

# Experimental Recent Vector Boson Results

ATLAS & CMS

SM@LHC'25, Durham

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# Why Study Vector Bosons?

SM vector bosons interactions:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Proca}} = -\frac{1}{2}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\nu\mu} + mB_\nu B^\nu$$

$$\text{Eq of motion: } \partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} + m^2 B^\nu = 0$$

Solved by plane-wave Ansatz:  $B^\mu(x) = C\epsilon^\mu(p)e^{-ipx}$   
with polarization  $\epsilon^\mu$

Longitudinal polarisation component  $\epsilon_L$  proportional to **energy**:

cartesian

circular+longitudinal

$$\epsilon_x = (0; 1, 0, 0)$$

$$\epsilon_+ = (0; 1, i, 0)$$

$$\epsilon_y = (0; 0, 1, 0)$$

→

$$\epsilon_- = (0; 1, -i, 0)$$

$$\epsilon_z = (0; 0, 0, 1)$$

$$\epsilon_L = \frac{1}{m}(p_z; 0, 0, E)$$

⇒ Amplitude diverges with  $\sqrt{s} = E \rightarrow \infty$

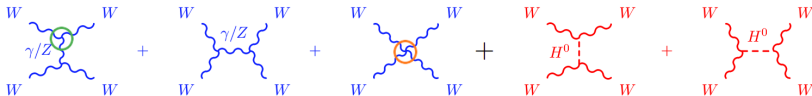
$$\mathcal{A}(V_L V_L \rightarrow V_L V_L)_{\text{s-channel}} \propto -s g_W^2$$

**This breaks unitarity!**

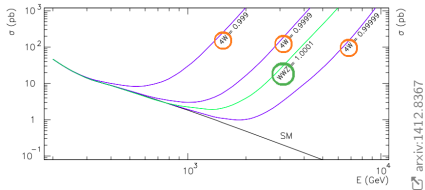
# Restoring Unitarity

Example: Scattering of longitudinal  $W$  components:

$$\mathcal{A}(W_L W_L \rightarrow W_L W_L) \propto g_W^2 \left( -s - t + \frac{s^2}{s - m_H^2} + \frac{t^2}{t - m_H^2} \right)$$



- Divergence from **Higgs-less** processes cancelled by those with **Higgs**
- Even small deviations from SM values of **quartic** and **triple** gauge couplings would spoil this cancellation:



⇒ **Vector boson couplings are highly sensitive probes for SM & BSM**

# Toolset: Effective Field Theory (EFT)

## Standard Model Effective Field Theory (SMEFT)

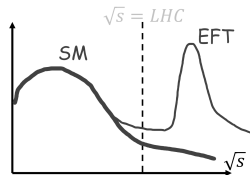
Based on Taylor expansion in local operators with mass dimension  $> 4$

With energy scale  $\Lambda$  as effective expansion parameter

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{\text{dim-6}} + \sum_j \frac{c_j}{\Lambda^4} \mathcal{O}_j^{\text{dim-8}}$$

$c_i$ : Dimensionless Wilson coefficients

$\mathcal{O}_i$ : EFT operators invariant under SM, suppressed by powers of  $\Lambda$



- **Dim-6 operators**: Anomalous Triple Gauge Couplings (aTGC): **triboson**  
→  $\boxtimes$  Warsaw basis: 2499 operators, reduced to 59 by  $U(3)^5$  symmetry
- **Dim-8 operators**: Anomalous Quartic Gauge Couplings (aQGC): **VBS**  
→  $\boxtimes$  Eboli basis: 21 operators for aQGC
  - 3 groups: scalar (**S**), transverse (**T**), and mixed (**M**)
  - **Neutral** Anomalous Triple Gauge Couplings (nTGC): **e.g.:**  $Z \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$   
(nTGC are forbidden at tree level in SM)

(all odd dimensions ops. violate either baryon- or lepton-number conservation)

# Toolset: Effective Field Theory (EFT)

**Additional terms:** Expansion assumes that **interference** term dominates (lowest  $\Lambda$  power):

$$\text{dim-6: } |A_{\text{full}}^{\text{dim-6}}|^2 = |A_{\text{SM}}|^2 + \sum_i \frac{C_i}{\Lambda^2} A_{\text{SM}}^\dagger A_i + \sum_i \frac{|C_i|^2}{\Lambda^4} |A_i|^2 + \sum_{i,j,i \neq j} \frac{C_i C_j}{\Lambda^4} A_i^\dagger A_j$$

$$\text{dim-8: } |A_{\text{full}}^{\text{dim-8}}|^2 = |A_{\text{SM}}|^2 + \sum_i \frac{C_i}{\Lambda^4} A_{\text{SM}}^\dagger A_i + \sum_i \frac{|C_i|^2}{\Lambda^8} |A_i|^2 + \sum_{i,j,i \neq j} \frac{C_i C_j}{\Lambda^8} A_i^\dagger A_j$$

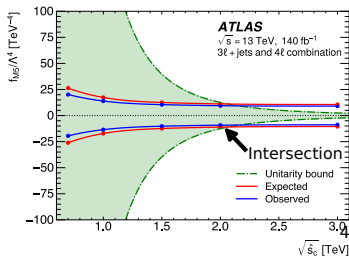
Not necessarily given in all kinematic regions.

→ Also consider **pure EFT** term, or even **EFT cross-term** in signal EFT MC

**Clipping:** The EFT expansion in  $\Lambda$  is not valid for energies above  $\Lambda$

→ "Clip"  $\sqrt{\hat{s}} > \Lambda$  and calculate upper limits as function of  $\Lambda$

- Scan over every cut-off value  $\sqrt{\hat{s}}$  depending on the Wilson coefficient (often  $\sqrt{\hat{s}} = M_{VV(V)}$ )
- Remove all EFT MC events above  $\sqrt{\hat{s}}$
- Limits physically meaningful up to intersection with resulting unitarity bound



## New experimental results:

**ATLAS** Charged-Current DY at High  $M_T$

**ATLAS** VVZ

**ATLAS**  $Z\gamma$  nTGC

**ATLAS** Semileptonic VBS ( $VVjj$ )

**CMS** Semileptonic VBS ( $ZVjj$ )

**CMS**  $WZ\gamma$

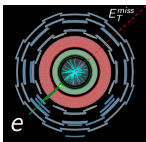
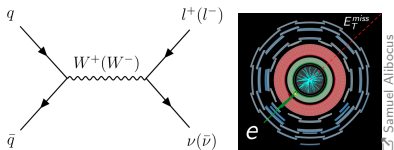


# Charged-Current DY at High $M_T$

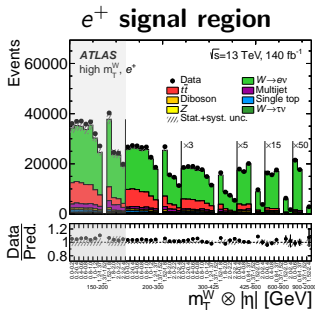
Measurement of double-differential charged-current Drell-Yan  
cross-sections at high transverse masses in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV  
with the ATLAS detector

☞ [arxiv:2502.21088](https://arxiv.org/abs/2502.21088)

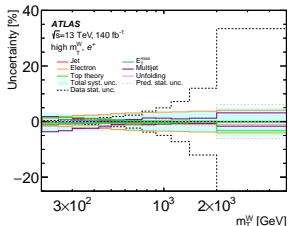
EFT constraints:  
4 dim-6 fermionic operators



- **First measurement of**  
 $pp \rightarrow W^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm (= e/\mu)\nu$  above resonance region:  $m_T^W > 0.2$  TeV
- Full Run 2 (13 TeV,  $140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
- Single ( $m_T^W$ ) differential cross-sections up to  $m_T^W < 5$  TeV
  - Double ( $m_T^W, |\eta_\ell|$ ) differential up to  $m_T^W < 2$  TeV
- Unfolded to fiducial SR:
  - $|\eta| < 2.4, p_T^\ell > 65, p_T^\nu > 85$  GeV
- Multijet CR: no  $m_T^W$ , invert  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  cut  $\rightarrow$  Data driven (matrix method)
- Top CR: require 2  $\ell$  (dilep  $t\bar{t}$ )



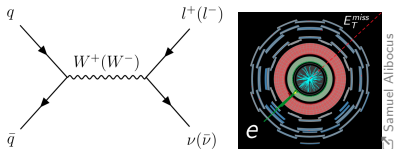
paper: Fig. 8a



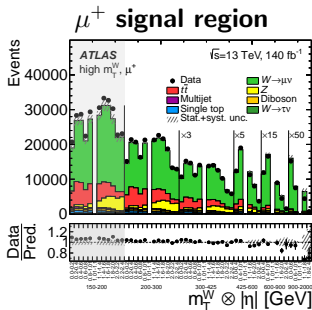
paper: Fig. 9a

3% precision  $< 0.8$  TeV, statistics dominated beyond

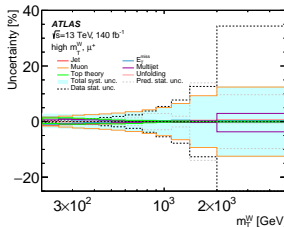




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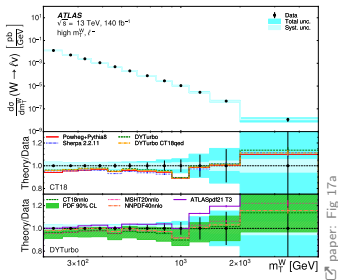
paper: Fig. 8c



paper: Fig. 10a

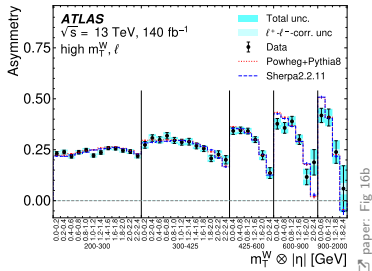
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## Differential cross-section

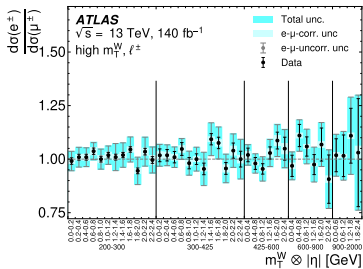


- Measurements based on single ( $m_T$ ) and double ( $m_T, |\eta_\ell|$ ) differential cross-sections
- Separate/combined for 4 SRs:  $e^+, e^-, \mu^+, \mu^-$
- No significant deviation from SM
- NNLO perturbative QCD, NLO EWK effects  $\rightarrow$  constrain PDFs

$$\ell^\pm \text{ charge asymmetry } A_\ell = \frac{d\sigma_+ - d\sigma_-}{d\sigma_+ + d\sigma_-}$$



## $e/\mu$ lepton-universality



## EFT Interpretation

- LO predictions modified to account for higher-order QCD & EW corrections:
- Warsaw basis with  $U(3)^5$
- SM-EFT interference and pure EFT terms considered in MC
  - Constraints driven by interference terms
- Limits are driven by PDF uncertainty
  - Improve by factor 1.4 - 2.6 when only considering experimental uncertainties

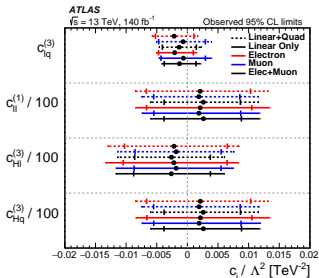
## Constraints on 4 dim-6 SMEFT

### fermion operators:

Wilson Coefficient	Operator
$c_{lq}^{(3)}$	$O_{lq}^{(3)} = (\bar{l}\tau^I\gamma_\mu l)(\bar{q}\tau^I\gamma^\mu q)$
$c_{ll}^{(1)}$	$O_{ll}^{(1)} = (\bar{l}\gamma_\mu l)(\bar{l}\gamma^\mu l)$
$c_{Hl}^{(3)}$	$O_{Hl}^{(3)} = (H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H)(\bar{l}\tau^I\gamma^\mu l)$
$c_{Hq}^{(3)}$	$O_{Hq}^{(3)} = (H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H)(\bar{q}\tau^I\gamma^\mu q)$

paper: Tab 2

### Observed limits



paper: Fig 21b

- Quark-lepton contact operator  $O_{lq}^{(3)}$ : significance enhancement at high  $m_T^W$
- Other 3 operators: constant scaling without  $m_T^W$  dependence



# VVZ

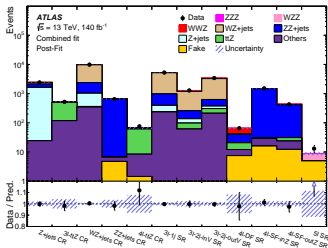
**Observation of VVZ production at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector**

[arxiv:2412.15123](https://arxiv.org/abs/2412.15123)

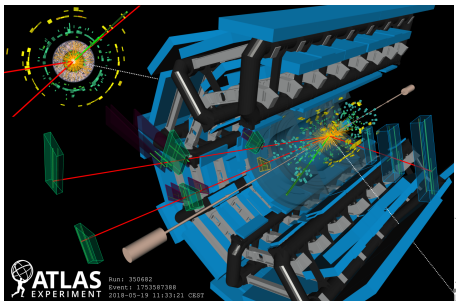
**EFT constraints:**

**4 dim-8 mixed (M) aQGC operators**

- Full Run 2 (13 TeV, 140 fb<sup>-1</sup>)
  - Occurs in only 1 in 10<sup>-12</sup> pp interactions
  - 7 decay channels with highest significance
- 12 analysis regions (7 SR + 5 CR)

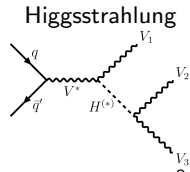
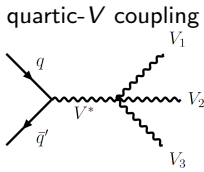
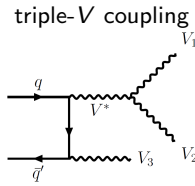
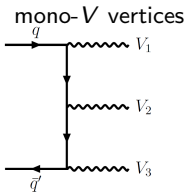


paper: Fig 2



$$VVZ = (W \rightarrow e\nu)(W \rightarrow \mu\nu)(Z \rightarrow \mu\mu)$$

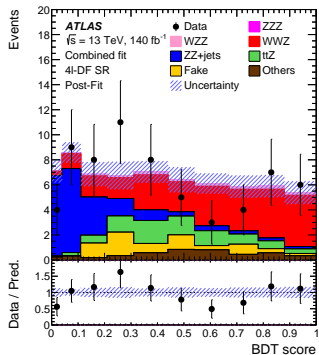
candidate event



paper: Fig 1

- First observation of VVZ ( $6.4 \sigma$ ),
- Evidence for WWZ ( $4.4 \sigma$ )
- Search for WZZ ( $2.8 \sigma$ )
- No ZZZ region due to low cross-section
- Signal strengths compatible with SM
- Previously observed:
  - WWW ( $8.0 \sigma$   $\boxtimes$  ATLAS, 2022)
  - VVV ( $5.7 \sigma$   $\boxtimes$  CMS, 2020)
- Previous evidence:
  - WWZ ( $3.4 \sigma$   $\boxtimes$  CMS, 2020)

### Individual BDT in each SR

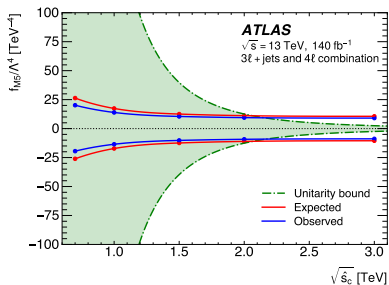


$\boxtimes$  paper: Fig 3d

Process	Signal strength	Cross section (fb)	Observed (expected) sensitivity
VVZ	$1.43 \pm 0.20(\text{stat.})_{-0.19}^{+0.21}(\text{syst.})$	$660_{-90}^{+93}(\text{stat.})_{-81}^{+88}(\text{syst.})$	$6.4 (4.7) \sigma$
WWZ	$1.33 \pm 0.28(\text{stat.})_{-0.17}^{+0.21}(\text{syst.})$	$442 \pm 94(\text{stat.})_{-52}^{+60}(\text{syst.})$	$4.4 (3.6) \sigma$
WZZ	$2.13_{-0.96}^{+1.18}(\text{stat.})_{-0.41}^{+0.76}(\text{syst.})$	$200_{-91}^{+111}(\text{stat.})_{-37}^{+65}(\text{syst.})$	$2.8 (1.6) \sigma$

$\boxtimes$  paper: Tab 6

- Limits on aQGC via 4 dim-8 EFT coefficients (Eboli basis)
- From simultaneous fit to  $3\ell$  &  $4\ell$  channels
- BDT trained on EFT signal in each SR
- Limits unitarized with clipping parameter  $\sqrt{\hat{s}_c}$ 
  - $\sqrt{\hat{s}_c} = m_{\max}(V_i, V_j)$ : maximum of the three diboson invariant mass combinations

Clipping scan for Wilson coefficient  $f_{M5}$ 

paper: Fig 5d

Unitarized limits

Coefficient	Expected limit [TeV <sup>-4</sup> ]	Exp. $\sqrt{\hat{s}_c}$ [TeV]	Observed limit [TeV <sup>-4</sup> ]	Obs. $\sqrt{\hat{s}_c}$ [TeV]
$f_{M2}/\Lambda^4$	[-18, 17]	1.2	[-19, 19]	1.2
$f_{M3}/\Lambda^4$	[-28, 29]	1.5	[-28, 29]	1.5
$f_{M4}/\Lambda^4$	[-14, 14]	1.6	[-12, 12]	1.7
$f_{M5}/\Lambda^4$	[-11, 11]	2.1	[-9.1, 9.3]	2.2

paper: Tab 8



# $Z\gamma$ nTGC

Measurements of  $Z\gamma$  differential cross sections and search for neutral triple gauge couplings in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector

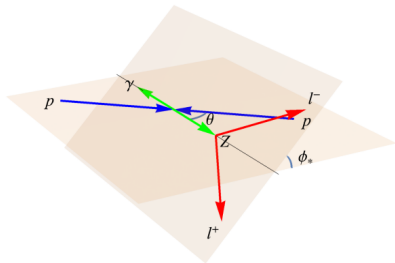
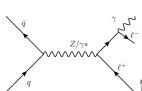
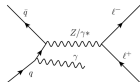
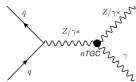
ATLAS-CONF-2025-001

EFT constraints:

4 dim-8 nTGC coefficients and form factors



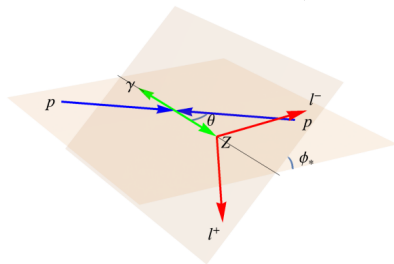
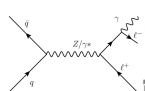
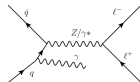
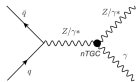
- Improvements on [2023 paper](#)
- Dedicated region to enhance nTGC
  - High  $p_T^\gamma > 200$  GeV
  - Jet veto & narrow  $m_Z$  window
- Previous: Conventional form factors
  - Only satisfies  $U(1)$  (unphysical)
- New: nTGC form factors
  - Satisfy full  $SU(2)_L \times U(1)$
- Up to 2 orders of magnitude difference
- More in [Elvira's presentation](#)



## Wilson coefficients

Parameters	Current limits at 95% C.L. (140 fb <sup>-1</sup> ) using new formalism		Limits at 95% C.L. from Reference [59] (36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> ) using old formalism	
	Observed 95% C.L. [TeV <sup>-4</sup> ]	Expected 95% C.L. [TeV <sup>-4</sup> ]	Observed 95% C.L. [TeV <sup>-4</sup> ]	Expected 95% C.L. [TeV <sup>-4</sup> ]
$C_{BB}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.37, 0.37]	[-0.44, 0.44]	[-0.24, 0.24]	[-0.28, 0.27]
$C_{BW}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.54, 0.53]	[-0.62, 0.61]	[-1.1, 1.1]	[-1.3, 1.3]
$C_{BW}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.87, 0.95]	[-1.05, 1.14]	[-0.65, 0.64]	[-0.74, 0.74]
$C_{WW}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.90, 1.78]	[-2.26, 2.13]	[-2.3, 2.3]	[-2.7, 2.7]

- Improvements on [2023 paper](#)
- Dedicated region to enhance nTGC
  - High  $p_T^\gamma > 200$  GeV
  - Jet veto & narrow  $m_Z$  window
- Previous: Conventional form factors
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## Form factors

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	Observed 95% C.L.	Expected 95 % C.L.	Observed 95% C.L.	Expected 95 % C.L.
$h_4^\gamma$	$[-1.3 \times 10^{-5}, 1.4 \times 10^{-5}]$	$[-1.5 \times 10^{-5}, 1.6 \times 10^{-5}]$	$[-4.4 \times 10^{-7}, 4.3 \times 10^{-7}]$	$[-5.1 \times 10^{-7}, 5.0 \times 10^{-7}]$
$h_4^Z$	$[-2.4 \times 10^{-5}, 2.6 \times 10^{-5}]$	$[-2.8 \times 10^{-5}, 3.0 \times 10^{-5}]$	$[-4.5 \times 10^{-7}, 4.4 \times 10^{-7}]$	$[-5.3 \times 10^{-7}, 5.1 \times 10^{-7}]$
$h_3^\gamma$	$[-3.5 \times 10^{-4}, 4.6 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[-4.0 \times 10^{-4}, 4.9 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[-3.7 \times 10^{-4}, 3.7 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[-4.2 \times 10^{-4}, 4.3 \times 10^{-4}]$
$h_3^Z$	$[-3.2 \times 10^{-4}, 3.2 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[-3.7 \times 10^{-4}, 3.6 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[-3.2 \times 10^{-4}, 3.3 \times 10^{-4}]$	$[-3.8 \times 10^{-4}, 3.8 \times 10^{-4}]$



# Semileptonic VBS ( $VVjj$ )

Electroweak diboson production in association with a high-mass dijet system in semileptonic final states from pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector

☞ [arxiv:2503.17461](https://arxiv.org/abs/2503.17461)

EFT constraints:

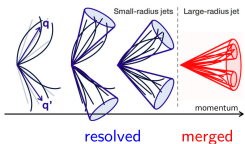
18 dim-8 aQGC operators in Eboli basis

- EWK  $VVjj$  measurement
- Full Run 2 (13 TeV,  $140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
- Semi-lep channel: high aQGC sensitivity

## Experimental Signature:

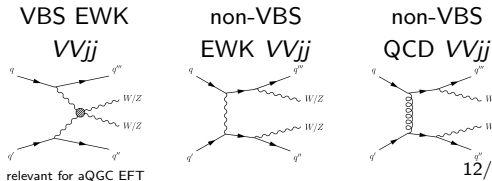
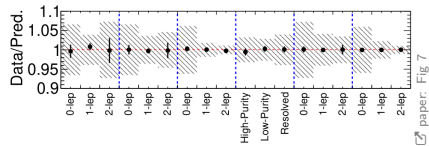
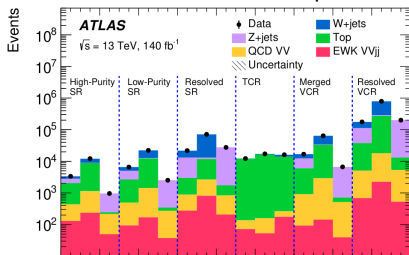
- 2 forward, back-to-back jets ( $jj$ )<sup>tag</sup>
- One boson decays hadronically:

2  $R = 0.4$  signal jets (**resolved**)  
 or 1  $R = 1.0$  signal jet (**merged**)



- One boson decays leptonically:
  - 0-lepton:  $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ ,  $W \rightarrow \nu\ell$
  - 1-lepton:  $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ ,  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$
  - 2-lepton:  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$

## Simultaneous fit in 9 SRs + 9 CRs



paper: Fig. 7

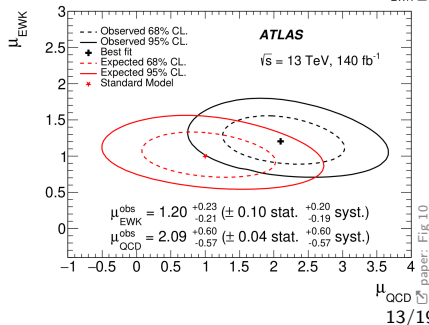
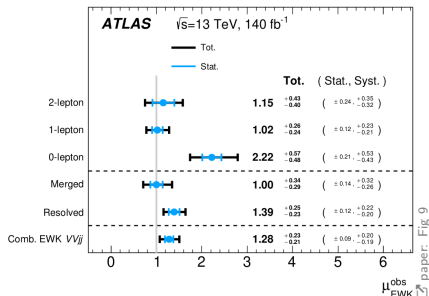
paper: Fig. 1  
12/19

## Final discriminant:

- Recurrent NN (RNN) on up to 5 jets ( $p_T, \eta, \phi, E, n_{\text{tracks}}$ ) + large-R jet in merged regime

## Results

- First observation of EWK  $VVjj$  in semileptonic decay ( $7.4 \sigma$ )
- In fiducial VBS phase space
- EWK and QCD associated  $VVjj$  production measured in 2D fit
- Individual limits on 0,1,3- $l$  channels & merged, resolved decay
- No significant deviation from SM



- Limits to 18 dim-8 aQGC coefficients in Eboli basis
- Each SR is further split into low/high  $M_{VV}$  region to increase sensitivity
  - 1,2-lep: at 1.5 TeV
  - 0-lep: at 1.05 (merged), 1.2 (resolved) TeV

Wilson coefficient	Expected limit [TeV <sup>-2</sup> ]	Observed limit [TeV <sup>-2</sup> ]	Expected limit unitarized [TeV <sup>-1</sup> ]	Observed limit unitarized [TeV <sup>-1</sup> ]
$f_{T0}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.20, 0.18]	[-0.25, 0.22]	[-0.79, 0.47] at [1.76, 1.96] TeV	[-0.85, 0.47] at [1.73, 2.00] TeV
$f_{T1}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.19, 0.19]	[-0.24, 0.24]	[-0.34, 0.34] at [2.59, 2.59] TeV	[-0.43, 0.43] at [2.43, 2.43] TeV
$f_{T2}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.44, 0.44]	[-0.55, 0.55]	[-0.95, 0.96] at [2.22, 2.22] TeV	[-1.16, 1.17] at [2.12, 2.11] TeV
$f_{T3}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.38, 0.38]	[-0.48, 0.48]	[-0.62, 0.62] at [2.71, 2.71] TeV	[-0.88, 0.88] at [2.49, 2.48] TeV
$f_{T4}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.46, 1.32]	[-1.51, 1.37]	[-3.03, 2.60] at [2.02, 2.09] TeV	[-3.03, 2.60] at [2.02, 2.10] TeV
$f_{T5}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.57, 0.53]	[-0.64, 0.58]	-	[-2.65, 2.57] at [1.53, 1.54] TeV
$f_{T6}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.76, 0.72]	[-0.74, 0.71]	[-2.82, 2.01] at [1.66, 1.73] TeV	[-2.98, 2.62] at [1.64, 1.69] TeV
$f_{T7}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.78, 1.52]	[-1.94, 1.70]	[-7.88, 4.29] at [1.65, 1.90] TeV	[-6.70, 4.11] at [1.72, 1.91] TeV
$f_{T8}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.59, 0.59]	[-0.48, 0.48]	-	-
$f_{T9}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.22, 1.22]	[-1.02, 1.03]	-	-
$f_{S02}/\Lambda^4$	[-3.22, 3.22]	[-3.96, 3.96]	[-5.53, 5.54] at [2.07, 2.67] TeV	[-6.16, 6.17] at [2.01, 2.01] TeV
$f_{S11}/\Lambda^4$	[-6.84, 6.86]	[-8.06, 8.06]	-	-
$f_{S00}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.13, 1.12]	[-1.26, 1.25]	[-2.61, 2.58] at [2.00, 2.00] TeV	[-2.71, 2.65] at [1.97, 1.98] TeV
$f_{S01}/\Lambda^4$	[-3.23, 3.24]	[-3.95, 3.95]	[-6.22, 6.22] at [2.27, 2.27] TeV	[-7.42, 7.43] at [2.17, 2.17] TeV
$f_{S02}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.66, 1.67]	[-1.85, 1.85]	-	-
$f_{S03}/\Lambda^4$	[-5.29, 5.29]	[-5.68, 5.71]	[-23.69, 23.39] at [1.57, 1.57] TeV	[-18.62, 19.10] at [1.66, 1.65] TeV
$f_{S04}/\Lambda^4$	[-2.62, 2.62]	[-2.96, 2.97]	-	-
$f_{S05}/\Lambda^4$	[-3.81, 3.82]	[-4.41, 4.44]	[-6.80, 6.80] at [2.33, 2.33] TeV	[-7.28, 7.30] at [2.29, 2.29] TeV
$f_{S07}/\Lambda^4$	[-5.32, 5.20]	[-6.60, 6.43]	[-9.47, 9.38] at [2.43, 2.43] TeV	[-11.91, 11.11] at [2.29, 2.33] TeV

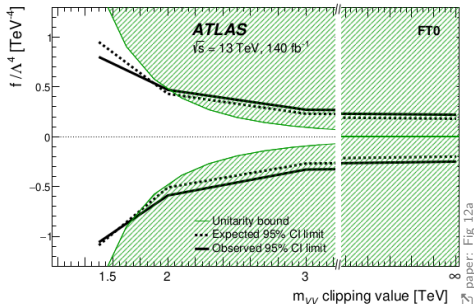
$\mathcal{O}_{S0}$  &  $\mathcal{O}_{S2}$  are hermitian conjugates, hence: varied simultaneously as  $\mathcal{O}_{S02}$

- Clipping with respect to  $m_{VV}$  to avoid unitarity violations
- Improves  $M_{\text{previous}}$  ATLAS searches in all M & S operators
  - T operators still best constrained by  $\vartheta Z(\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})\gamma jj$  analysis

$$|A_{\text{full}}^{\text{dim-8}}|^2 = |A_{\text{SM}}|^2 + \sum_i \frac{f_i}{\Lambda^4} A_{\text{SM}}^\dagger A_i + 2 \sum_i \frac{|f_i|^2}{\Lambda^8} |A_i|^2 + \sum_{i,j,i \neq j} \frac{f_i f_j}{\Lambda^8} A_i^\dagger A_j$$

- Individual MC samples for SM-EFT interference and pure EFT

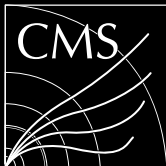
- Limits to 18 dim-8 aQGC coefficients in Eboli basis
- Each SR is further split into low/high  $M_{VV}$  region to increase sensitivity
  - 1,2-lep: at 1.5 TeV
  - 0-lep: at 1.05 (merged), 1.2 (resolved) TeV



- Clipping with respect to  $m_{VV}$  to avoid unitarity violations
- Improves on previous ATLAS searches in all M & S operators
  - T operators still best constrained by  $e Z(\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})\gamma jj$  analysis

$$|A_{\text{full}}^{\text{dim-8}}|^2 = |A_{\text{SM}}|^2 + \sum_i \frac{f_i}{\Lambda^4} A_{\text{SM}}^\dagger A_i + 2 \sum_i \frac{|f_i|^2}{\Lambda^8} |A_i|^2 + \sum_{i,j,i \neq j} \frac{f_i f_j}{\Lambda^8} A_i^\dagger A_j$$

- Individual MC samples for SM-EFT interference and pure EFT



# Semileptonic VBS ( $ZVjj$ )

Study of vector boson scattering in the semileptonic final state and search for anomalous quartic gauge couplings from proton-proton collisions at

$$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$$

☞ CMS-PAS-SMP-22-011

**EFT constraints:**

**20 dim-8 aQGC coefficients in Eboli basis**

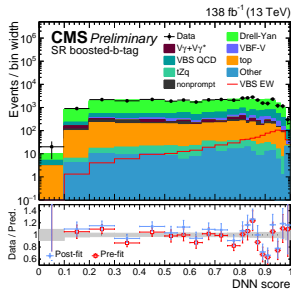


- Full Run 2 (13 TeV,  $138 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
- Measured EWK  $ZVjj$  cross-section  
( $1.3 \sigma$ ,  $\mu = 0.63^{+0.53}_{-0.51}$ )

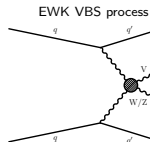
## Experimental signature

- 2 forward, back-to-back jets
- 2 isolated  $\ell = \mu, e$  from  $Z$
- Hadronically decaying  $V$ :  
2 AK4 signal jets (**resolved**)  
or 1 AK8 signal jet (**merged**)
- SR split into  $b$ -tag/veto  
(DeepCSV tagger)

## Final Discriminant: DNN



paper: Fig 3a



paper: Fig 1

Preselection

$$n_{\text{leptons}} = 2, m_{\ell\ell} \in [76, 106] \text{ GeV}, p_T(\ell_1) > 35 \text{ GeV}, p_T(\ell_2) > 20 \text{ GeV}, \\ p_T(j_{1,2}) > 30 \text{ GeV}, m_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \Delta\eta_{jj} > 2.5$$

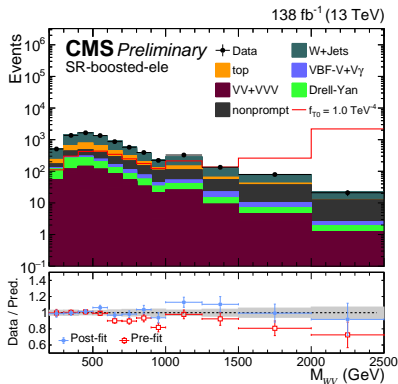
Regions	Variables	Lepton Selection	Other Requirements
Signal Region (SR)	$65 \text{ GeV} < m_V < 105 \text{ GeV}$	Same Flavor	Split in b-tag and b-veto
DY Control Region (DY CR)	$m_V < 65 \text{ GeV}, m_V > 105 \text{ GeV}$	Same Flavor	Split in b-tag and b-veto
Top Control Region (Top CR)	$65 \text{ GeV} < m_V < 105 \text{ GeV}$	Opposite Flavor	-

paper: Tab 1

# Semileptonic VBS ( $ZV_{jj}$ )



- Limits to 20 dim-8 aQGC coefficients in Eboli basis
- Separate for  $WZ$ ,  $ZV$ , combined

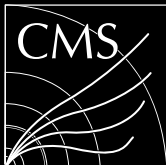


paper: Fig 5a

	Observed (WV) (TeV <sup>-4</sup> )	Expected (WV) (TeV <sup>-4</sup> )	Observed (ZV) (TeV <sup>-4</sup> )	Expected (ZV) (TeV <sup>-4</sup> )	Observed (TeV <sup>-4</sup> )	Expected (TeV <sup>-4</sup> )
$f_{50}/\Lambda^4$	[-3.01, 3.1]	[-4.7, 4.77]	[-9.76, 9.89]	[-13.9, 14.0]	[-2.86, 2.96]	[-4.68, 4.75]
$f_{51}/\Lambda^4$	[-4.27, 4.32]	[-6.56, 6.6]	[-10.2, 10.3]	[-13.9, 13.9]	[-3.97, 4.02]	[-6.45, 6.49]
$f_{52}/\Lambda^4$	[-4.42, 4.48]	[-6.81, 6.86]	[-9.75, 9.89]	[-13.9, 14.0]	[-4.04, 4.11]	[-6.68, 6.73]
$f_{500}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.568, 0.567]	[-0.844, 0.843]	[-1.38, 1.38]	[-1.74, 1.74]	[-0.539, 0.534]	[-0.828, 0.827]
$f_{501}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.71, 1.75]	[-2.6, 2.63]	[-3.97, 4.00]	[-5.28, 5.29]	[-1.59, 1.62]	[-2.55, 2.58]
$f_{502}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.746, 0.747]	[-1.11, 1.11]	[-1.86, 1.86]	[-2.37, 2.37]	[-0.703, 0.703]	[-1.1, 1.1]
$f_{503}/\Lambda^4$	[-2.81, 2.81]	[-4.2, 4.2]	[-5.60, 5.59]	[-7.47, 7.47]	[-2.55, 2.55]	[-4.08, 4.07]
$f_{504}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.74, 1.73]	[-2.6, 2.59]	[-2.70, 2.70]	[-3.61, 3.61]	[-1.48, 1.48]	[-2.42, 2.41]
$f_{505}/\Lambda^4$	[-2.53, 2.51]	[-3.77, 3.76]	[-3.80, 3.81]	[-5.21, 5.23]	[-2.14, 2.13]	[-3.5, 3.5]
$f_{507}/\Lambda^4$	[-2.86, 2.82]	[-4.35, 4.32]	[-6.09, 6.07]	[-8.26, 8.24]	[-2.63, 2.58]	[-4.24, 4.2]
$f_{T0}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.096, 0.083]	[-0.14, 0.128]	[-0.26, 0.25]	[-0.33, 0.32]	[-0.0921, 0.0785]	[-0.138, 0.127]
$f_{T1}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.0933, 0.11]	[-0.142, 0.149]	[-0.22, 0.24]	[-0.30, 0.31]	[-0.0863, 0.0943]	[-0.14, 0.147]
$f_{T2}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.225, 0.225]	[-0.336, 0.335]	[-0.56, 0.60]	[-0.74, 0.76]	[-0.21, 0.214]	[-0.331, 0.332]
$f_{T3}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.206, 0.206]	[-0.311, 0.311]	[-0.48, 0.51]	[-0.64, 0.66]	[-0.191, 0.194]	[-0.305, 0.305]
$f_{T4}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.09, 1.02]	[-1.58, 1.53]	[-1.44, 1.37]	[-1.84, 1.77]	[-0.895, 0.828]	[-1.4, 1.35]
$f_{T5}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.287, 0.257]	[-0.391, 0.383]	[-0.59, 0.57]	[-0.76, 0.73]	[-0.265, 0.237]	[-0.382, 0.373]
$f_{T6}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.656, 0.627]	[-0.976, 0.954]	[-0.73, 0.71]	[-0.94, 0.92]	[-0.5, 0.478]	[-0.794, 0.775]
$f_{T7}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.936, 0.899]	[-1.39, 1.36]	[-1.78, 1.67]	[-2.26, 2.16]	[-0.85, 0.8]	[-1.34, 1.29]
$f_{T8}/\Lambda^4$	-	-	[-0.53, 0.53]	[-0.67, 0.67]	[-0.53, 0.53]	[-0.67, 0.67]
$f_{T9}/\Lambda^4$	-	-	[-1.17, 1.16]	[-1.47, 1.45]	[-1.17, 1.16]	[-1.47, 1.45]

paper: Tab 4

- SM-EFT interference and pure EFT terms considered
- Including systematic uncertainties on EFT signal
  - Was not done in previous CMS result



$WZ\gamma$

Measurement of  $WZ\gamma$  production and constraints on new physics scenarios in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV

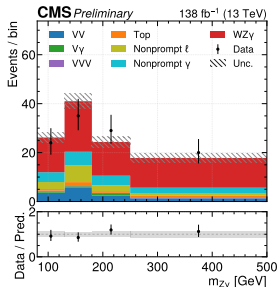
☞ CMS-PAS-SMP-22-018

EFT constraints:

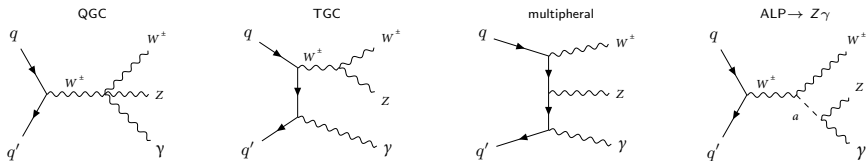
6 dim-8 transverse (T) aQG operators in Eboli basis

### Signal region

- Full Run 2 (13 TeV, 138 fb<sup>-1</sup>)
- Observed WZ $\gamma$  (5.4  $\sigma$ )  
 $\mu_{\text{SR}}^{\text{obs}} = 1.47 \pm 0.15(\text{syst})$   
 $\pm 0.11(\text{theo}) \pm 0.25(\text{stat})$
- Limits on axion-like particles
- 3 charged leptons from  
 $WZ \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell'\ell', \ell\ell' = e, \mu + 1 \gamma$



paper: Fig 2d



paper: Fig 1

Region	$N_\ell$	$N_\gamma$	$N_{\text{OSFF}}$	$N_{\text{tag}}$	MET [GeV]	$p_T\{\ell_{Z1}, \ell_{Z2}, \ell_W, \ell_4\}$ [GeV]	$\min(m(\ell\ell'))$ [GeV]	$ m(\ell_{Z1}, \ell_{Z2}) - m_Z $ [GeV]	$m(\ell_{Z1}, \ell_{Z2}, \ell_W)$ [GeV]	$m(\ell_W, \gamma)$ [GeV]
SR	=3	$\geq 1$	$\geq 1$	=0	>30	>{25,15,25}	>4	<15	>100	<75 or >105
ZZ CR	=4	—	$\geq 1$	=0	<30	>{25,15,25,15}	>4	<15	>100	—
Nonprompt $\ell$ CR	=3	—	$\geq 1$	>0	>30	>{25,15,25}	>4	>15	>100	—
Nonprompt $\gamma$ CR	=2	$\geq 1$	=1	>0	<30	>{25,15}	>4	>15	—	—

paper: Tab 1

ALP  $\rightarrow$  Z $\gamma$  limits

- Full Run 2 (13 TeV, 138 fb $^{-1}$ )

- Observed WZ $\gamma$  (5.4  $\sigma$ )

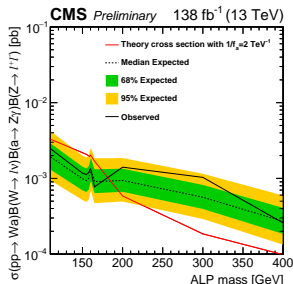
$$\mu_{\text{SR}}^{\text{obs}} = 1.47 \pm 0.15(\text{syst})$$

$$\pm 0.11(\text{theo}) \pm 0.25(\text{stat})$$

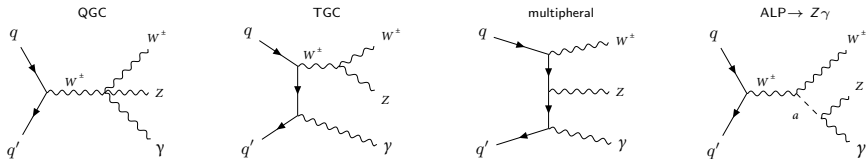
- Limits on axion-like particles

- 3 charged leptons from

$$WZ \rightarrow \nu\ell\nu\ell', \ell\ell' = e, \mu + 1 \gamma$$



paper: Fig. 3a



paper: Fig. 1

Region	$N_\ell$	$N_\gamma$	$N_{\text{OSF}}$	$N_{\text{Mag}}$	MET [GeV]	$p_T\{\ell_{Z1}, \ell_{Z2}, \ell_W, \ell_4\}$ [GeV]	$\min(m(\ell\ell'))$ [GeV]	$ m(\ell_{Z1}, \ell_{Z2}) - m_Z $ [GeV]	$m(\ell_{Z1}, \ell_{Z2}, \ell_W)$ [GeV]	$m(l_W, \gamma)$ [GeV]
SR	=3	$\geq 1$	$\geq 1$	=0	>30	>{25,15,25}	>4	<15	>100	<75 or >105
ZZ CR	=4	—	$\geq 1$	=0	<30	>{25,15,25,15}	>4	<15	>100	—
Nonprompt $\ell$ CR	=3	—	$\geq 1$	>0	>30	>{25,15,25}	>4	>15	>100	—
Nonprompt $\gamma$ CR	=2	$\geq 1$	=1	>0	<30	>{25,15}	>4	>15	—	—

paper: Tab 1

- Limits on 6 dim-8 aQGC operators (Eboli basis)
- SM-EFT interference and pure EFT terms considered
- Using invariant mass  $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$
- Quadratic function fit to ratio of aQGC / SM yields in final  $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$  bin
- Unitarity bound determined with  $\mathcal{M}$  VBFNLO framework
- No significant deviation from SM observed

Operators	Observed limits [ TeV <sup>-4</sup> ]	Expected limits [ TeV <sup>-4</sup> ]	Unitarity bound [ TeV ]
$F_{T,0}/\Lambda^4$	[-2.60, 2.60]	[-2.52, 2.52]	1.32
$F_{T,1}/\Lambda^4$	[-3.28, 3.24]	[-3.18, 3.14]	1.48
$F_{T,2}/\Lambda^4$	[-7.15, 7.05]	[-6.95, 6.85]	1.35
$F_{T,5}/\Lambda^4$	[-2.54, 2.56]	[-2.46, 2.50]	1.55
$F_{T,6}/\Lambda^4$	[-3.18, 3.22]	[-3.08, 3.14]	1.61
$F_{T,7}/\Lambda^4$	[-6.85, 7.05]	[-6.65, 6.85]	1.71

## EFT constraints by presented analyses:

- **ATLAS** Charged-Current DY at High  $M_T$ : 4 dim-6 fermionic operators
- **ATLAS** VVZ: 4 dim-8 mixed (M) operators
- **ATLAS**  $Z\gamma$  nTGC: 4 dim-8 nTGC coefficients & form factors
- **ATLAS** Semileptonic VBS ( $VVjj$ ): 18 dim-8 aQGC operators
- **CMS** Semileptonic VBS ( $ZVjj$ ): 20 dim-8 aQGC operators
- **CMS**  $WZ\gamma$ : 6 dim-8 transverse (T) aQGC operators

## Outlook

- Many EFT constraints set with full Run 2 dataset
- Run 3: Promising for EFT with more statistics and higher  $\sqrt{s}$

# Appendix



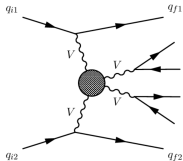
# aQGC Dimension 8 EFT Operators (Eboli Basis)

## Eboli basis

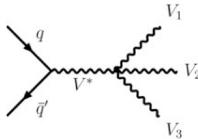
- 21 Operators
- Parametrize anomalous quartic gauge couplings (aQGC)

## Experimental handles:

Vector boson scattering (VBS)



Triboson production



## Contributions to vertices of 4 bosons:

	allowed at tree-level SM					not allowed				
	WWWW	WWZZ	WWZγ	WWγγ	ZZZZ	ZZZγ	ZZγγ	Zγγγ	γγγγ	
$\mathcal{O}_{S,0}, \mathcal{O}_{S,1}$	✓	✓			✓					
$\mathcal{O}_{M,0}, \mathcal{O}_{M,1}, \mathcal{O}_{M,8}, \mathcal{O}_{M,7}$			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
$\mathcal{O}_{M,2}, \mathcal{O}_{M,3}, \mathcal{O}_{M,4}, \mathcal{O}_{M,5}$		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
$\mathcal{O}_{T,0}, \mathcal{O}_{T,1}, \mathcal{O}_{T,2}$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
$\mathcal{O}_{T,5}, \mathcal{O}_{T,6}, \mathcal{O}_{T,7}$		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
$\mathcal{O}_{T,8}, \mathcal{O}_{T,9}$					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Falke

## S (scalar) operators

affect longitudinal polarization

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{S,0} &= [(D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger D_\nu \Phi] \times [(D^\mu \Phi)^\dagger D^\nu \Phi] \\ \mathcal{O}_{S,1} &= [(D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger D^\mu \Phi] \times [(D_\nu \Phi)^\dagger D^\nu \Phi] \\ \mathcal{O}_{S,2} &= [(D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger D_\nu \Phi] \times [(D^\nu \Phi)^\dagger D^\mu \Phi] \end{aligned}$$

## T (transverse) operators

affect transverse polarization

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{T,0} &= \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\mu\nu} \widehat{W}^{\mu\nu}] \times \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\alpha\beta} \widehat{W}^{\alpha\beta}], & \mathcal{O}_{T,1} &= \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\alpha\nu} \widehat{W}^{\nu\beta}] \times \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\mu\beta} \widehat{W}^{\alpha\mu}] \\ \mathcal{O}_{T,2} &= \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\alpha\mu} \widehat{W}^{\mu\beta}] \times \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\beta\nu} \widehat{W}^{\nu\alpha}], & \mathcal{O}_{T,3} &= \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\mu\nu} \widehat{W}^{\mu\nu}] \times B_{\alpha\beta} B^{\alpha\beta} \\ \mathcal{O}_{T,6} &= \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\alpha\nu} \widehat{W}^{\nu\beta}] \times B_{\beta\mu} B^{\alpha\mu}, & \mathcal{O}_{T,7} &= \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\alpha\mu} \widehat{W}^{\mu\beta}] \times B_{\beta\nu} B^{\nu\alpha} \\ \mathcal{O}_{T,8} &= B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} B_{\alpha\beta} B^{\alpha\beta}, & \mathcal{O}_{T,9} &= B_{\alpha\mu} B^{\mu\beta} B_{\beta\nu} B^{\nu\alpha}. \end{aligned}$$

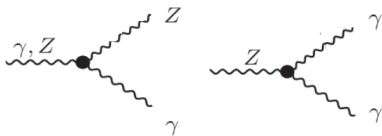
## M (mixed) operators

affect mixed polarization

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{M,0} &= \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\mu\nu} \widehat{W}^{\mu\nu}] \times [(D_\beta \Phi)^\dagger D^\beta \Phi], & \mathcal{O}_{M,1} &= \text{Tr} [\widehat{W}_{\mu\nu} \widehat{W}^{\nu\beta}] \times [(D_\beta \Phi)^\dagger D^\mu \Phi] \\ \mathcal{O}_{M,2} &= [B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}] \times [(D_\beta \Phi)^\dagger D^\beta \Phi], & \mathcal{O}_{M,3} &= [B_{\mu\nu} B^{\nu\beta}] \times [(D_\beta \Phi)^\dagger D^\mu \Phi] \\ \mathcal{O}_{M,4} &= (D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger \widehat{W}_{\beta\nu} D^\mu \Phi \times B^{\beta\nu}, & \mathcal{O}_{M,5} &= [(D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger \widehat{W}_{\beta\nu} D^\mu \Phi] \times B^{\beta\mu} + \text{h.c.} \\ \mathcal{O}_{M,7} &= (D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger \widehat{W}_{\beta\nu} \widehat{W}^{\beta\mu} D^\nu \Phi. & & \end{aligned}$$

Eboli et al.

Trilinear coupling between Z and photons



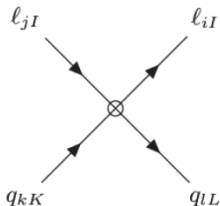
$$\mathcal{O}_{BW} = i H^\dagger B_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\rho} \{D_\rho, D^\nu\} H,$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{WW} = i H^\dagger W_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\rho} \{D_\rho, D^\nu\} H,$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{BB} = i H^\dagger B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\rho} \{D_\rho, D^\nu\} H.$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\tilde{B}W} = i H^\dagger \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\rho} \{D_\rho, D^\nu\} H,$$

# Fermionic Dim-6 Operators: Examples (Warsaw Basis)



$$i(C_{\ell q}^{(1)ijkl} \delta_{IJ} \delta_{KL} + C_{\ell q}^{(3)ijkl} \tau_{IJ}^a \tau_{LK}^a) \gamma^\alpha P_L \otimes \gamma_\alpha P_L$$

PhysRevD.105.096040

$c_{Hl}^{(3)}$

$$(H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H) (\bar{l}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu l_r)$$



$c_{Hq}^{(3)}$

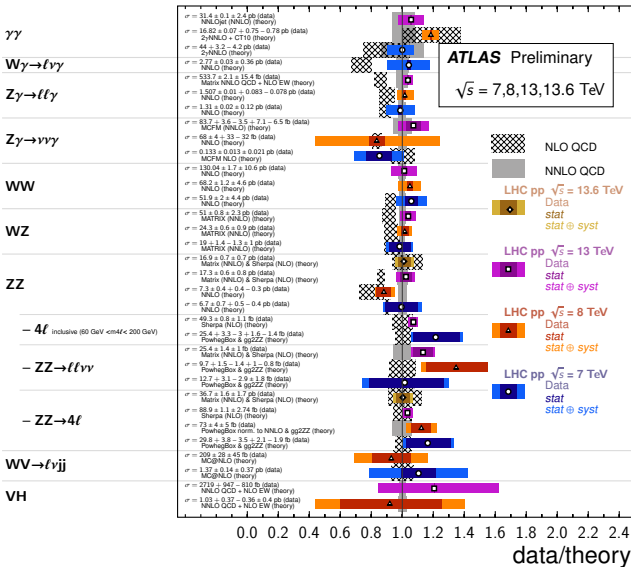
$$(H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H) (\bar{q}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r)$$



S. Falke

## Diboson Cross Section Measurements

Status: June 2024



$\int \mathcal{L} dt$ [fb <sup>-1</sup> ]	Reference
139	JHEP 11 (2021) 169
20.2	PRD 95 (2017) 112005
4.9	JHEP 01, 086 (2013)
4.6	PRD 87, 112003 (2013) arXiv:1407.1618
36.1	JHEP 03 (2020) 054
20.3	PRD 93, 112002 (2016) arXiv:1407.1618
4.6	PRD 87, 112003 (2013) arXiv:1407.1618
36.1	JHEP 12 (2018) 010
20.3	PRD 93, 112002 (2016)
4.6	PRD 87, 112003 (2013)
36.1	EPJ C 79 (2019) 884
20.3	PLB 763, 114 (2016)
4.6	PRD 87 (2013), 112001 PLB 113 (2014), 212001
36.1	EPJ C 79 (2019) 535
20.3	PRD 93, 092004 (2016)
4.6	EPJ C 72 (2012) 2173
29.0	PLB 855 (2024) 138764
36.1	PRD 97 (2018) 032005
20.3	JHEP 01 (2017) 099
4.6	JHEP 03 (2013) 128 PLB 735 (2014) 311
139	JHEP 07 (2021) 005
4.6	JHEP 03 (2013) 128
36.1	JHEP 10 (2019) 127
20.3	JHEP 10 (2019) 127
4.6	JHEP 03 (2013) 128
29.0	PLB 855 (2024) 138764
139	JHEP 07 (2021) 005
20.3	PLB 753 (2016) 552-572
4.6	JHEP 03 (2013) 128
20.2	EPJ C 77 (2017) 563
4.6	JHEP 01 (2015) 049
36.1	JHEP 12 (2017) 024
20.3	EPJ C 76 (2016) 6

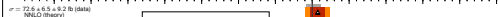
## VBF, VBS, and Triboson Cross Section Measurements

Status: June 2024

$\int \mathcal{L} dt$   
[fb<sup>-1</sup>]

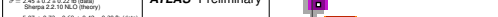
Reference

$\gamma\gamma\gamma$



20.2 PLB 781 (2018) 55

$Z\gamma\gamma \rightarrow t\ell\gamma\gamma$



139 EPJC 83 (2023) 539  
PRD 93, 112002 (2016)

$W\gamma\gamma \rightarrow t\nu\gamma\gamma$



140 PLB 848 (2024) 138400  
20.3 PRL 115, 031802 (2015)

$WW\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\mu\gamma$



20.2 EPJC 77 (2017) 646

$WZ\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\mu\gamma$



140 arXiv:2305.16994

$WWW$ , (tot.)



139 PRL 129 (2022) 061803  
20.3 EPJC 77 (2017) 141

$WWZ$ , (tot.)



79.8 PLB 798 (2019) 134913

$Hjj$  VBF



139 Nature 607, pages 52-59 (2022)

$Wjj$  EWK



20.3 EPJC 76 (2016) 6

$Zjj$  EWK



20.2 EPJC 77 (2017) 474  
139 EPJC 81 (2021) 163

$Z\gamma jj$  EWK



20.3 JHEP 04, 031 (2014)  
140 PLB 846 (2023) 138222  
20.3 JHEP 07 (2017) 107

$W\gamma jj$  EWK



140 arXiv:2403.02809

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$



139 PLB 816 (2021) 136190  
20.2 PRD 94 (2016) 032011

$(WV+ZV)jj$  EWK



35.5 PRD 100, 032007 (2019)

$W^+W^-jj$  EWK



140 arXiv:2403.04869

$W^\pm W^\pm jj$  EWK



139 EPJC 84 (2024) 026  
20.3 PRD 96, 012007 (2017)

$WZjj$  EWK



140 arXiv:2403.15296

$ZZjj$  EWK



20.3 PRD 93 (2016) 092004  
139 Nature Phys. 19 (2023) 237

ATLAS Preliminary  
 $\sqrt{s} = 8,13 \text{ TeV}$

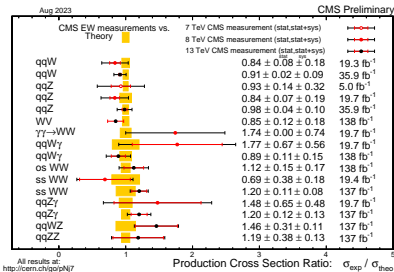
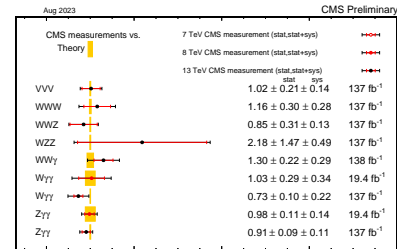
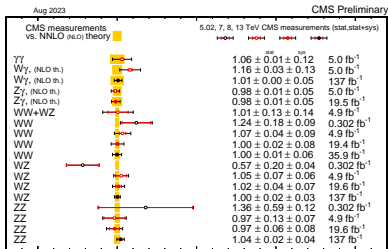
Theory

LHC pp  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$   
Data  
stat  
stat @ syst

LHC pp  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$   
Data  
stat  
stat @ syst

0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5  
data/theory

# CMS Diboson & Triboson & VBS



☞ CMS-SM-Summary-Plots