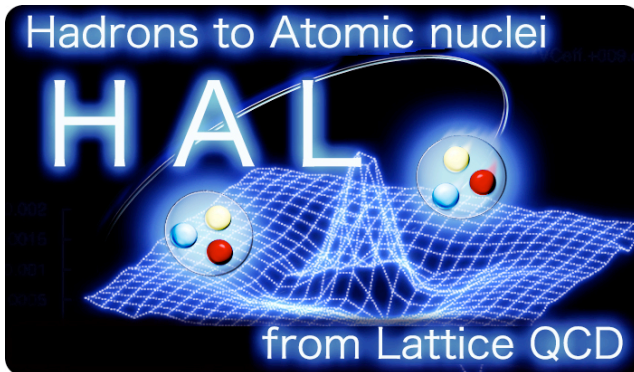


Lattice QCD study of Ξ_{cc} - Ξ_{cc} interactions on the physical point

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With

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Kotaro Murakami (TITech)

Liang Zhang (RIKEN iTHEMS / CAS SINAP)

for HAL QCD Collaboration

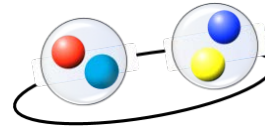
Mysteries of Exotic hadrons

New theoretical paradigm is necessary!

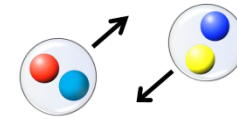
Various models proposed:



Compact state?

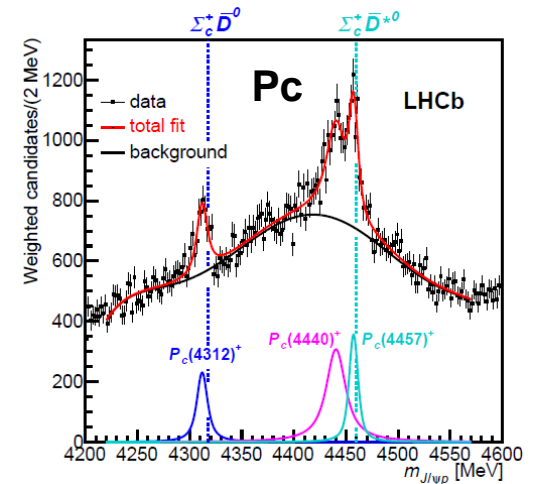
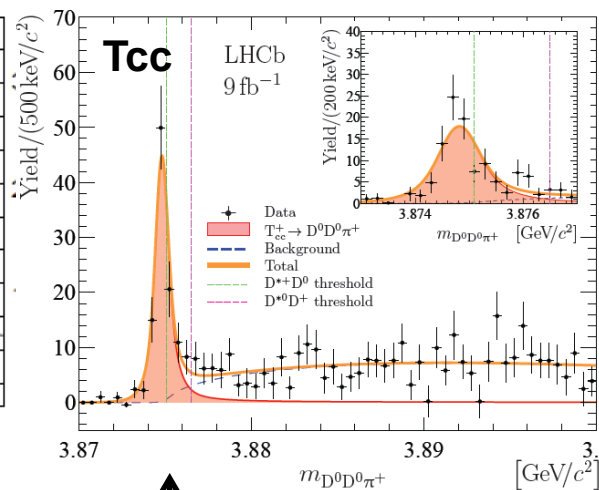
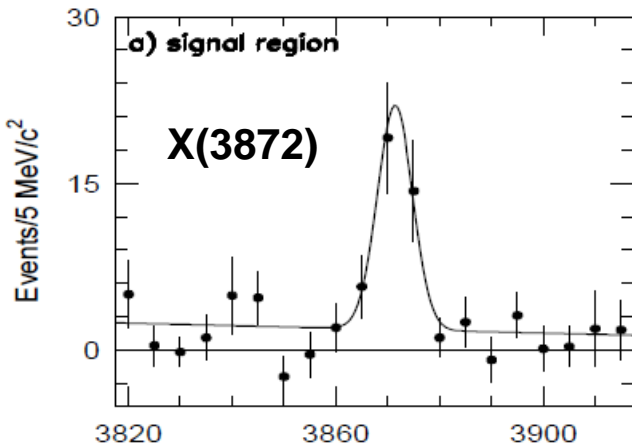


Hadron molecule?



Threshold cusp?

→ But reliability of a model is unclear

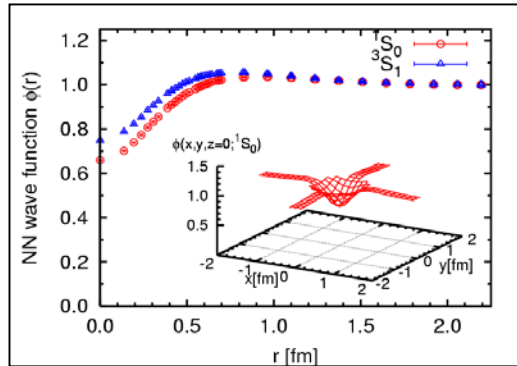


Exotics close to the thresholds : Determination of Hadron interactions is crucial

↔ Systematic investigation of families of exotics

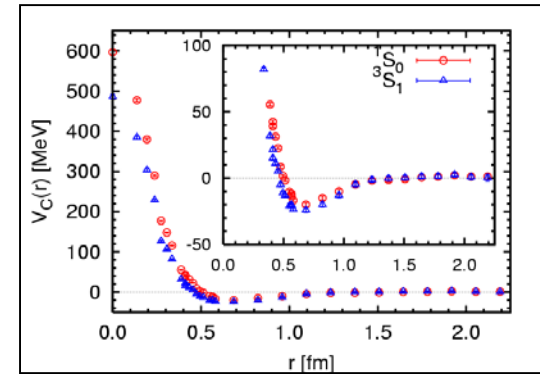
HAL QCD method

NBS wave func.



$$\begin{aligned} \psi_{NBS}(\vec{r}) &= \langle 0 | N(\vec{r}) N(\vec{0}) | N(\vec{k}) N(-\vec{k}), in \rangle \\ &\simeq A_k \sin(kr - l\pi/2 + \delta_l(k)) / (kr) \end{aligned}$$

Lat Hadron Force



$$(k^2/m_N - H_0) \psi(\vec{r}) = \int d\vec{r}' U(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') \psi(\vec{r}')$$

- E-indep potential from NBS w.f.

- **Faithful to Phase Shifts by construction**

Aoki-Hatsuda-Ishii PTP123(2010)89

(non-locality: derivative expansion)

Non-local pot by Deep-Learning: talk by L. Wang (Aug 2)

- Time-dependent HAL method

- **G.S. saturation NOT required**

N.Ishii et al. (HAL Coll.) PLB712(2012)437

“Signal” from (elastic) excited states

- Coupled Channel formalism

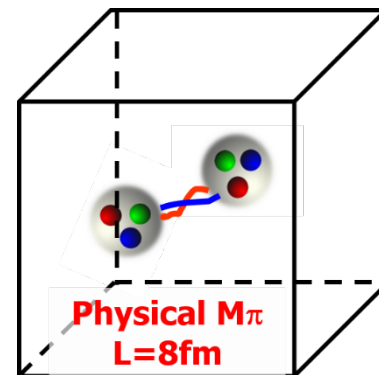
S. Aoki et al. (HAL Coll.) Proc.Jpn.Acad.B87(2011)509

- **Above inelastic threshold** → Essential for **Exotics, YN/YY-forces**

LQCD @ near & on the physical point

- **$N_f = 2 + 1$ gauge configs**

- clover fermion + Iwasaki gauge w/ stout smearing
- $V = (96 a)^4 = (8.1\text{fm})^4$
- $a = 0.084372(54)(+109/-6)$ fm
 $1/a = 2338.8(1.5)(+0.2/-3.0)$ MeV

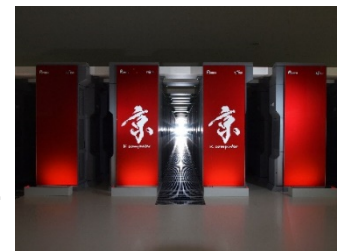


- **[K-conf]**

$$(m_{\pi'}, m_K) = (146, 525) \text{ MeV}, (\#\text{traj} \sim 2000)$$

PACS Coll., PoS LAT2015, 075

K computer (2012-19) • 10PF



- **[F-conf] (HAL-conf-2023)**

$$(m_{\pi'}, m_K) = (137, 502) \text{ MeV}, (\#\text{traj} = 8000)$$

HAL QCD Coll., arXiv:2406.16665

Fugaku (2021-) • 440PF

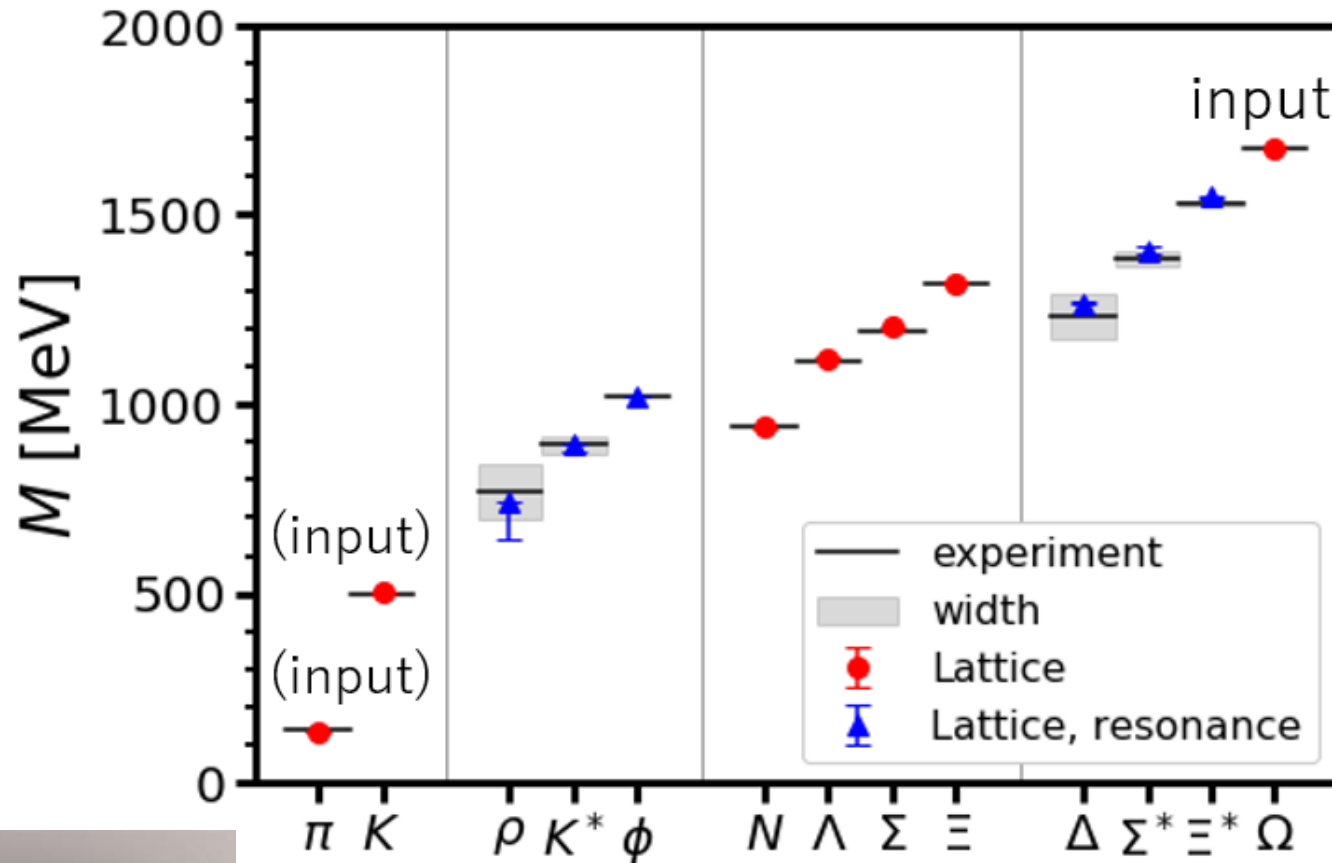


← Parameters from PACS10 conf (PACS Coll., PRD99, PRD100 ('19))

Talks: N_f/ψ , N_{η_c} by Y. Lyu (Jul 31), $\Lambda_c N$ by L. Zhang (Jul 31)

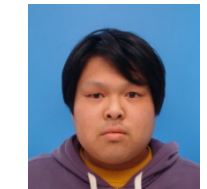
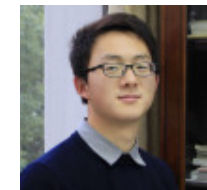
LQCD simulations at the physical quark masses

($m_\pi = 137\text{MeV}$)



**Single hadron spectrum
well reproduced!**

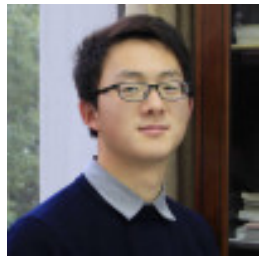
T. Aoyama et al. (HAL Coll.), arXiv:2406.16665



Fugaku (440PFlops)

Exotic tetraquark $T_{cc}^+ (cc\bar{u}\bar{d})$ near physical point

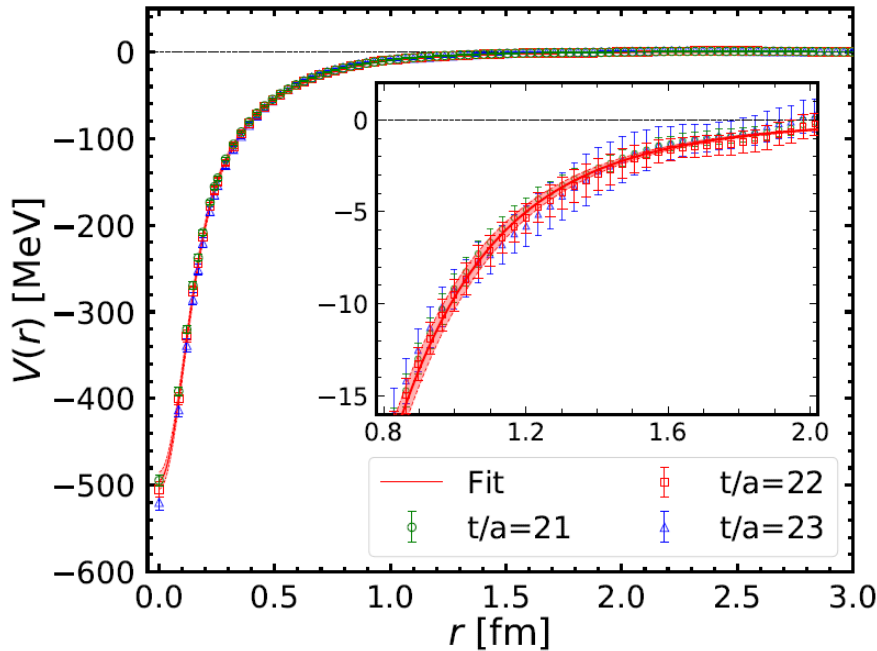
Y. Lyu, et al., PRL131(2023)161901 (Editor's suggestion)



Y. Lyu

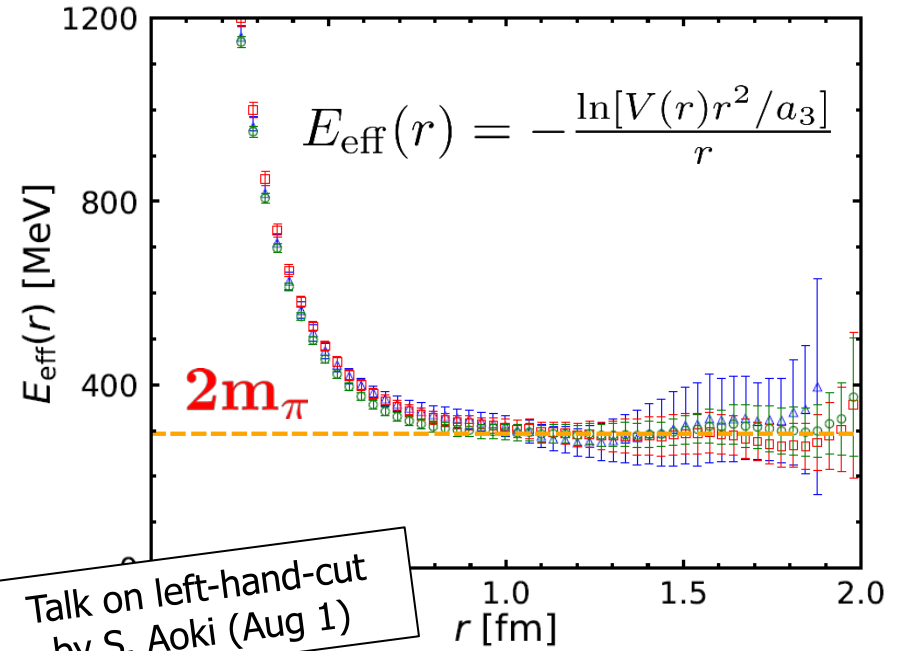
- LQCD calc of D-D* ($I=0, J^P=1^+$) interactions at $m\pi=146\text{MeV}$

Potential



Attractive at all distance

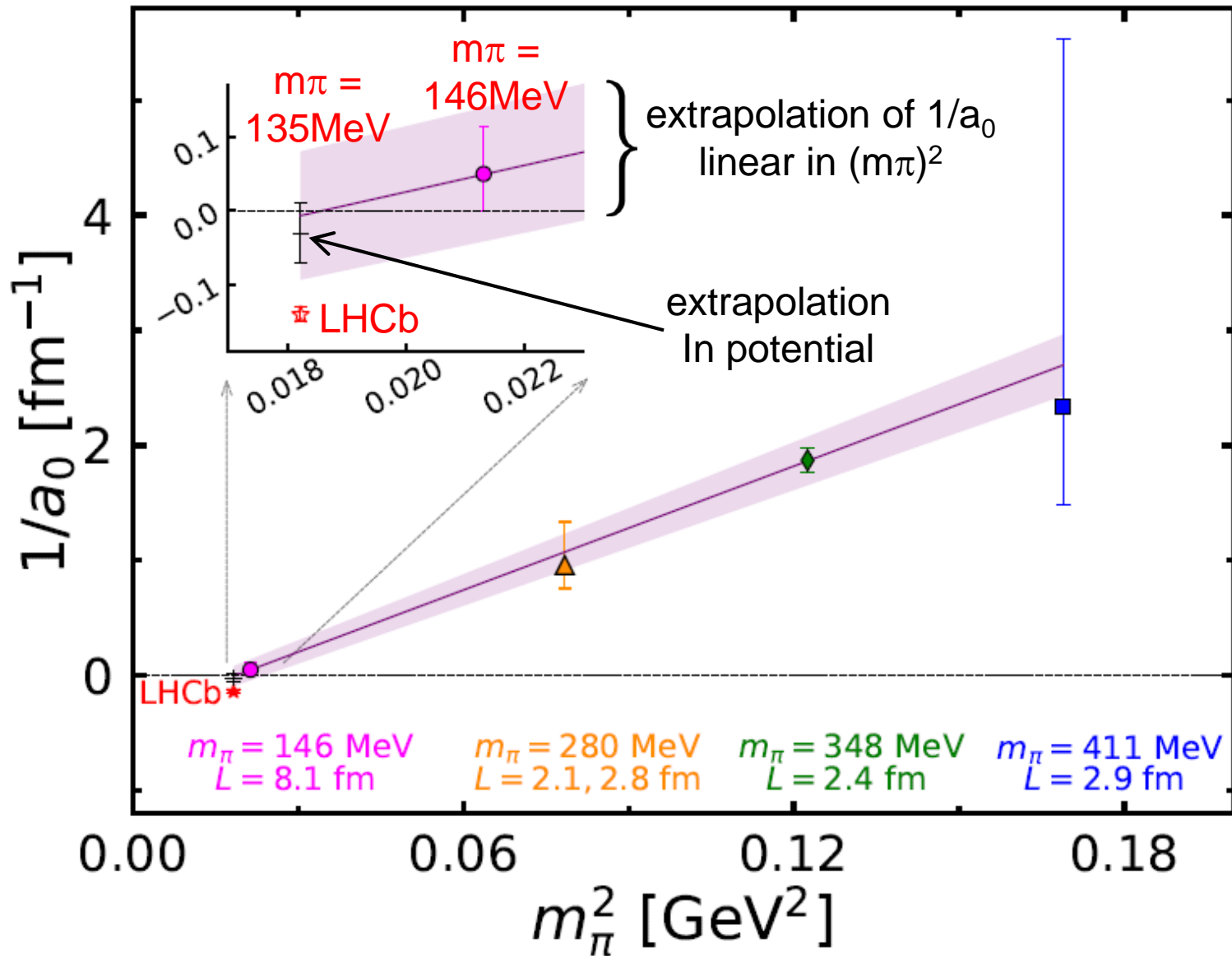
Tail structure of Potential



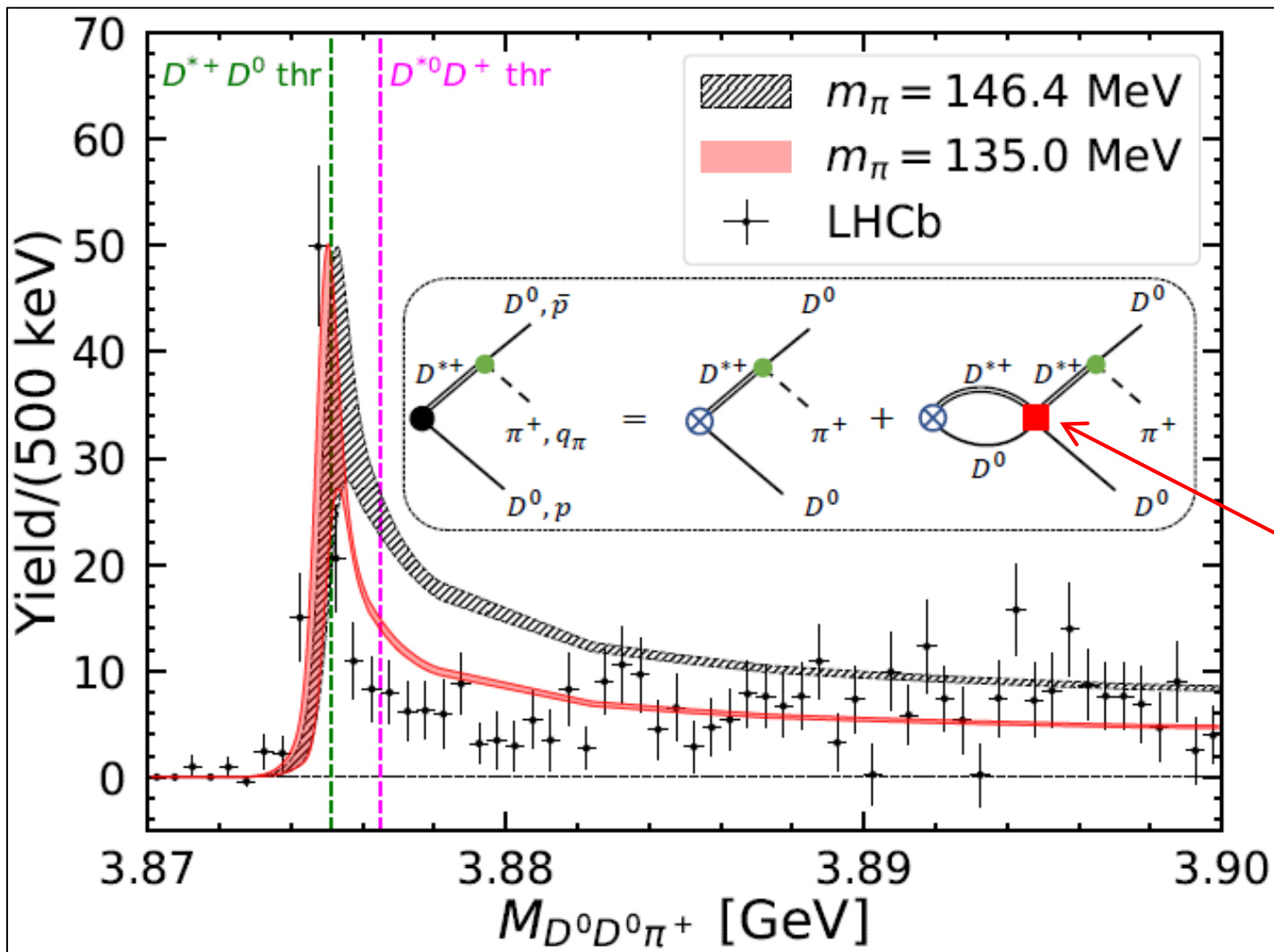
Two-pion exchange!

$$V_{\text{fit}}(r) = \sum_{i=1,2} a_i e^{-(r/b_i)^2} + a_3 (1 - e^{-(r/b_3)^2})^2 \left(\frac{e^{-m_\pi r}}{r} \right)^2$$

Quark mass dependence of $1/a_0$



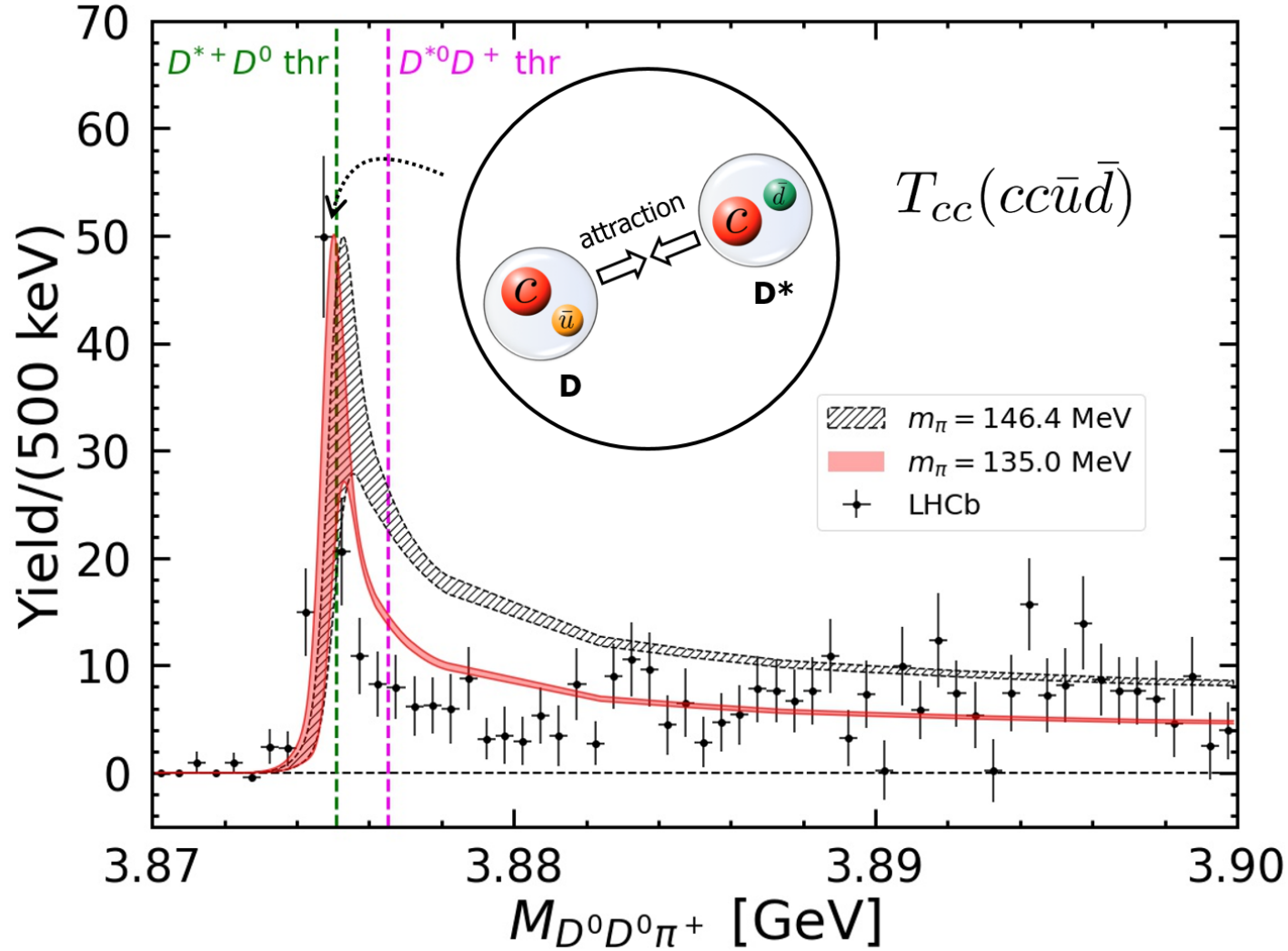
Mass spectrum of $D^0 D^0 \pi^+$



LQCD potential

Better agreement w/ “physical mass” potential

Mass spectrum of $D^0 D^0 \pi^+$



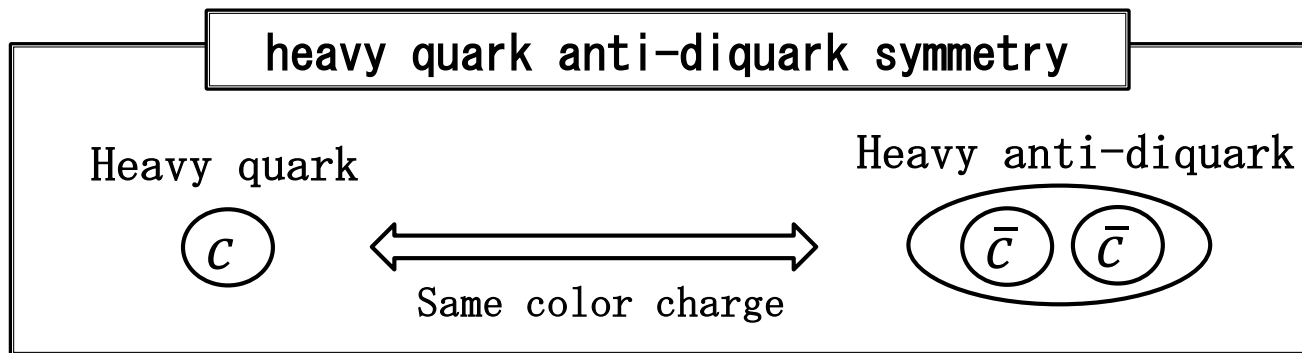
T_{cc} : ~ meson molecular like state of D-D*

Exotic Family of Tcc state?

- Family of Heavy quark DoF

$T_{cs}, T_{bs}, T_{bc}, T_{bb}, \dots$

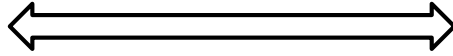
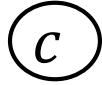
- Here, we consider “superflavor symmetry”
(heavy quark anti-diquark symmetry)



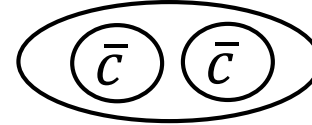
Georgi-Wise, PLB243(1990)279
Savage-Wise, PLB248(1990)177

Superflavor partner of Tcc ?

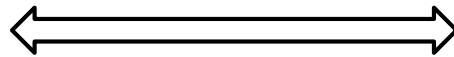
Heavy quark



Heavy anti-diquark



Tcc (D-D*)



Pentaquark state?

Tcc bar: (cbar u) - (cbar d)

(Dbar^(*)-Ξ_{cc}^(*))

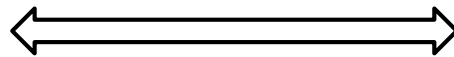
$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$

(cbar u) - (cc d)

$I(J^P) = 0(1/2^-)$

Asanuma-Yamaguchi-Harada, arXiv:2311.04695

OBEP + superflavor sym → Bound state could exist

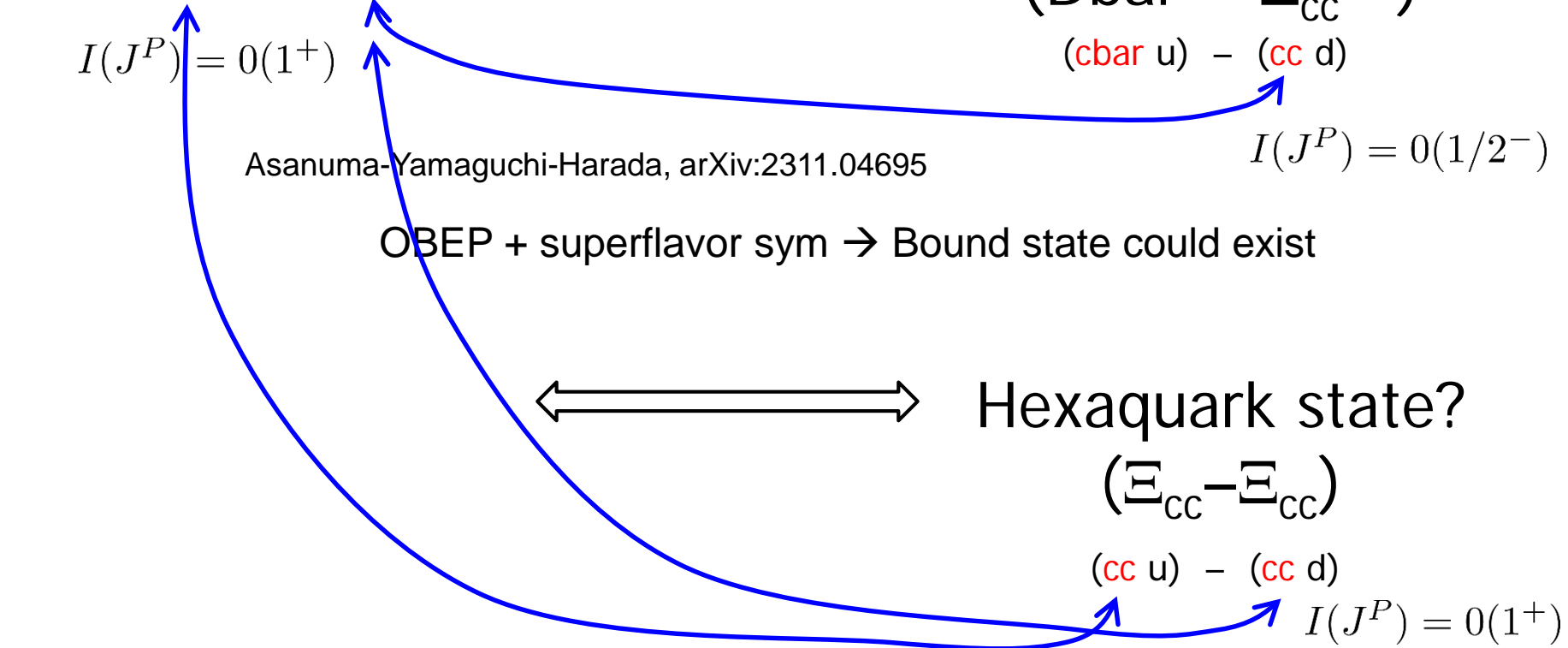


Hexaquark state?

(Ξ_{cc}}-Ξ_{cc})}

(cc u) - (cc d)

$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$



Physical point simulation of $\Xi_{cc} - \Xi_{cc}$ interactions

- F-conf is used for phys point calc on Fugaku
- $\Xi_{cc} - \Xi_{cc}$ interactions

$$\begin{array}{llll} I(J^P) = 0(1^+) & {}^3S_1 - {}^3D_1 \text{ channel} & \leftarrow & \text{Candidate of} \\ & & & \text{Tcc partner} \\ I(J^P) = 1(0^+) & {}^1S_0 \text{ channel} & & \end{array}$$

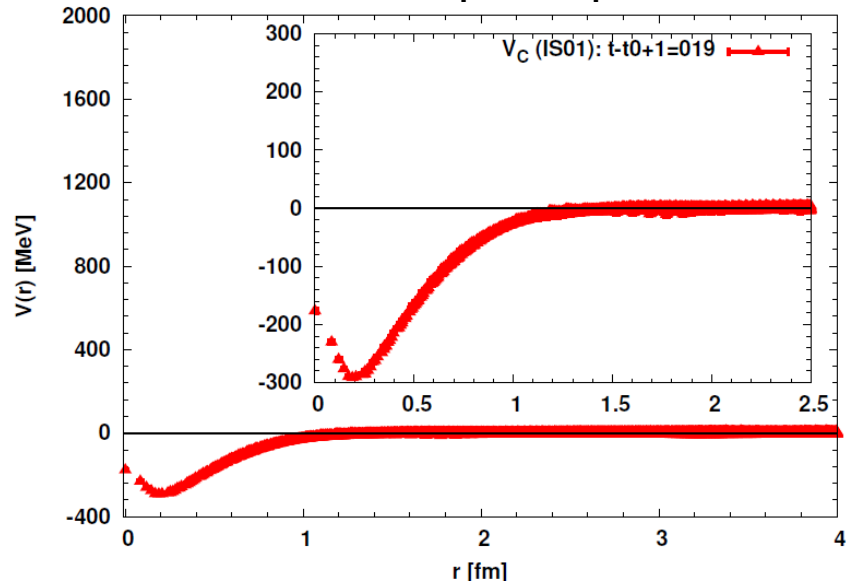
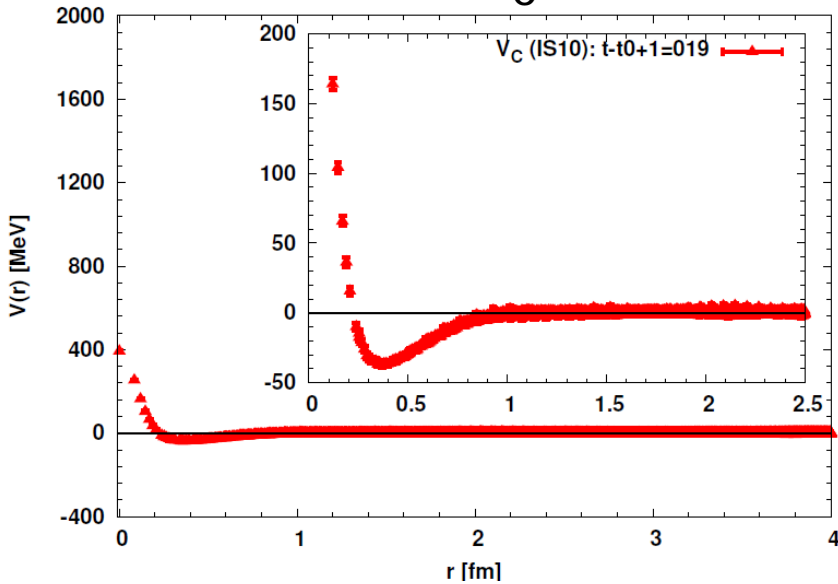
- $\Xi_{ss} - \Xi_{ss}$ (= usual $\Xi - \Xi$) interactions
 - We can use this system as a “reference” to probe the role of heavy quark

$$\begin{array}{llll} I(J^P) = 0(1^+) & {}^3S_1 - {}^3D_1 \text{ channel} & \leftarrow & \text{SU(3)f 10-plet} \\ I(J^P) = 1(0^+) & {}^1S_0 \text{ channel} & \leftarrow & \text{SU(3)f 27-plet} \end{array}$$

$\Xi_{CC} - \Xi_{CC}$ interactions

1S_0

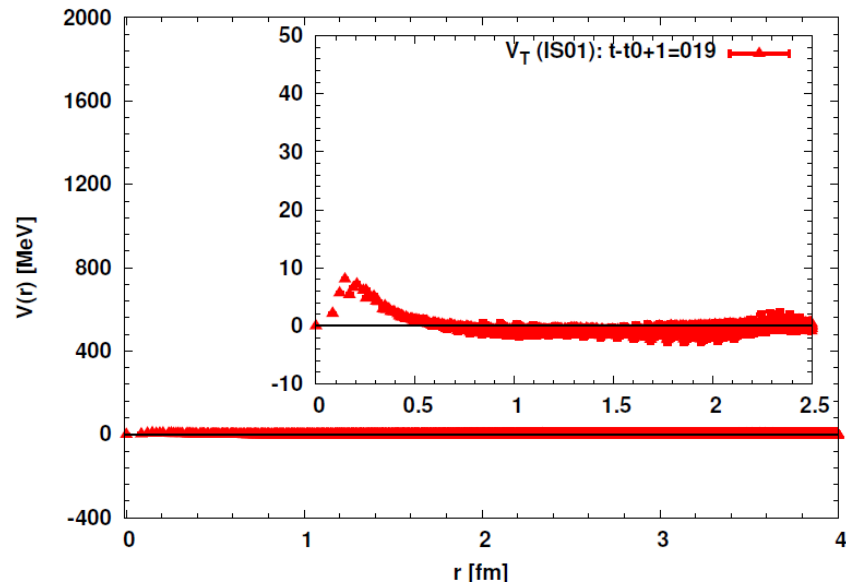
$^3S_1 - ^3D_1$



Central

1S_0 : Repulsive core
+ attractive pocket

3S_1 : Strong attraction
& weak tensor force



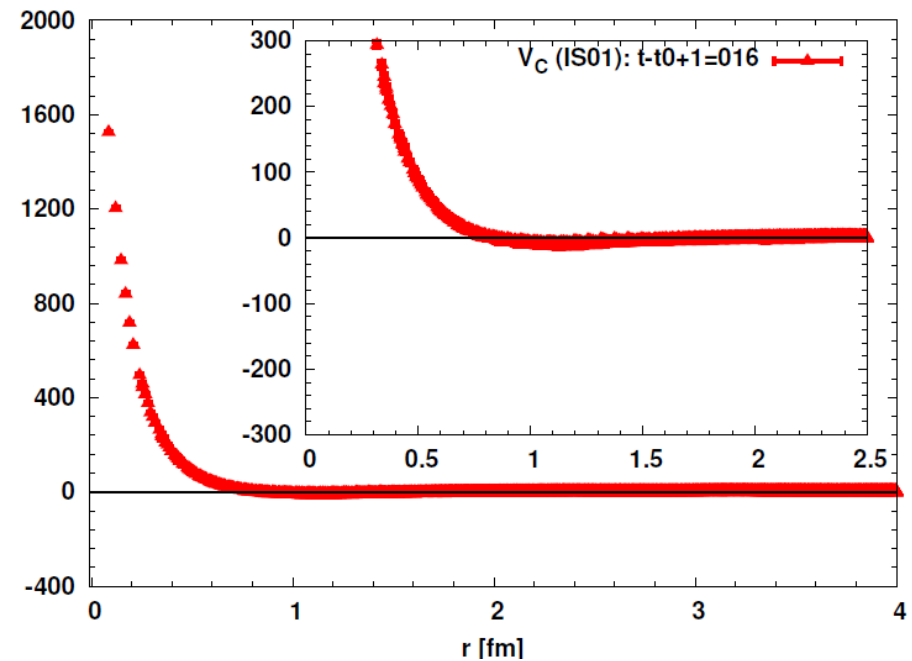
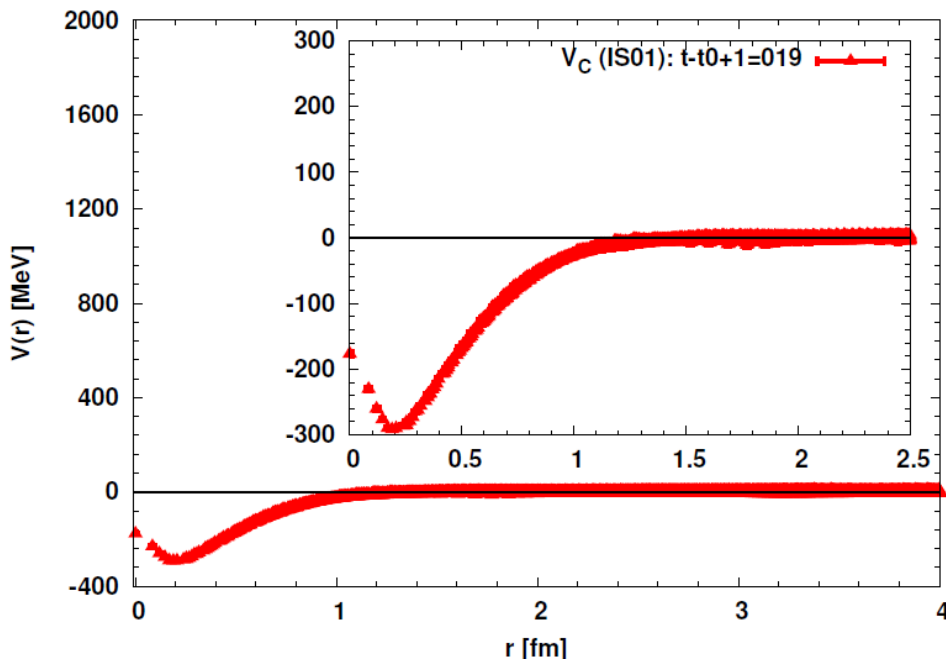
Tensor

$$M(\Xi_{CC}) = 3642.9(1.4) \text{ MeV}$$

Comparison of central potential in ${}^3\text{SD}_1$ channel

$$\bar{V}_{\text{CC}} - \underline{V}_{\text{CC}}$$

$$\bar{V}_{\text{SS}} - \underline{V}_{\text{SS}}$$

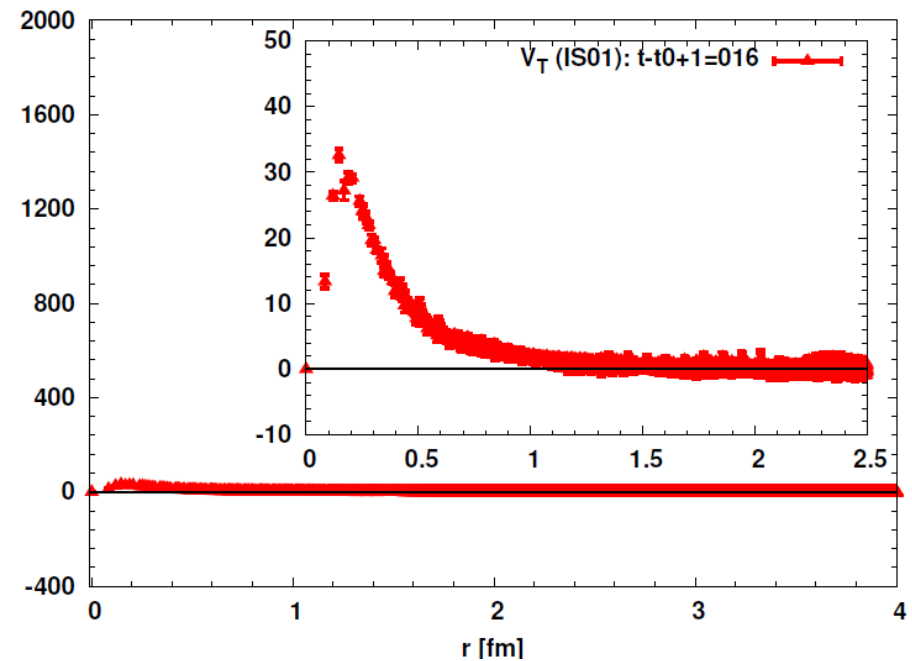
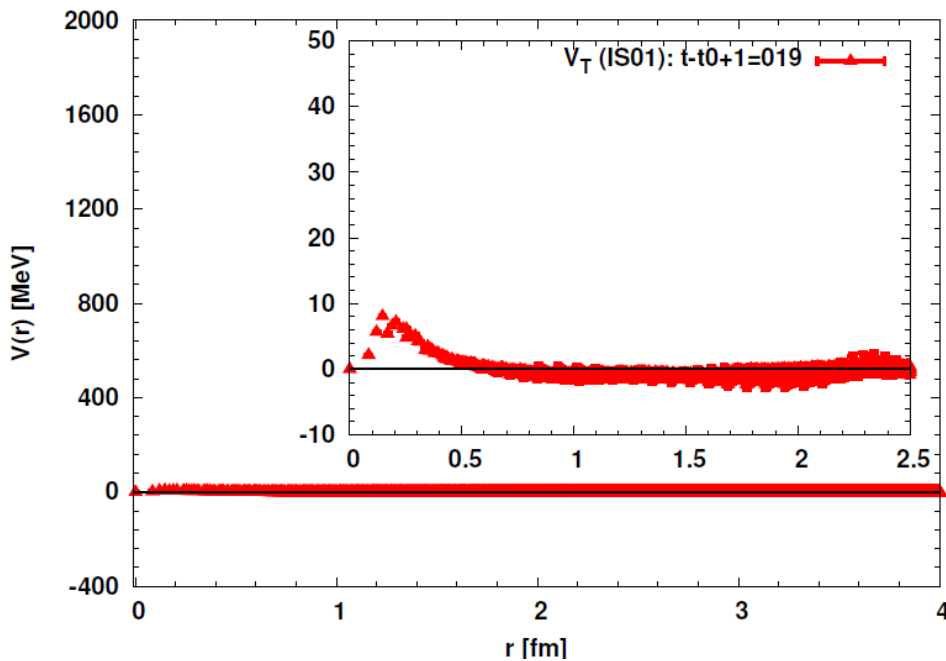


Completely different!

Comparison of tensor potential in ${}^3\text{SD}_1$ channel

$$\overline{V}_{\text{CC}} - \overline{V}_{\text{CC}}$$

$$\overline{V}_{\text{SS}} - \overline{V}_{\text{SS}}$$

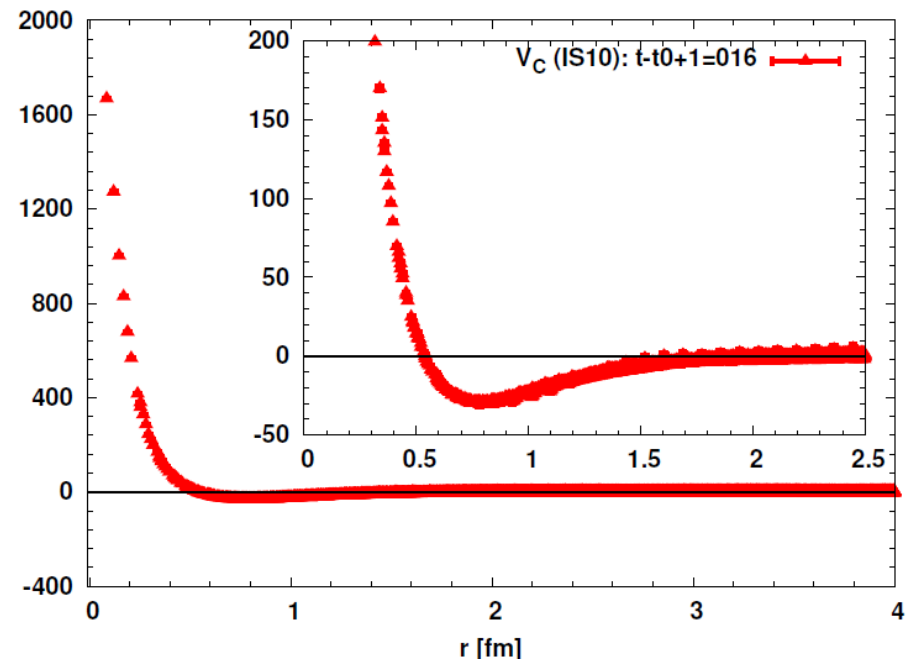
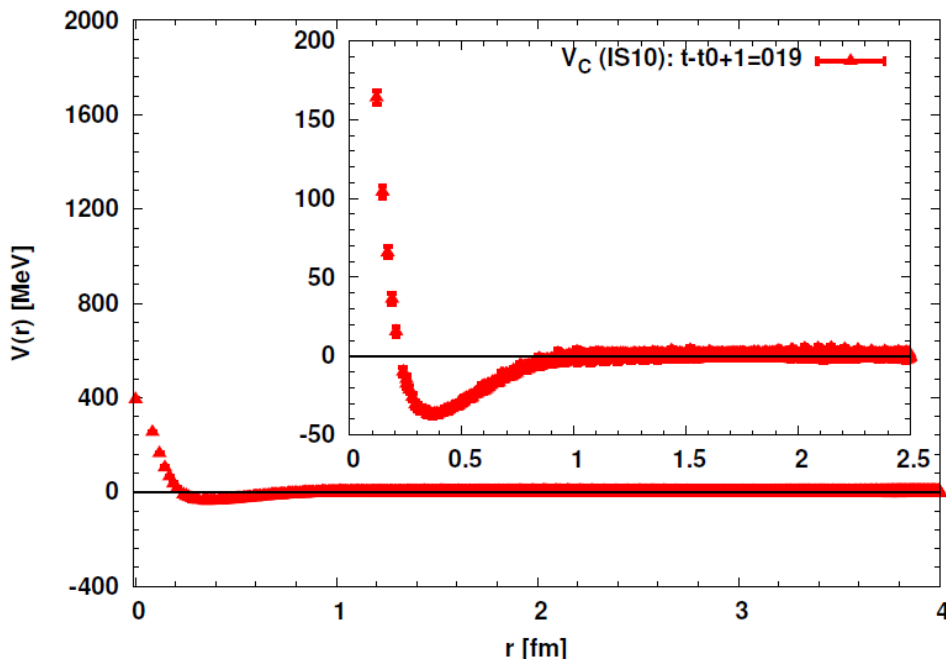


Qualitatively similar
Tensor force is small for both systems

Comparison of central potential in 1S_0 channel

$$\Xi_{CC} - \Xi_{CC}$$

$$\Xi_{SS} - \Xi_{SS}$$



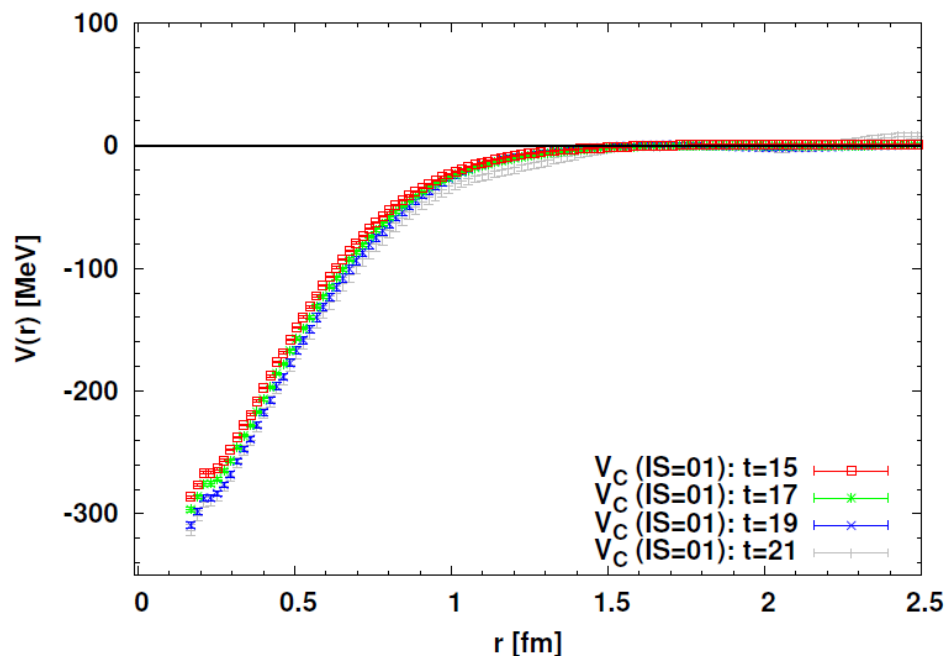
Qualitatively similar
Repulsive core is suppressed for $\Xi_{CC} - \Xi_{CC}$

Coupled channel effect?

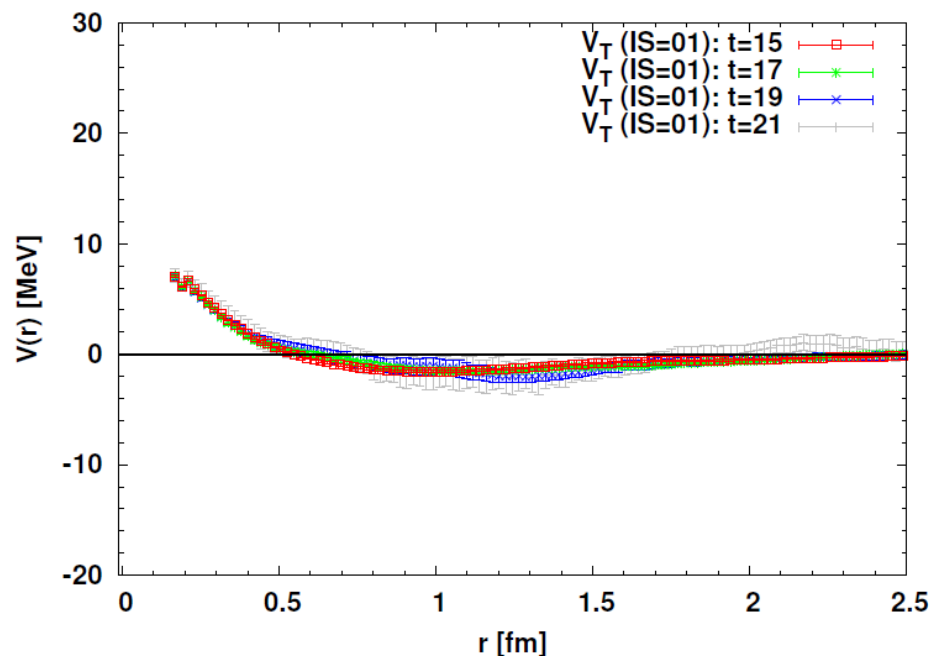
- Approximation in $\Xi_{cc}\Xi_{cc}$ ($l=0, J^P=1^+$ channel)
 - There exists open channel, $\Lambda_c\Omega_{ccc}$, below $\Xi_{cc}\Xi_{cc}$ channel
 $\Lambda_c\Omega_{ccc}$ (~ 7082) vs. $\Xi_{cc}\Xi_{cc}$ (7243)
 - The issue is less significant in $\Xi_{cc}\Xi_{cc}$ ($l=1, J^P=0^+$ channel)
 $\Sigma_c\Omega_{ccc}$ (~ 7251) (D-wave) vs. $\Xi_{cc}\Xi_{cc}$ (7243)
 - The issue does not exist in strangeness counter parts:
 $\Lambda_s\Omega_{sss}$ (2788) vs. $\Xi_{ss}\Xi_{ss}$ (2637)
- At this moment, all analyses are performed in single-channel approximation (w.r.t. particle base)

$\Xi_{CC} \Xi_{CC} (^3SD_1)$: Time-dependence of potential

Central



Tensor



Error reduction by Misner's method
(partial wave decomposition on lattice)

T. Miyamoto+, PRD101(2020)074514

Coupled channel effect seems to be suppressed

Summary

- Hadron interactions from Lattice QCD at physical point
 - New configuration set, “HAL-conf-2023” (F-conf), were generated
 - $(m_\pi, m_K) = (137, 502) \text{ MeV}$, $L \sim 8 \text{ fm}$, $1/a \sim 2.3 \text{ GeV}$, $\#\text{traj} = 8000$
 - Various interactions /exotic states, e.g., Tcc state
- $\Xi_{cc}\Xi_{cc}$ interactions in $I(J^P)=0(1^+)$, $I(J^P)=1(0^+)$ channels
 - $\Xi_{cc}\Xi_{cc}$ ($I(J^P)=0(1^+)$) could be superflavor partner of Tcc
 - Compared with counter-part systems w/ strangeness, $\Xi_{ss}\Xi_{ss}$
 - Possibly strong attraction in $\Xi_{cc}\Xi_{cc}$ ($I(J^P)=0(1^+)$)
 - Future:
Systematic study of families of exotics
Nuclear / Hadron physics from Lattice QCD

