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Light primordial black holes as a viable dark matter candidate

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The energy injection through Hawking evaporation has been used to put strong constraints on primordial black holes as a dark

matter candidate at masses below 1e18 g. However, recent work has shown that Hawking's semiclassical approximation breaks

down at latest after half-decay. Beyond this point, the evaporation could be significantly suppressed. In this work, we review

existing cosmological and astrophysical bounds on primordial black holes. We show that the constraints disappear completely

for a reasonable range of parameters, which opens a new window for light primordial black holes as a dark matter candidate.

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