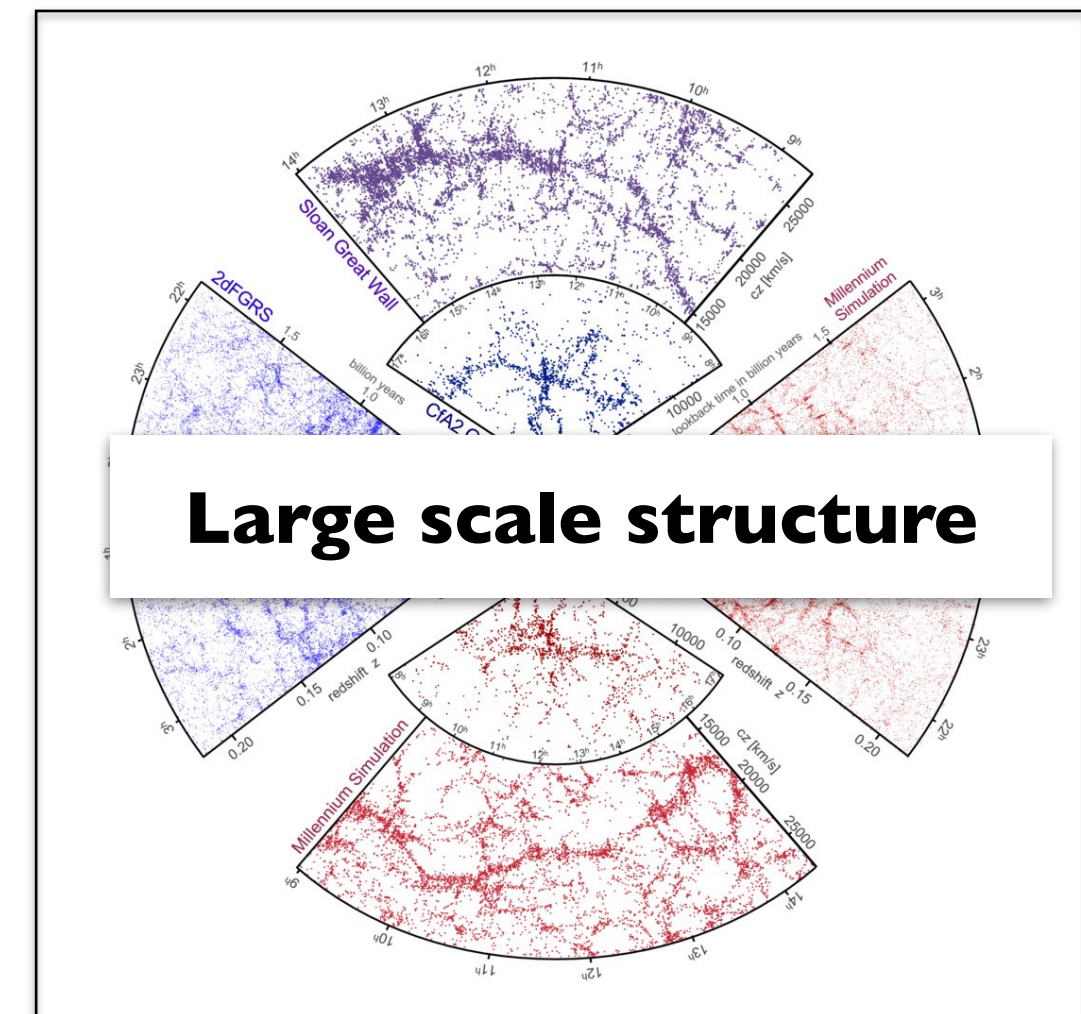
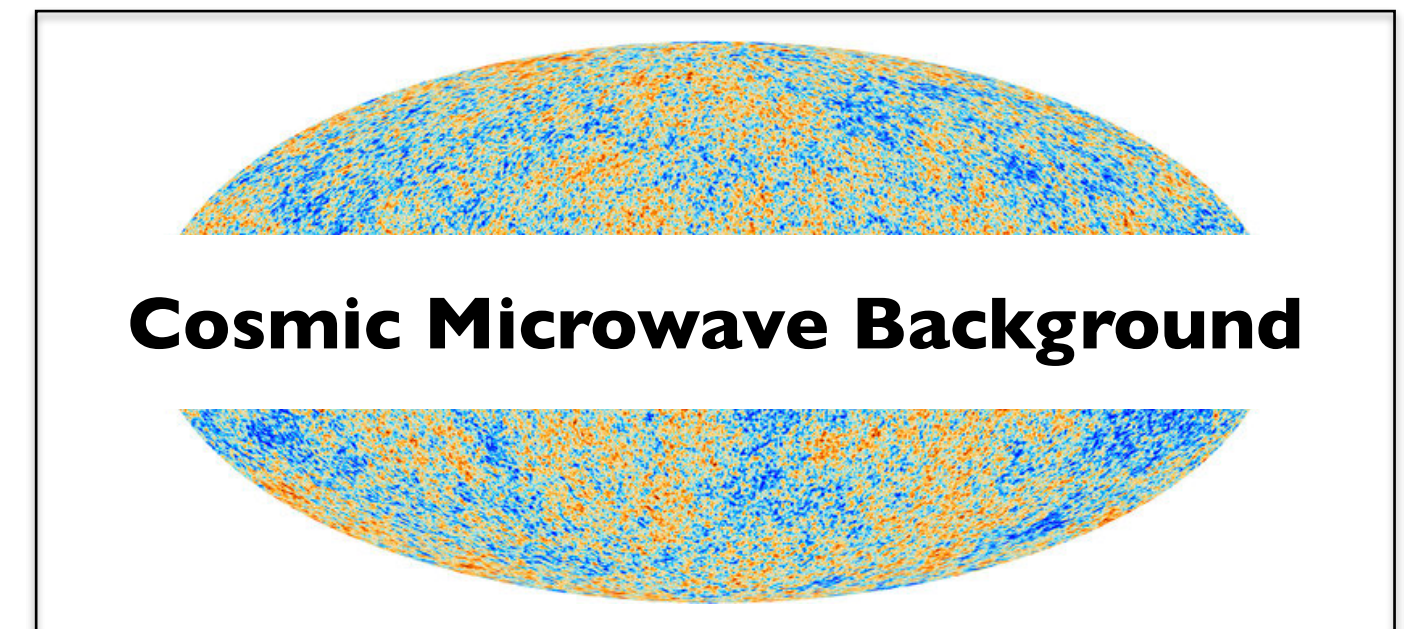
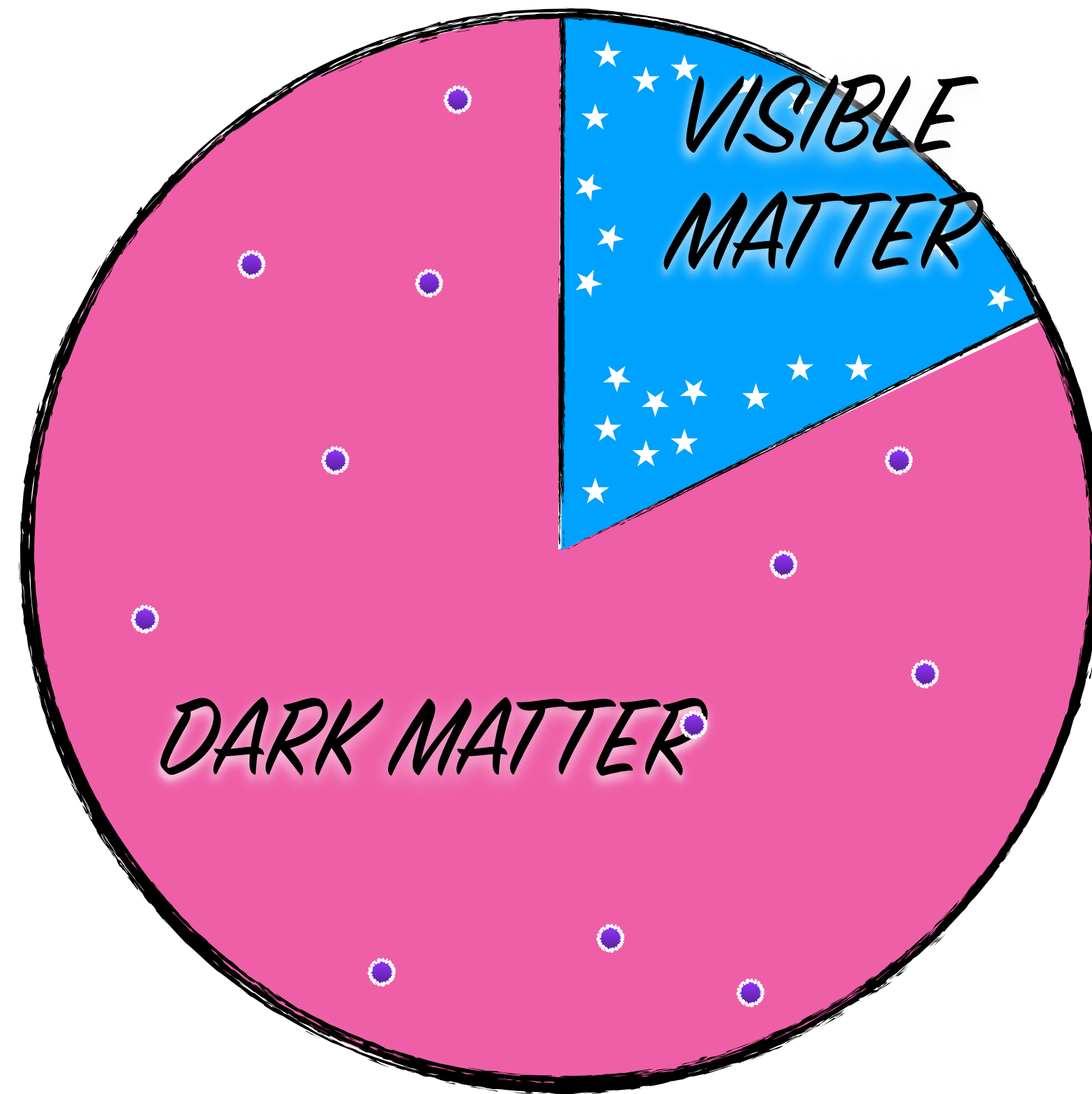
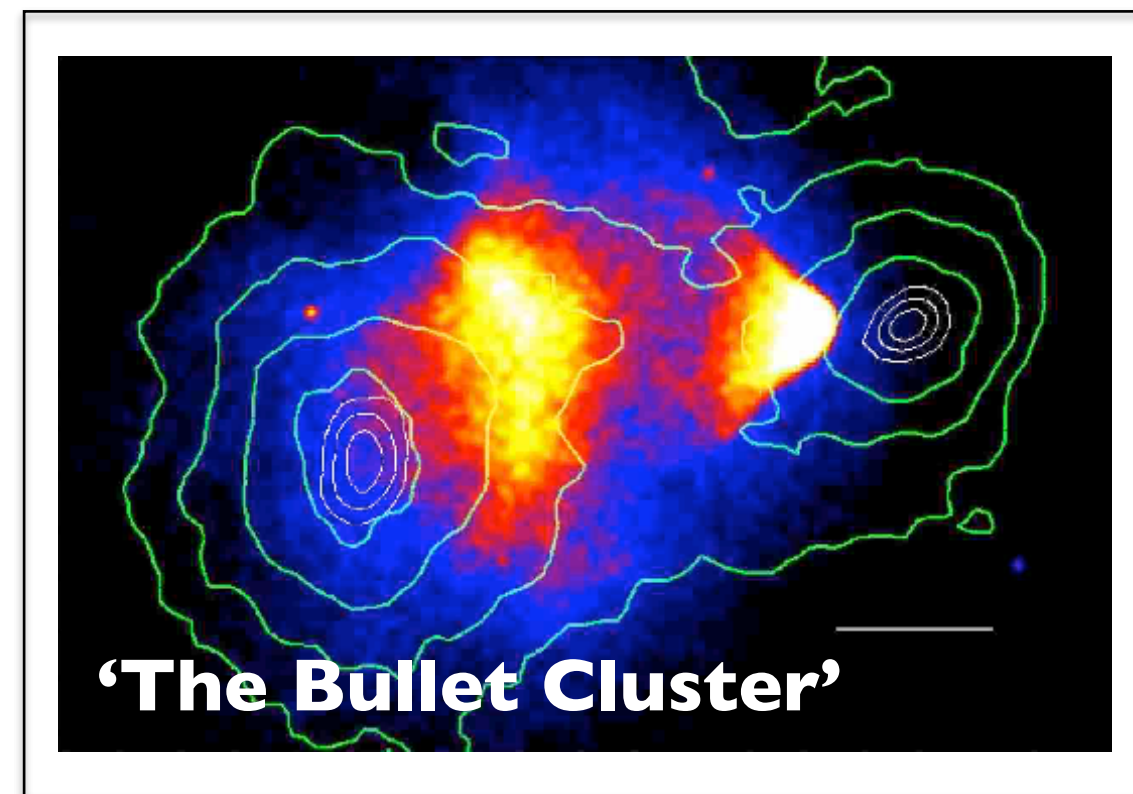
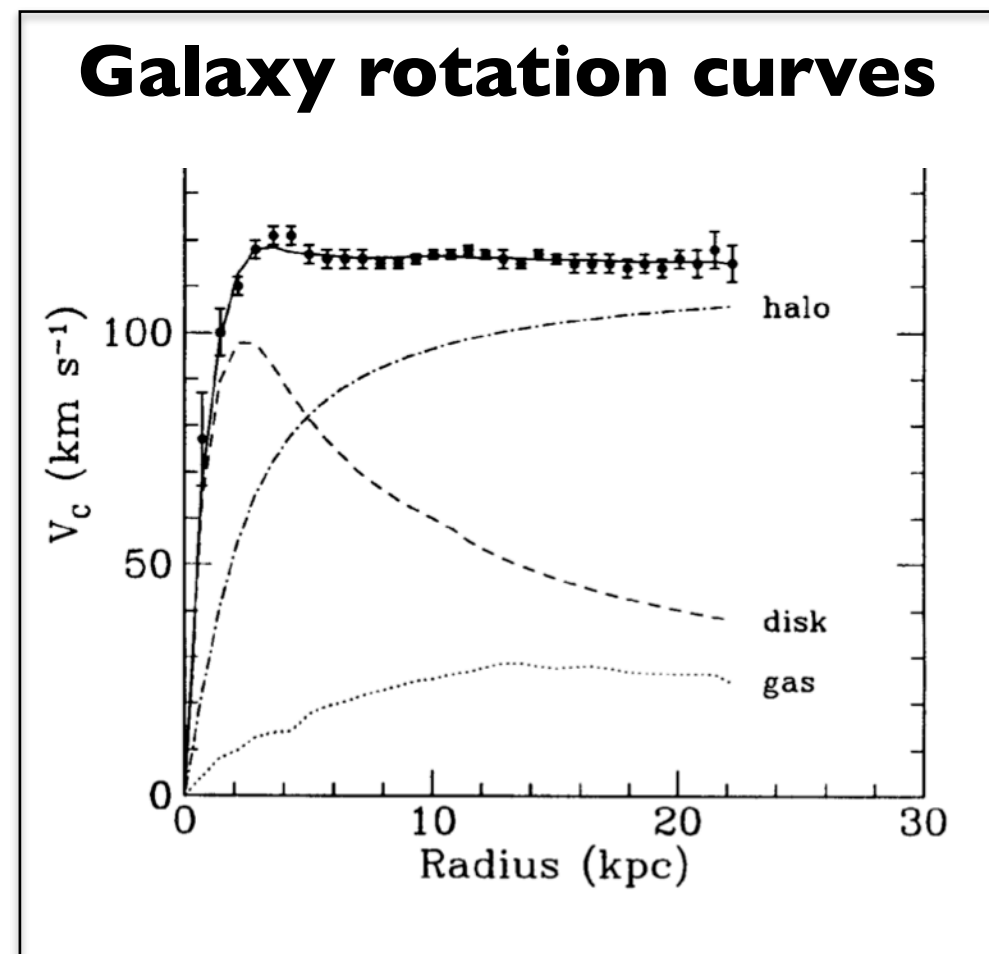


(Particle) dark matter theory

Christopher McCabe

The problem *isn't* discovering dark matter...

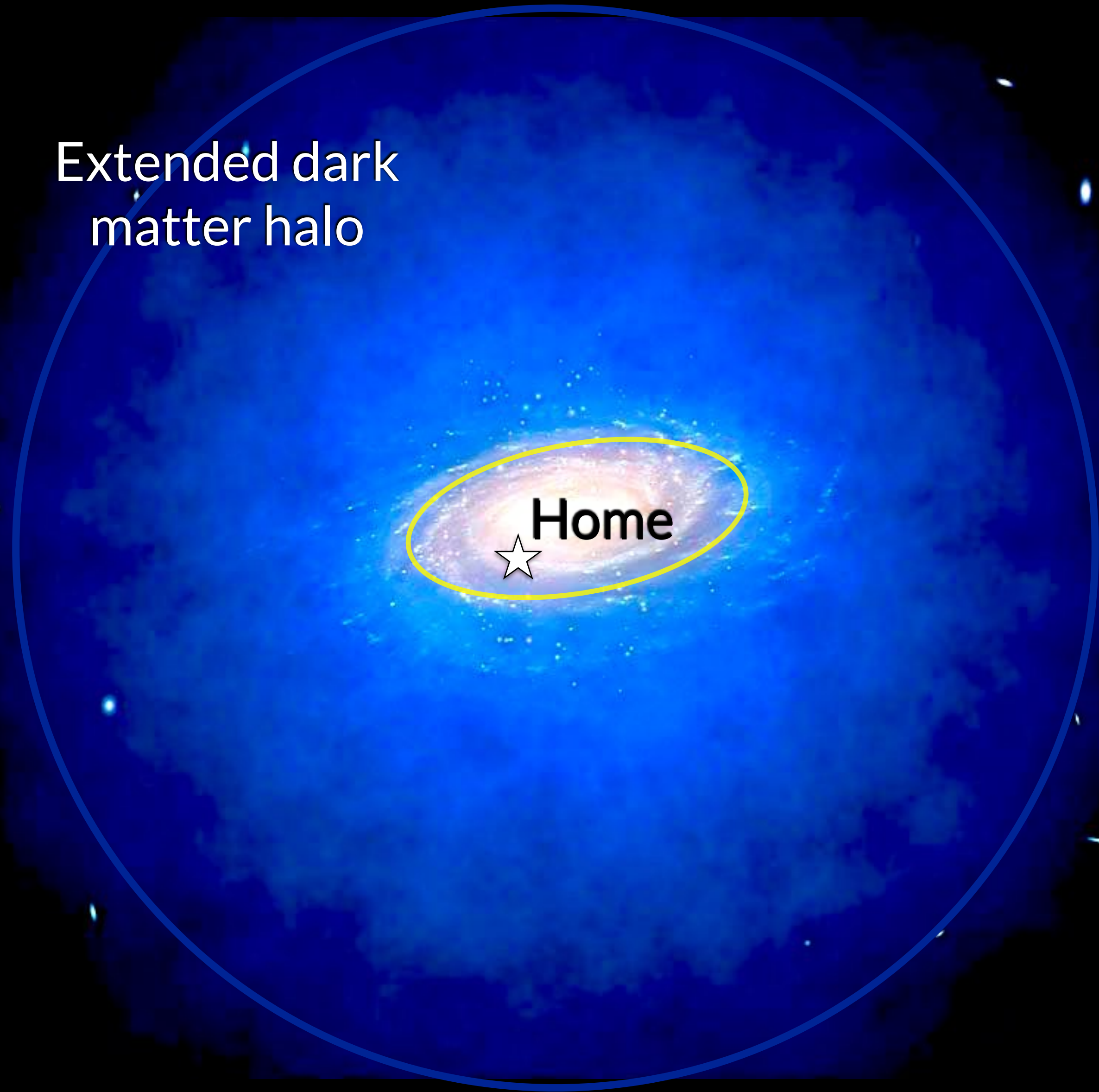


Existence of dark matter on astrophysical and cosmological scales is known and well characterised

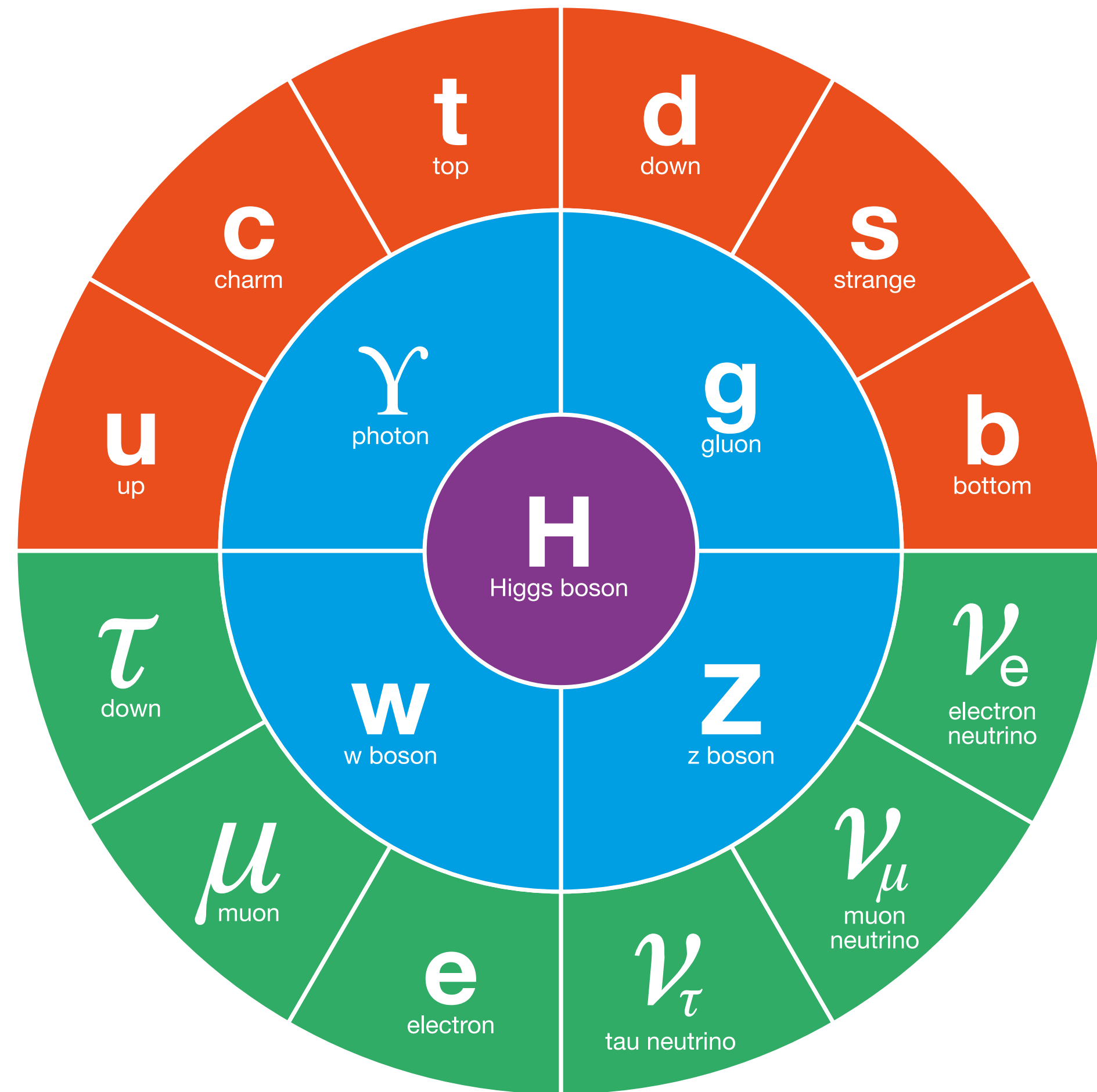
Simulated galaxy

Extended dark
matter halo

Home



The problem is *characterising* dark matter...



Dark Matter Particle (X^0)

X^0 mass: $m = ?$

X^0 spin: $J = ?$

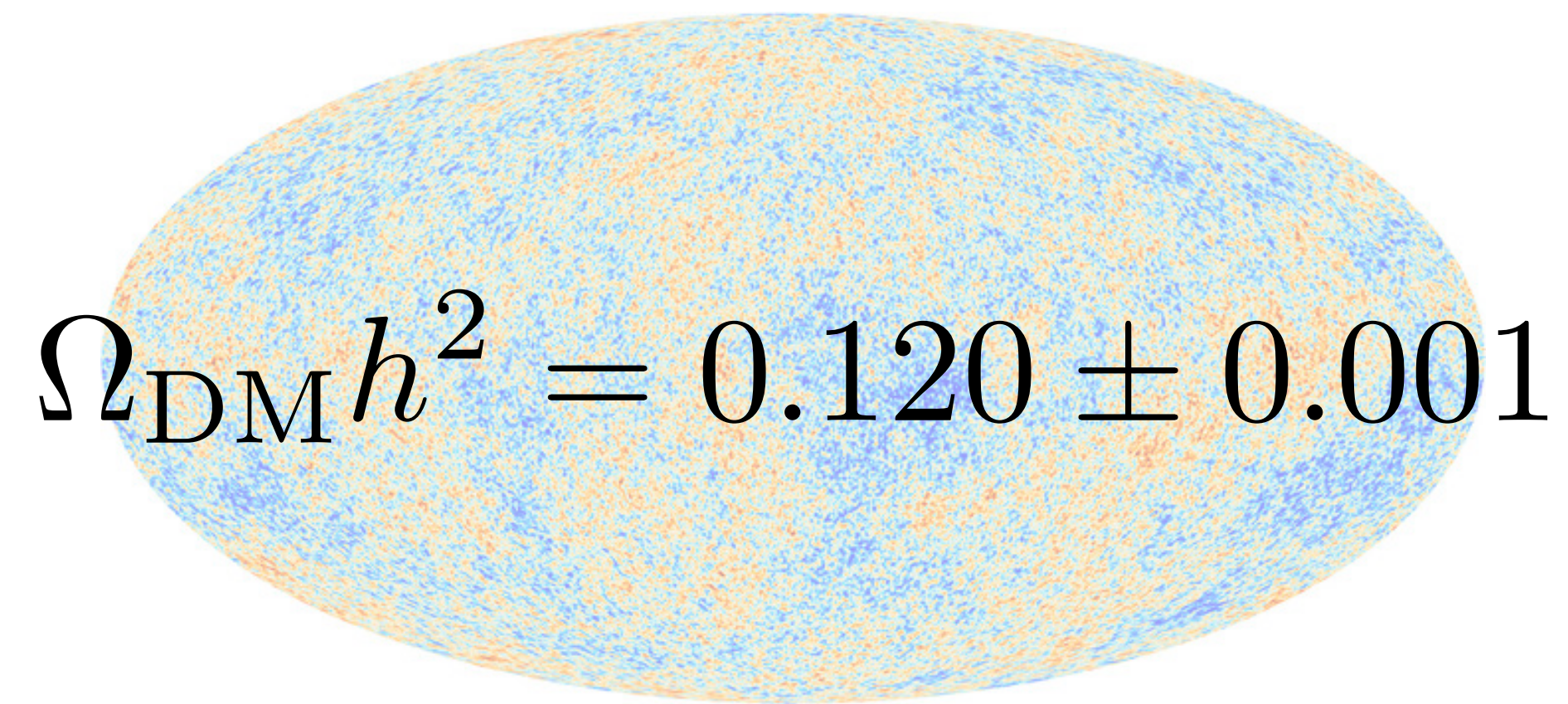
X^0 parity: $P = ?$

X^0 lifetime: $\tau = ?$

X^0 interactions with normal matter?

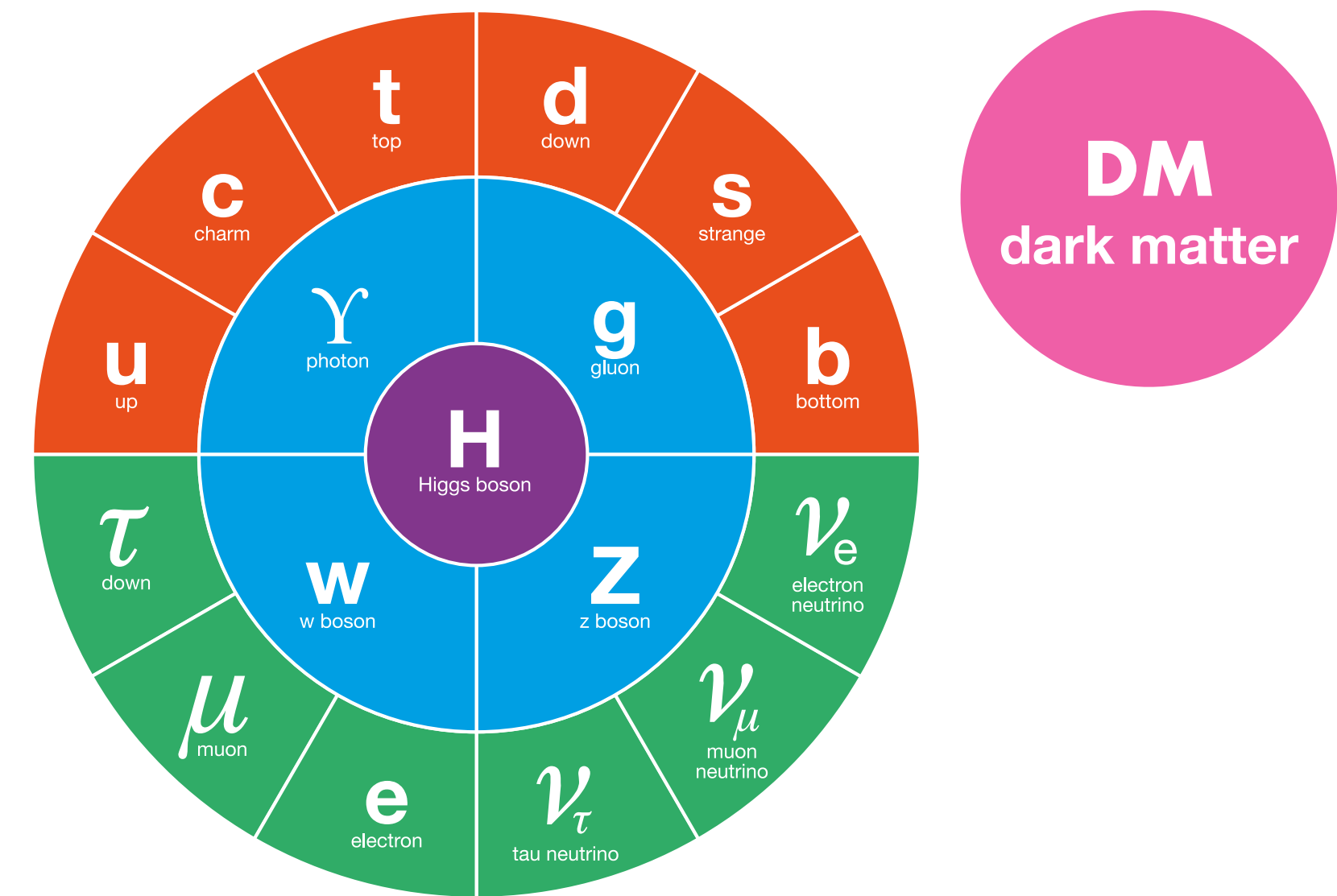
Cosmology and Particle Physics give clues

Cosmology



Explaining this value suggests dark and visible matter interactions are generic

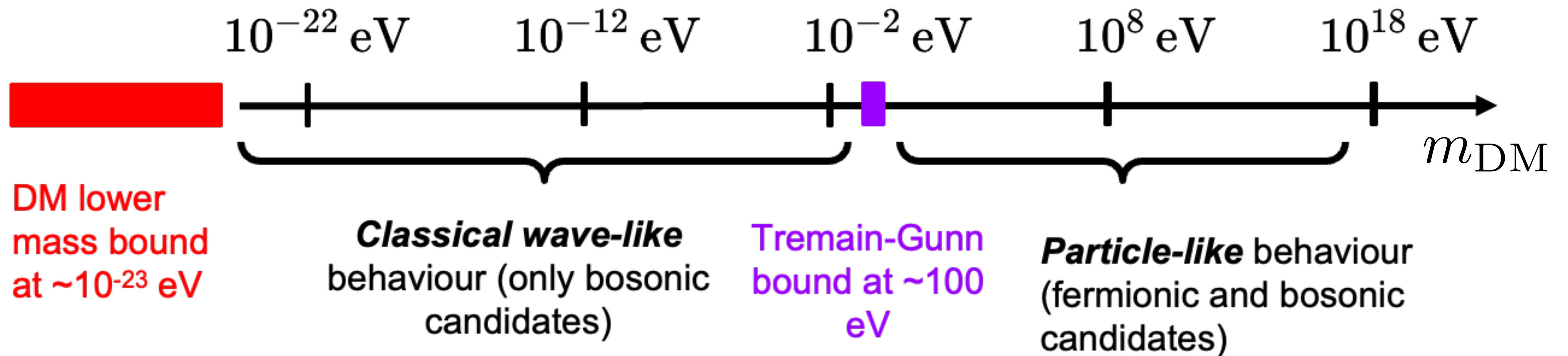
Particle Physics



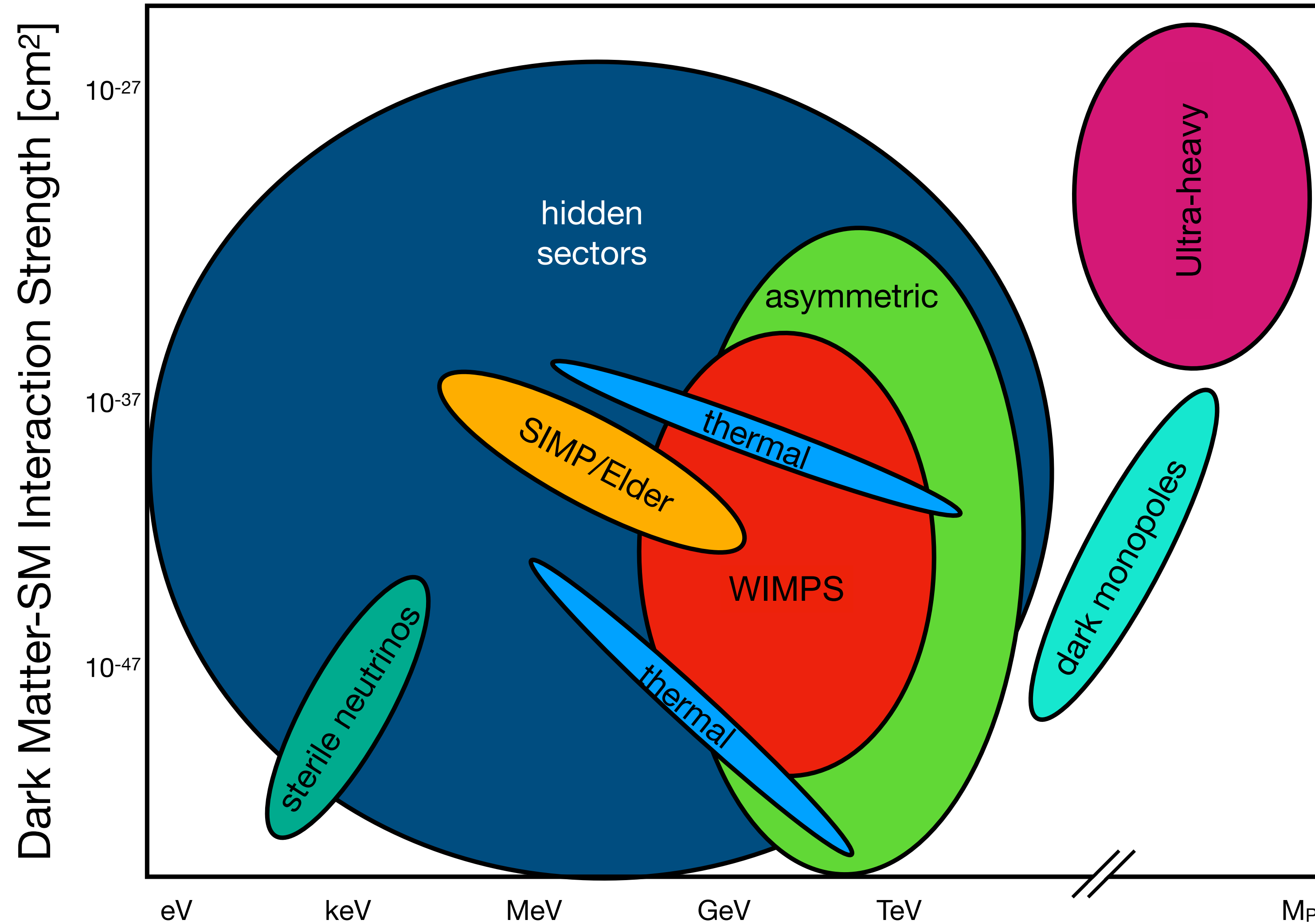
&

Informs and limits the possible interactions

DM landscape: classifying by mass



Particle DM landscape: many possibilities



How can we make progress?

Cosmic Frontier's recommendation:

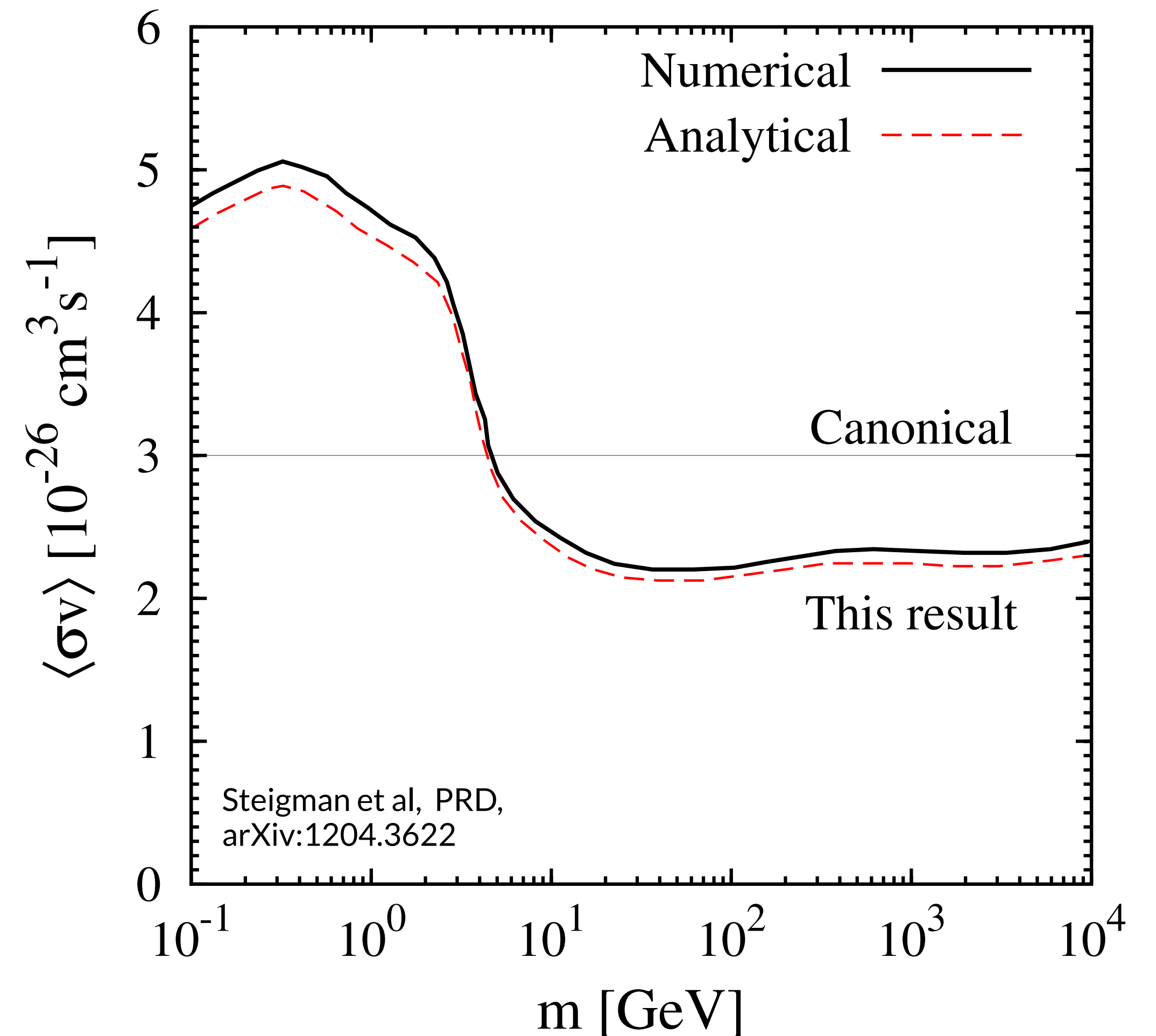
Delve deep (cover high priority targets e.g., WIMPs)

Search wide (explore as much DM parameter space as possible)

High priority target: WIMPs

'Delve deep'

- (Probably) the most studied DM candidate
- 'Natural' mechanism to produce the observed relic abundance '*WIMP-miracle*'
- One-to-one correspondence with a single particle physics input:
Annihilation cross-section with SM particles
- Embedded in theories that alleviate the 'hierarchy problem' (SUSY, etc)
 - Idea of '*Natural WIMPs*' but '*Unnatural WIMPs*' also work

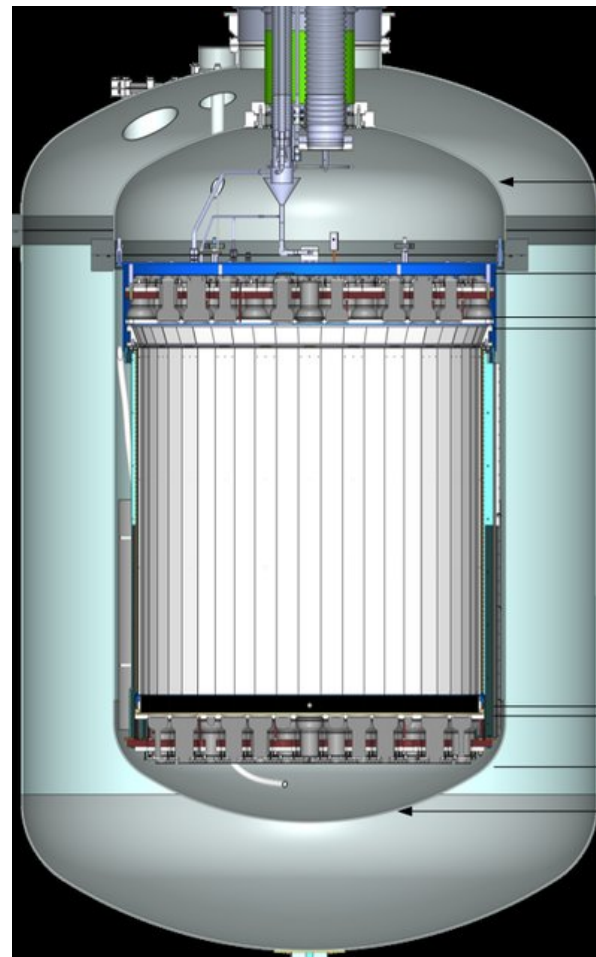


High priority target: WIMPs

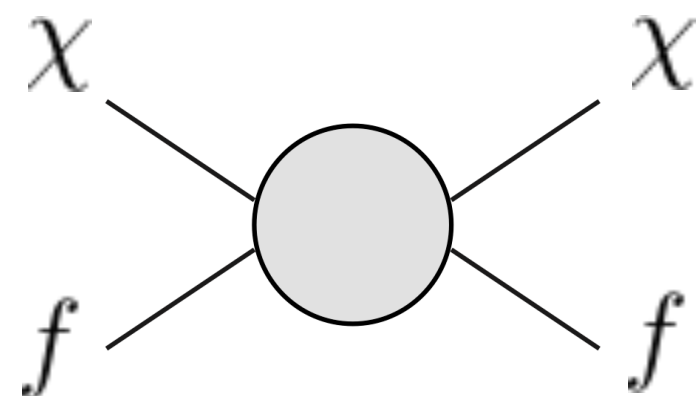
'Delve deep'

- The 'single particle physics' input focussed minds
- Produced many complementary searches:

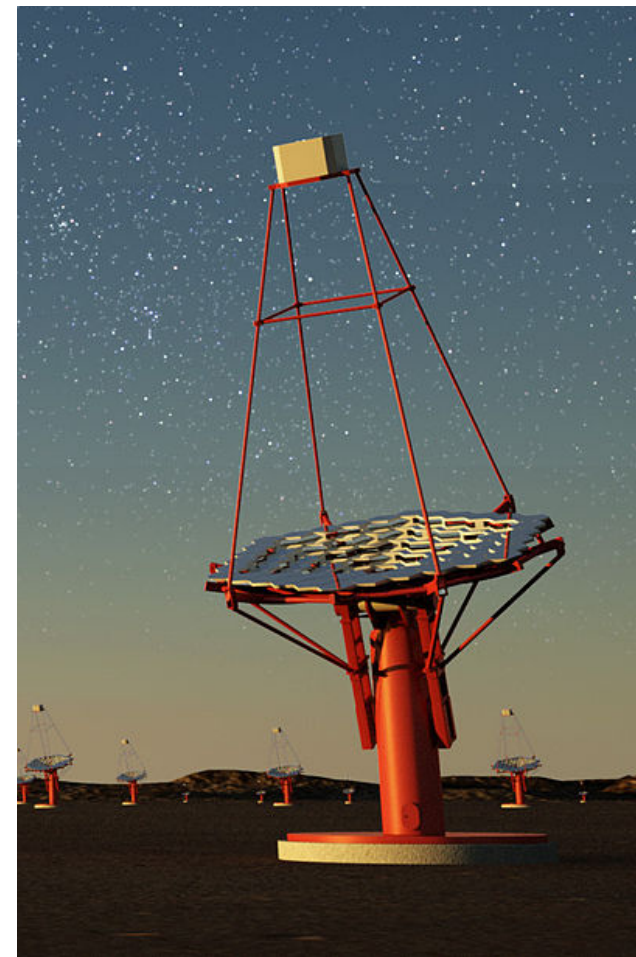
Direct detection



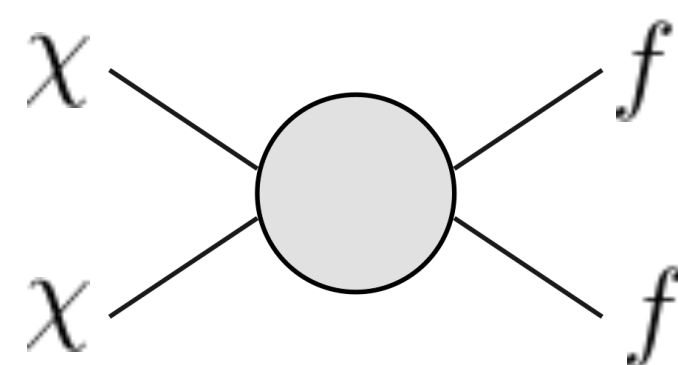
Shake it



Indirect detection



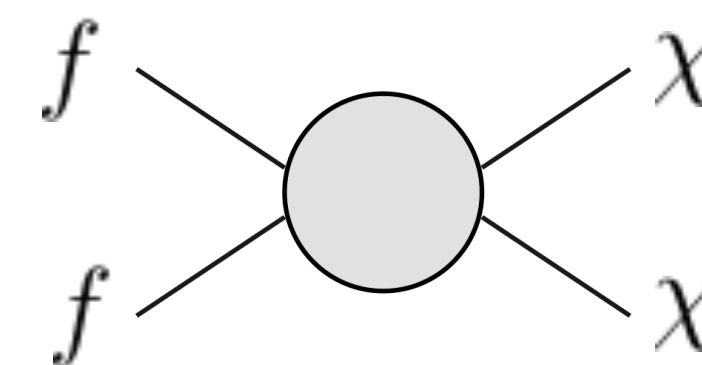
Break it



Collider



Make it



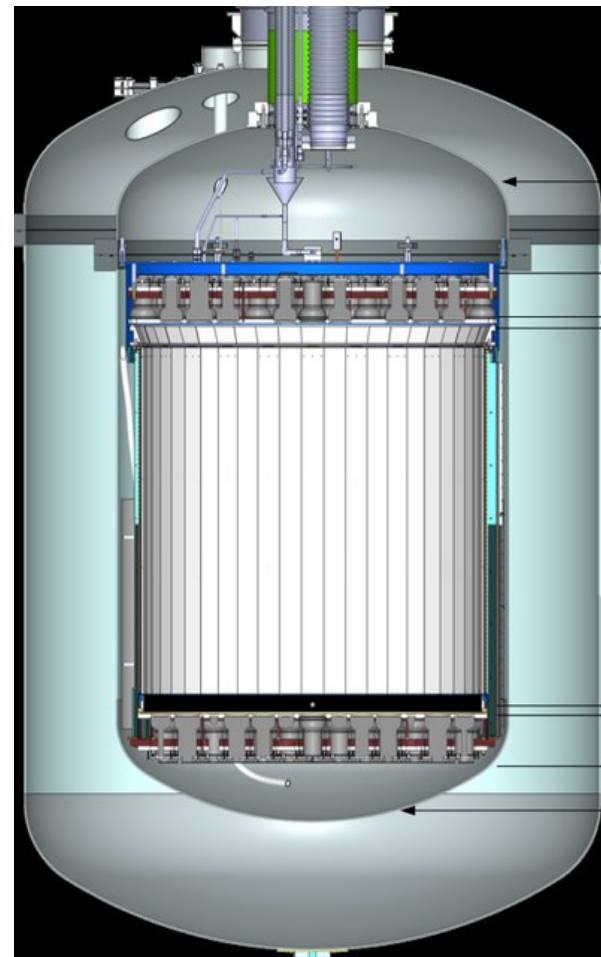
+ ...

High priority target: WIMPs

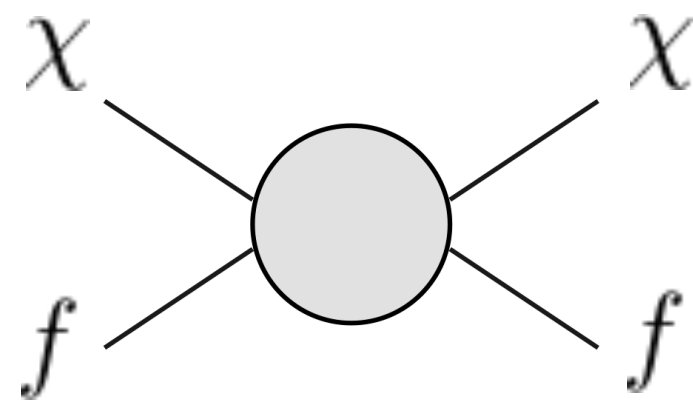
'Delve deep'

- Also somewhat of an industry for theorists to probe models from many directions

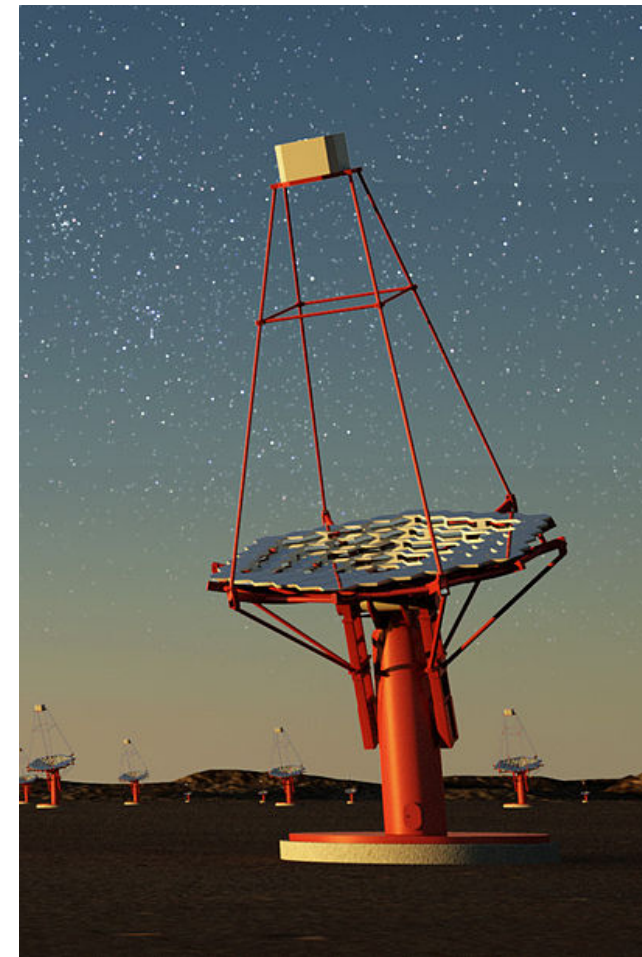
Direct detection



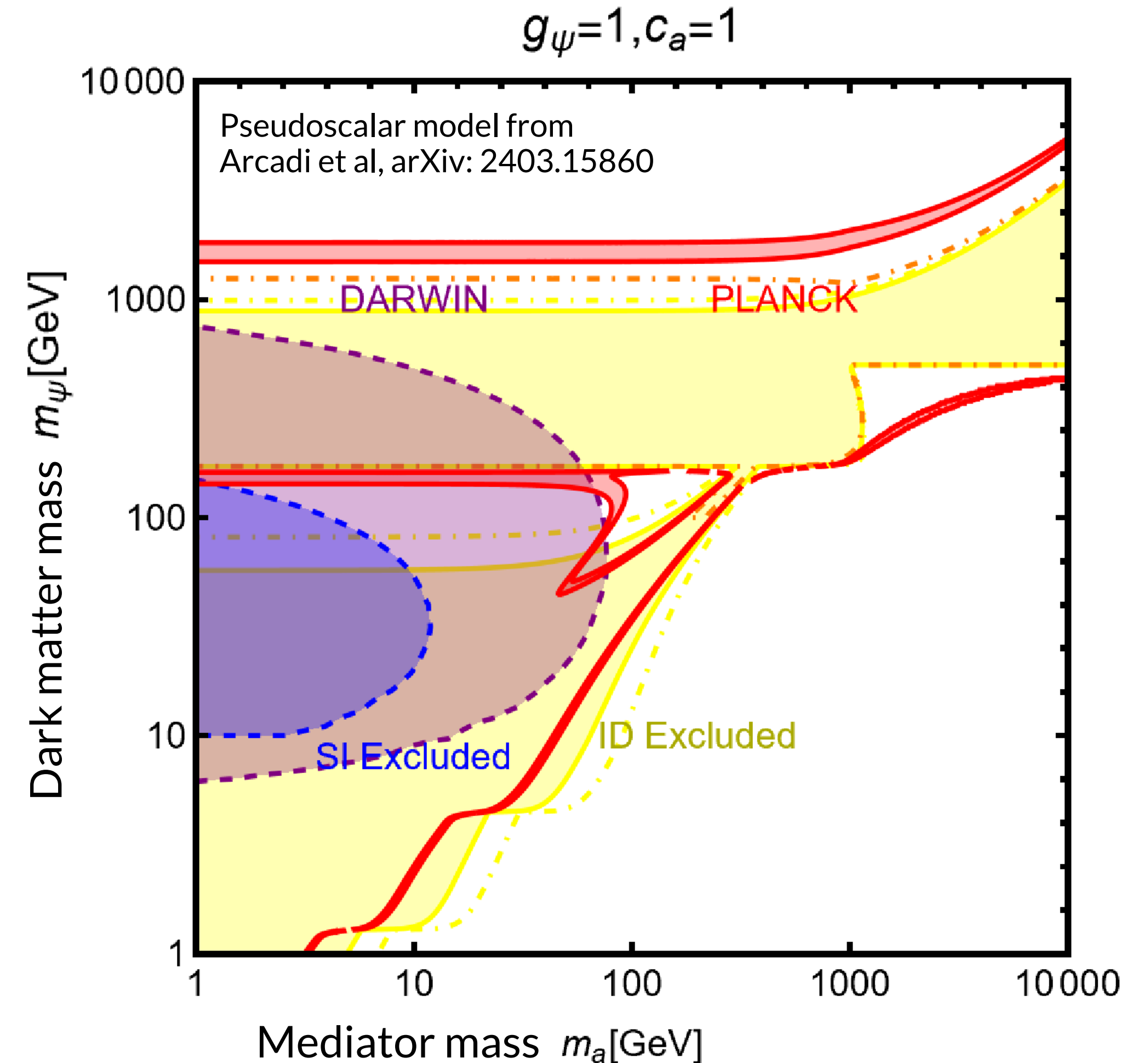
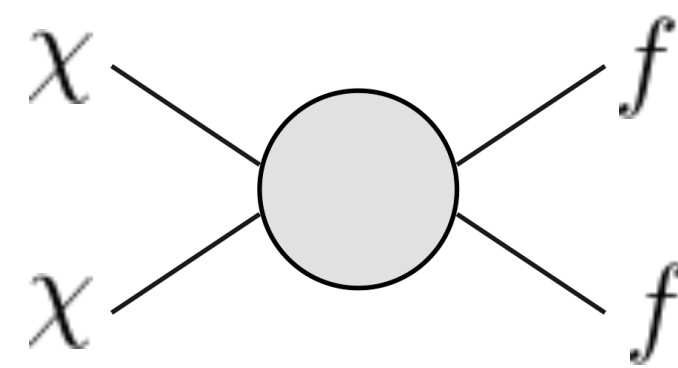
Shake it



Indirect detection

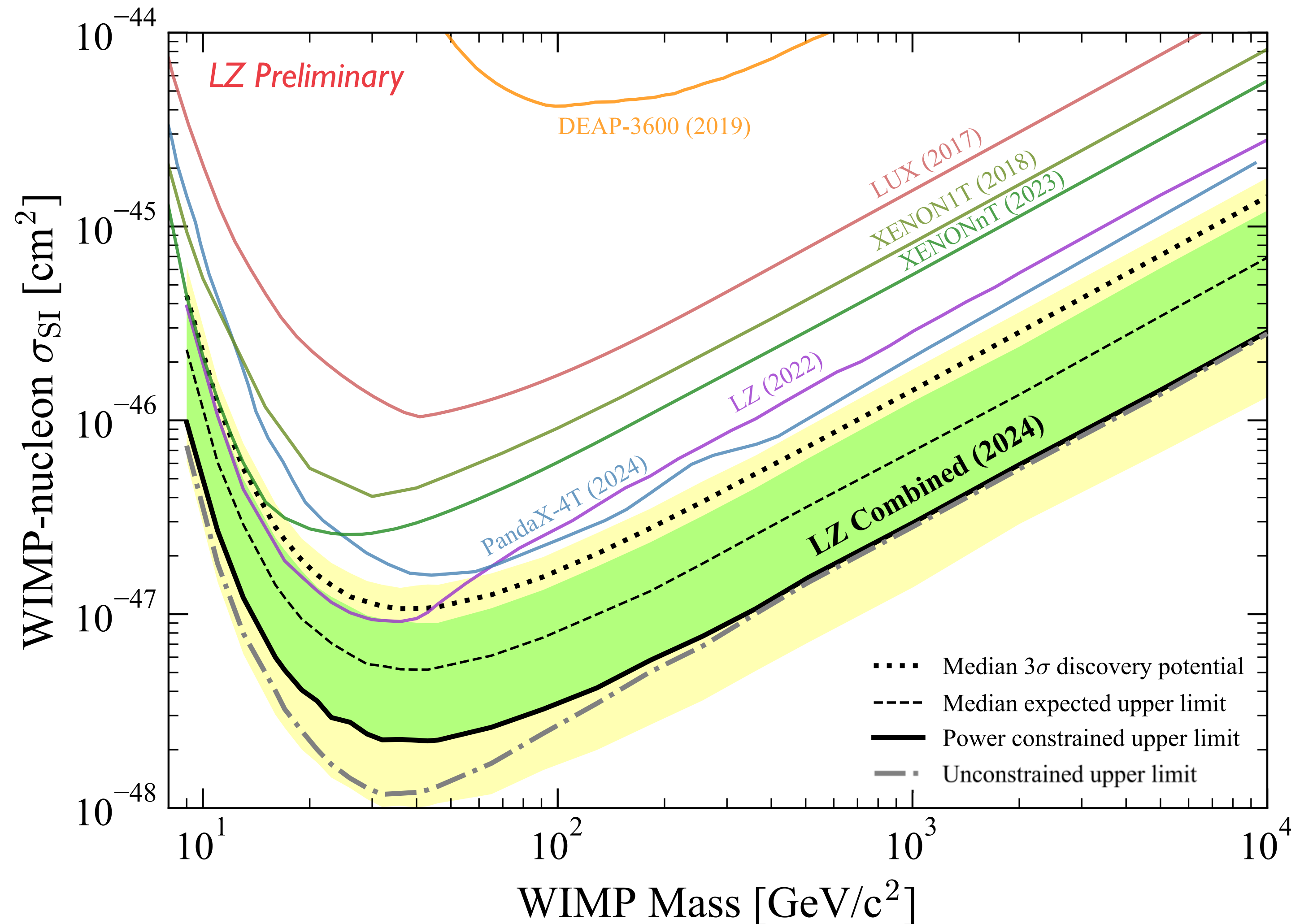


Break it



WIMPs: What has direct detection taught us so far?

'Delve deep'

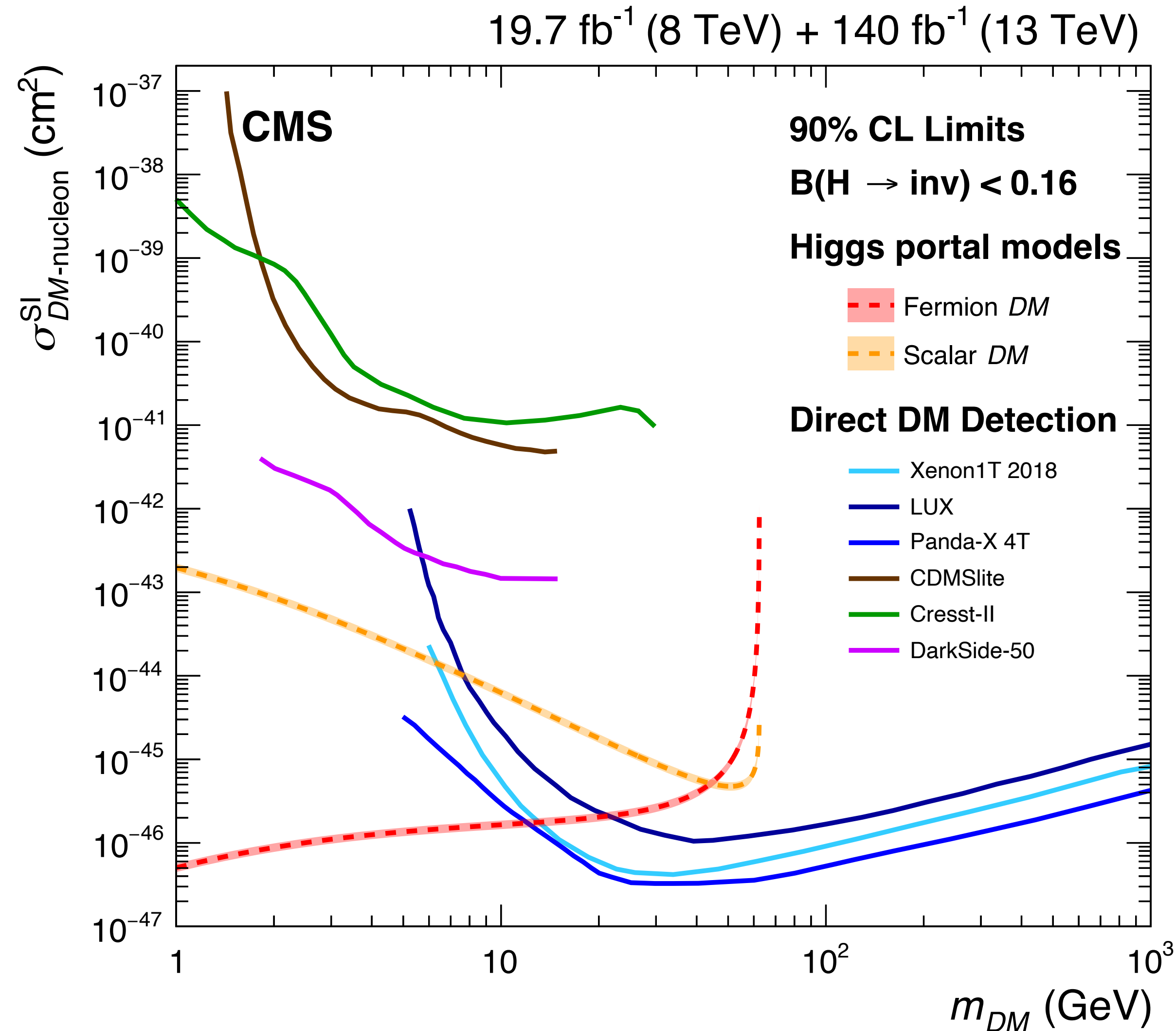


@ $\sim 10^{-39} \text{ cm}^2$: Z-mediated (spin-independent) interactions: *excluded*

@ $\sim 10^{-44} \text{ cm}^2$ and below: Higgs-mediated interactions: *putting pressure on this channel*

WIMPs: What has direct detection taught us so far?

'Delve deep'



CMS, PRD, arXiv: 2201.11585

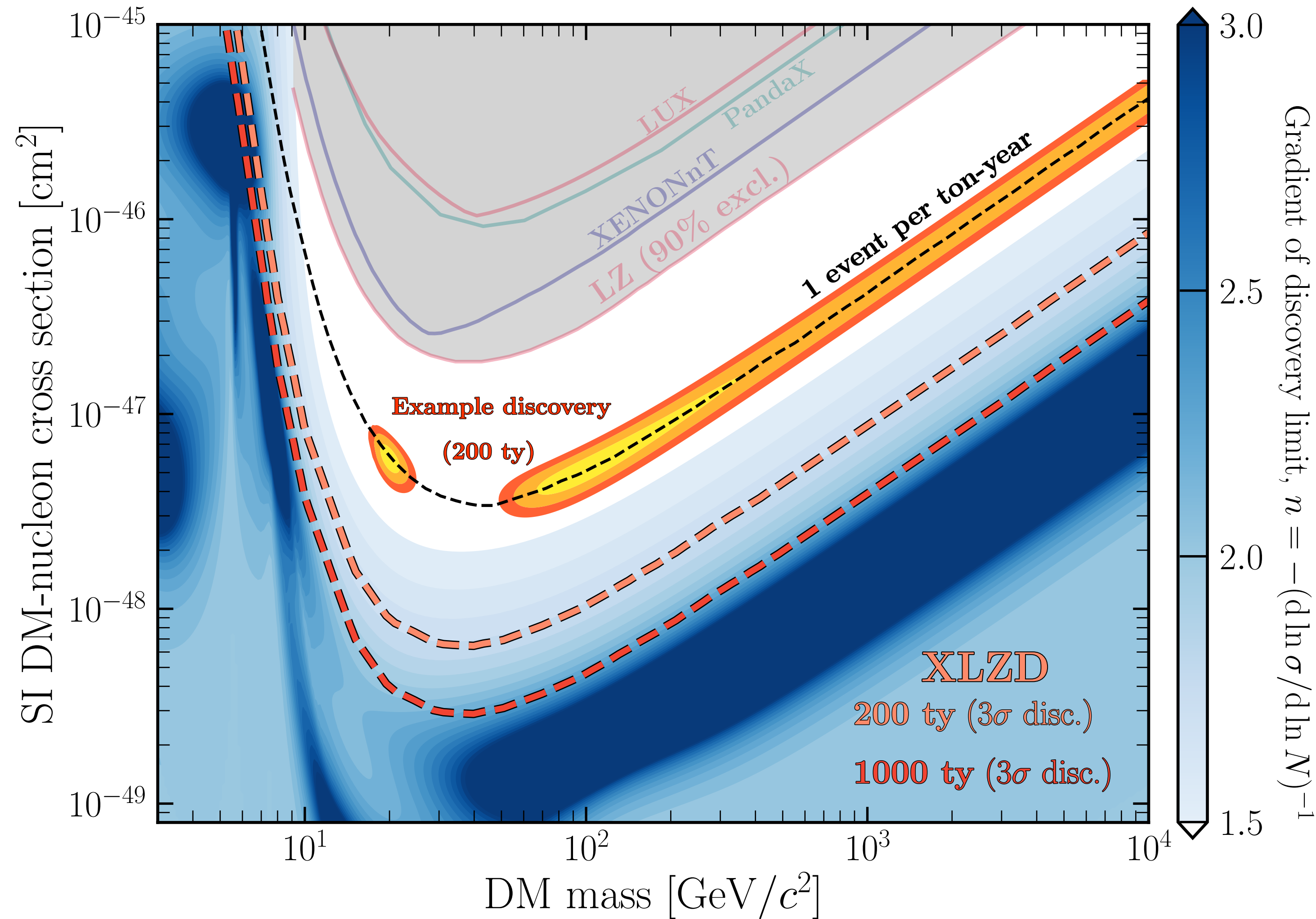
@ $\sim 10^{-39} \text{ cm}^2$: Z-mediated
 (spin-independent)
 interactions: *excluded*

@ $\sim 10^{-44} \text{ cm}^2$ and below: Higgs-
 mediated interactions:
*putting pressure on this
 channel*

*...and complementary to collider
 probes of the Higgs coupling*

WIMPs: to come?

'Delve deep'



- XLZD (LXe): discovery machine for natural WIMPs down to the 'neutrino fog'
- Liquid Argon experiments also on track to cover similar parameter space (see dedicated talks)

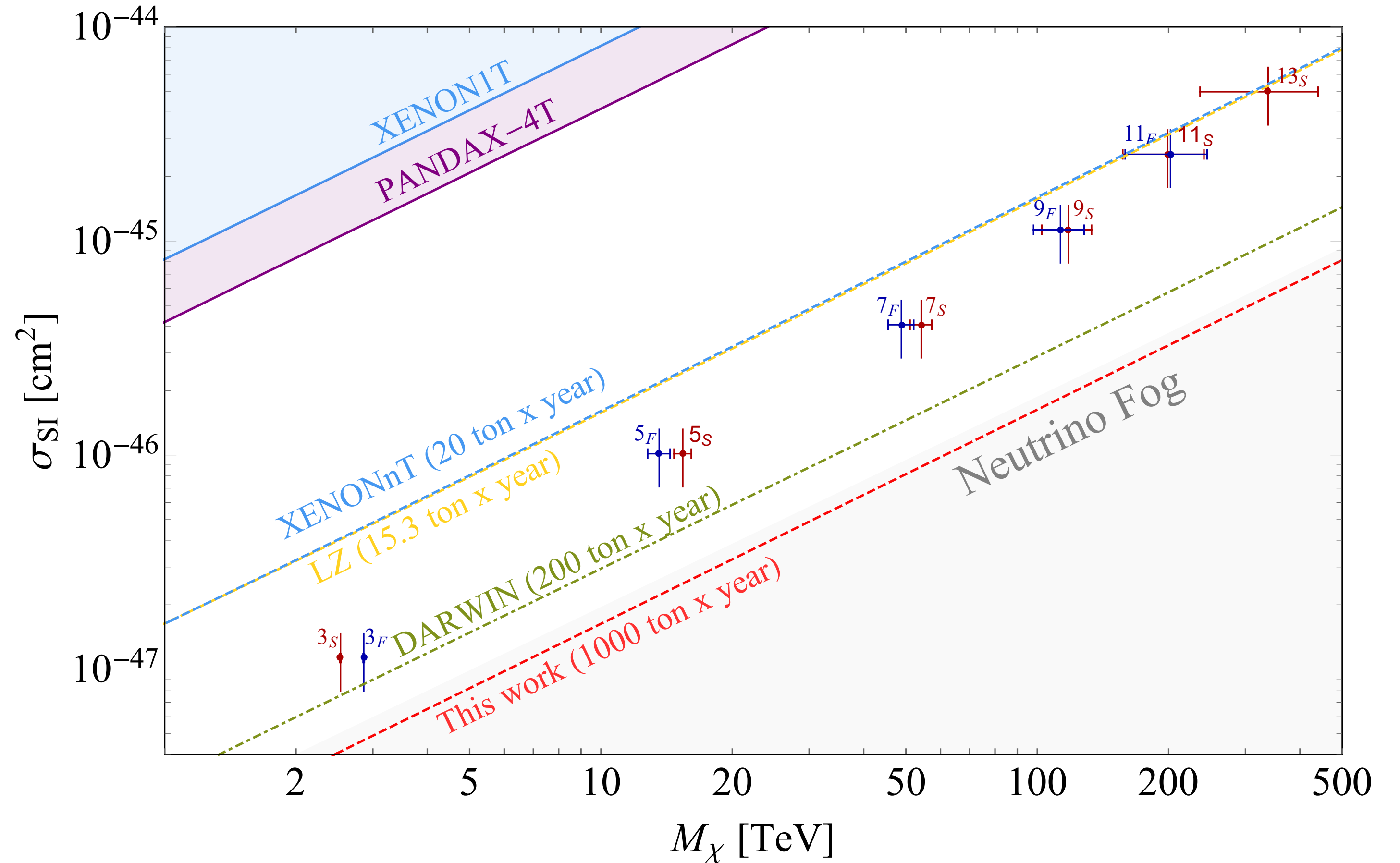
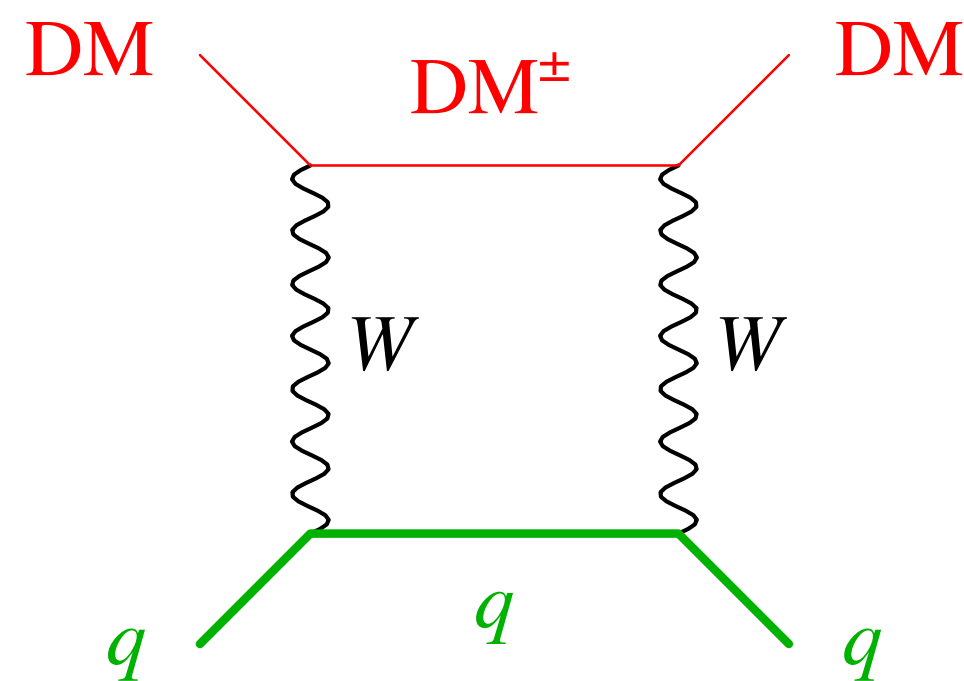
To come: non-natural WIMPs

'Delve deep'

- XLZD(ARWIN): will finally probe the 'minimal dark matter' family of models

Cirelli et al, arXiv:0512090

- Minimal dark matter: introduce a stable, weakly interacting particle as part of an SU(2) multiplet



Aalbers, JPhyD
arXiv:2203.02309

Beyond Standard Model Mediators

'Search wide'

Isotopes with unpaired spin give sensitivity to interactions that couple to spin [e.g, ^{129}Xe and ^{131}Xe isotopes @~50% abundance]

LXe-TPC



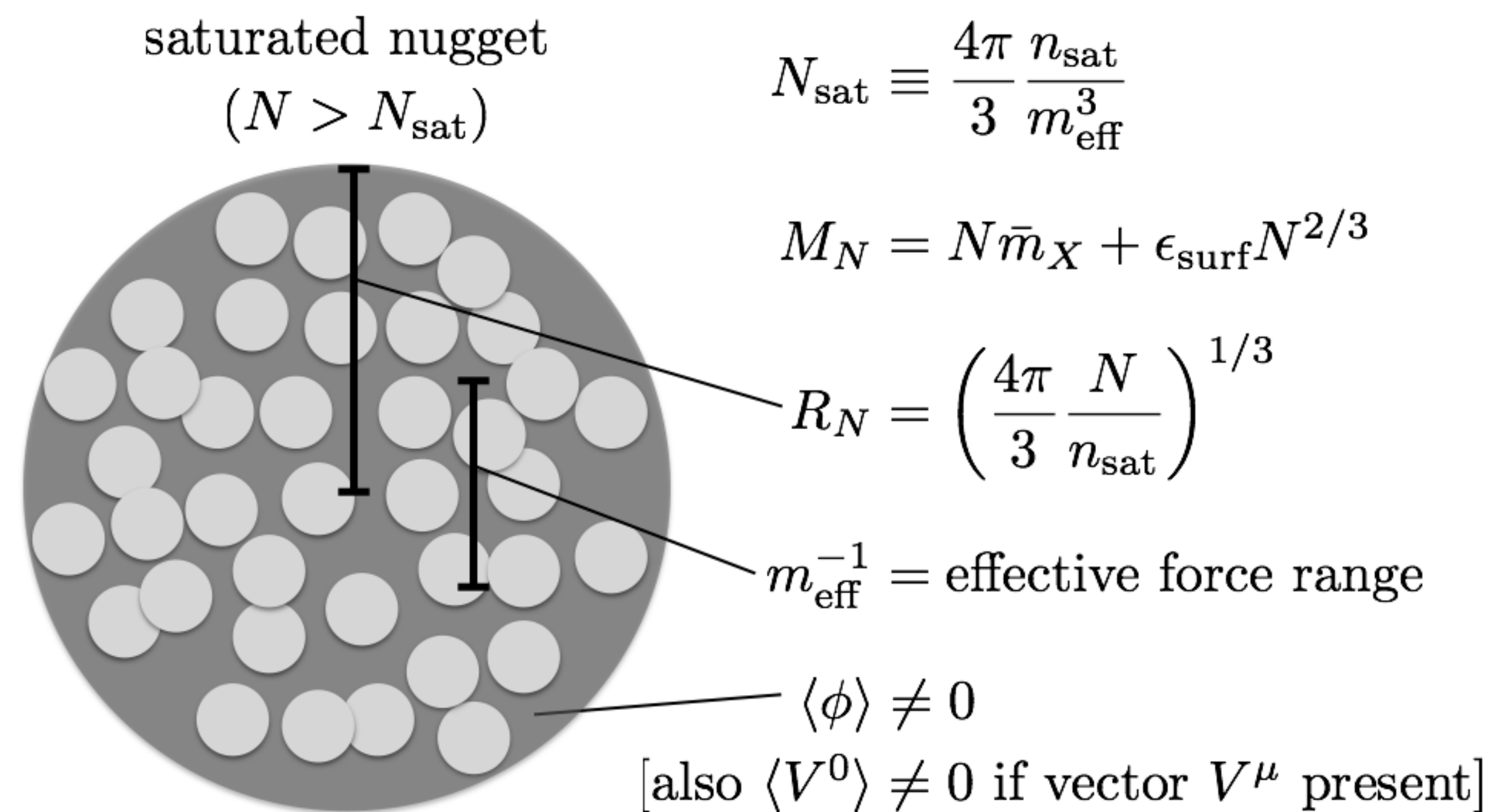
Can test a menagerie of dark matter interactions that arise through more exotic mediators

| Type | Abbrev. | Operator (\mathcal{O}) | Dimension | Coherent enhancement | Coefficients |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Magnetic Dipole | - | $\bar{\chi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}\chi F_{\mu\nu}$ | 5 | Partial | C_F |
| Electric Dipole | - | $\bar{\chi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}\chi\tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}$ | 5 | Yes | \tilde{C}_F |
| Vector \otimes Vector | VV | $\bar{\chi}\gamma^\mu\chi\bar{q}\gamma_\mu q$ | 6 | Yes | $C_{u,d,s}^{VV}$ |
| Axial-vector \otimes Vector | AV | $\bar{\chi}\gamma^\mu\gamma_5\chi\bar{q}\gamma_\mu q$ | 6 | Yes | $C_{u,d}^{AV}$ |
| Tensor \otimes Tensor | TT | $\bar{\chi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}\chi\bar{q}\sigma_{\mu\nu}q$ | 6 | Yes | $C_{u,d,s}^{TT}$ |
| Pseudo-tensor \otimes Tensor | \widetilde{TT} | $\bar{\chi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}i\gamma_5\chi\bar{q}\sigma_{\mu\nu}q$ | 6 | Yes | $\tilde{C}_{u,d,s}^{TT}$ |
| Scalar \otimes Scalar | SS | $\bar{\chi}\chi m_q\bar{q}q$ | 7 | Yes | $C_{u,d,s}^{SS}$ |
| Scalar-gluon | S_g | $\alpha_s\bar{\chi}\chi G_{\mu\nu}^a G_a^{\mu\nu}$ | 7 | Yes | C_g^S |
| Pseudo-scalar - gluon | \tilde{S}_g | $\alpha_s\bar{\chi}i\gamma_5\chi G_{\mu\nu}^a G_a^{\mu\nu}$ | 7 | Yes | \tilde{C}_g^S |
| Pseudo-scalar \otimes Scalar | PS | $\bar{\chi}i\gamma_5\chi m_q\bar{q}q$ | 7 | Yes | $C_{u,d,s}^{PS}$ |
| Spin-2 | - | $\bar{\chi}\gamma_\mu i\partial_\nu\chi\bar{\theta}_{q(g)}^{\mu\nu}$ | 8 | Yes | $C_{u,d,s,g}^{(2)}$ |
| Axial-vector \otimes Axial-vector | AA | $\bar{\chi}\gamma^\mu\gamma_5\chi\bar{q}\gamma_\mu\gamma_5q$ | 6 | No | $C_{u,d,s}^{AA}$ |

More radical ideas: ultra-heavy dark matter

'Search wide'

- Hidden sectors enrich the possibilities for dark matter
- Consider dark particles that self interact through an attractive force: *particles may bind together to form large composite states*
- Composite size on the strength and range of the force, and on the presence or absence of bottlenecks

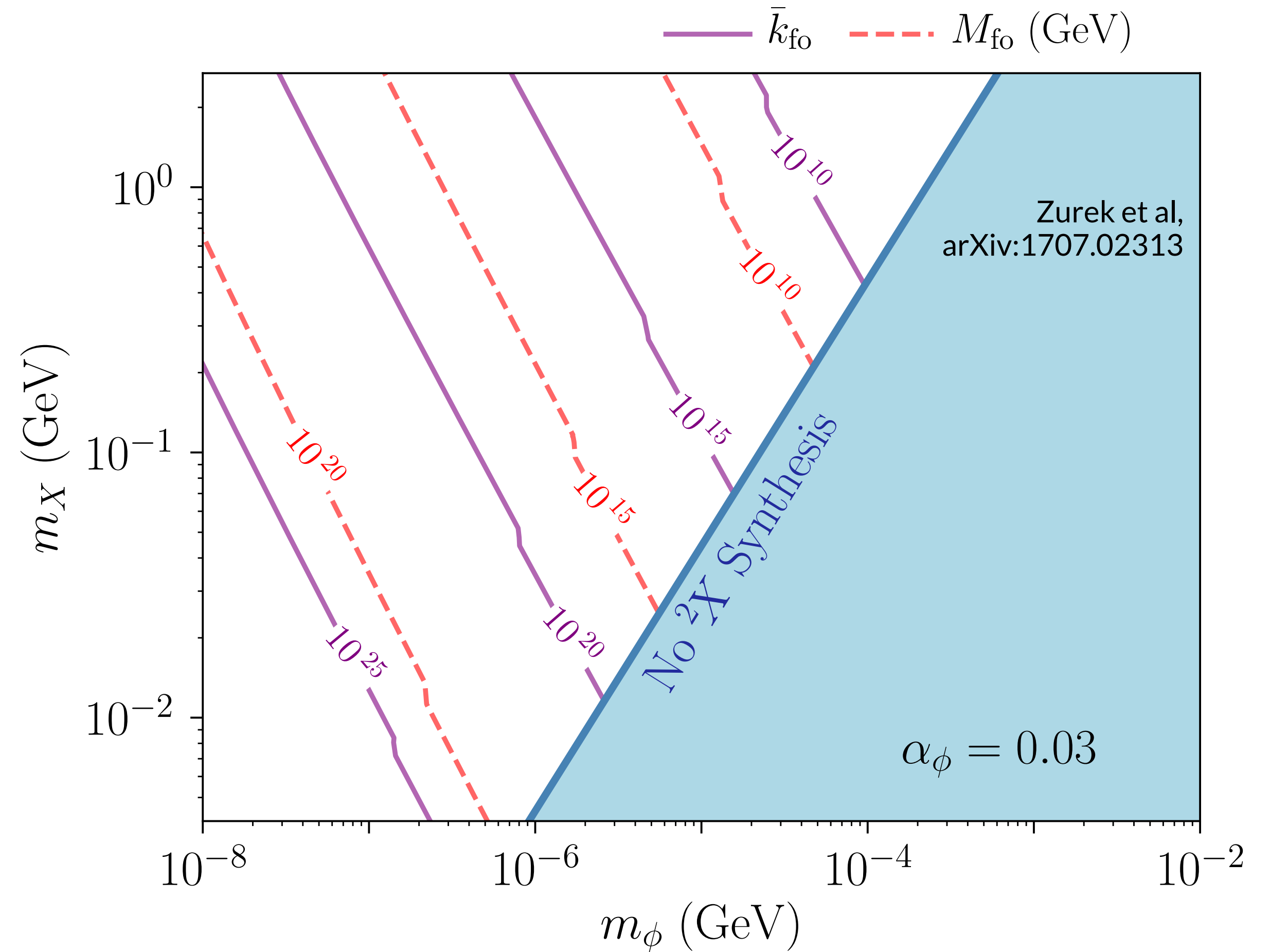


McCullough et al, arXiv: 1406.2276
Wise et al, arXiv:1411.1772
Hardy et al, arXiv:1411.3739
Zurek et al, arXiv:1707.02313
+ many, many more

More radical ideas: ultra-heavy dark matter

'Search wide'

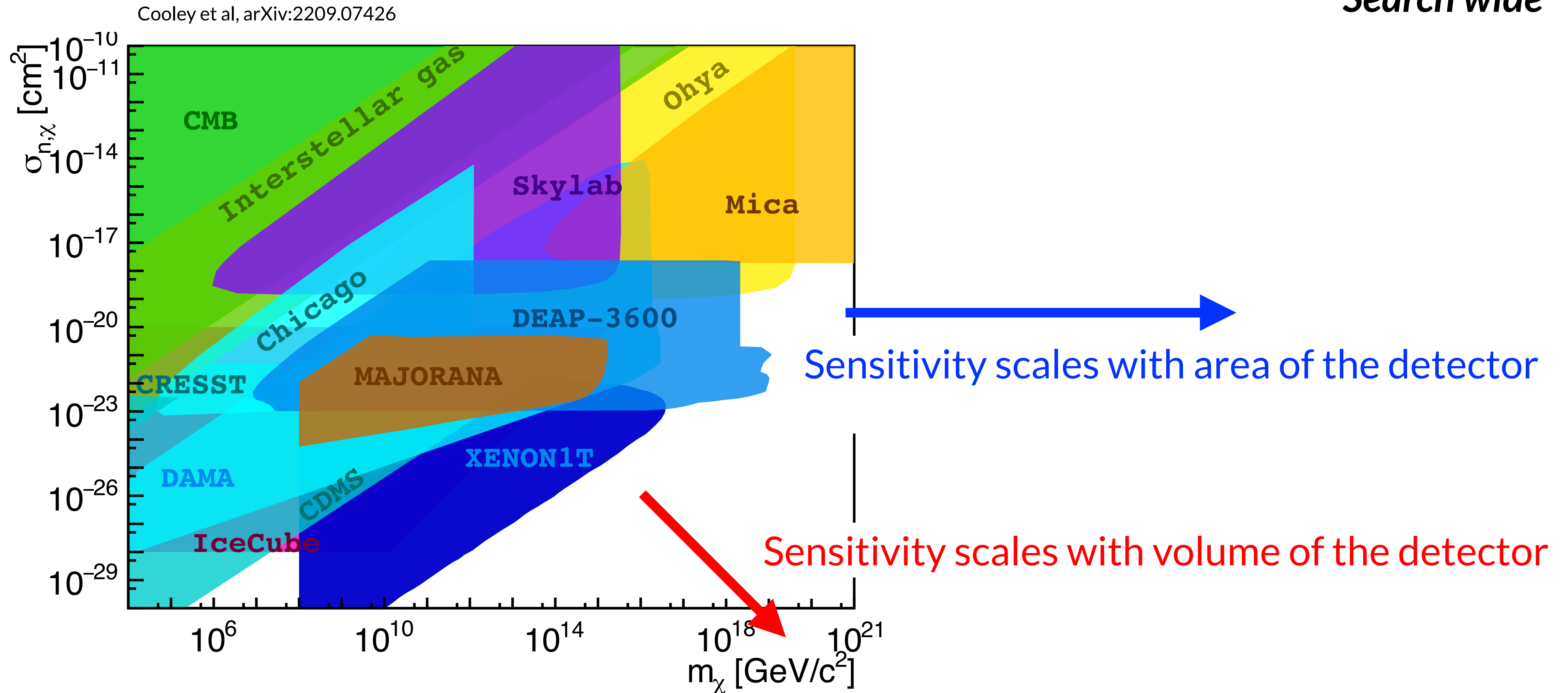
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Direct searches for Planck scale candidates

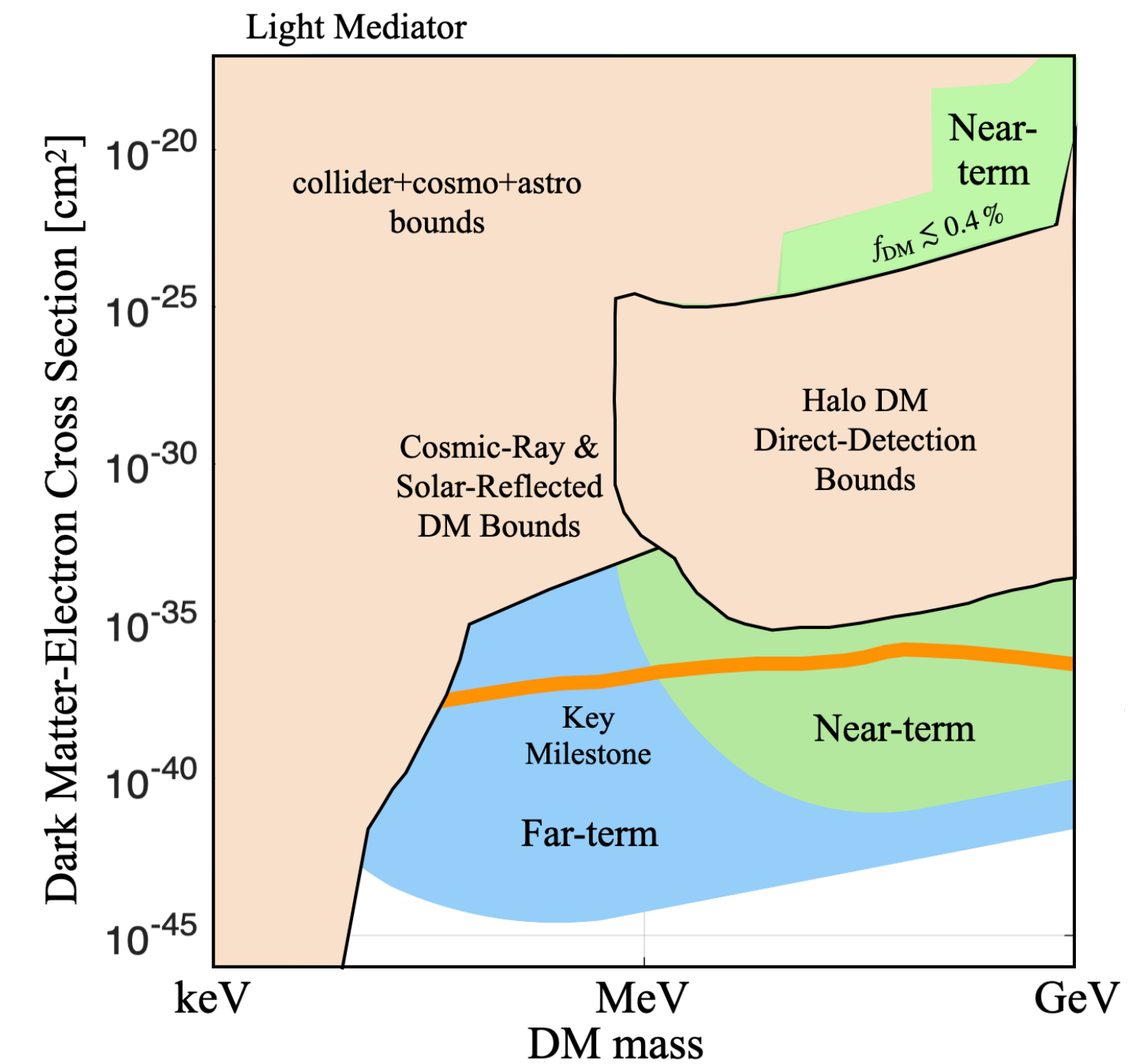
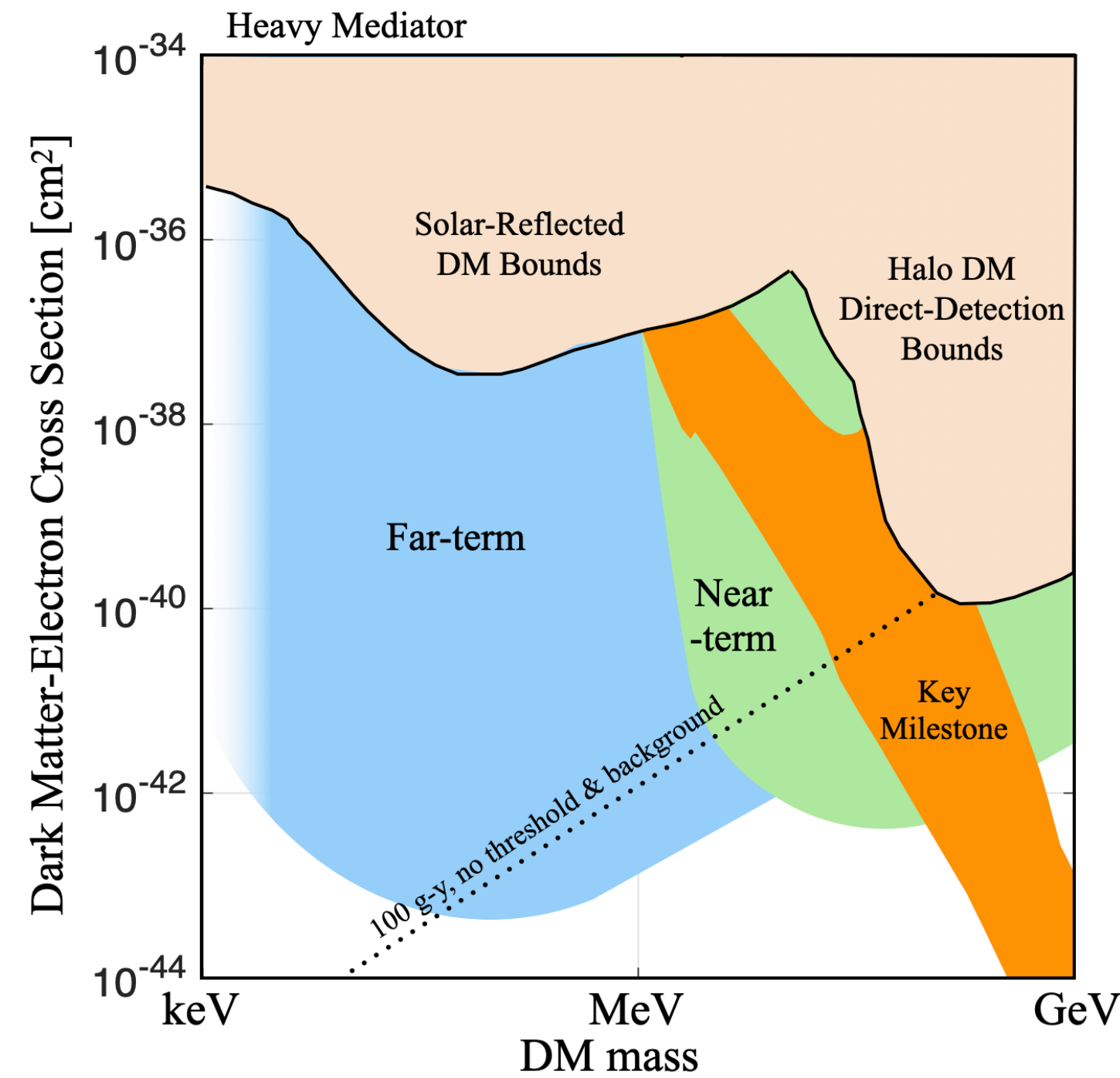
'Search wide'



Landscape of sub-GeV dark matter

- Hidden sectors enrich the possibilities for sub-GeV dark matter
- Relic density from:
 - variations on the WIMP mechanism afforded by portal interactions (SIMP, ELDER, ...)
 - Freeze-in mechanism
- Exciting developments using existing detectors and proposing new technologies

'Search wide'

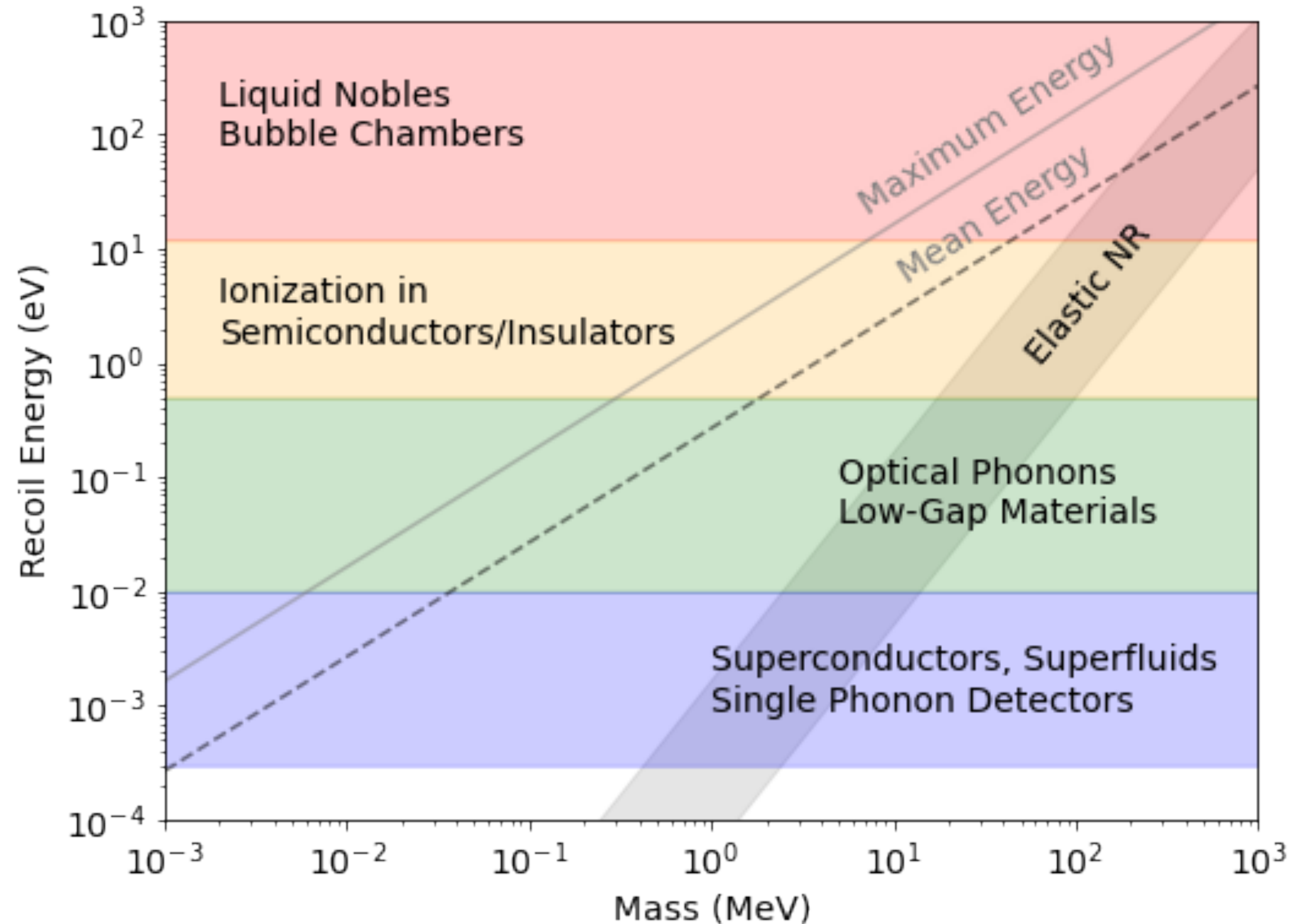


Essig et al
arXiv: 2203.08297

Landscape of sub-GeV dark matter

'Search wide'

- Hidden sectors enrich the possibilities for sub-GeV dark matter
- Relic density from:
 - variations on the WIMP mechanism afforded by portal interactions (SIMP, ELDER, ...)
 - Freeze-in mechanism
- Exciting developments using existing detectors and proposing new technologies



See talks tomorrow morning

Summary

The search for particle dark matter continues unabated...

Current strategy adopted by the international community summarised as *'delve deep and search wide'*

Direct detection searches allow for the test of the full mass range of *particle* dark matter:

- ▶ Now: in the regime where experiments are probing Higgs-DM interactions
- ▶ Future: definitively probes 'natural-WIMPs' to the neutrino floor, start to probe minimal DM models (loop-induced interactions)
- ▶ Testing richer hidden sector extensions with candidates from the keV to Planck scale

As we will hear: UK activities are at the forefront of the field with proposals for 'broadband' searches (LZ, DarkSide, XLZD) and more focussed searches (DarkSPHERE, SOLAIRE, UltraDark...)