



Experimental Overview

- Photon induced processes-

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Aleksandra Dimitrievska

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Heavy-ion collisions

p-p collisions



- Light-by-light scattering <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1103/</u> <u>PhysRevLett.123.052001</u>
- g-2 measurement <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/</u> <u>2204.13478</u>.
- Photon luminosity scales with Z⁴

- Photon-induced di-lepton production <u>https://journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/</u> <u>10.1103/PhysRevLett.125.261801</u>
- Observation of photon-induced WW production <u>https://www.sciencedirect.com/</u> <u>science/article/pii/S0370269321001301</u>
- better for EW scale and higher

• Mechanism (in p-p):



• Single-dissociative is dominant

- Two ways for detection
 - Tagging the protons in the forward detector



• Using the information in the central detector only



- Two ways for detection
 - Tagging the protons in the forward detector
 - Higher purity (S/B)
 - Smaller Acceptance and Efficiency
 - Using the information in the central detector only
 - More background: lower purity (S/B)
 - Higher Acceptance and Efficiency
 - Challenge: Background modeling
 - Challenge: Pile-up

• Ultimately we should do both and create regions with different purity

- Recent publications:
 - Light-by-light scattering <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.123.052001</u> <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/1810.04602</u>
 - ✓ g-2 measurement <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.13478</u> <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2206.05192</u>
 - Photon-induced di-lepton production <u>https://journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/10.1103/</u> <u>PhysRevLett.125.261801</u> <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2009.14537</u> <u>https://arxiv.org/pdf/1803.04496.pdf</u>
 - ✓ Observation of photon-induced WW production <u>https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/</u> <u>S0370269321001301</u>
 - ✓ Photon-induced WW and ZZ in hadronic final states <u>https://cds.cern.ch/record/2803716</u>
 - ✓ Photon-induced tt <u>https://cds.cern.ch/record/2803843</u>
 - ✓ Generic search is presented for associated production of a Z boson or a photon with an additional unspecified massive particle X <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.04596</u>



- Available data at the LHC
 - Run-1 (2011-2012, 7 and 8 TeV, 25 fb⁻¹)
 - Run-2 (2015-2018, 13 TeV, 140 fb⁻¹)
 - Available data with fwd detectors
 - Run-3 (2022-2025, 13.6 TeV, ~300 fb⁻¹)
 - Collecting data with fwd detectors
 - Run-4-6 (2029-2041, ~14TeV, ~3000 fb⁻¹)
 - Detectors Upgrade: |eta| < 4



Mean Number of Interactions per Crossing





J.Liu slides

• Plenty of opportunities



Jets ATLAS PHYS-PUB-2015-003 CMS 2002.12146

Electrons/muons

CMS+TOTEM 1803.04496

ATLAS 2009.14537

SM sQCD



Quarkonia Harland-Lang et al 1508.02718 Goncalves et al 1912.02720



Gauge bosons Tizchang & Etesami 2004.12203 Baldenegro et al 2009.08331





HION

Heavy ions Oppedisano Elba Wkshp 2016 Chwastowski et al 2011.00872



Top quarks Goncalves et al 2007.04565 Howarth 2008.04249

p

HIGG

Higgs boson Cox et al 0709.3035 Heinemeyer et al 0708.3052



Sleptons & neutralinos

Beresford & JL 1811.06465 Harland-Lang et al 1812.04886





Axion-like particles Fichet et al 1312.5153 Baldenegro et al 1803.10835





Fuks et al 1912.08975

HDBS

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• Why is photon-induced WW interesting?



- Measure self-interaction of EW gauge bosons
 - Sensitive to triple (yWW) and quartic (yyWW) gauge coupling
 - Clean signature with very little central activity beside the products of the photon interaction
- Experimental signature:
 - one electron and one muon oppositely charged
 - no other particles around the production vertex

- Challenges:
 - pile-up



- Challenges:
 - modeling of the underlying event



- number of charged particles is measured in Drell-Yan events

- Challenges:
 - modeling of the underlying event
 - Correction derived from Drell-Yan events as a function of Nch and p_T(II)



- Challenges:
 - modeling of the underlying event
 - Correction applied to $qq \rightarrow WW$ function of Nch and p_T(VV)
 - Pythia8, Herwig7 and Sherpa parton-shower models agree within 1% except for Ntrk = 0



- Challenges:
 - modeling of the proton fragmentation



- Available MC Samples (at the time of the publication)

• $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ll$

- Elastic:
 - Herwig 7.1.5 interfaced with the BudnevQED photon flux
 - MadGraph 2.6.7 interfaced to Pythia 8.243
- Single-dissociative:
 - LPAIR 4.0
 - MadGraph 2.6.7 interfaced to Pythia 8.243
- Double-dissociative
 - Pythia 8.240 using the NNPDF3.1NLOluxQED PDF
 - MadGraph 2.6.7 interfaced to Pythia 8.243
- $\gamma\gamma \to WW$
 - Elastic:
 - Herwig 7.1.5 interfaced with the BudnevQED photon flux
 - MadGraph 2.6.7 interfaced to Pythia 8.243
 - Single-dissociative:
 - MadGraph 2.6.7 interfaced to Pythia 8.243 (re-weighted to LPAIR)
 - Double-dissociative
 - MadGraph 2.6.7 interfaced to Pythia 8.243

- Challenges:
 - modeling of the proton fragmentation



- LPAIR (only di-lepton) describes the data the best
- More generators available now!
- MadGraph (EL, SD and DD), SuperChic (EL and SD) (recently added $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ process)
 - Modeling of the ptll and acomplanarity $(1 \Delta \Phi_{\parallel} / \pi)$ distribution at the same time
 - Extra: dissociative EFT modeling

- Data-driven scaling of elastic yy->WW derived from yy->ll when mll>160 GeV
- Scale factor: EL/(EL+SD+DS) = 3.59 ± 0.15
- Study from L. Harland-Lang <u>https://</u> arxiv.org/pdf/2201.08403.pdf:
 - Transfer factor between $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ and $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ll$



• PLB 816 (2021) 136190

• $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ is observed with significance of 8.4 (6.7) sigma



• Measured fiducial cross section:

 $\sigma_{\rm meas} = 3.13 \pm 0.31 \, ({\rm stat.}) \pm 0.28 \, ({\rm syst.}) \, {\rm fb}$

- **Anomalous Triple and Quartic Gauge Coupling**
 - Models fully available within MadGraph (using SMEFT)
 - Run-1 ATLAS and CMS limits:



arxiv:1612.09256

Summary

- Identification of photon-induced process
 - With proton tagging
 - Using the central detector information only
- Lots of challenges
- Plenty of data is waiting to be analyzed!!!
 - In future precision measurements
- Better modeling of the dissociative part
 - di-lepton transverse momentum
 - acomplanarity
- Great time to ramp-up the discussion how to model photon-induced processes more accurately!!!

BACKUP

• di-lepton invariant mass



• di-lepton transverse momentum

