

Understanding electron trigger performance using $Z \rightarrow ee$

Mike Flowerdew (Liverpool)
with:

Joost Vossebeld (Liverpool),
Ellie Dobson and Tony Weidberg (Oxford),
and others

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Triggering electrons in ATLAS

Level 1

- Calo only
- Loose E_T cut
- (Isolation)

Level 2

- EM E_T
- Shower shape
- Track/cluster match

Event Filter

- EM E_T
- Adaptable selection (like IsEM)
 - Loose
 - Medium
 - (Tight)

Level 1

- EM E_T
- (Lateral isolation)
- (Hadronic leakage)
- (Hadronic lateral isolation)

Level 2 – Cluster

- EM E_T
- Hadronic leakage
- $R_{\text{shape}} = E_{37}/E_{77}$
- $E_{\text{Ratio}} = (E_1 - E_2)/(E_1 + E_2)$

Level 2 – Cluster + Track

- Track p_T
- $\Delta\eta$ & $\Delta\phi$
- (E_T/p_T)

Event Filter

- EM E_T
- **Loose** selection:
 - Hadronic leakage
 - $R_{\eta 33} = E_{33}/E_{77}$
 - $R_{\eta 37} = E_{37}/E_{77}$
 - Cluster width & energy
- **Medium** selection adds:
 - Shower shape in strips
 - N_{hits} (pixel & SCT)
 - Transverse impact parameter
- (**Tight** selection adds:)
 - (TRT high-threshold hits)
 - $(\Delta\eta$ & $\Delta\phi)$
 - (E/p)

For more details (and cuts) see
[TrigHLElectronHypo](#) in the TWiki

Triggers and rates for early running

NpXXi
 Number of elements
 Type (e=electron)
 ET cut at EF
 isolation/other info

Low thresholds/loose selections for $10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

- ~40 Hz EF bandwidth

| Signature | LVL1 item | EF selection | LVL1 Rate | Pre-scale | EF Rate | Motivation |
|---------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|---|
| 2e5 | 2EM3 | medium | 6.5 kHz | 1 | 6 Hz | $J/\Psi \rightarrow ee, Y \rightarrow ee$, Drell-Yan production |
| 2g10 | 2EM7 | loose | 0.5 kHz | 1 | 0.1 Hz | di-photon cross-section |
| e10 | EM7 | medium | 5.0 kHz | 1 | 21 Hz | e^\pm from b,c decays, E/p studies |
| 2e10 | 2EM7 | loose | 0.5 kHz | 1 | 0.4 ± 0.2 Hz | $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ |
| g20 | EM18 | loose | 0.3 kHz | 1 | 5.4 ± 0.2 Hz | direct photon production, jet calibration using γ -jet events, high- p_T physics |
| e20 | EM18 | loose | 0.3 kHz | 1 | 4.3 ± 0.2 Hz | high- p_T physics, $Z \rightarrow ee, W \rightarrow ev$ |
| e20_passL2 | EM18 | loose | 0.3 kHz | 1 | 10 Hz | commissioning trigger for problems at LVL2 |
| e20_passEF | EM18 | loose | 0.3 kHz | 1 | 12 Hz | commissioning trigger for problems at EF |
| em105_passHLT | EM100 | | 1.0 Hz | 1 | 1.0 ± 0.1 Hz | New physics, check for possible problems |

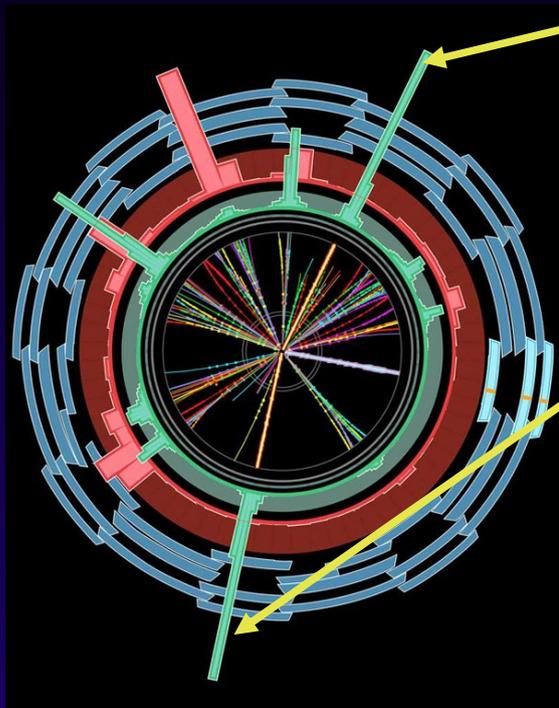
Main T&P triggers

Table adapted from EG11 note draft (overall ey trigger strategy)

Not shown:

- ◆ Prescaled triggers bypassing HLT
- ◆ Built-in redundancy (eg e25)

Measuring trigger efficiencies using $Z \rightarrow ee$



Tag selection:

- Tight offline cuts + E_T
- Triggers event

Probe preselection:

- Offline cuts + E_T

Event selection:

- e^+e^- pair
- $70 < M_{ee} < 100$ GeV
- “True” efficiency also needs 2 electrons

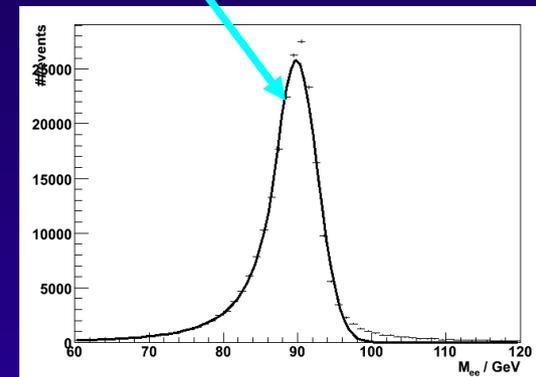
$$\epsilon = \frac{N_{\text{successful probes}}}{N_{\text{preselected pairs}}} = \frac{N_p}{N_T} = \frac{N_{1p} + 2N_{2p}}{N_{1f} + N_{1p} + 2N_{2p}}$$

$N_{ip/f}$ = # events with i probes, passing/failing trigger

$$\sigma_\epsilon = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N_T^2} [(1 - 2\epsilon)N_p + \epsilon^2 N_T + (1 - \epsilon)^2 \cdot 2N_{2p}]}$$

Signal extraction:

- Simple counting (this study)
- Signal+background fit, background subtraction, ... (real life)



Results are v13 unless otherwise stated

| Sample type | Number | Reco | Simul | σ (Filtered) | # events |
|--------------------|--------|-------------|---------|----------------------|----------|
| $Z \rightarrow ee$ | 5144 | 12.0.6.1 | 12.0.31 | 1432 pb | 430k |
| $Z \rightarrow ee$ | 5144 | 13.0.30.1/2 | 12.0.31 | 1432 pb | 260k |
| J1 | 5010 | 12.0.6.1 | 12.0.31 | 1.4×10^9 pb | 387k |
| J2 | 5011 | 12.0.6.1 | 12.0.31 | 9.3×10^7 pb | 360k |
| J3 | 5012 | 12.0.6.1 | 12.0.31 | 5.9×10^6 pb | 365k |
| J4 | 5013 | 12.0.6.1 | 12.0.31 | 3.1×10^5 pb | 369k |

Problems in release 12

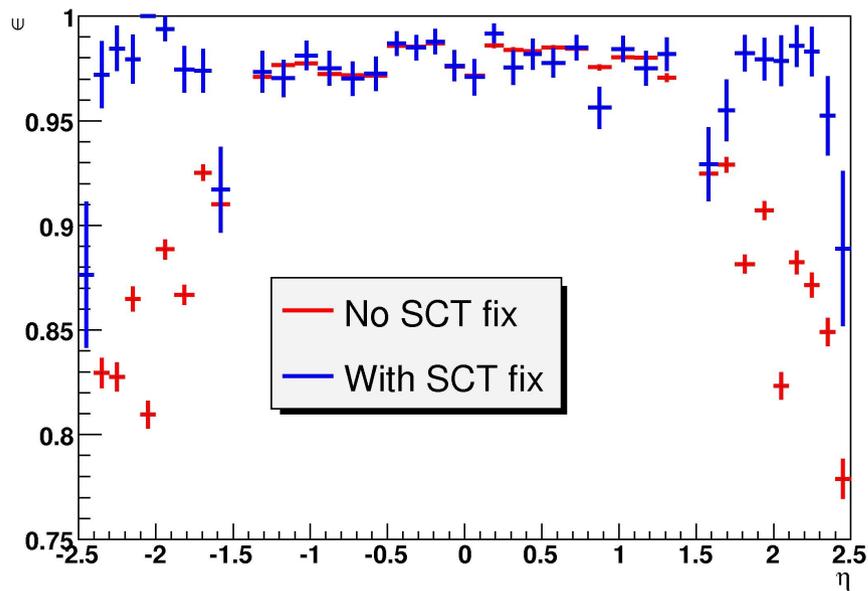
Problems can be found even before data-taking

Software bug in IDSCAN
and confirmation of fix

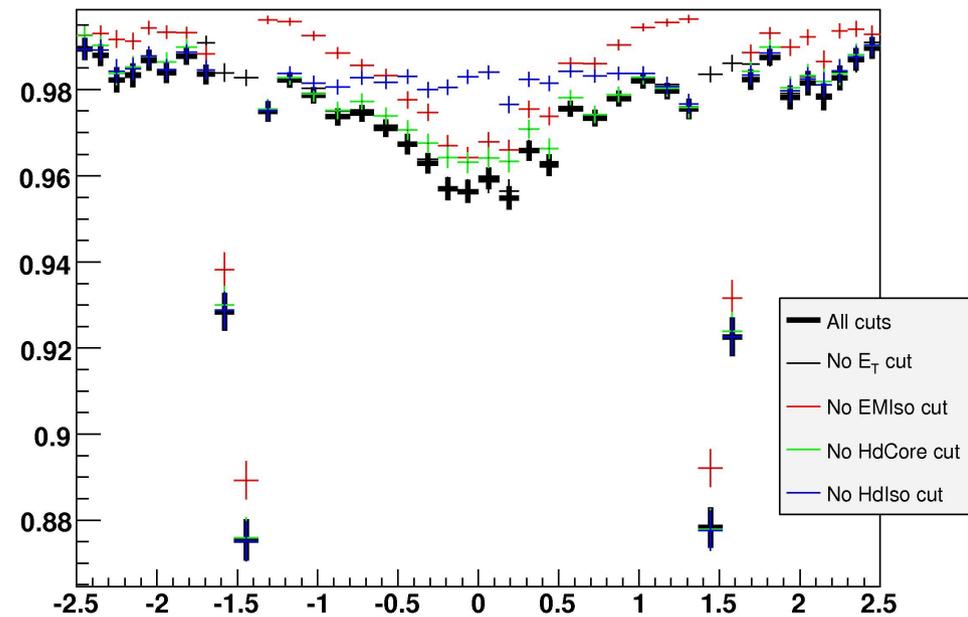
Problem with Level 1 lateral hadronic
isolation:

- Characterised using tag & probe
- Requirement now loosened

L2 Efficiency with SCT spacepoint bugfix



L1 efficiency, varying cuts



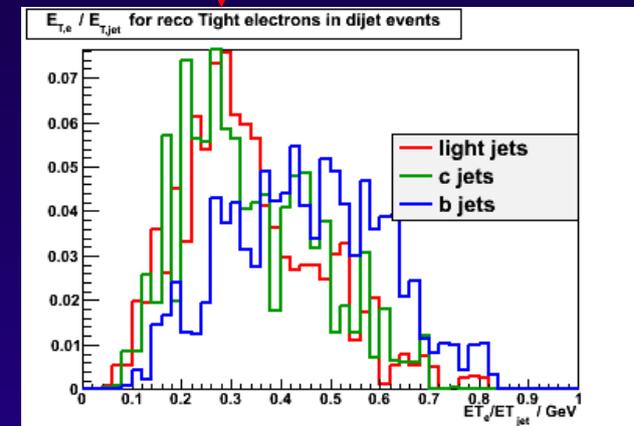
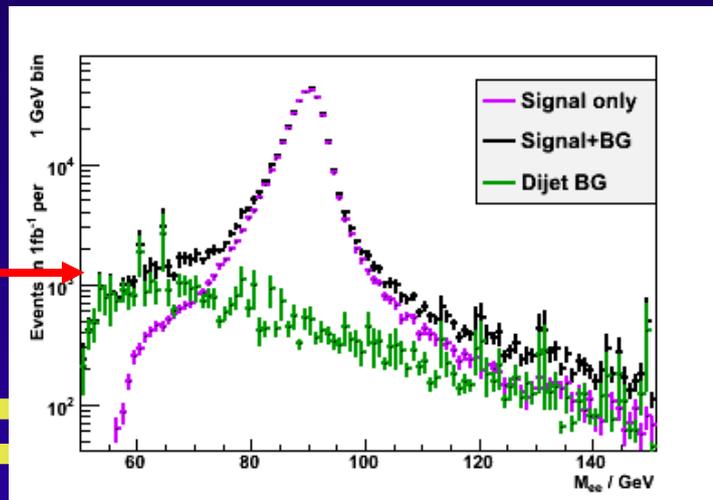
Treatment of backgrounds (v12)

Main background is from QCD dijets faking two electrons

- MC statistics for this will be small compared to data
- Possible solution: Parameterise $P(\text{jet} \rightarrow \text{electron})$ and use this to boost MC statistics
 - Parameters: jet E_T and flavour
- Produce “Fake rate” and correction for jet/EM scale difference

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EventWeight} = & P(\text{jet1} \rightarrow \text{tag}) * P(\text{jet2} \rightarrow \text{probe}) \\ & + P(\text{jet1} \rightarrow \text{probe}) * P(\text{jet2} \rightarrow \text{tag}) \\ & - P(\text{jet1} \rightarrow \text{tag}) * P(\text{jet2} \rightarrow \text{tag}) \end{aligned}$$

“Worst case”
selection
for tag &
probe



Treatment of backgrounds (v12)

E. Dobson

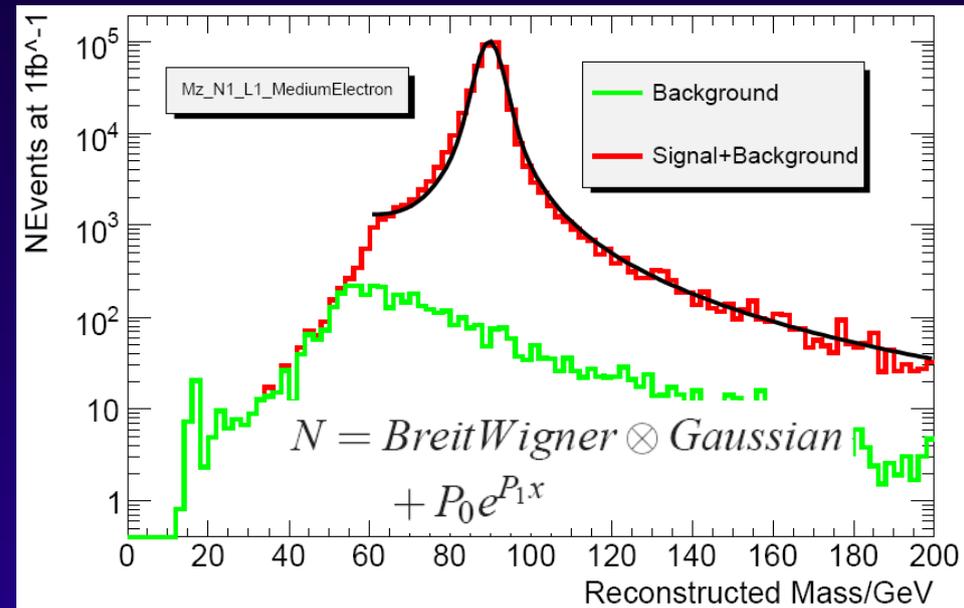
Background levels can be estimated and subtracted using fits to the data

- Sideband subtraction assumes Drell-Yan is “background”
 - Alternatives exist in data that are difficult to implement in MC
- Change in measured efficiency is only significant at Level 1
 - Needs further study

$\epsilon(\text{Signal}) - \epsilon(\text{with BG subtraction})$ [%]

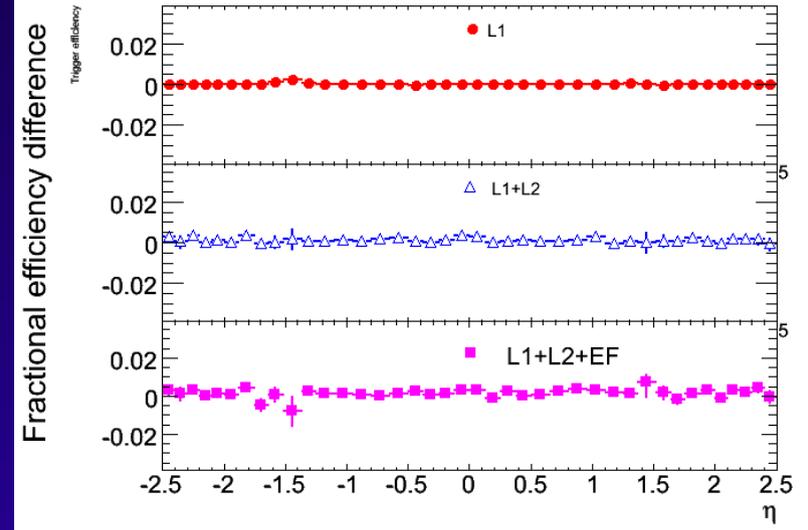
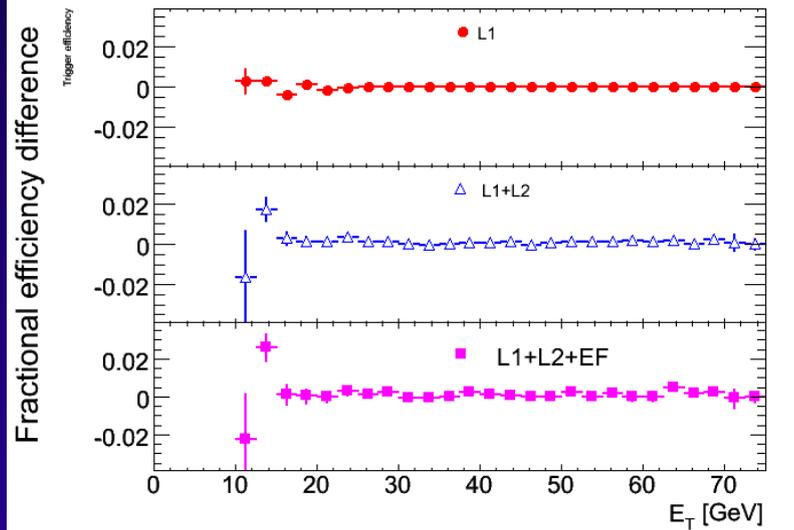
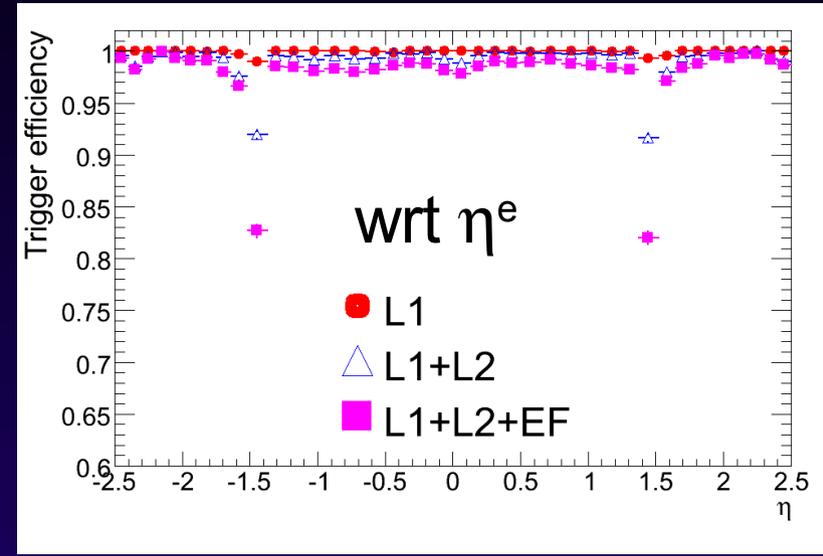
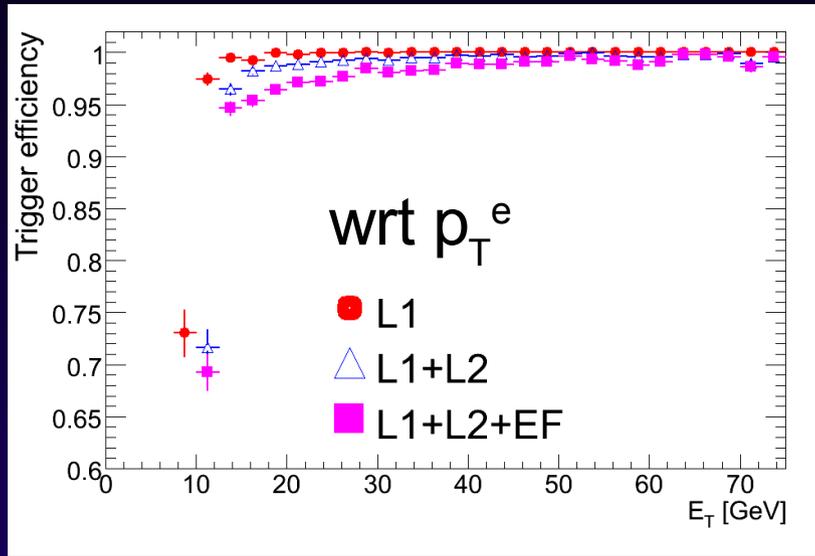
| Trigger Level | wrt loose | wrt medium | wrt tight |
|---------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| LVL1 | -0.85 | -0.70 | 0.53 |
| LVL2 | 0.08 | 0.01 | 0.03 |
| EF | ~ 0 | ~ 0 | ~ 0 |
| Whole trigger | -0.69 | -0.60 | 0.53 |

Results that follow are “signal only”, and just count the events in range



Efficiency results

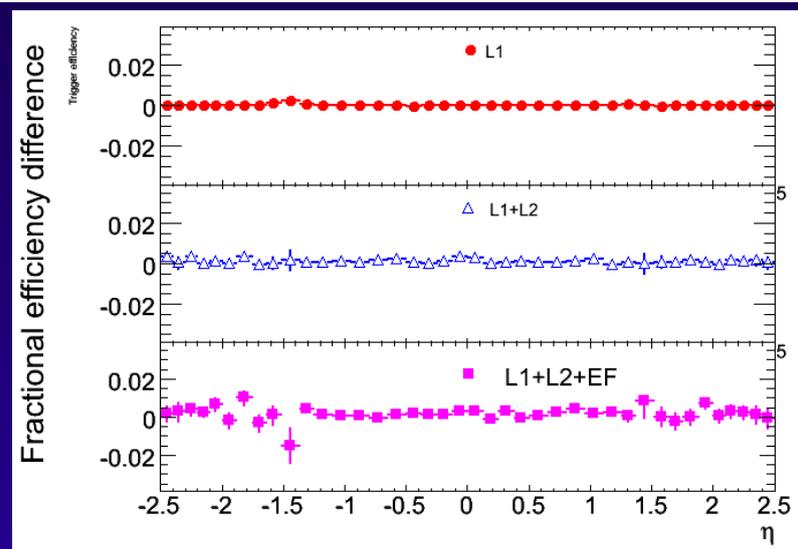
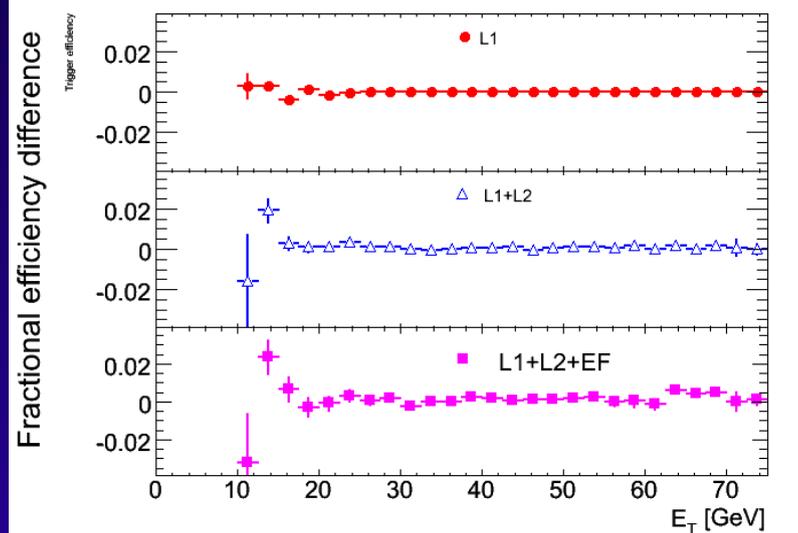
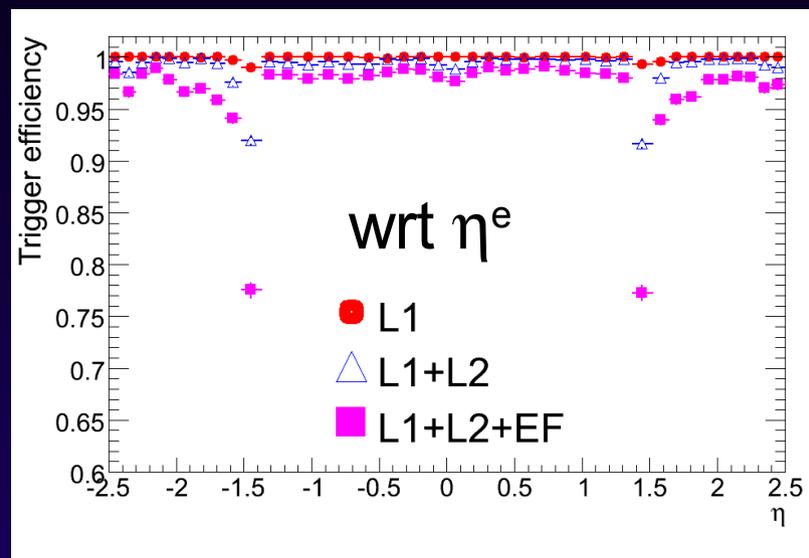
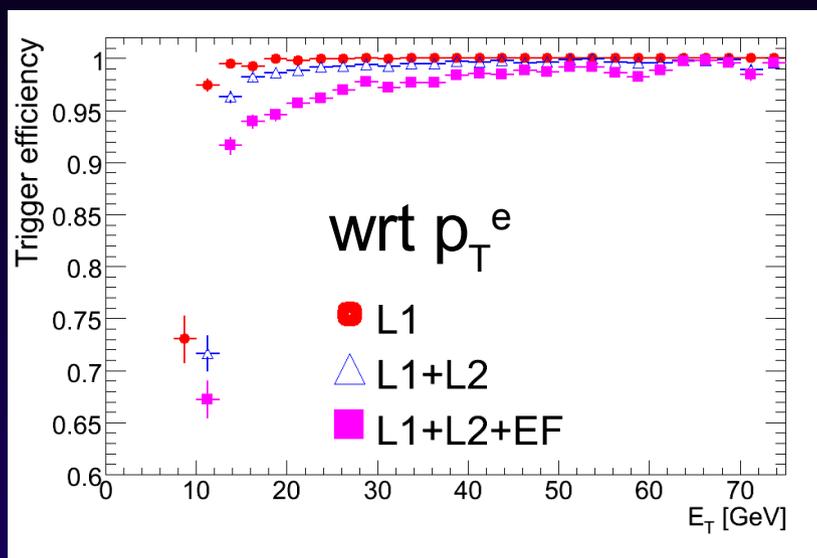
Trigger element: e10
For trigger signature: 2e10
EF selection: loose
Luminosity: $10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
Offline normalisation: ElectronMedium



$$\text{Fractional Efficiency Difference} = \frac{\mathcal{E}_{\text{Reco}} - \mathcal{E}_{\text{True}}}{\mathcal{E}_{\text{True}}}$$

Efficiency results

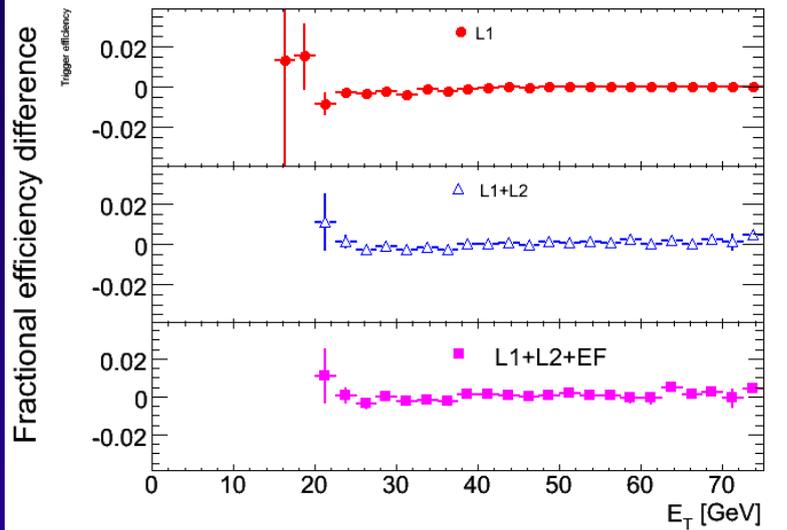
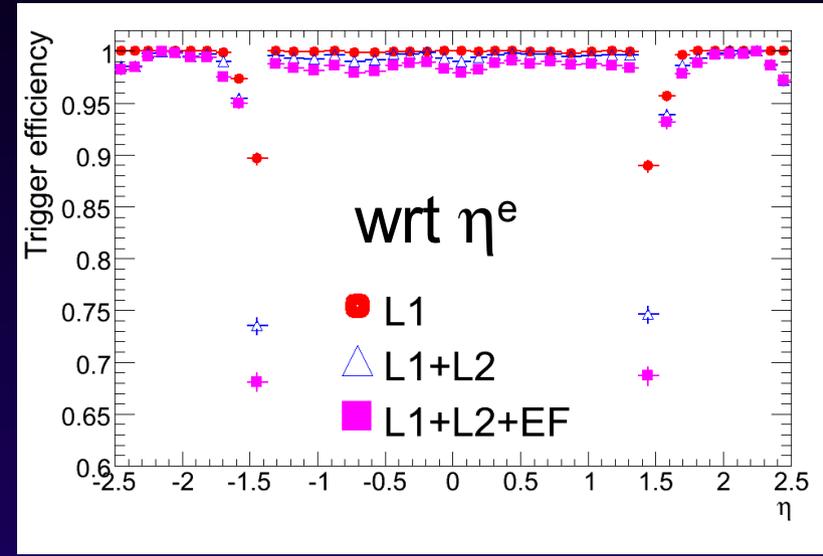
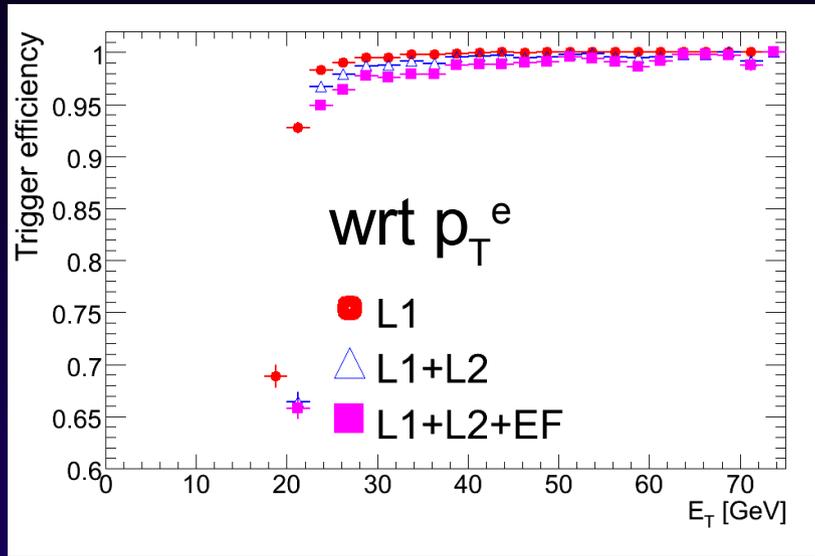
Trigger element: e10_tight
 For trigger signature: e10⁻
 EF selection: medium
 Luminosity: 10³¹ cm⁻²s⁻¹
 Offline normalisation: ElectronMedium



$$\text{Fractional Efficiency Difference} = \frac{\mathcal{E}_{\text{Reco}} - \mathcal{E}_{\text{True}}}{\mathcal{E}_{\text{True}}}$$

Efficiency results

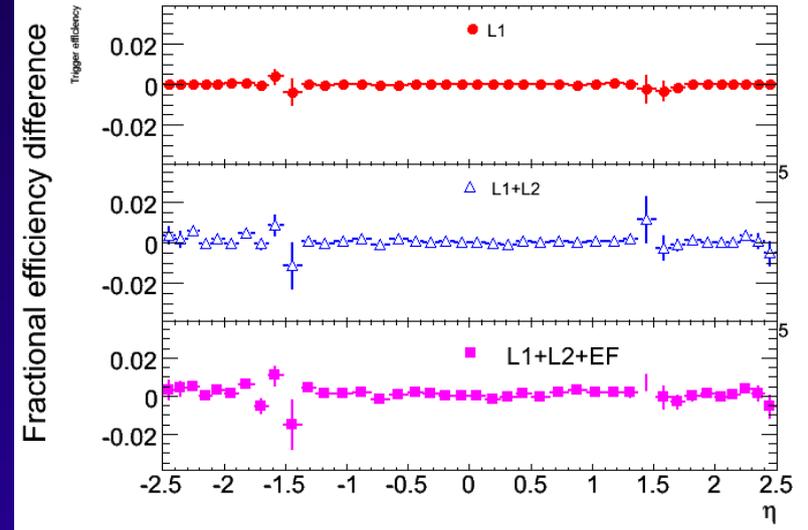
Trigger element: e20
 For trigger signature: e20
 EF selection: loose
 Luminosity: $10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 Offline normalisation: ElectronMedium



L1

L2

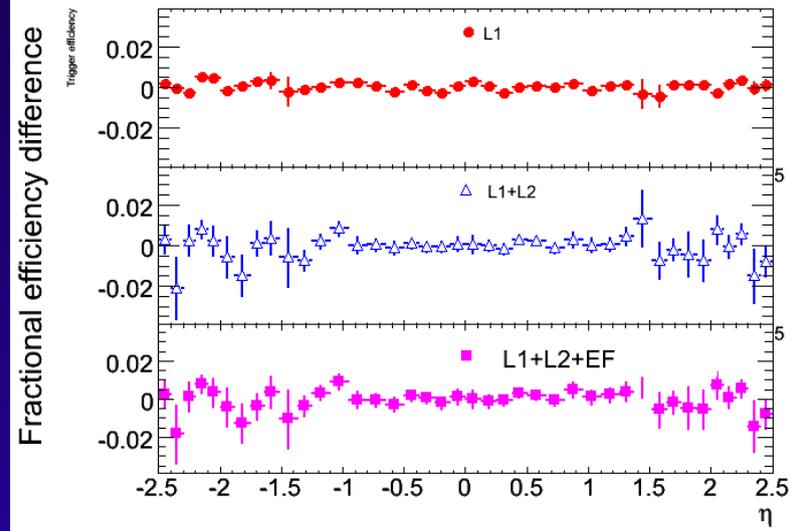
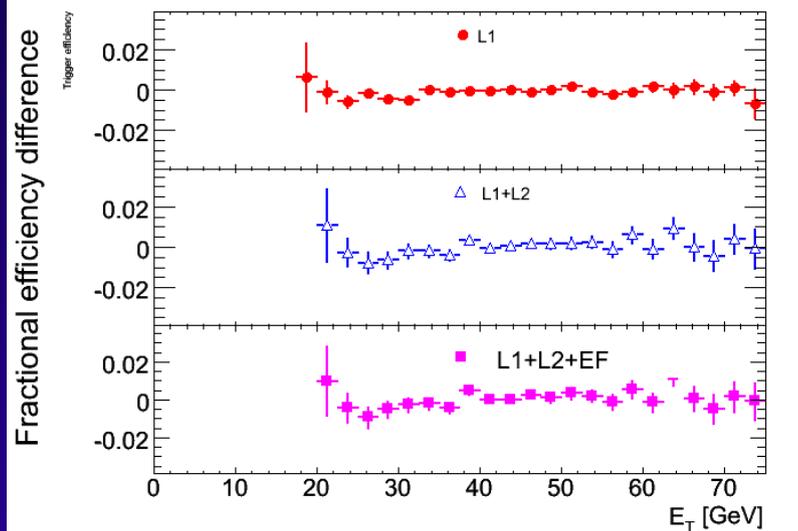
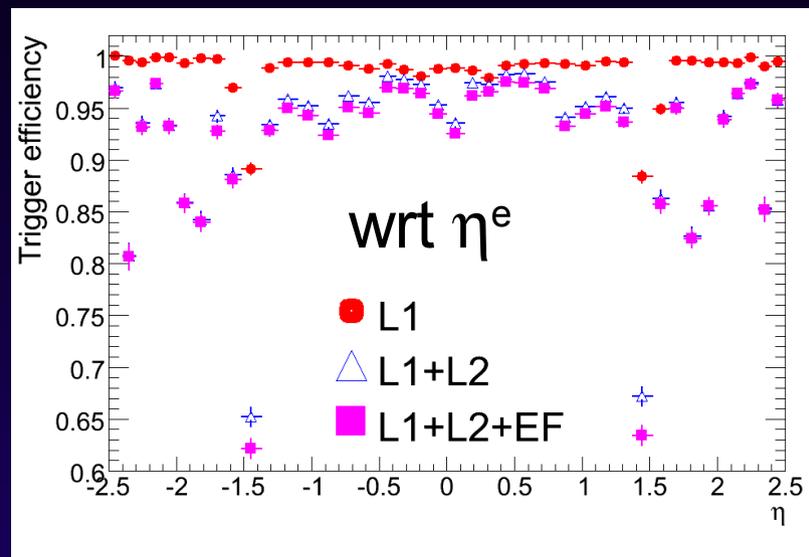
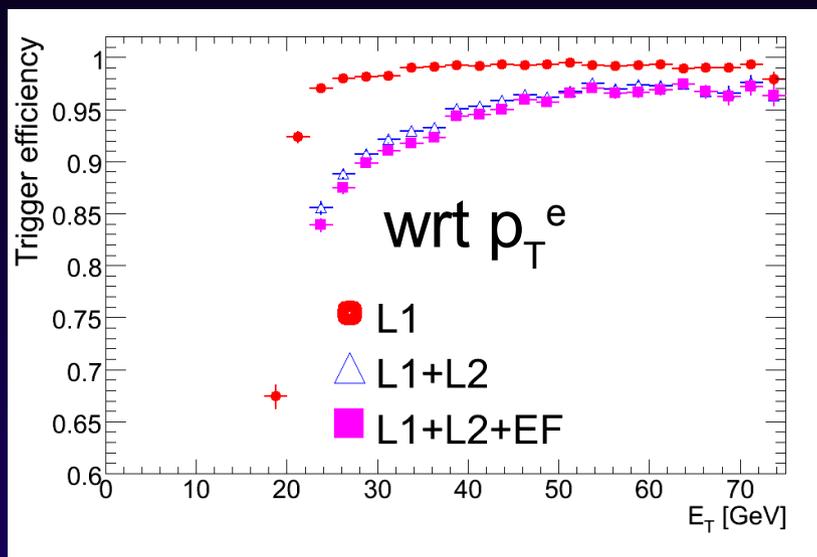
EF



$$\text{Fractional Efficiency Difference} = \frac{\mathcal{E}_{\text{Reco}} - \mathcal{E}_{\text{True}}}{\mathcal{E}_{\text{True}}}$$

Efficiency results

Trigger element: e22i
 For trigger signature: e22i (ex- e25i)
 EF selection: loose
 Luminosity: $10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 Offline normalisation: ElectronMedium



L1

L2

EF

$$\text{Fractional Efficiency Difference} = \frac{\mathcal{E}_{\text{Reco}} - \mathcal{E}_{\text{True}}}{\mathcal{E}_{\text{True}}}$$

Single electron efficiencies

NpXXi
 Number of elements
 Type (e=electron)
 ET cut at EF
 isolation/other info

Offline E_T cut = EF threshold + 5 GeV

NB: For multi-electron items (eg e10), tag uses single-electron equivalent (eg e10_tight)

| Trigger Item | Efficiency (%) wrt | | | $\epsilon_{\text{Reco}} - \epsilon_{\text{True}}$ (%) for medium | Lumi cm-2s-1 | Trigger type |
|--------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|---|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | loose | medium | tight | | | |
| e10 | 97.07 (5) | 98.56 (4) | 99.58 (2) | 0.09 | 10 ³¹ | multi-e |
| e10_tight | 86.8 (1) | 98.06 (4) | 99.15 (3) | 0.13 | 10 ³¹ | single-e |
| e15_loose | 97.11 (5) | 98.58 (4) | 99.55 (2) | 0.06 | 10 ³¹ | multi-e |
| e15 | 87.3 (1) | 98.13 (4) | 99.15 (3) | 0.08 | 10 ³¹ /10 ³² | single-e |
| e20 | 96.98 (5) | 98.48 (4) | 99.41 (3) | -0.03 | 10 ³¹ | single-e |
| e20_tight | 86.4 (1) | 96.63 (6) | 97.66 (6) | 0.02 | 10 ³² | single-e |
| e22i | 90.76 (9) | 93.83 (8) | 94.91 (8) | -0.06 | 10 ³³ | single-e |
| e25 | 97.10 (6) | 98.53 (4) | 99.40 (3) | -0.09 | 10 ³¹ | backup |
| e25_tight | 87.1 (1) | 96.82 (6) | 97.80 (6) | -0.04 | 10 ³² | backup |

Errors are for 180 pb⁻¹ of MC “data”

Reco-Truth discrepancy generally < 0.1%

- Approx. equal to MC statistical error

Efficiencies in Z(ee)+Jets events (v12)

E. Dobson

Events with jets in have $\sim 2\%$ lower trigger efficiencies than the inclusive channel

- Results for e25i in v12
- ALPGEN datasets 8130-5 are used
- parton has $p_T > 20$ GeV
 - Adds to calorimeter activity
 - Events have a different kinematical distribution

See M. Fiascaris talk tomorrow for more

ϵ (Z+Jets) – ϵ (inclusive)

| Level | Loose | Medium | Tight |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|
| LVL 1 | -1.46% | -1.22% | -1.21% |
| LVL 2 | -0.88% | -0.35% | -1.39% |
| EF | -0.61% | -0.52% | -0.41% |
| Whole trigger | -2.66% | -1.94% | -1.92% |

Summary

Trigger efficiencies can be obtained from ATLAS data in the very early stages of running

- $\sim 0.2\%$ statistical error with just 50pb^{-1} (if $\varepsilon \sim 0.9$)
- $\sim 1\%$ at 55 hours after turn-on??
- Systematic uncertainties will quickly become important

Parts of this study are entering CSC notes:

- v13 results into EG-11 (overall $e\gamma$ strategy)
- v12 results into Inclusive W/Z cross section note (Talk tomorrow)
- v12 results in W/Z+Jets note (Talk tomorrow)

Tag and Probe is now quite a popular topic

- Many people working on trigger performance
- Offline efficiency measurement (Oxford) (e performance talk)
- Extensions to BSM physics (next talk!)