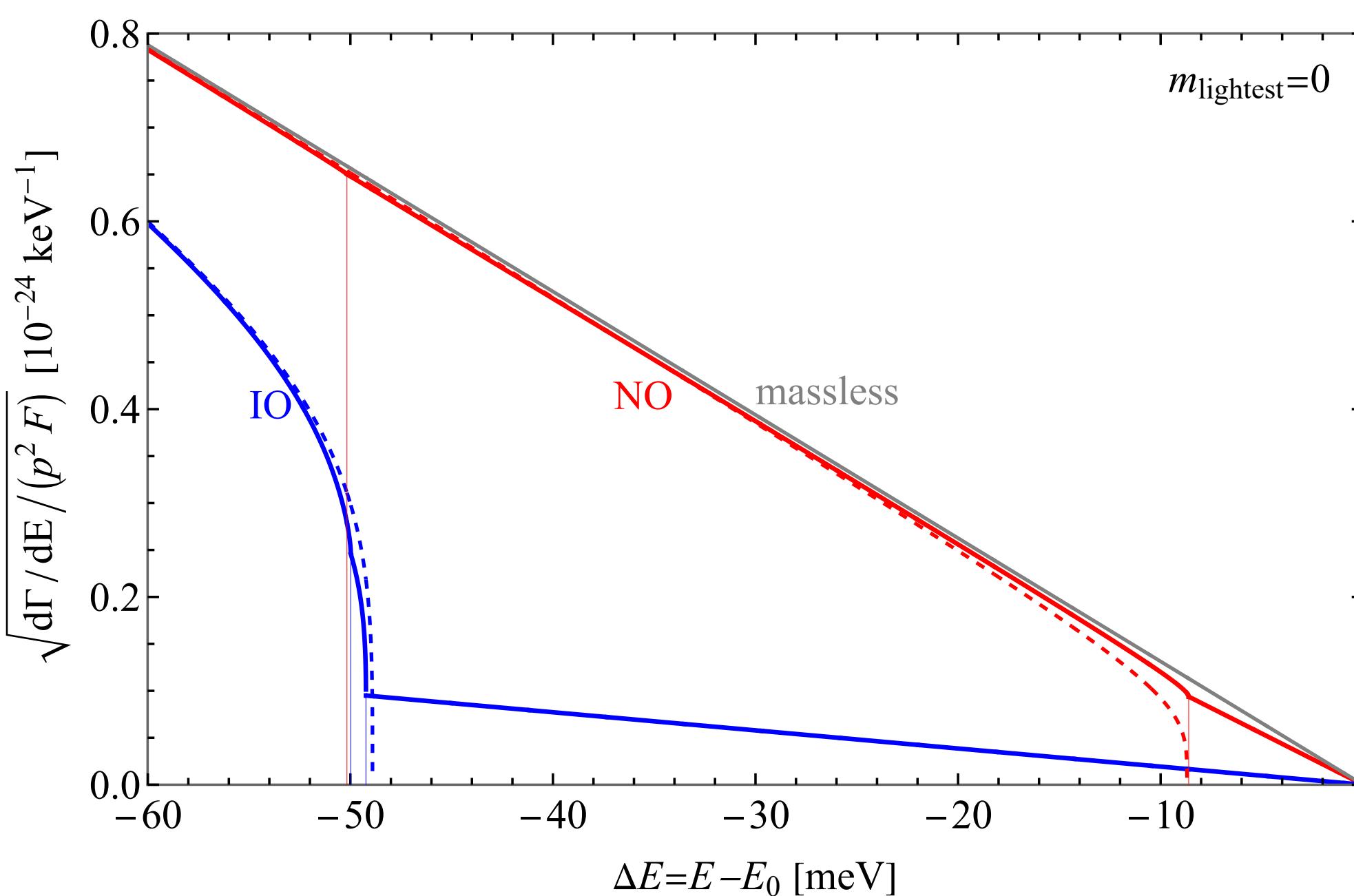
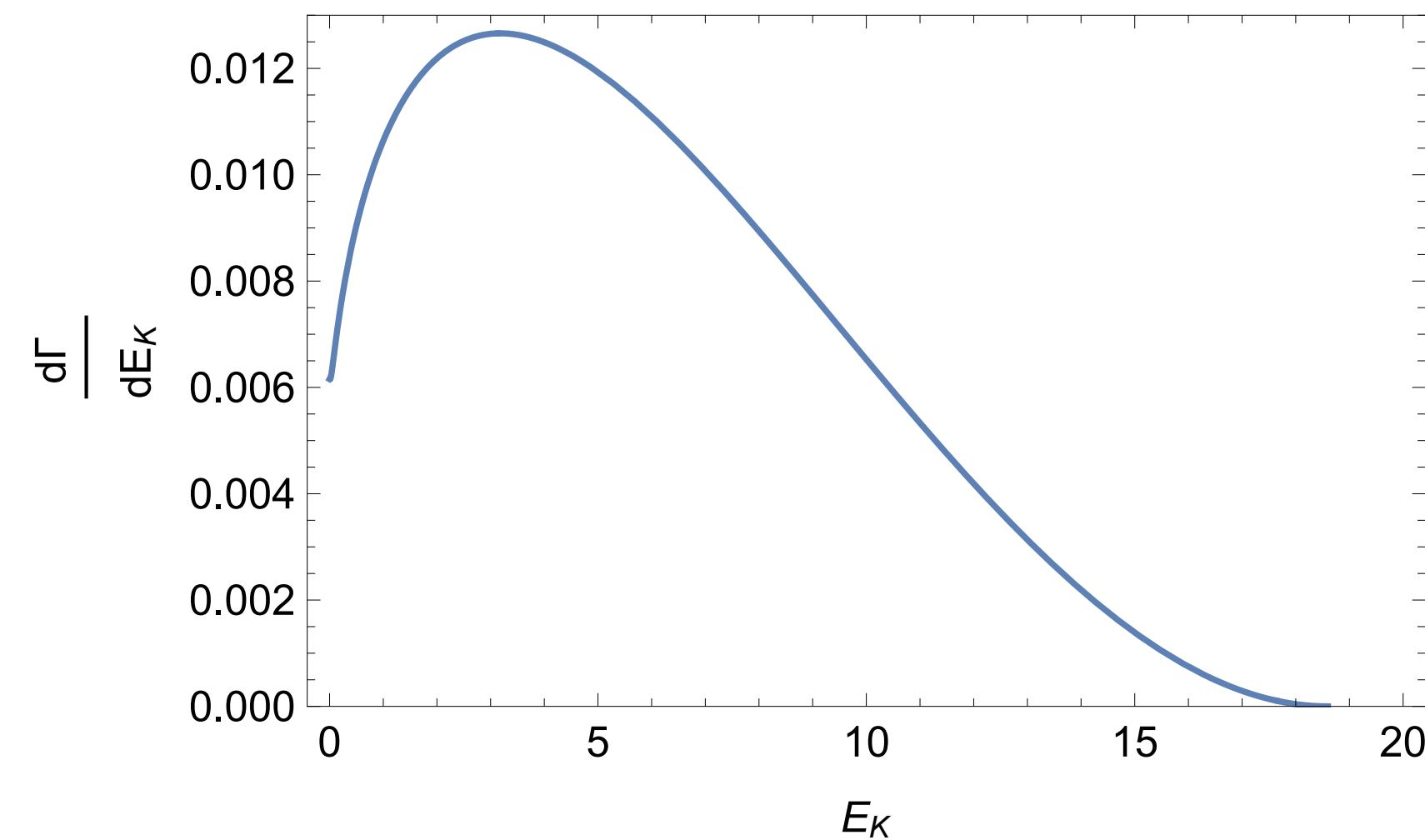
UK HEP Forum, November 22

Active Neutrinos

- Neutrino oscillation implies at least two massive eigenstates
- Absolute mass scale and hierarchy unknown, 3 probes

$$m_\beta^2 = \sum_{i=1}^3 |U_{ei}|^2 m_i^2$$

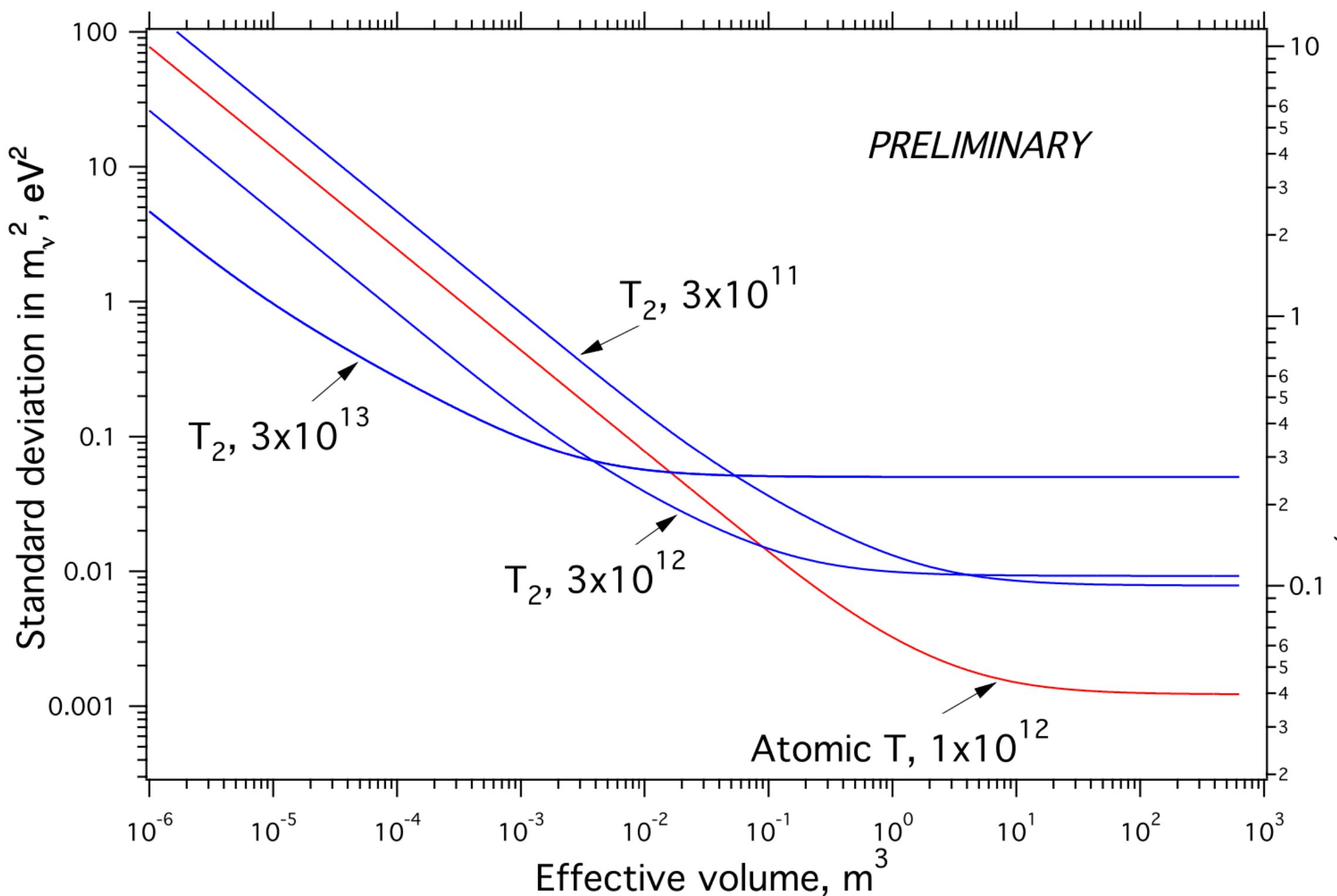
effective mass



1. Cosmology
2. Neutrinoless double beta decay
3. **Single beta decay**

Current best bound is
0.8 eV by KATRIN

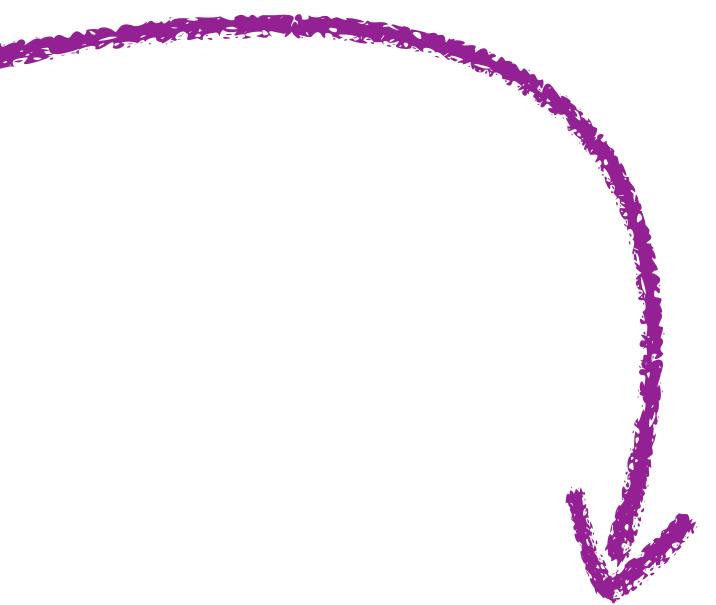
- Low measurement uncertainty required
- Novel idea of Cyclotron Radiation Emission Spectroscopy (**CRES**)
- CRES and use of atomic tritium promising combination



Project 8 and CRES Demonstration Apparatus (CRESDA)

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{eB}{E_e}$$

arXiv: 1309.7093v1



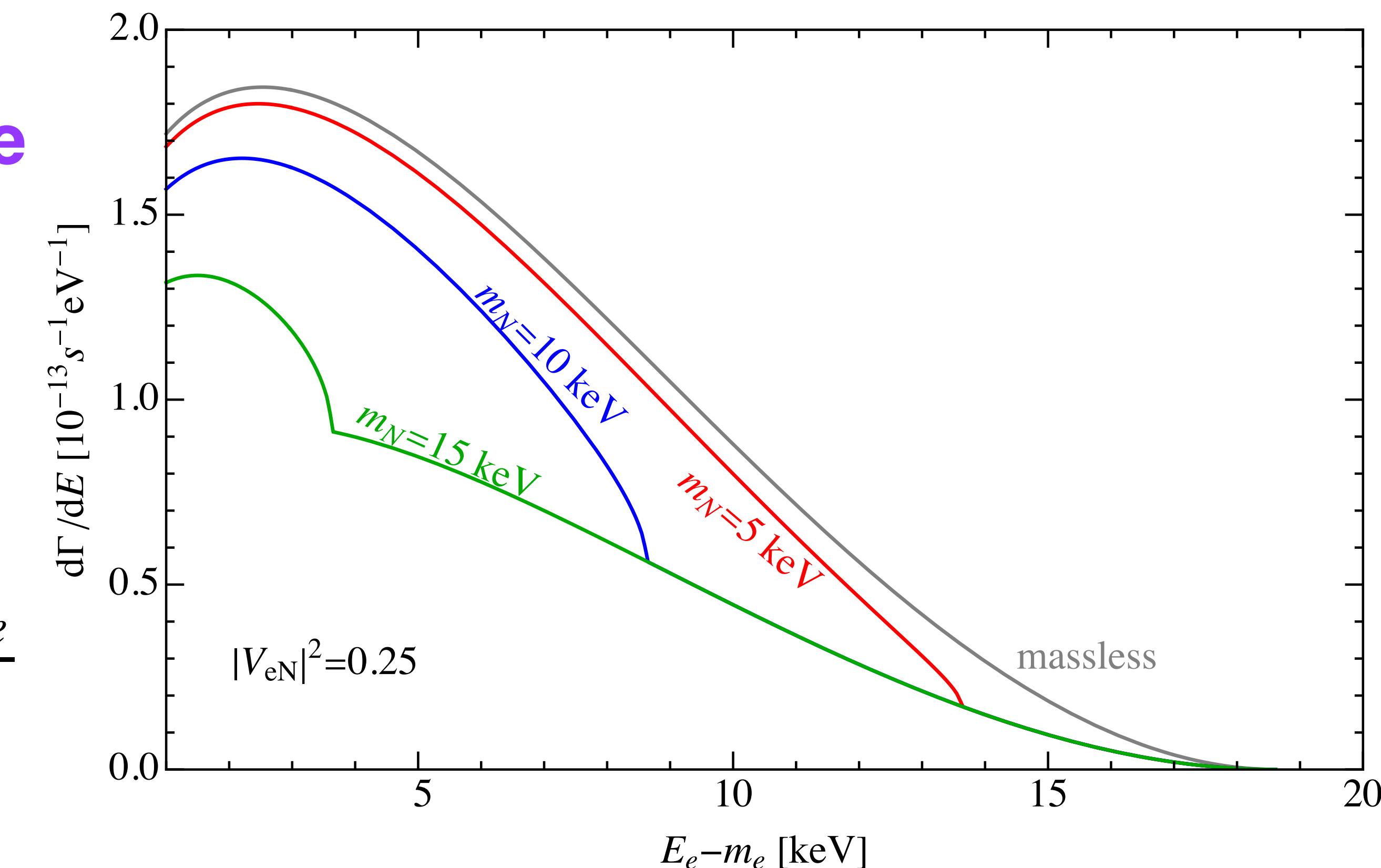
Sterile States

- In one active + one sterile model }
- Sterile neutrino with mass $0 < m_N \leq 18.6$ keV produces kink
- **CRES experiments with aim of measuring active mass could also be used for sterile searches**

$|V_{eN}|^2$ \longrightarrow active-sterile mixing angle

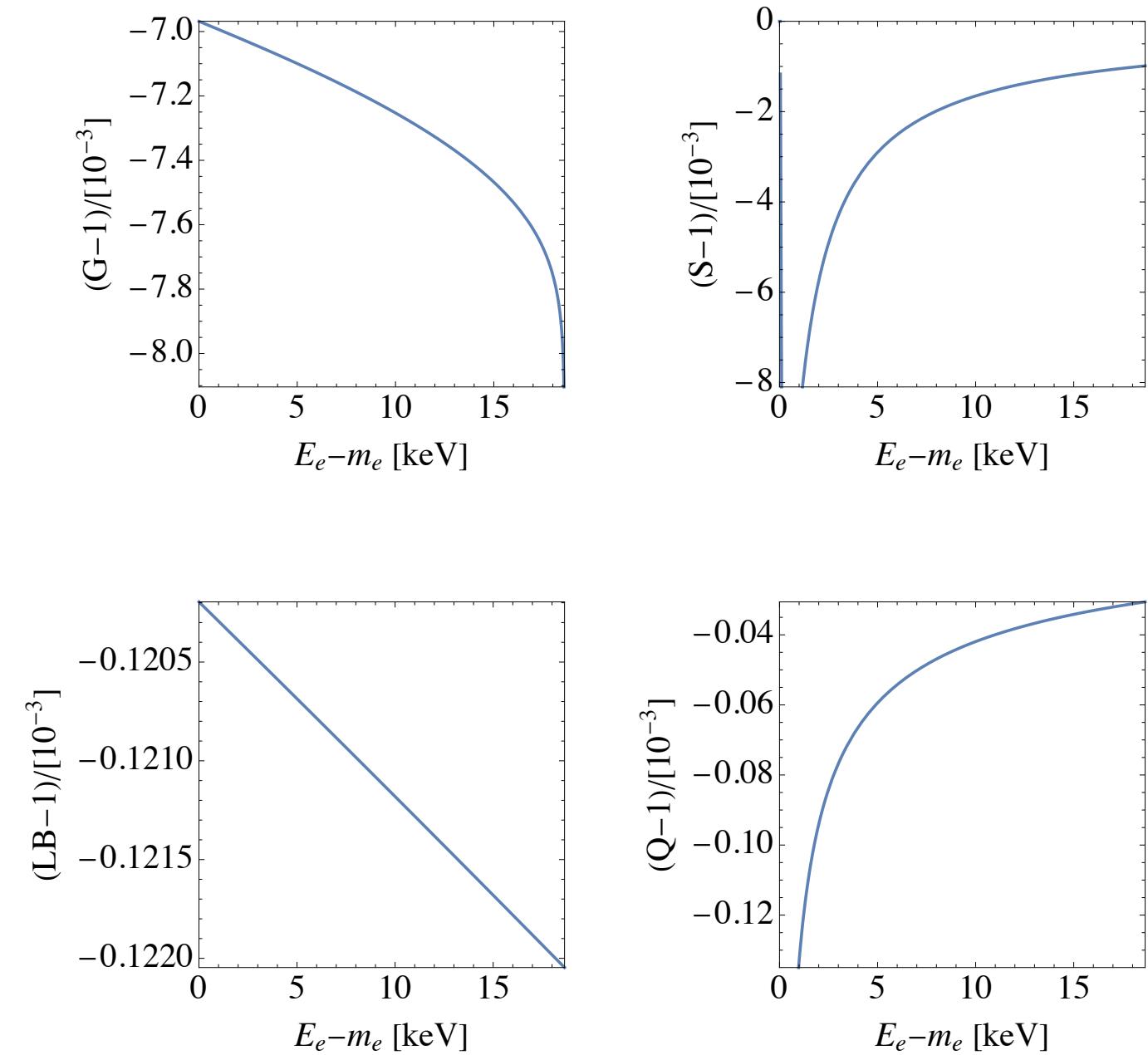
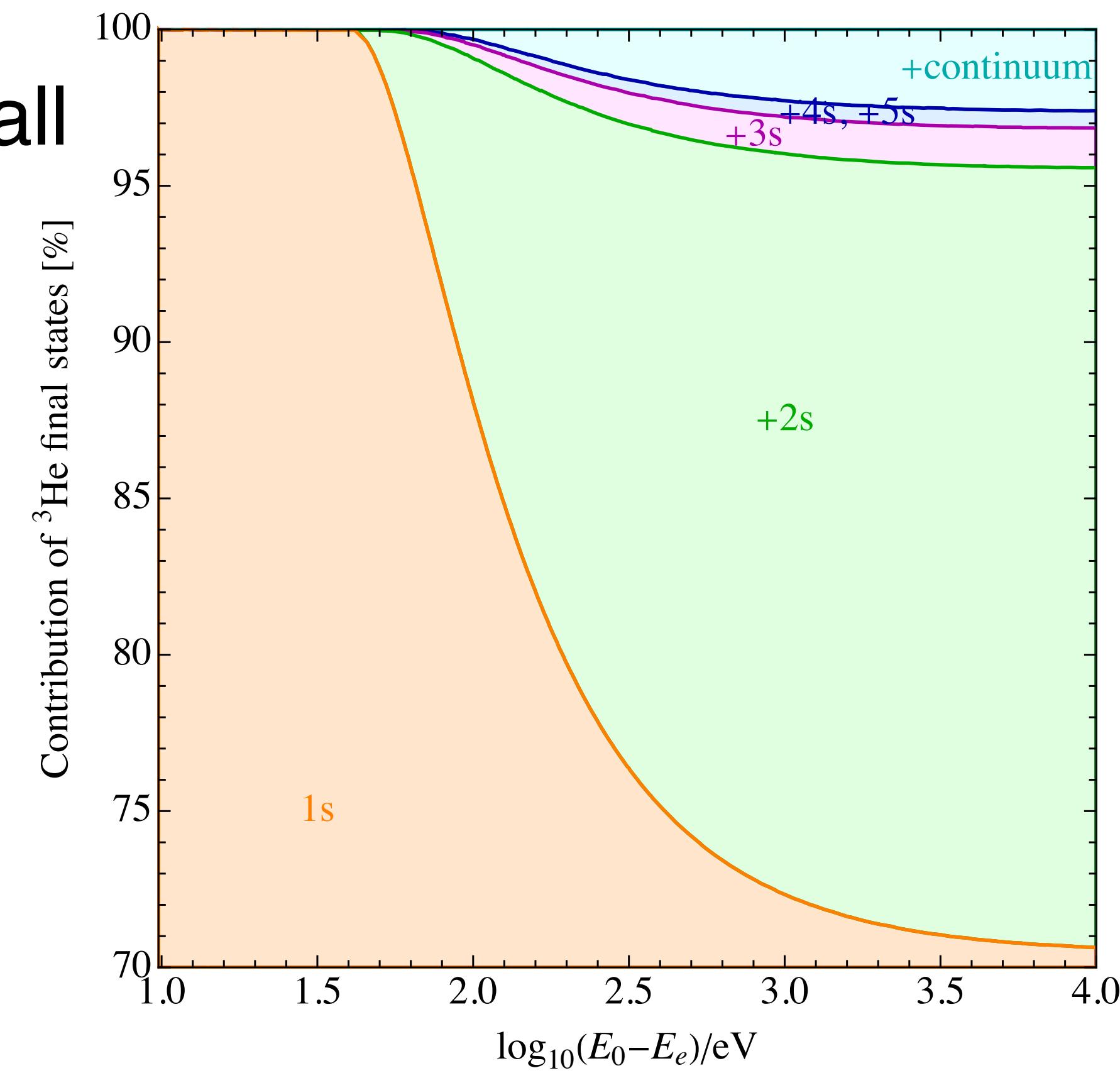
$$\frac{d\Gamma_{tot}}{dE_K} = (1 - |V_{eN}|^2) \frac{d\Gamma_{SM}}{dE_K} + |V_{eN}|^2 \frac{d\Gamma_{sterile}}{dE_K}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \nu_e = \sqrt{1 - |V_{eN}|^2} \nu_1 + |V_{eN}| \nu_2 \\ N = -|V_{eN}| \nu_1 + \sqrt{1 - |V_{eN}|^2} \nu_2 \end{array} \right.$$



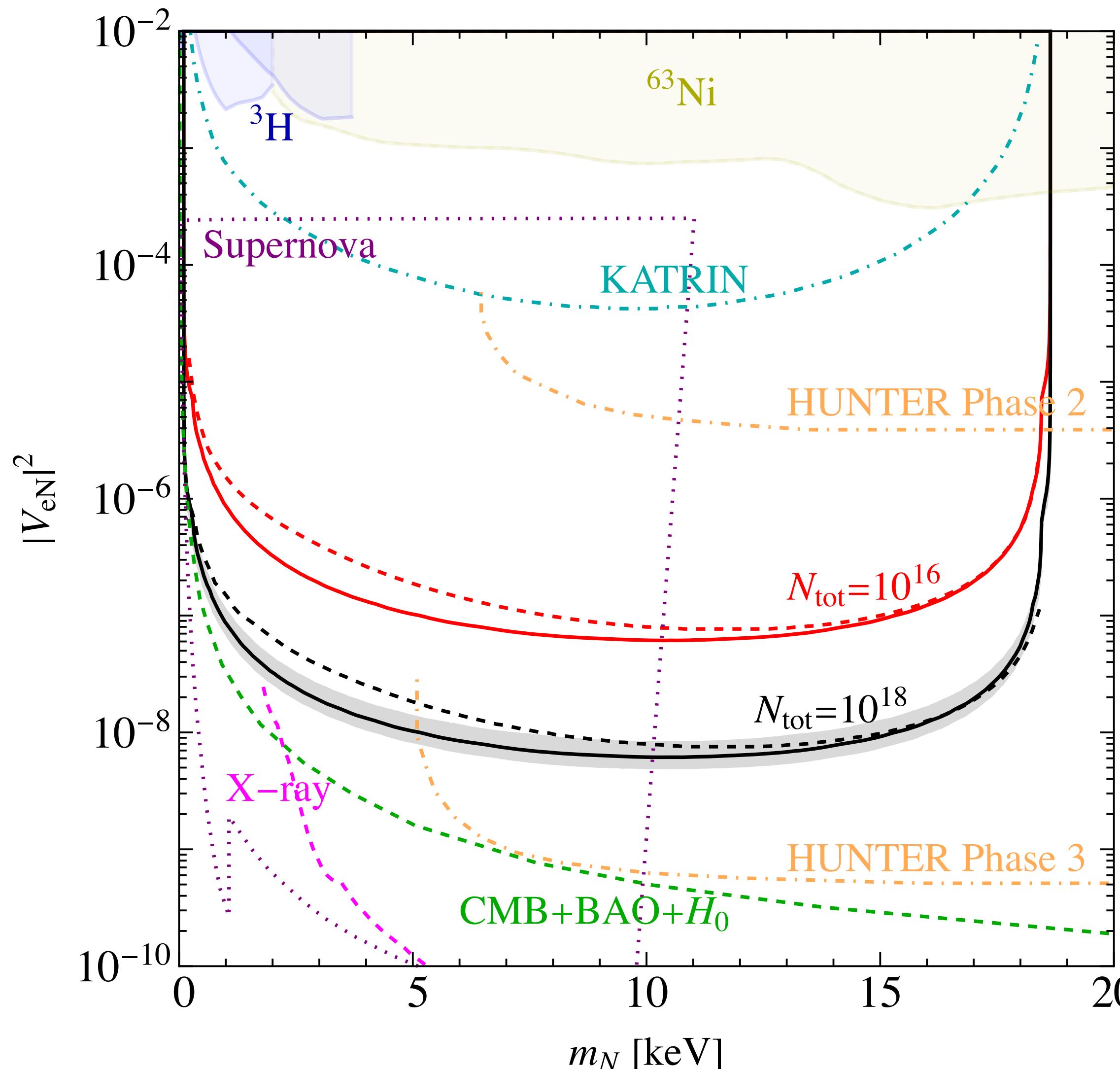
Theoretical Corrections

- **Theoretical corrections** to spectrum (combined into overall multiplicative factor)
- Fermi function (F)
- Radiative corrections (G)
- Finite size nucleus effects (L and B)
- Recoiling nuclear charge (Q)
- Nuclear screening (S)



He^+ state	Excitation energy [eV]	$ T_{fi}^{(0)} ^2$
1s	0	70.36%
2s	40.81	24.98%
3s	48.37	1.27%
4s	51.02	0.38%
5s	52.24	0.17%
continuum	>54.42	2.63%

Projected Limits



- In this mass range, currently best bound is of order $10^{-2} - 10^{-3}$
- Performed χ^2 and used Asimov data set
- Our analysis shows **sensitivities of order 10^{-8} are achievable**, for a total statistics of 10^{18} events (black line = statistical limit)

Sufficient to distinguish between NO and IO hierarchies

$$t^{\min, A} = \left[\sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{bins}}} \frac{(N_{BSM}^{(i)} - (1+A)N_{SM}^{(i)})^2}{(1+A)N_{SM}^{(i)}} + \left(\frac{A}{\sigma_A} \right)^2 \right]$$