



Accelerator Landscape



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Outline

- **Introduction + context**
- **e+e- colliders**
- **Hadron and electron-hadron colliders**
- **Muon collider**
- **Observations**

I assume it is given that HL-LHC remains the highest-priority collider project

The current CERN schedule foresees HL-LHC operations starting in 2030 and running thru 2041

Hence I will not say any more about it!

Collider inputs

- **Linear Colliders: ILC, CLIC, C³, HALHF** (Aidan Robson)
- **FCCee** (Guy Wilkinson)
- **FCChh** (Andy Pilkington)
- **FCCeh** (Monica D'Onofrio, Uta Klein, Paul Newman, Claire Gwenlan)
- **LHeC** (Paul Newman)
- **Muon Collider** (Chris Rogers, Karol Krizka)

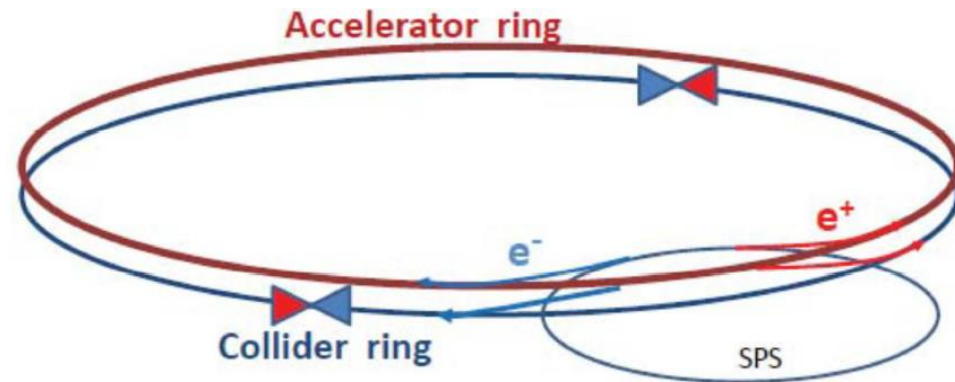
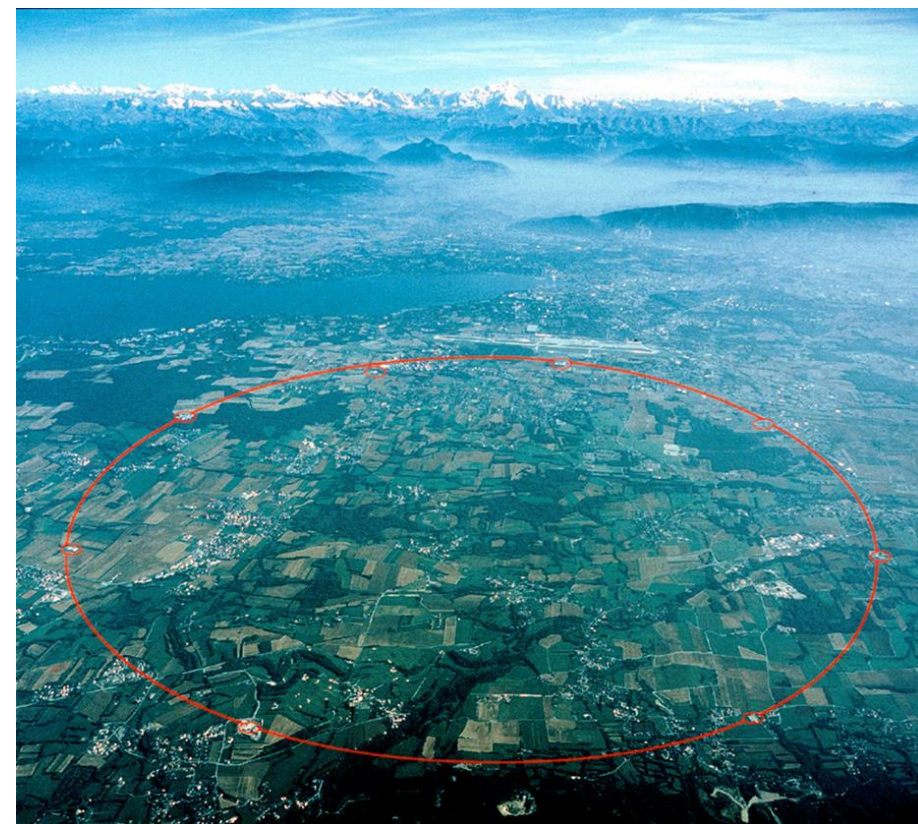
Collider options (2020)

Collider	Type	\sqrt{s}	\mathcal{P} [%] [e^-/e^+]	N_{Det}	$\mathcal{L}_{\text{inst}}/\text{Det.}$ [$10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	\mathcal{L} [ab^{-1}]	Time [years]	Ref.	
HL-LHC	pp	14 TeV	–	2	5	6.0	12	[23]	
HE-LHC	pp	27 TeV	–	2	16	15.0	20	[23]	
FCC-hh	pp	100 TeV	–	2	30	30.0	25	[637]	
FCC-ee	ee	M_Z	0/0	2	100/200	150	4	[637]	
		$2M_W$	0/0	2	25	10	1-2		
		240 GeV	0/0	2	7	5	3		
		$2m_{\text{top}}$	0/0	2	0.8/1.4	1.5	5		
							(1y SD before $2m_{\text{top}}$ run)	(+1)	
ILC	ee	250 GeV	$\pm 80/\pm 30$	1	1.35/2.7	2.0	11.5	[342]	
		350 GeV	$\pm 80/\pm 30$	1	1.6	0.2	1	[346]	
		500 GeV	$\pm 80/\pm 30$	1	1.8/3.6	4.0	8.5		
							(1y SD after 250 GeV run)	(+1)	
CEPC	ee	M_Z	0/0	2	17/32	16	2	[509]	
		$2M_W$	0/0	2	10	2.6	1		
		240 GeV	0/0	2	3	5.6	7		
CLIC	ee	380 GeV	$\pm 80/0$	1	1.5	1.0	8	[638]	
		1.5 TeV	$\pm 80/0$	1	3.7	2.5	7		
		3.0 TeV	$\pm 80/0$	1	6.0	5.0	8		
							(2y SDs between energy stages)	(+4)	
LHeC	ep	1.3 TeV	–	1	0.8	1.0	15	[636]	
HE-LHeC	ep	1.8 TeV	–	1	1.5	2.0	20	[637]	
FCC-eh	ep	3.5 TeV	–	1	1.5	2.0	25	[637]	

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LEP3?



240 GeV: 10^{34} luminosity for 100MW of synchrotron radiation

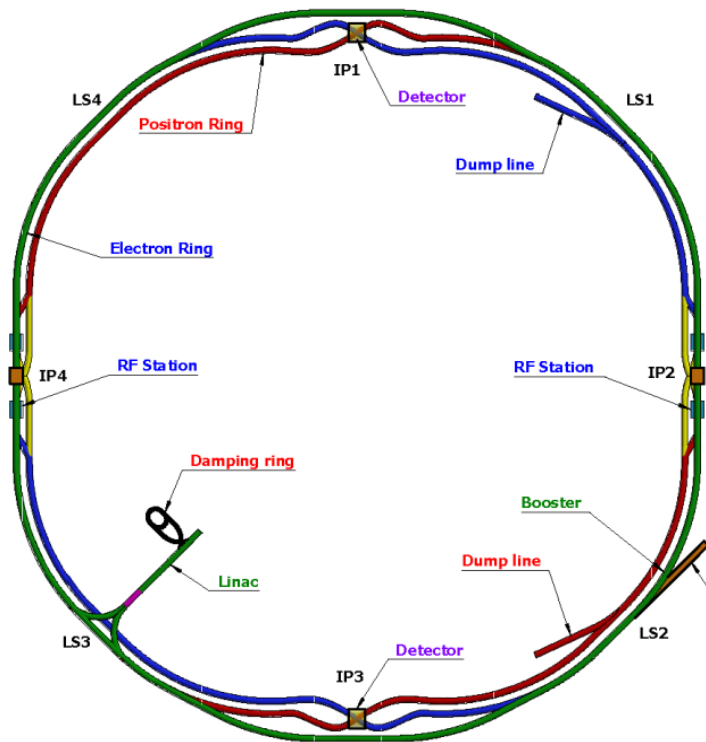
<https://www.researchgate.net/publication/230610106> LEP3 A High Luminosity ee^- Collider to study the Higgs Boson

Collider options (2020)

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EPPSU 2020 Briefing Book

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1910.11775>



Site selection

Chuangchun, Jilin
吉林长春

Started May, 2018

Huangling, Shanxi
陕西黄陵

Completed 2017

Qinhuangdao, Hebei
河北秦皇岛

Completed 2014

Xiong an, Hebei
河北雄安

Started Aug, 2017

Shenshan, Guangdong
深汕合作区

Completed 2016

Huzhou, Zhejiang
浙江湖州

Started Mar, 2018

Considerations:

1. Available land
2. Geological conditions
3. Good social, environment, transportation and cultural conditions
4. Fit local development plan: mid-size city → + science city

Table 3.2: CEPC operation plan (@ 50 MW)

Particle	$E_{c.m.}$ (GeV)	L per IP ($10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)	Integrated L per year (ab^{-1} , 2 IPs)	Years	Total Integrated L (ab^{-1} , 2 IPs)	Total no. of events
H	240	8.3	2.2	10	21.6	4.3×10^6
Z	91	192*	50	2	100	4.1×10^{12}
W	160	26.7	6.9	1	6.9	2.1×10^8
$t\bar{t}$ **	360	0.8	0.2	5	1.0	0.6×10^6

TDR completed (Dec 2023)
Awaiting decision on inclusion in next 5-year plan 2026-2030
Could be operational mid 2030s

Key parameters requested

- Environmental cost of construction (in units of tonnes of CO2 equivalent)
- Environmental cost of operation per year (in units of tonnes of CO2 equivalent)
- Estimate of financial costs (provide separate numbers for R+D phase, construction phase and operations phase)

For each energy stage:

- centre-of-mass energy
- integrated luminosity
- number of interaction points
- time running at stage
- wall power
- accelerator length
- estimated year for first collisions
- future upgrade paths

Disclaimer

The compilation that follows is based on the input provided - any errors in reporting or interpretation are mine!

Number of IPs

Linear colliders:

- Current baseline is 1 IP: 2 detectors are still possible in ‘push-pull’ mode
- 2 IPs also possible @ cost of extra beam delivery system: being studied for ILC/CLIC
- Luminosity would be shared between 2 detectors

Circular colliders:

- 2 or 4 IPs possible for circular machines (FCC baseline now 4)

e-p colliders:

- 1 IP

Muon collider

- 2 IPs

Linear e+e- colliders

	ILC 250	ILC 350	ILC 500	CLIC 380	CLIC 1.5 TeV	CLIC 3 TeV	C ³ 250	C ³ 550	HALHF 250
Site	Japan			CERN			FNAL		CERN?
Time till start (yrs)	>5+9	+ >11	+ >1	>5+8	+ >8	+ >7	4+4?	?	10+5?
Run time (yrs)	11	1	9	8	7	8	?	?	?
Lumi (ab ⁻¹)	2	0.2	4	1.5	2.5	5	2	4	?
Length (km)	20.5	31	31	11	29	50	8	8	3.3
CO2 civil construction (ktonCO2eq)	266	?	?	127	169	205	146	146	49
CO2 accelerator (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Wall power (MW)	111/138	?	173/215	110	?	550	150	175	80
Lifetime CO2 operations (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	59	145	274	?	?	?
Cost: construction	635-703 GY (2017) Incl labour	?	6.7B\$ (2010) + 13ky labour	5.9BChF (2018) + 11ky labour	+5.1BChF (2018) + labour	+7.3BChF (2018) + labour	4B\$ (2021) + labour	?	1.9B\$ (2023) + labour
Cost: operations/yr	37-39 GY (2017)	?	?	116MChF (2018) + 640y	?	?	?	?	?

Linear e+e- colliders

	ILC 250	ILC 350	ILC 500	CLIC 380	CLIC 1.5 TeV	CLIC 3 TeV	C ³ 250	C ³ 550	HALHF 250
Site	Japan			CERN			FNAL		CERN?
Time till start (yrs)	>5+9	+ >11	+ >1	>5+8	+ >8	+ >7	4+4?	?	10+5?
Run time (yrs)	11	1	9	8	7	8	?	?	?
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Cost: operations/yr	37-39 GY (2017)	?	?	116MChF (2018) + 640y	?	?	?	?	?

Linear e+e- colliders

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Site	Japan			CERN			FNAL		CERN?
Time till start (yrs)	>5+9	+ >11	+ >1	>5+8	+ >8	+ >7	4+4?	?	10+5?
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Cost: operations/yr	37-39 GY (2017)	?	?	116MChF (2018) + 640y	?	?	?	?	?

Observations

Luminosity range: 1 (250 GeV) → 6 (3 TeV) x 10**34

Cost:

ILC250 ~ 6-7B\$ (2017) incl. labour

ILC500 ~ 8B\$ (2010) incl. labour

CLIC380 ~ 5.9BChF (2018) core

C^3 250 ~4B\$ (2021) capital

HALHF250 ~2B\$ (2023) capital

Wall-plug power range: 80 → 215 MW for energies up to 550 GeV

Civil construction: 49 → 266 kton CO2-eq

Other remarks

- ILC:** Also looking at 550 GeV (modest scaling from 500 GeV design)
Costs being updated by international expert panel → early 2025
Design + costs for CERN site in progress
- CLIC:** Power savings implemented for 380 GeV to be done for 1.5 TeV and 3 TeV
Design/costs for 250 GeV expected
- C³:** Borrows from ILC + CLIC for everything except linac
Linac test facility proposed to validate the 'cool Cu' linac concept
- HALHF:** Requires investment in R&D to validate concept
Parameter sets + costs for 380 GeV and 550 GeV as well as 250 GeV
- All could be run at lower energies (Z, WW ...) with lower luminosity: GigaZ sample @ 91 GeV
Polarised electrons baseline; polarised positrons also (ILC baseline)

FCCee

	FCCee:	Z 91+-3	WW 160+-2.5	ZH 240	tt 340-360	FCChh	FCCeh	LHeC
Site	CERN							CERN
Start date	2048					2074/2054	>2054	late 2030s
Run time (yrs)	15 total	4	2	3	5	~25	ditto	few years
Lumi (ab-1)		205	19	11	3.1	30	1-2	< 1
Length (km)	91						+6	5.4
CO2 civil construction (ktonCO2eq)	1170					1170 +?	+?	?
CO2 accelerator (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Wall power (MW)	222-357					550-580	+100	100
Lifetime CO2 operations (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Cost: construction	15BChF core (2023) +30% -20%					+17BChF core (2018)/ 24BChF (no FCCee)	+?	1.4BChF core (2018)
Cost: operations/yr		?	?	?	?	180MChF electricity (2015)	?	?

FCChh

	FCCEe:	Z 91+-3	WW 160+-2.5	ZH 240	tt 340-360	FCChh	FCCEh	LHeC
Site	CERN							CERN
Start date	2048					2074/2054	>2054	late 2030s
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Cost: operations/yr		?	?	?	?	180MChF electricity (2015)	?	?

FCCeh + LHeC

	FCCee:	Z 91+-3	WW 160+-2.5	ZH 240	tt 340-360	FCChh	FCCeh	LHeC
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Cost: operations/yr		?	?	?	?	180MChF electricity (2015)	?	?

Observations

Feasibility study report due end March 2025 → updated design + costs

Luminosity higher than LCs up to 240 GeV

FCCee:

15BChF core cost (2023) → 360 GeV, 4 IPs, CERN contribution to 2 detectors

FCChh:

+17BChF core cost (2018) from FCCee → FCChh

24BChF FCChh standalone

Luminosity vs c.m. energy

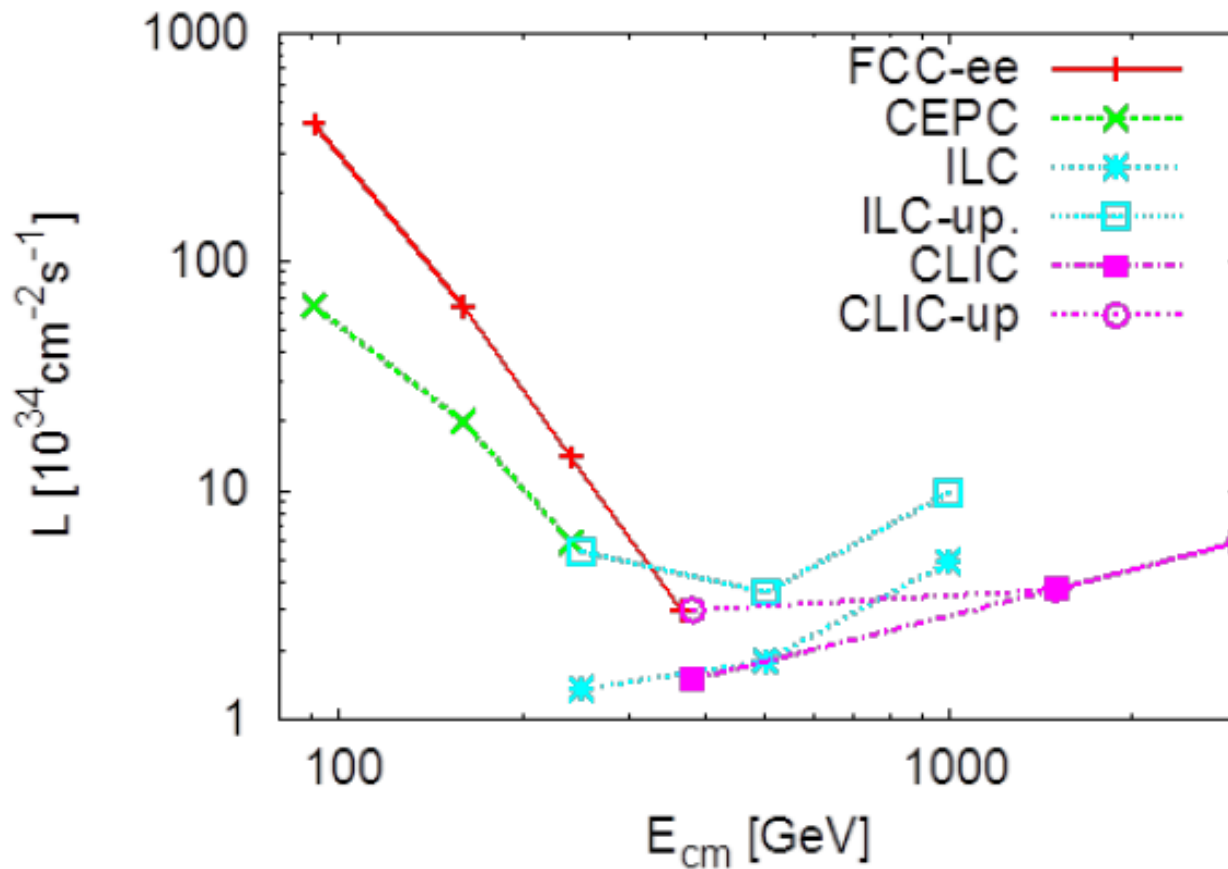


Fig. 10.2: Luminosity versus c.m. energy for e^+e^- Higgs Factories. Two IPs are assumed for the circular colliders FCC-ee and CEPC.

Higgs/top factories

	ILC 250	C ³ 250	HALHF 250	FCce 240	FCce 340-365	ILC 350	CLIC 380
Site	Japan	FNAL	CERN?	CERN	CERN	Japan	CERN
Time till start (yrs)	>5+9	4+4?	10+5?	24	33	>25	>5+8 <24
Run time (yrs)	11	?	?	3	5	1	8
Lumi (ab ⁻¹)	2	2	?	10.8	3.1	0.2	1.5
Length (km)	20.5	8	3.3	91	91	31	11
CO2 civil construction (ktonCO2eq)	266	146	49	1170	1170	?	127
CO2 accelerator (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Wall power (MW)	111/138	150	80	~300	357	?	110
Lifetime CO2 operations (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?	?	?	59
Cost: construction	635-703 GY (2017) Incl labour	4B\$ (2021) + labour	1.9B\$ (2023) + labour	13.5BChF (2023) + labour	15BChF (2023) + labour	?	5.9BChF (2018) + 11ky labour
Cost: operations/yr	37-39 GY (2017)	?	?	?	?	?	116MChF (2018) + 640y

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Higgs/top factories

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Cost: operations/yr	37-39 GY (2017)	?	?	?	?	?	116MChF (2018) + 640y

Higgs/top factories

	ILC 250	C ³ 250	HALHF 250	FCce 240	FCce 340-365	ILC 350	CLIC 380
Site	Japan	FNAL	CERN?	CERN	CERN	Japan	CERN
Time till start (yrs)	>5+9	4+4?	10+5?	24	33	>25	>5+8 <24
Run time (yrs)	11	?	?	3	5	1	8
Lumi (ab ⁻¹)	2	2	?	10.8	3.1	0.2	1.5
Length (km)	20.5	8	3.3	91	91	31	11
CO2 civil construction (ktonCO2eq)	266	146	49	1170	1170	?	127
CO2 accelerator (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Wall power (MW)	111/138	150	80	~300	357	?	110
Lifetime CO2 operations (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?	?	?	59
Cost: construction	635-703 GY (2017) Incl labour	4B\$ (2021) + labour	1.9B\$ (2023) + labour	13.5BChF (2023) + labour	15BChF (2023) + labour	?	5.9BChF (2018) + 11ky labour
Cost: operations/yr	37-39 GY (2017)	?	?	?	?	?	116MChF (2018) + 640y

'Energy frontier'

	CLIC 3 TeV	Muon 3 TeV	Muon 10 TeV	FCChh 100 TeV
Site	CERN	CERN/ FNAL	CERN/ FNAL	CERN
Start date	>2052 <2063	2049?	>2049 <2056	>2054 <2074
Run time (yrs)	8	5	5	~25
Lumi (ab ⁻¹)	5	1	10	30
Length (km)	50	26.5	72	91
CO2 civil construction (ktonCO2eq)	205	?	?	1170 +?
CO2 accelerator (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?
Wall power (MW)	550	?	?	550-580
Lifetime CO2 operations (ktonCO2eq)	274	?	?	?
Cost: construction	18.3BChF core (2018) + labour	?	?	32BChF core (2018)/ 24BChF (no FCCee) + labour
Cost: operations/yr	?	?	?	180MChF electricity (2015)

'Energy frontier'

	CLIC 3 TeV	Muon 3 TeV	Muon 10 TeV	FCChh 100 TeV
Site	CERN	CERN/ FNAL	CERN/ FNAL	CERN
Start date	>2052 <2063	2049?	>2049 <2056	>2054 <2074
Start time (yrs)				
Lumi (ab-1)	5	1	10	30
Length (km)	50	26.5	72	91
CO2 civil construction (ktonCO2eq)	205	?	?	1170 +?
CO2 accelerator (ktonCO2eq)	?	?	?	?
Wall power (MW)	550	?	?	550-580
Lifetime CO2 operations (ktonCO2eq)	274	?	?	?
Cost: construction	18.3BChF core (2018) + labour	?	?	32BChF core (2018)/ 24BChF (no FCCee) + labour
Cost: operations/yr	?	?	?	180MChF electricity (2015)

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Wall power (MW)	550	?	?	550-580
Lifetime CO2 operations (ktonCO2eq)	274	?	?	?
Cost: construction	18.3BChF core (2018) + labour	?	?	32BChF core (2018)/ 24BChF (no FCCee) + labour
Cost: operations/yr	?	?	?	?
				100MWh electricity (2015)

General observations

Costs:

Some estimates are several years old, and in various cost bases

Materials costs have generally increased → higher construction costs

Electricity cost has increased → higher operating costs

Exchange rates have fluctuated (eg. \$/Yen) → eg. benefits ILC in Japan

Expect updates by March 2025

Sustainability:

Some projects have made estimates for CO₂-eq for construction (+ operation)

Needs to be evaluated with industry standards: materials vs. cost

Operation costs need to be estimated using future power generation models

CO₂-eq for accelerator components needs to be evaluated

Expect updates by March 2025

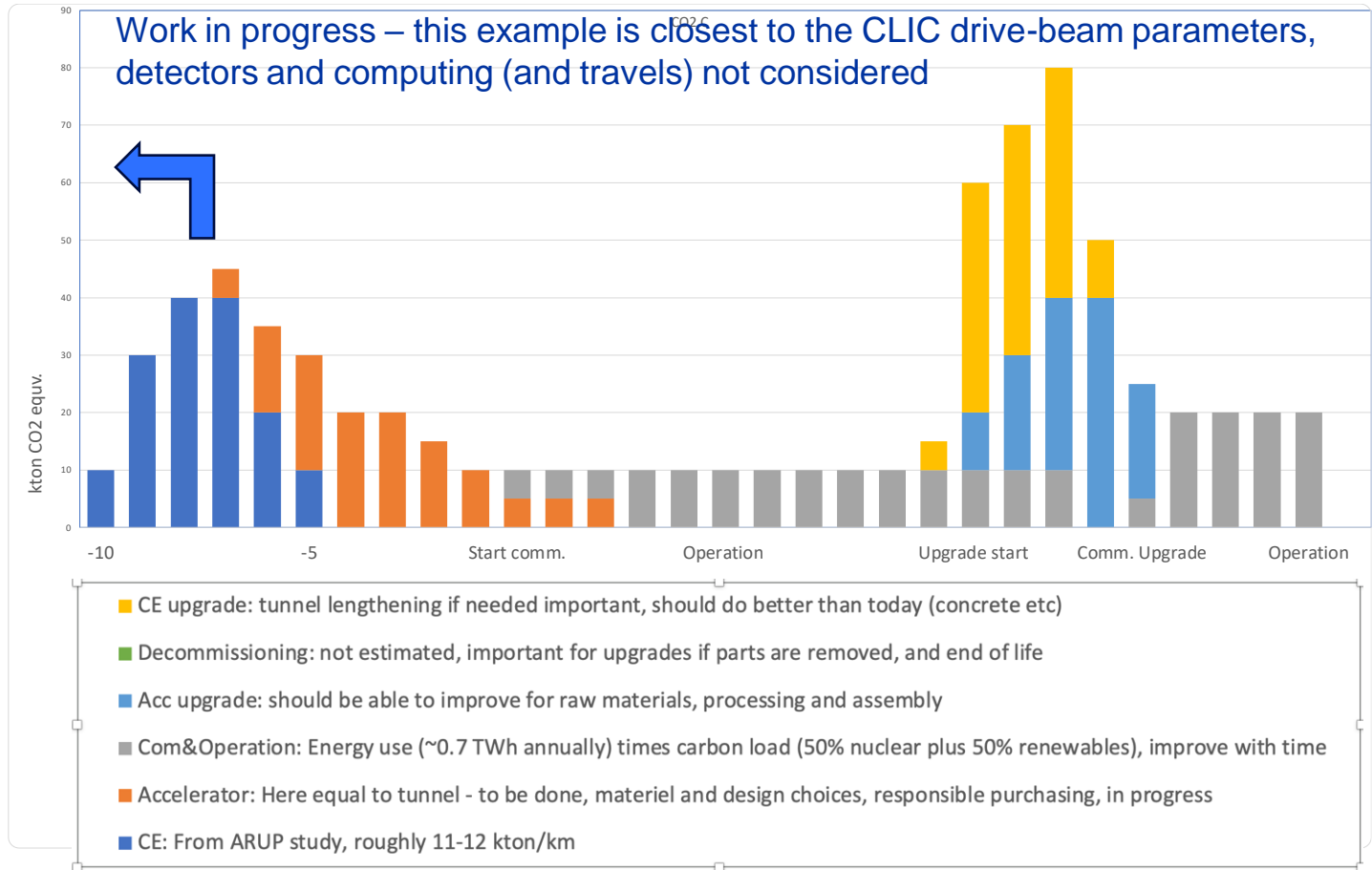
Thanks to many colleagues

Extra material

Towards CLIC Carbon Accounting via Life Cycle Assessment

This plot (blue part) is for 11 km of tunnel, scales with length

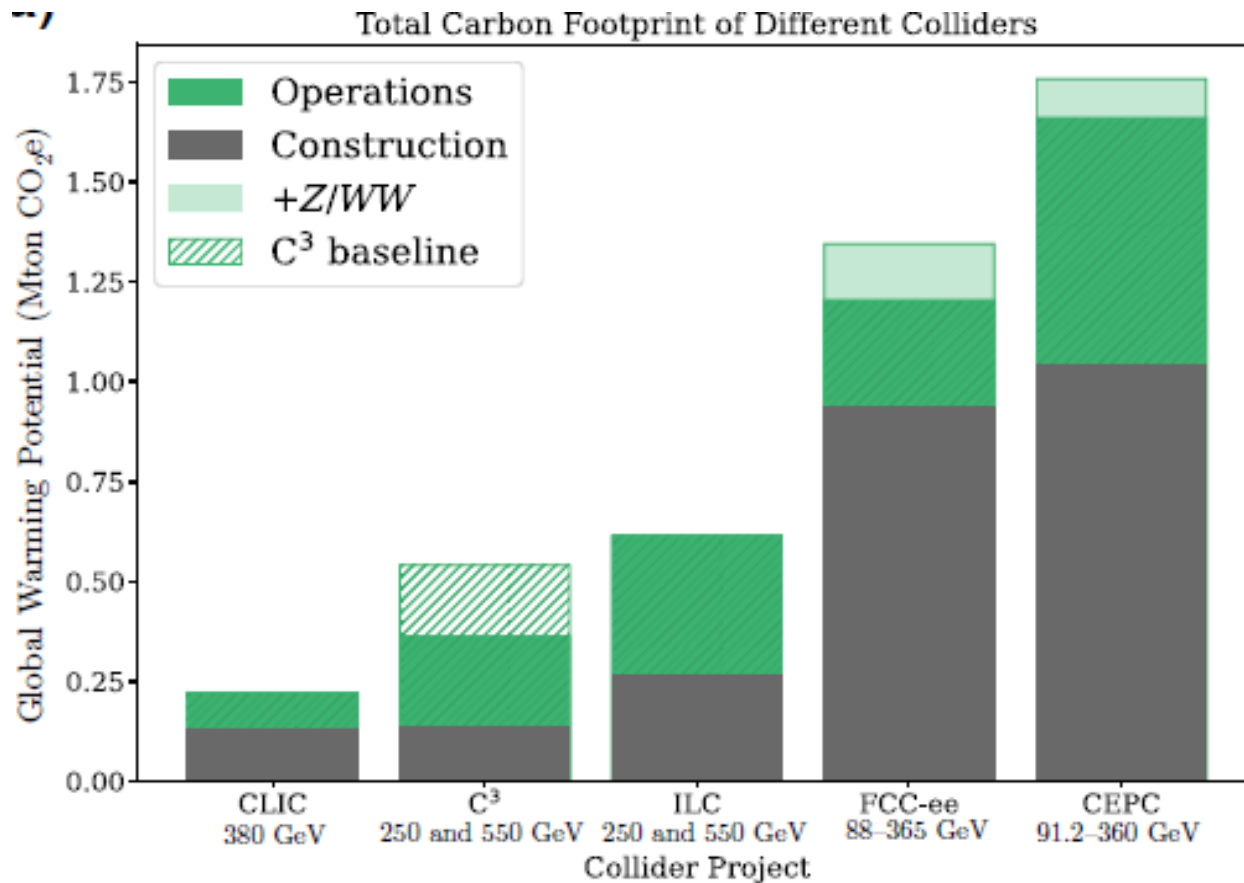
Now working on machine parts (orange), here assumed hardware = civil engineering impact



Environmental impact

Will be a major consideration for any new facility

Eg. Study by Breidenbach et al, PRX Energy 2 047001 (Oct 2023):



Detailed life-cycle assessment (LCA)

Consistent basis

Using industry standards for CO₂eq costs for construction, operation + decommissioning

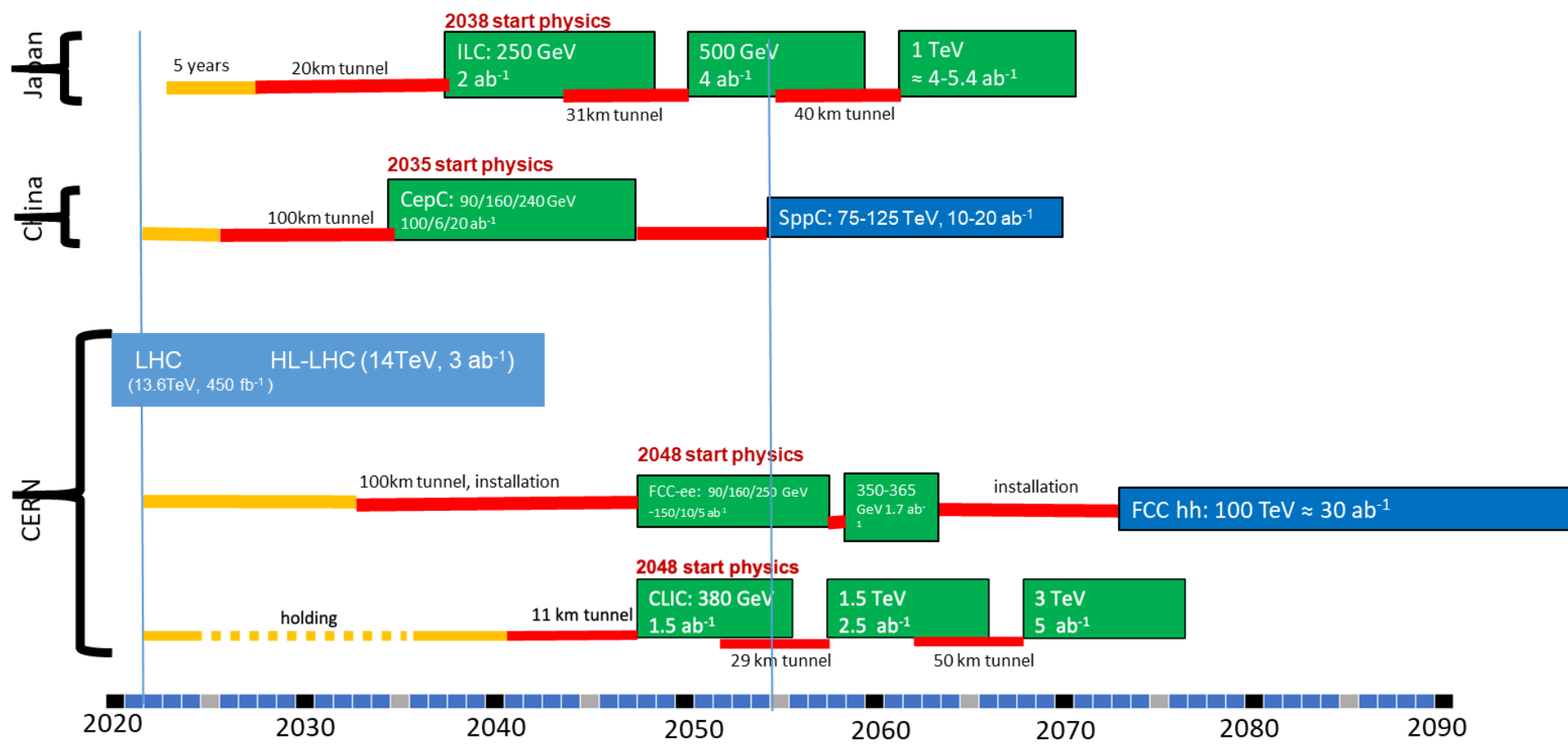
LCA in progress for ILC, CLIC, FCCee

Schedules?

Indicative scenarios of future colliders [considered by ESG]

- Proton collider
- Electron collider
- Muon collider
- Construction/Transformation
- Preparation / R&D

Original from ESG by UB
Updated July 25, 2022 by M.Narain (Snowmass summary)



ILC 2017/8



**8,000 1.3GHz
SRF cavities @ 2K**



Item	Parameters
C.M. Energy	250 GeV
Length	20km
Luminosity	$1.35 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
Repetition	5 Hz
Beam Pulse Period	0.73 ms
Beam Current	5.8 mA (in pulse)
Beam size (y) at FF	7.7 nm@250GeV
SRF Cavity G.	31.5 MV/m (35 MV/m)
Q_0	$Q_0 = 1 \times 10^{10}$

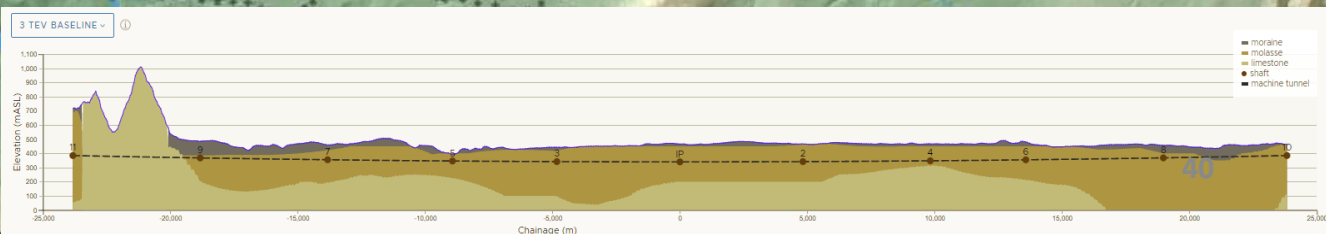
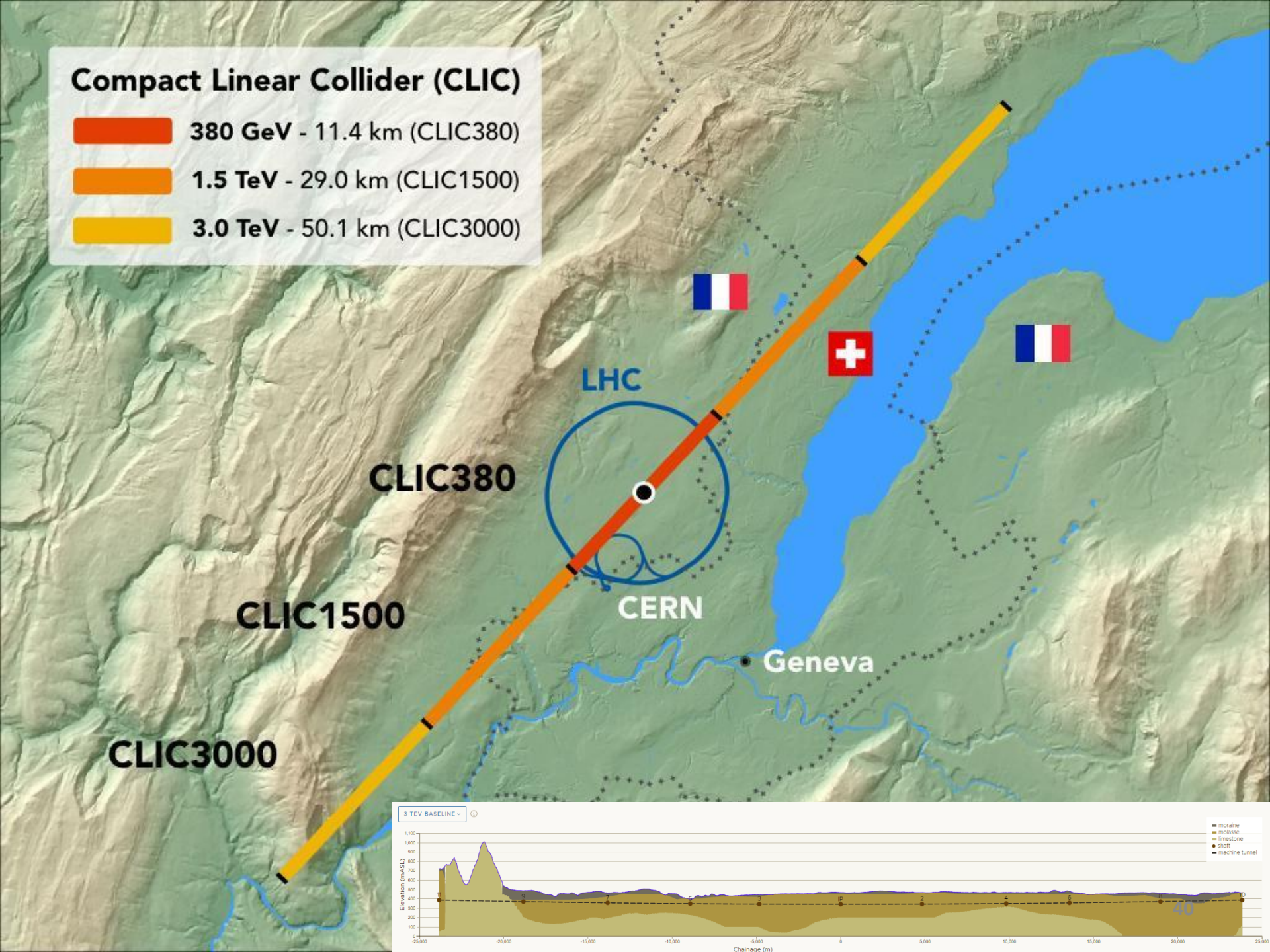


- Cost ~ \$5B (2010)
- Power ~ 111 MW

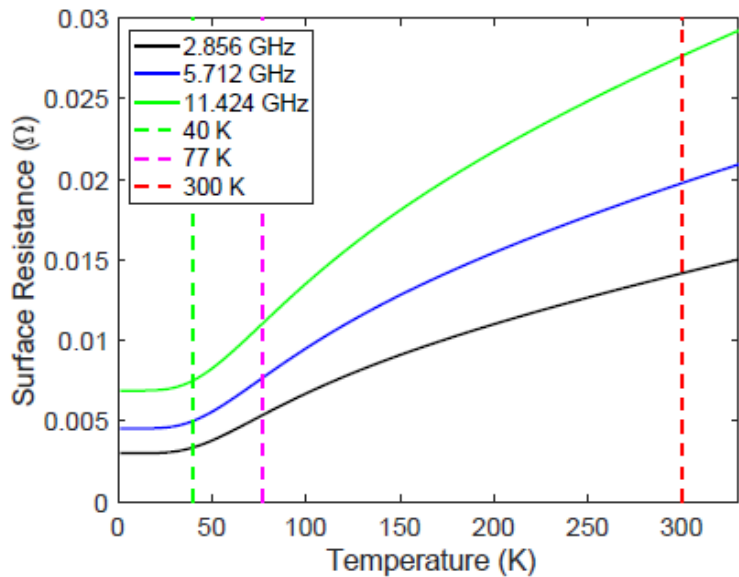
**UPDATE IN PROGRESS
FOR EPPSU MARCH 25**

Compact Linear Collider (CLIC)

-  380 GeV - 11.4 km (CLIC380)
-  1.5 TeV - 29.0 km (CLIC1500)
-  3.0 TeV - 50.1 km (CLIC3000)



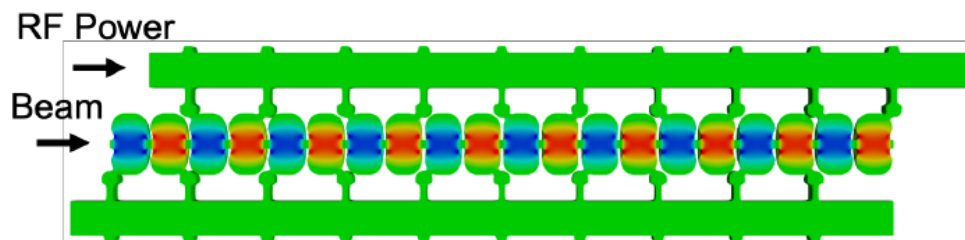
Cool Copper Collider (C³)



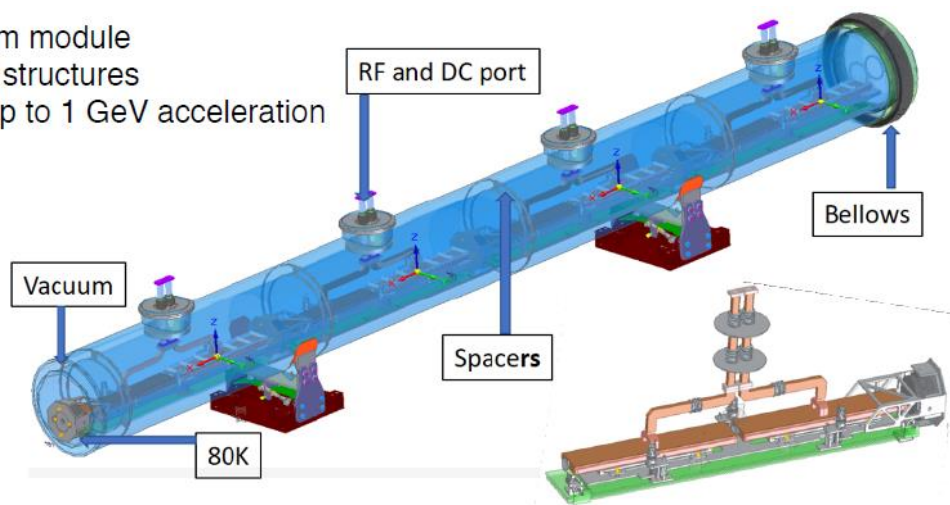
Design choice: C-band Cu RF cavities @ 77K (LN2)

higher gradients \leftrightarrow lower RF power

higher RF \rightarrow beam efficiency



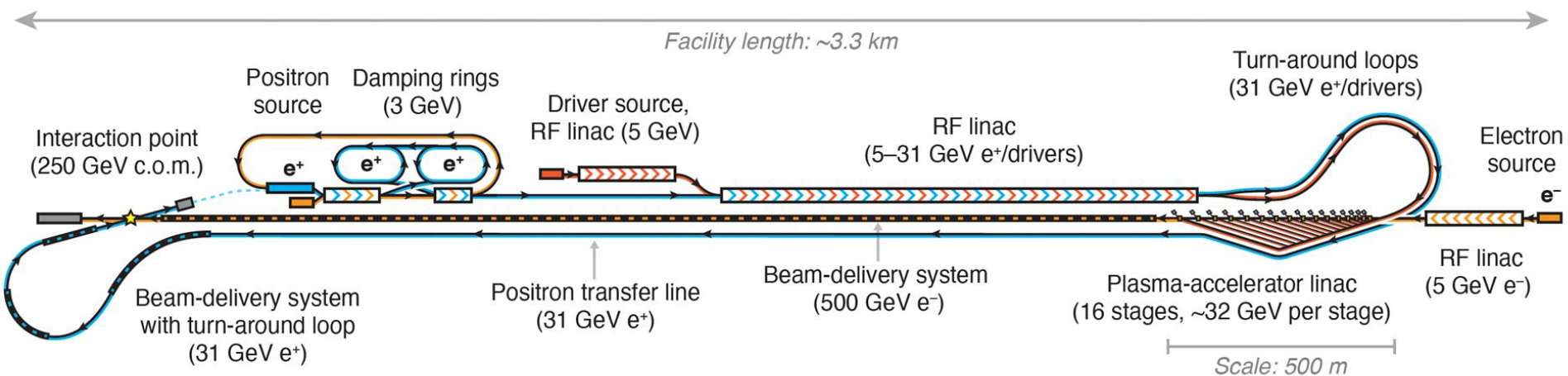
9m module
8 structures
Up to 1 GeV acceleration



Hybrid Asymmetric Linear Higgs Factory (HALHF)

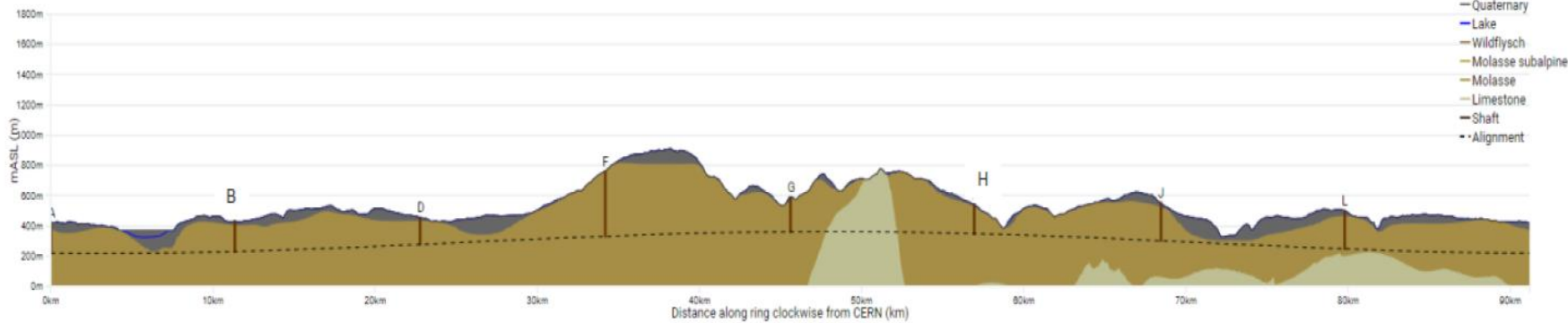
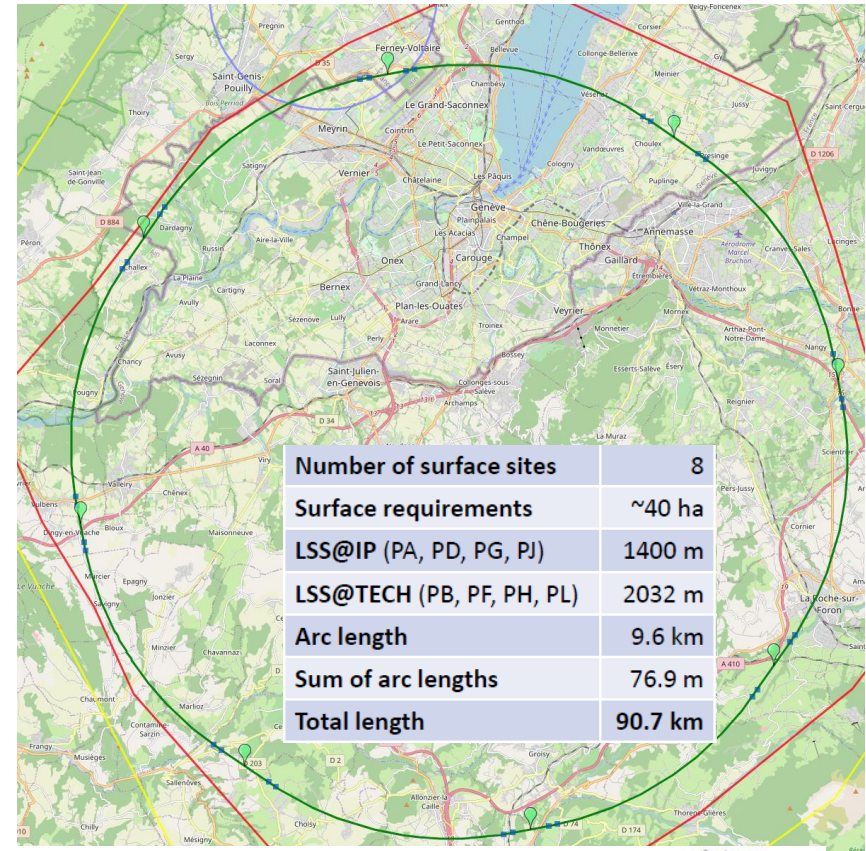
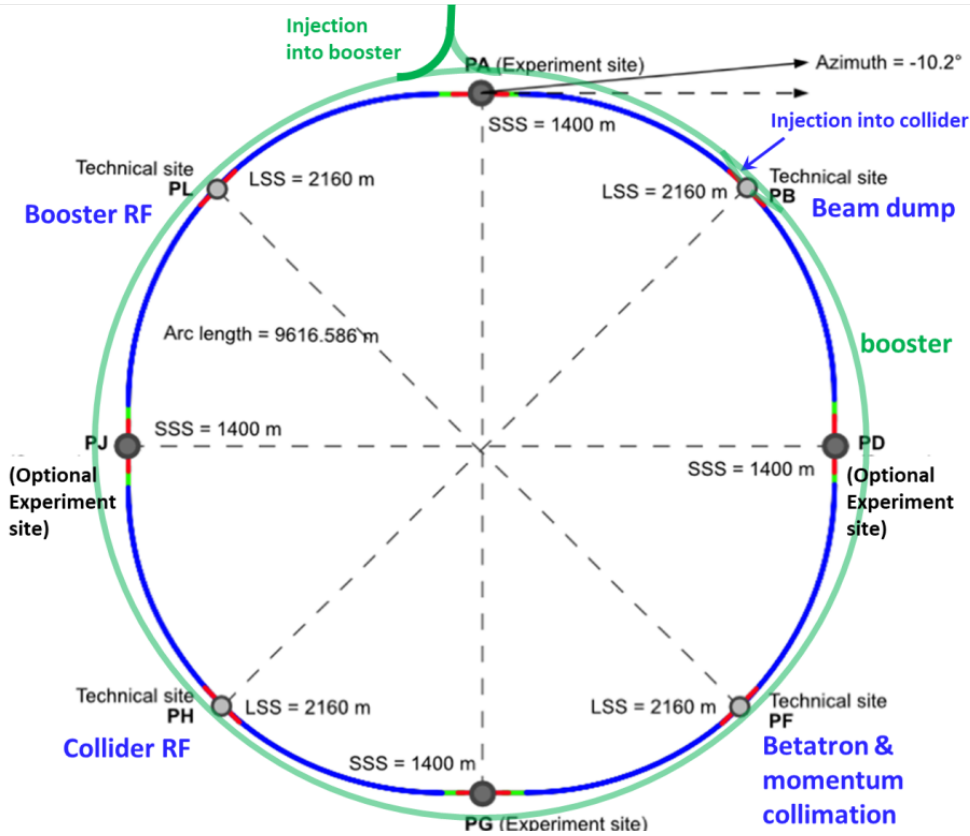
[Foster, D'Arcy and Lindstrøm, New J. Phys. 25, 093037 \(2023\)](#)

[Lindstrøm, D'Arcy and Foster, arXiv:2312.04975](#)



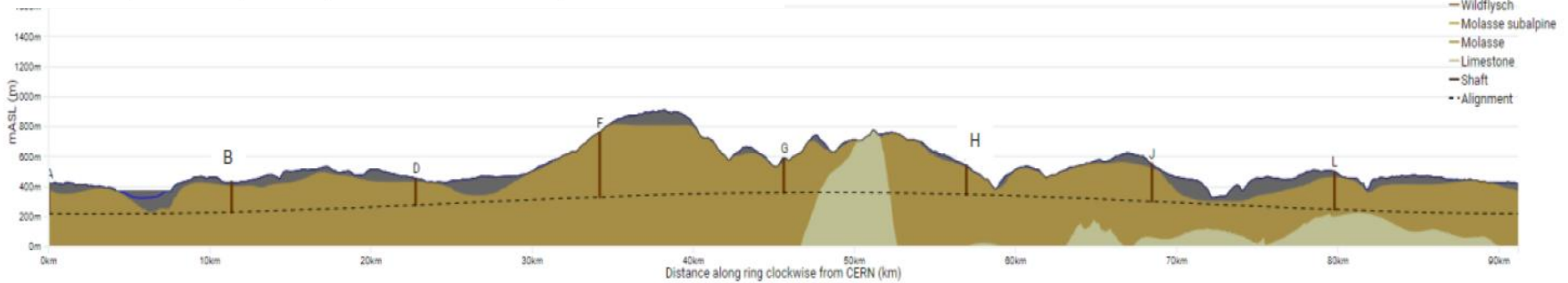
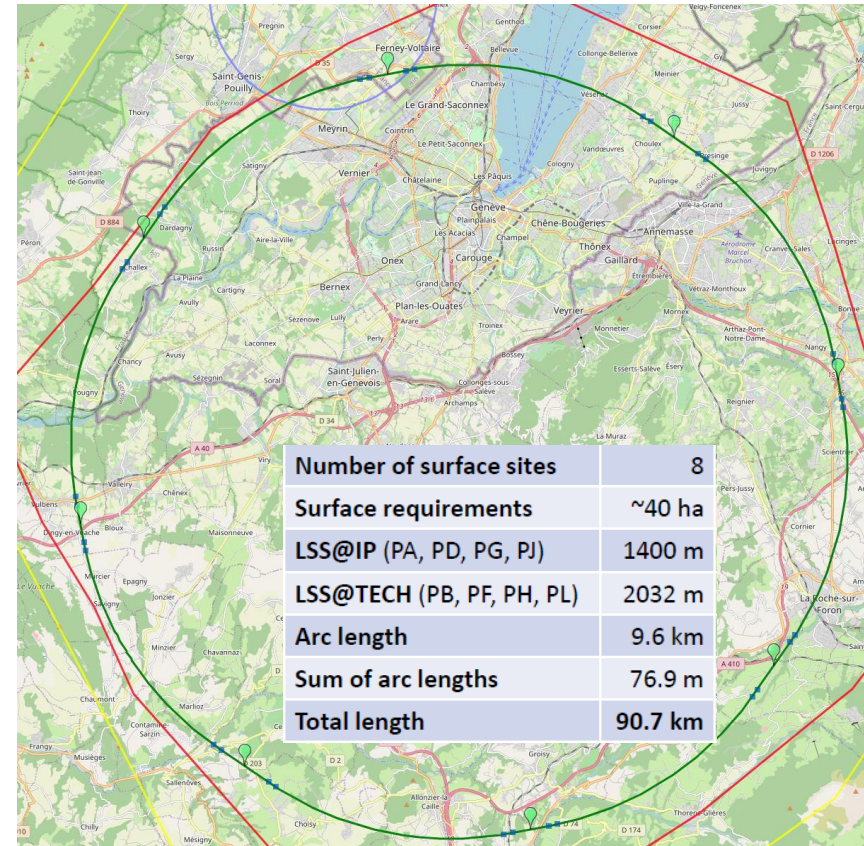
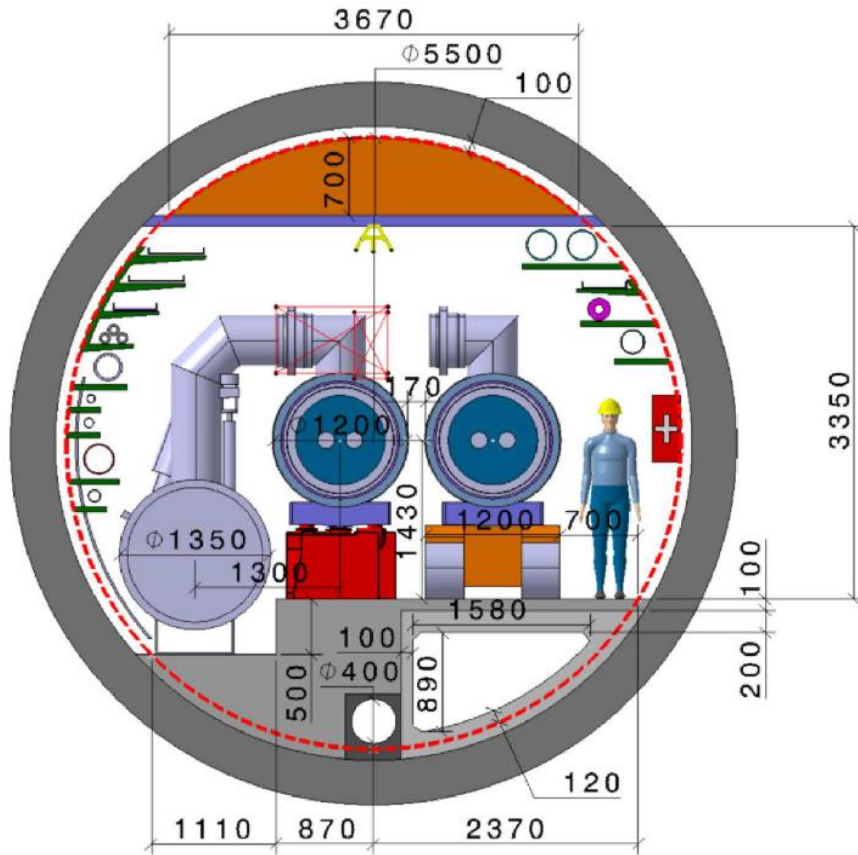
Future Circular Collider ee

Feasibility Study due to report March 2025



Future Circular Collider hh

Feasibility Study due to report March 2025



Comprehensive References:

- [The Muon Smasher's Guide](#)
- [Towards a Muon Collider](#)

Collider Specifications

Source: [Interim report for the International Muon Collider Collaboration \(IMCC\)](#)

Parameter	Units	Energy Staging		Luminosity Staging	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 1	Stage 2
Center-of-mass energy	TeV	3	10	10	
Integrated Luminosity	ab ⁻¹	1	10	10	
Number of Interaction Points		2		2	
Estimated Year for First Collisions		2049	2056	2049	2058
Time Running at Stage	years	5	5	8	4+
Wall Power	MW				
Accelerator Length*	km	26.5	Stage 1 + 45	72	
Future Upgrade Paths		N/A, upgrade would be far away in 2060+.			

* Sum of all accelerator components. Numbers from WIP Parameters Report.