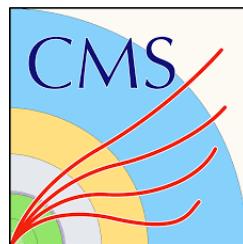

Recent Experimental EFT Results in the Top Quark sector

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Austrian Academy of Science (Hephy)

On behalf of CMS and ATLAS Collaborations

April 2025 - LHC@SM Workshop , Durham



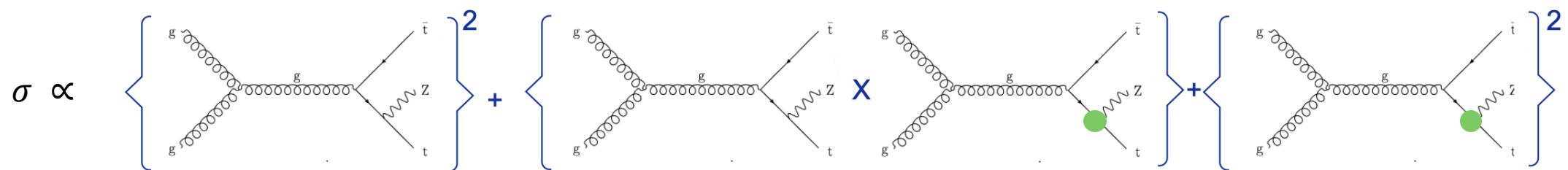
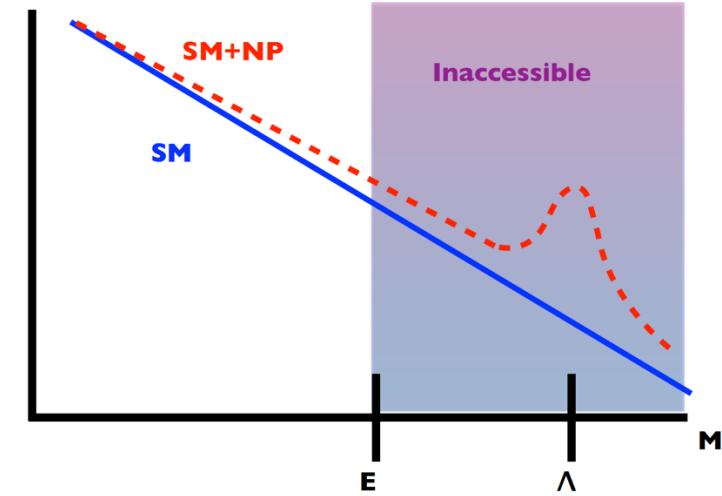
SMEFT - a look into new physics

- No direct BSM observed → need a **model-independent** handle on subtle deviations
- SMEFT extends the SM with higher-dimensional operators:

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)} + \sum_{i,D} c_i^{(D)} \frac{\mathcal{O}_i^{(D)}}{\Lambda^{D-4}}$$

- C_i : Wilson coefficients, encode strength of new physics
- Λ : New physics scale

- EFT series can be truncated at different orders with different dependence on the cut-off scales



Why the Top Quark?

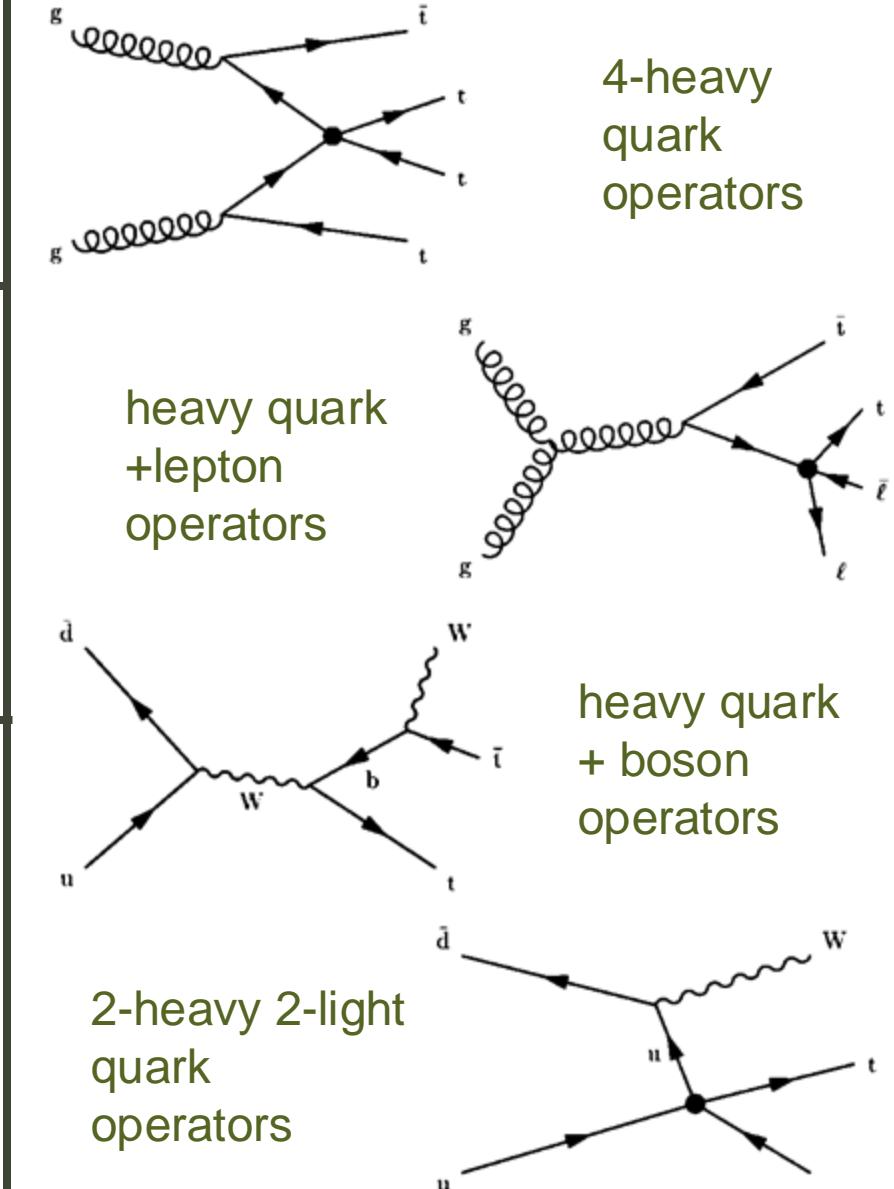
Heaviest:
likely the first to
feel BSM effects

(mostly ☺) Unhadronized:
spin and decay structure
preserved

Couples to everything:
gauge, Higgs, flavour
sectors

Accessible in many ways:

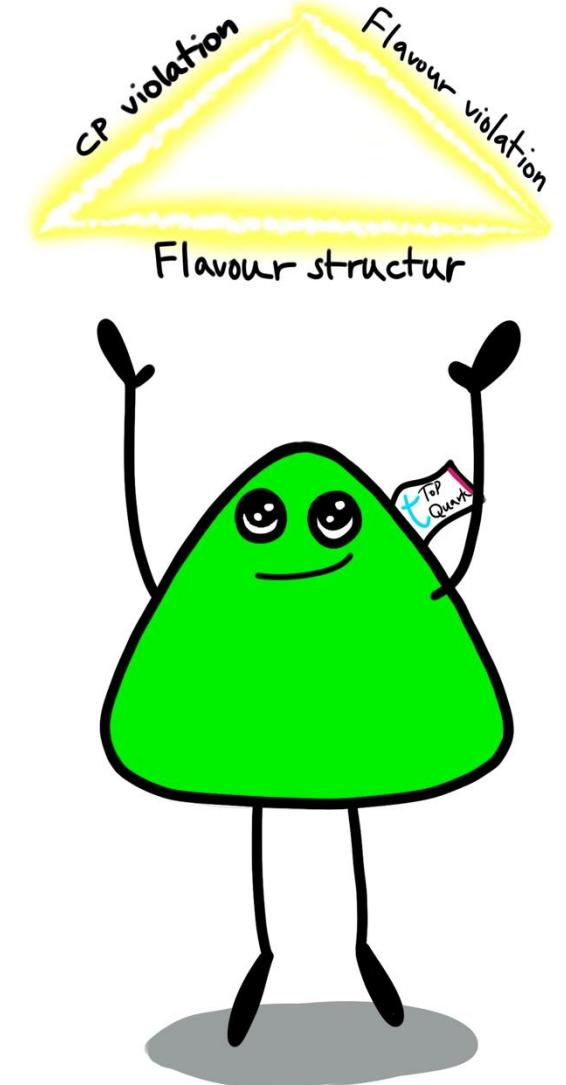
- Strong ($t\bar{t}$, 4t),
- electroweak (ttZ , tWZ),
- rare (same-sign tt)



In this talk

EFT is a relatively general method. Each corner probes a distinct facet of the SMEFT landscape. This talk focuses on Top physics

- **Flavour Structure**
 - CMS Z-quark coupling in $t\bar{t}Z/WZ/ZZ$
 - ATLAS lepton-quark coupling in $t\bar{t}\ell\ell$
- **CP Violation** – CMS CP-odd observables $t\bar{t}Z$
- **Flavour Violation** – ATLAS same-sign tops

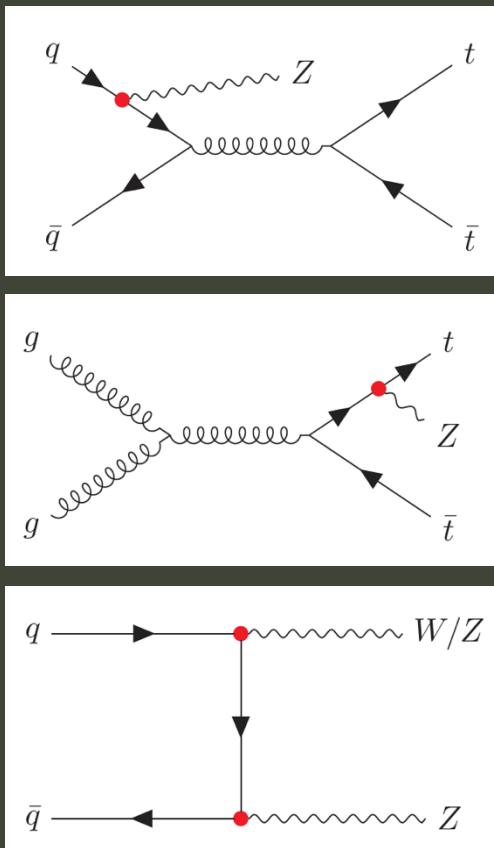


Measurement of the flavour structure of EFT couplings in multilepton final states



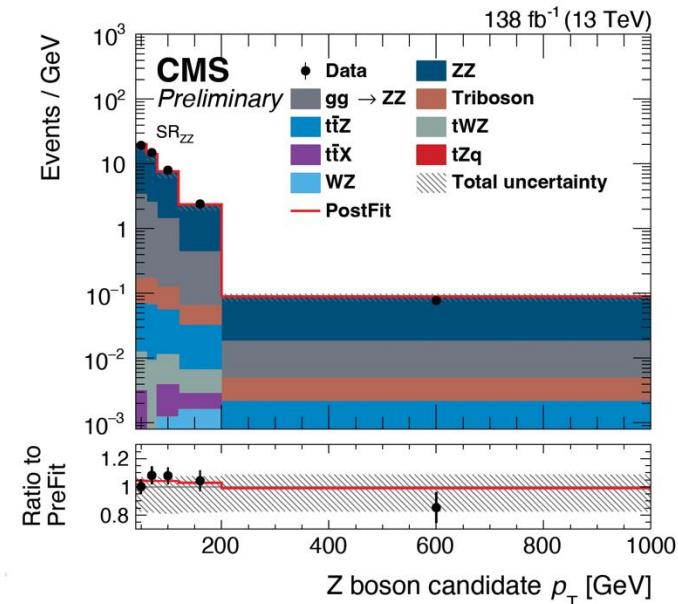
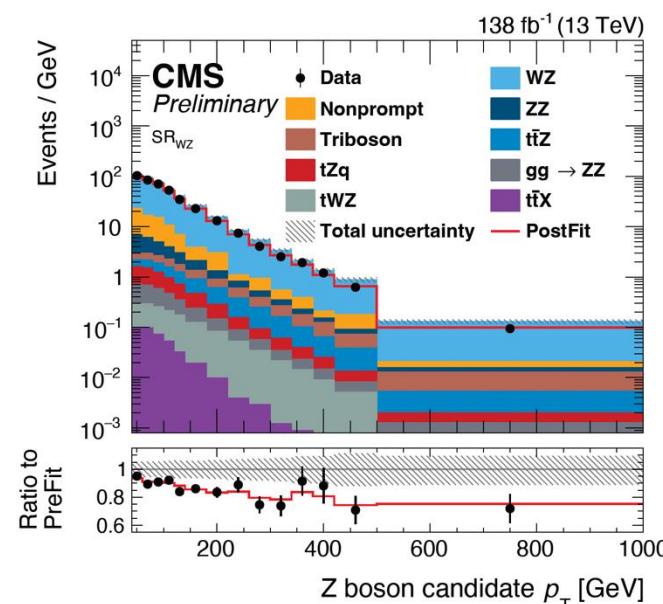
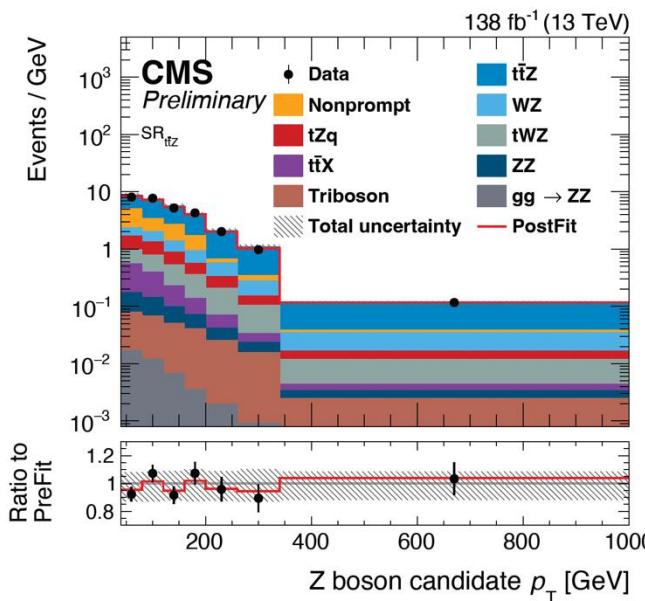
- Goal: Simultaneously constrain the **flavour structure** of dimension-6 EFT operators involving quark-Z couplings
- Investigating $b \rightarrow s\ell\ell$ anomalies observed by LHCb that violate flavour universality
- Reparametrize 2 coefficients to make the interpretation cleaner :
 - $C_{\phi q}^{(-)} = C_{\phi q}^{(1)} - C_{\phi q}^{(3)}$ → pure Z coupling
 - $C_{\phi q}^{(3)}$ → includes W coupling effects
- A RunII CMS analysis

Operator	Definition	WC
$O_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{q} \gamma^\mu q)$	$C_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$
$O_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{q} \gamma^\mu \tau^I q)$	$C_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$
$O_{\varphi u}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u} \gamma^\mu u)$	$C_{\varphi u}$
$O_{\varphi d}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{d} \gamma^\mu d)$	$C_{\varphi d}$
O_W	$\epsilon^{ijk} W_\mu^{i\nu} W_\nu^{j\rho} W_\rho^{k\mu}$	C_W
$O_{\widetilde{W}}$	$\epsilon^{ijk} \widetilde{W}_\mu^{i\nu} W_\nu^{j\rho} W_\rho^{k\mu}$	$C_{\widetilde{W}}$



Analysis strategy:

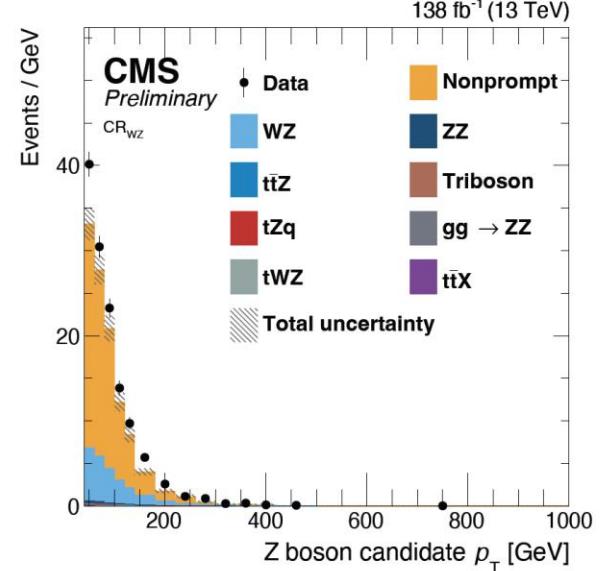
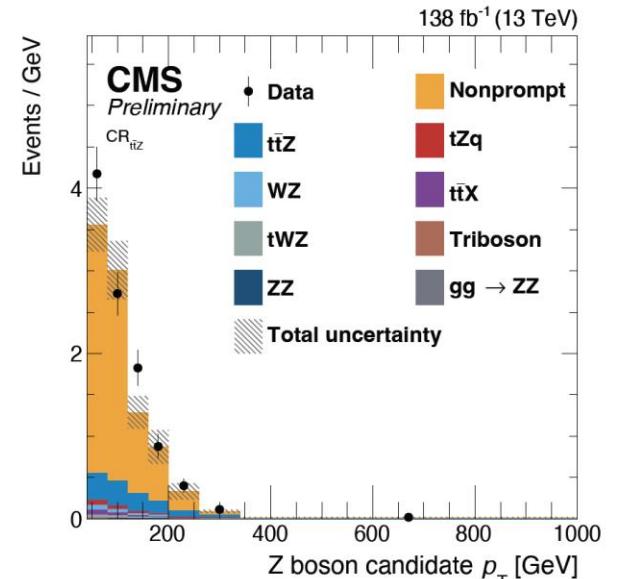
- Each EFT operator is described by a 3×3 matrix. Only flavour diagonal entries are considered
- Divided into **heavy**(3rd generation) vs **light** (1st and 2nd generation)
- **ttZ:**
 - Sensitive to 3rd gen via top radiation
 - but also to 1st/2nd gen via ISR diagrams!
- **WZ, ZZ:**
 - Clean light-quark probes $\rightarrow Z/W$ from initial-state u/d/s quarks.



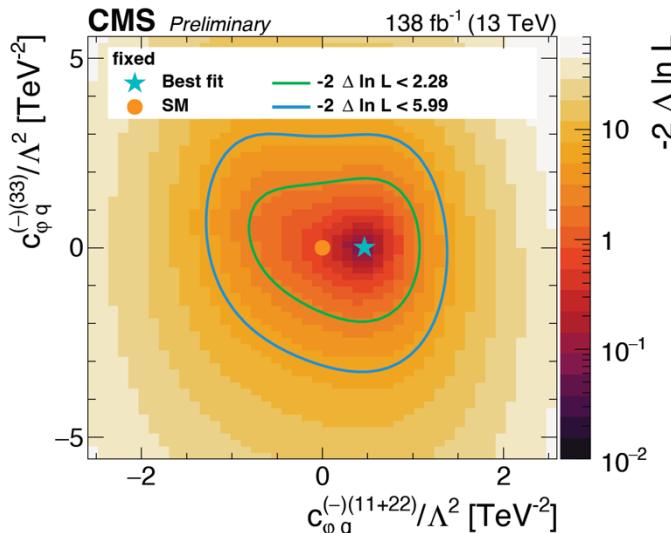
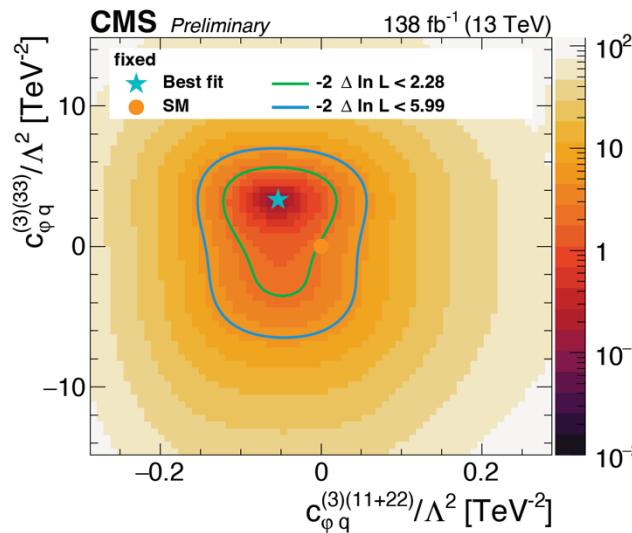
- Final states: **Multilepton** ($\geq 3e/\mu$), from **$t\bar{t}Z$, WZ , and ZZ** production.
- Simultaneous likelihood fit across **3 SRs** → flavour disentanglement of WC couplings.

Key Uncertainties:

- Lepton fake rates
 - Derived in single lepton regions
- Largest impacts from normalization uncertainties

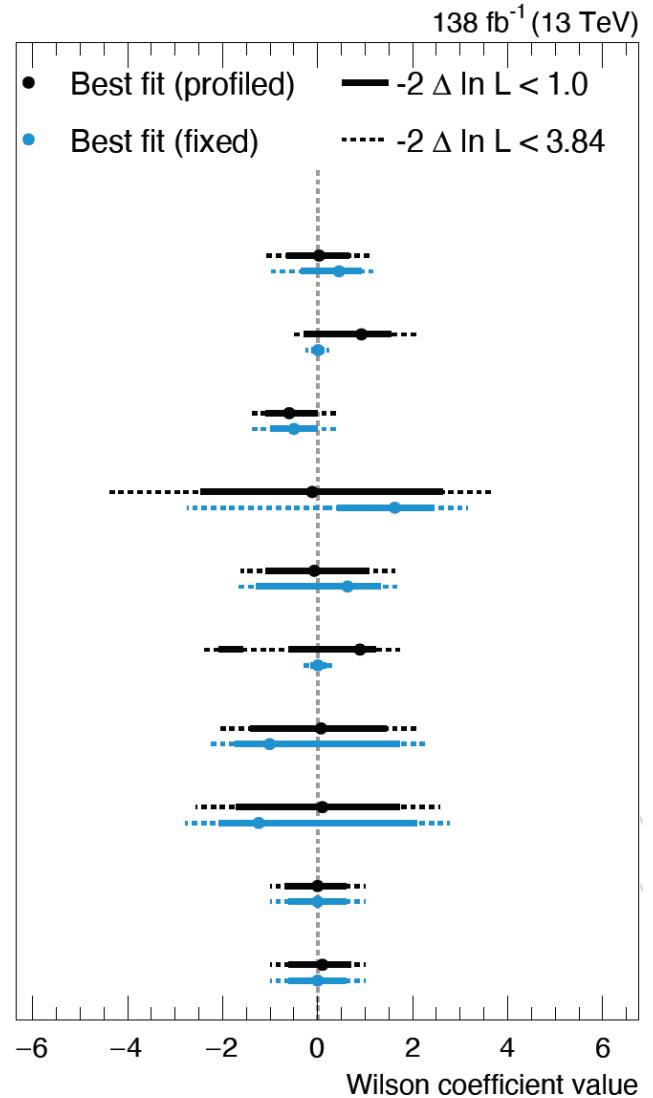


- All WCs **consistent with the SM**(i.e., zero) within 95% CL.
- Most EFT analyses previously lumped all generations together or only considered top/bottom couplings
- This analysis distinguishes **first/second generation** from **third generation** couplings



CMS
Preliminary

$c_{\varphi q}^{(-)(11+22)}$
 $c_{\varphi q}^{(-)(33)} \times 0.1$
 $c_{\varphi q}^{(3)(11+22)} \times 10.0$
 $c_{\varphi q}^{(3)(33)} \times 0.5$
 $c_{\varphi u}^{(11+22)}$
 $c_{\varphi u}^{(33)} \times 0.1$
 $c_{\varphi d}^{(11+22)}$
 $c_{\varphi d}^{(33)} \times 0.1$
 c_W
 $c_{\tilde{W}} \times 10.0$

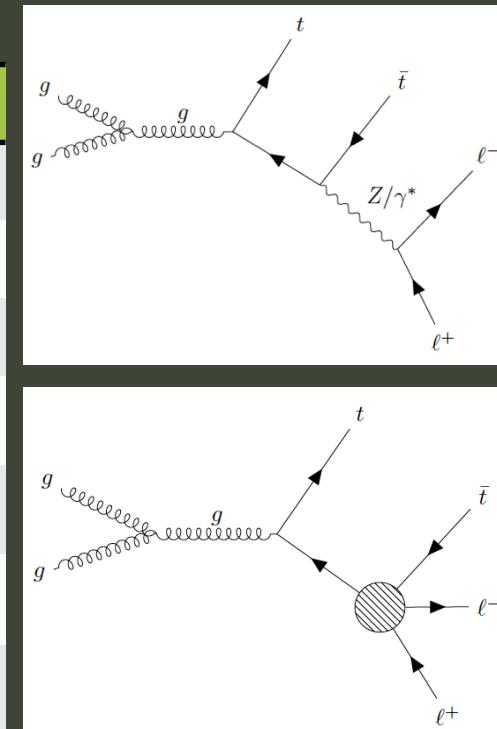


Measurement of high-mass $t\bar{t}\ell^+\ell^-$ production and Lepton Flavour Universality-inspired EFT interpretations



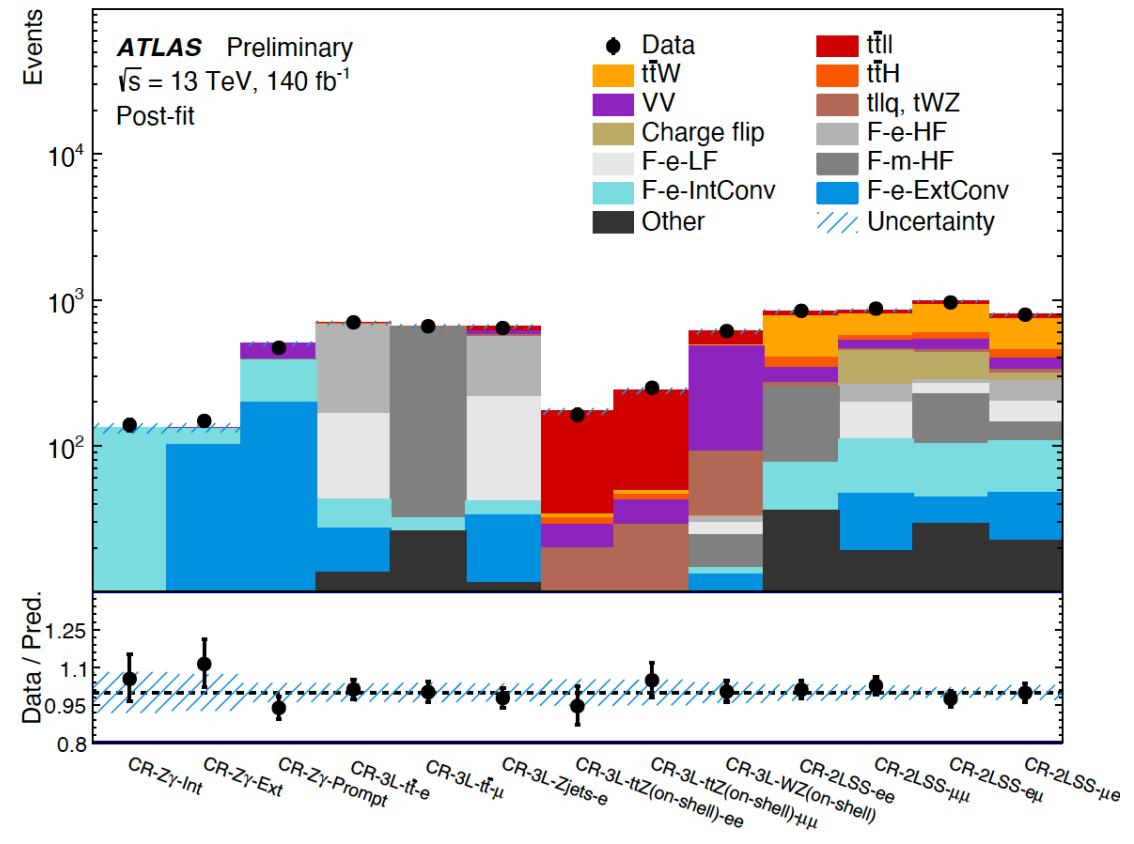
- New ATLAS measurement of off-shell $t\bar{t}\ell^+\ell^-$
- Targets high dilepton mass: $m_{\ell\ell} > 101.2 \text{ GeV}$
- Lepton Flavour Universality (LFU) tested via **flavour-separated** and **flavour-relative** EFT fits
- Operators include lepton-quark currents categorized by chiralities: RR, RL, LR, LL (singlet & triplet)
- A Run II ATLAS analysis

Operator	Definition	WC
O_{te}	$(\bar{e}_P \gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{t} \gamma^\mu t)$	C_{te}
O_{Qe}	$(\bar{Q} \gamma_\mu Q)(\bar{e}_P \gamma^\mu e_r)$	C_{Qe}
O_{tl}	$(\bar{l}_P \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{t} \gamma^\mu t)$	C_{tl}
$O_{Ql}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_P \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{Q} \gamma^\mu Q)$	$C_{Ql}^{(1)}$
$O_{Ql}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_P \sigma^i \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{Q} \sigma^i \gamma^\mu Q)$	$C_{Ql}^{(3)}$
$O_{leQt}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_P^j e_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{Q}^k t)$	$C_{leQt}^{(1)}$
$O_{leQt}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_P^j \sigma_{\mu\nu} e_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{Q}^k \sigma^{\mu\nu} t)$	$C_{leQt}^{(3)}$

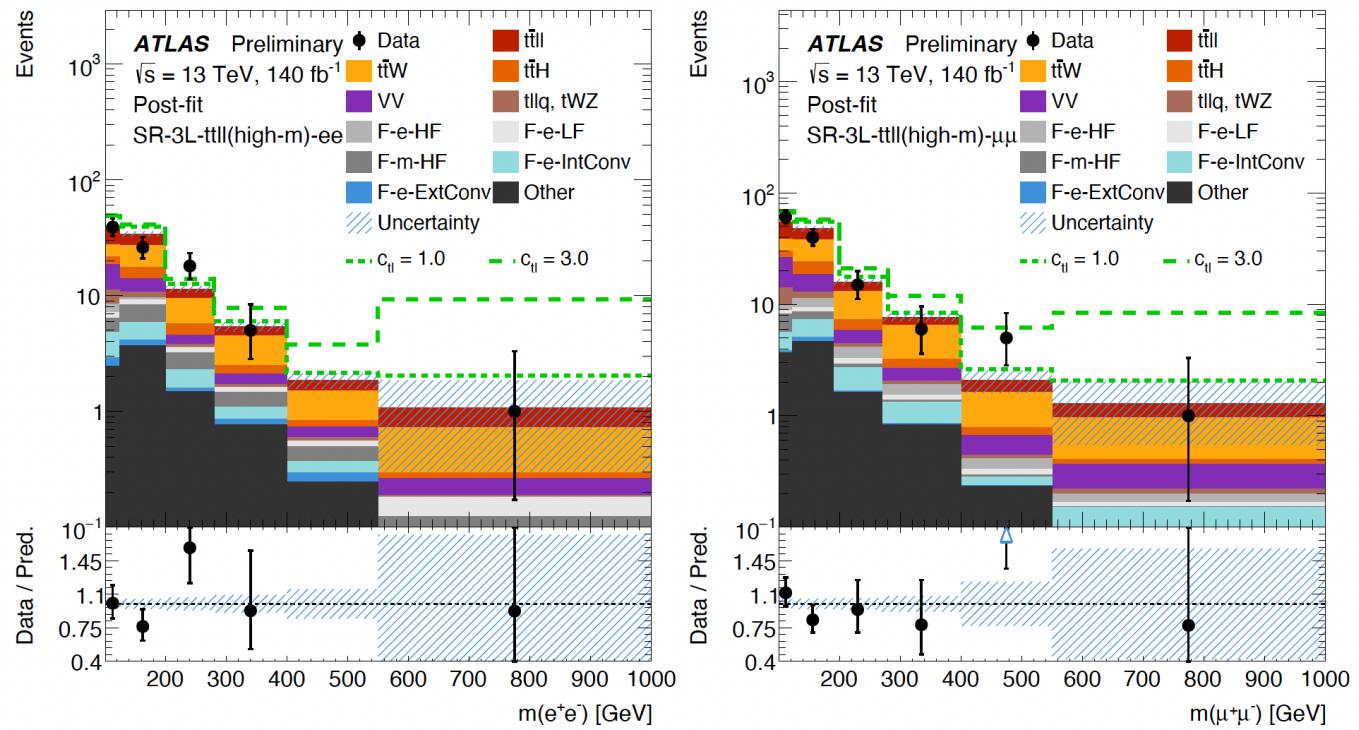


Event Selection & Region Strategy:

- Signal: 3-lepton final states, ≥ 1 OSSF pair,
- Requires ≥ 3 jets (≥ 1 b-tag)
- Signal split into ee and $\mu\mu$ for LFU sensitivity
- High-mass bins used to maximize impact.
- 13 Control Regions :
 - Constrain dominant backgrounds: ttZ, WZ, photon conversions, fakes
 - CRs binned in key observables (e.g., p_T^{l1} , m_T) for shape constraints



- 3 EFT fit modes:
 - **Flavour-inclusive**: shared WC across all lepton flavours
 - **Flavour-split**: independent WCs for e and μ
 - **Flavour-relative**: test $C^e - C^\mu$ for LFU violation

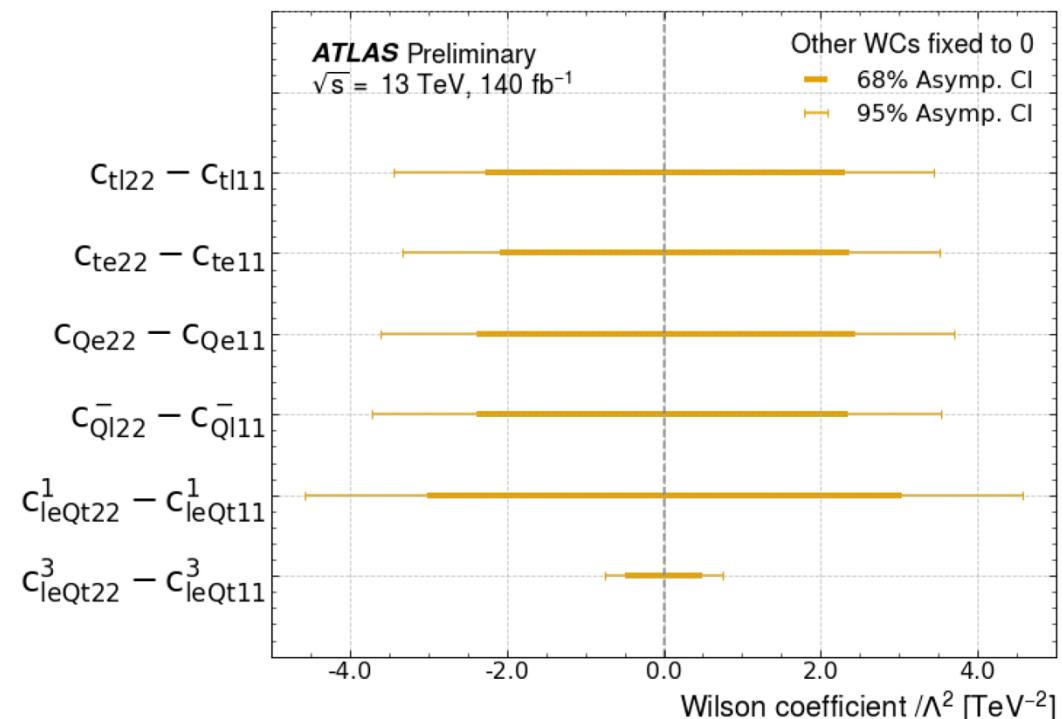
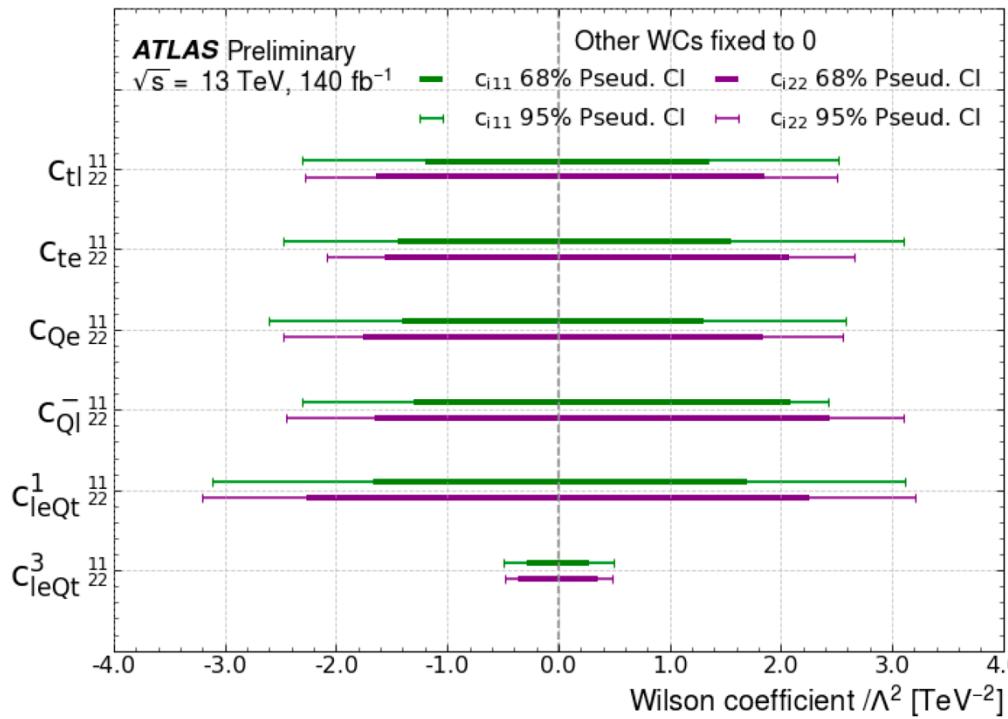


EFT Results:

- No significant deviation from the SM
- Wilson coefficients consistent with zero across all fit strategies

SM Signal Measurement:

- $\mu(t\bar{t}\ell^+\ell^-) = 1.0 +0.4 -0.5$

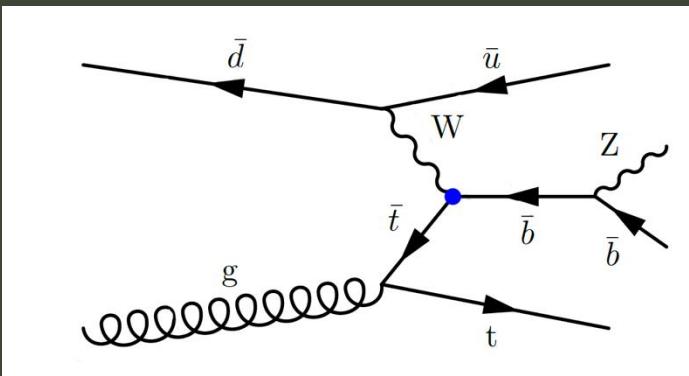
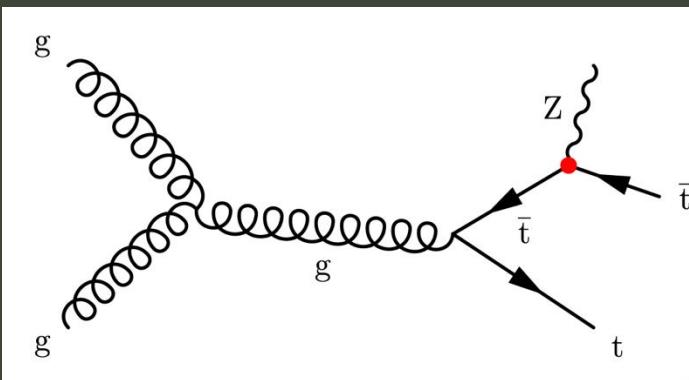


Search for CP violation in events with top quarks and Z bosons



- CP violation is essential to explain **baryon asymmetry**, yet the SM's only source is through CKM/PMNS phases—too small!
- This search targets **dimension-6 CP-odd EFT operators** (assuming that Wilson coefficients associated with CP-even operators are zero)
 - c_{tZ}^I : modifies $t\bar{t}Z$ vertex
 - c_{tW}^I : modifies tZq via tW coupling
- A RunII + early RunIII CMS analysis

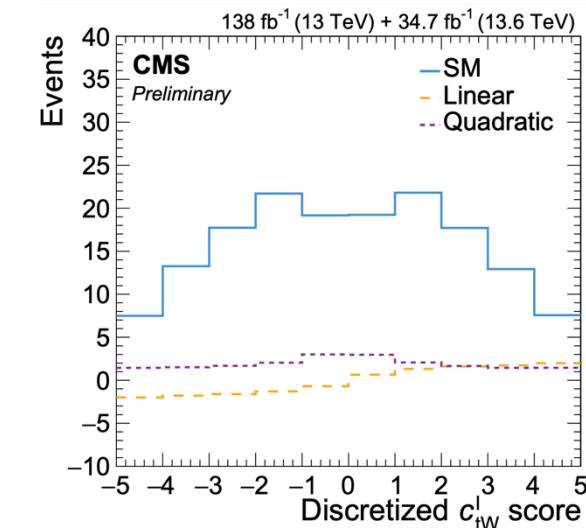
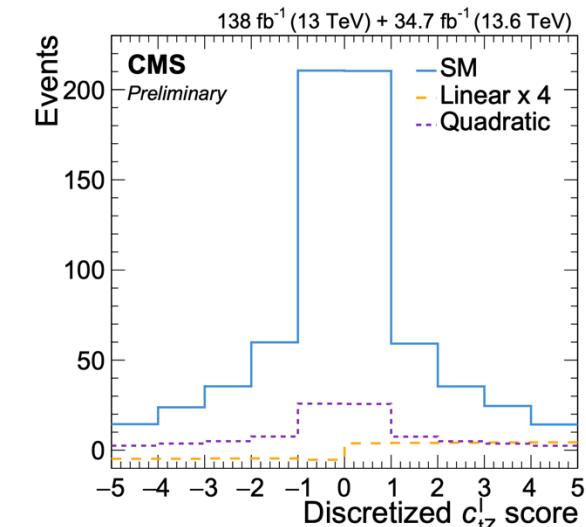
Operator	Definition	WC probed here
$O_{uW}^{(ij)}$	$(\bar{q}_i \sigma^{\mu\nu} \tau^I u_j) \tilde{\varphi} W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$C_{tW}^I = \text{Im}(C_{uW}^{(33)})$
$O_{uB}^{(ij)}$	$(\bar{q}_i \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_j) \tilde{\varphi} B_{\mu\nu}$	$C_{tZ}^I = \text{Im}(-s_W C_{uB}^{(33)} + c_W C_{uW}^{(33)})$



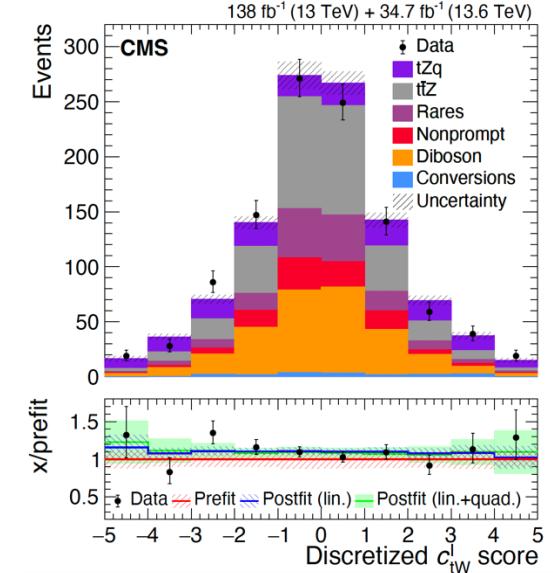
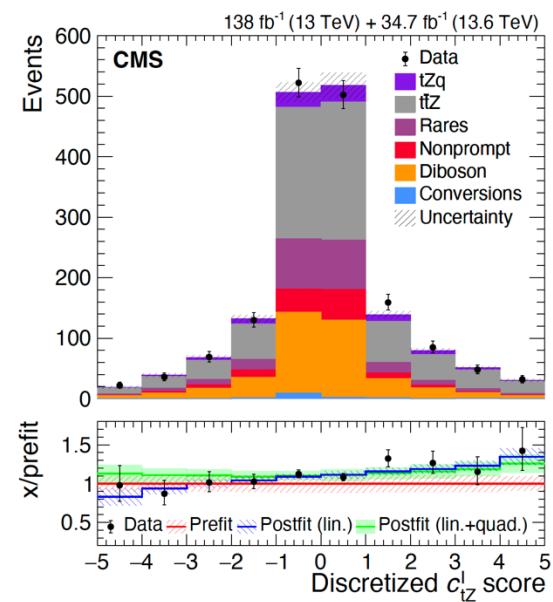
ML vs the Universe — Observables that Know Physics

- CMS pioneers the use of CP-odd observables in this topology!
- Observables constructed via CP-equivariant function :

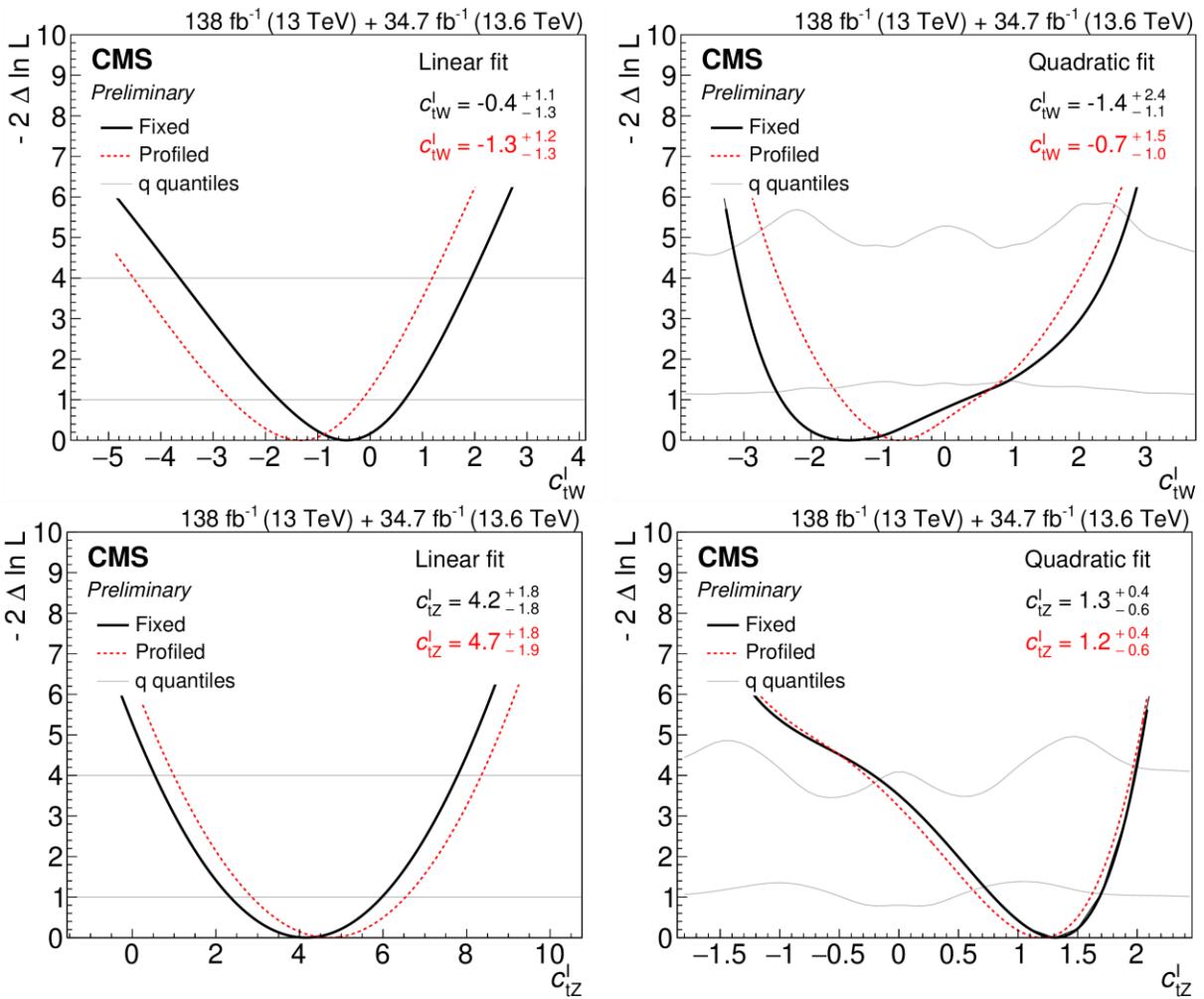
$$f_i(x) = g_i(x) - g_i(CP(x))$$
- Two networks trained separately:
 - g_{tZ} , sensitive to C_{tZ}^I
 - g_{tW} , sensitive to C_{tW}^I
- Each network output is a CP-odd score → should be symmetric under SM
- Asymmetry ≠ SM → a signature of new CPV physics



- Final state: 3-lepton + ≥ 2 jets (≥ 1 b-tag)
- include both signal and WZ events in the training
 \Rightarrow observables sensitive to
 - EFT effects present in the ttZ and tZq signal processes
 - discriminate between them and WZ (the leading source of backgrounds)
- Key Uncertainties:
 - Statistical uncertainty dominates – still systematics-limited in signal-rich regions
 - theoretical uncertainty on signal processes



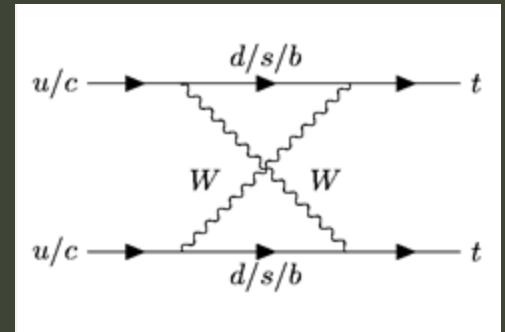
- Data mostly consistent with SM
- Observed 95% CL limits:
 - $-2.7 < C_{tW}^I < 2.5$
 - $-0.2 < C_{tZ}^I < 2.0$
- CP violation sensitivity is mostly driven by the linear term (interference with SM)
- First-ever limits on the linear (interference) term of C_{tZ}^I
- CPV observables open a new EFT testing ground
- Complementary to CP-even fits



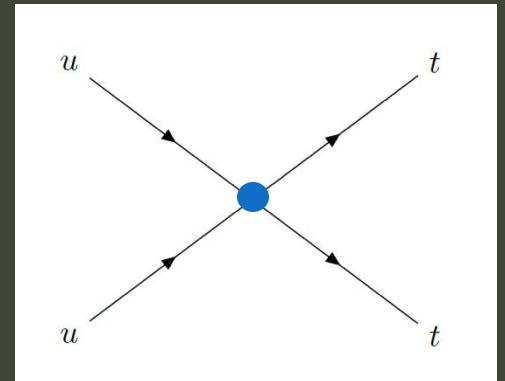
Search for same-charge top-quark pair production



- **Same-sign tt / tf production:**
 - Forbidden at LO in the Standard Model.
 - Only viable via ultra-rare $W^\pm W^\pm$ scattering $\rightarrow \sigma_{\text{SM}} \sim 10^{-15} \text{ pb}$.
 - Possible in SMEFT via **contact 4-fermion operators**.
- The EFT interpretation uses **flavour-universal** couplings
- A Run II ATLAS analysis



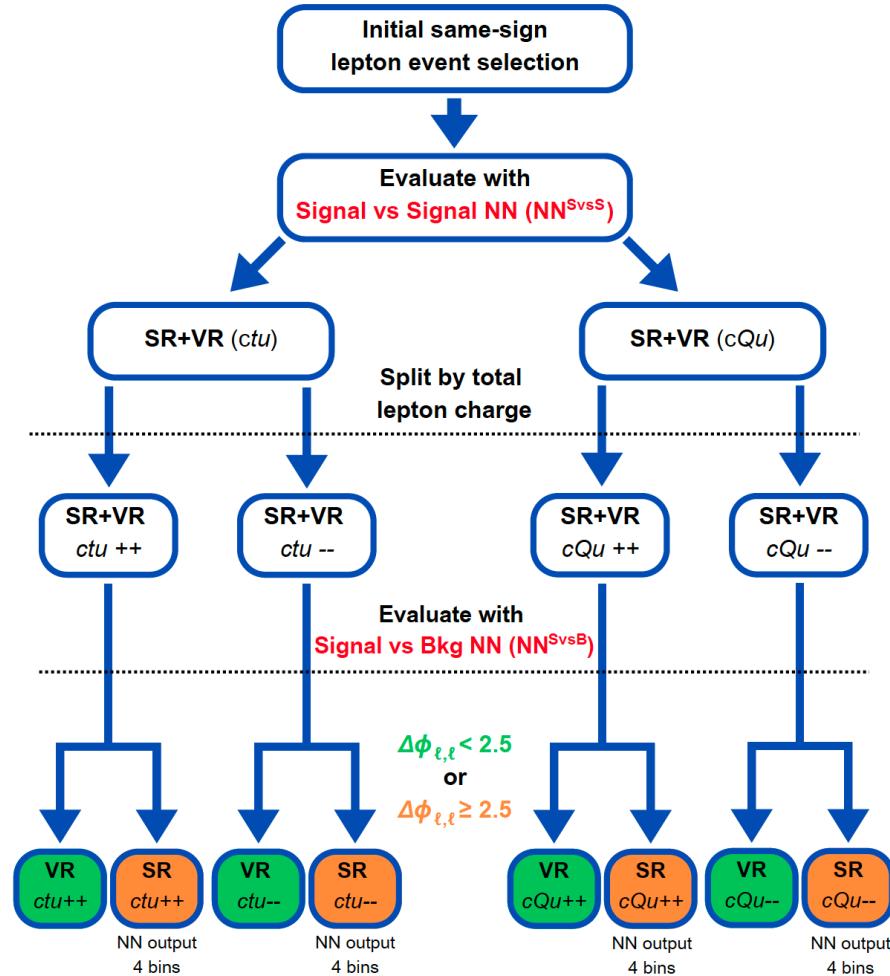
Operator	Definition	WC
$O_{tu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu u_R)(\bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu u_R)$	$C_{tu}^{(1)}$
$O_{Qu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L)(\bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu u_R)$	$C_{Qu}^{(1)}$
$O_{Qu}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu T^A q_L)(\bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu T^A u_R)$	$C_{Qu}^{(8)}$



ML for EFT: Sorting Quarks from Quirks

- First ever ATLAS analysis with **NN-based operator discrimination**:
- Analysis workflow:
 - Step 1: Neural Network (NN^{SvsS}) to separate c_{tu} vs c_{Qu} -like signals
 - Step 2: Split by total lepton charge (+/-)
 - Step 3 : Signal vs validation region based on the azimuthal angle between the two charged leptons
 - Step 4 : NN^{SvsB} used in SRs to reject background

\Rightarrow **4 Signal Regions (tu/Qu, +/-)**

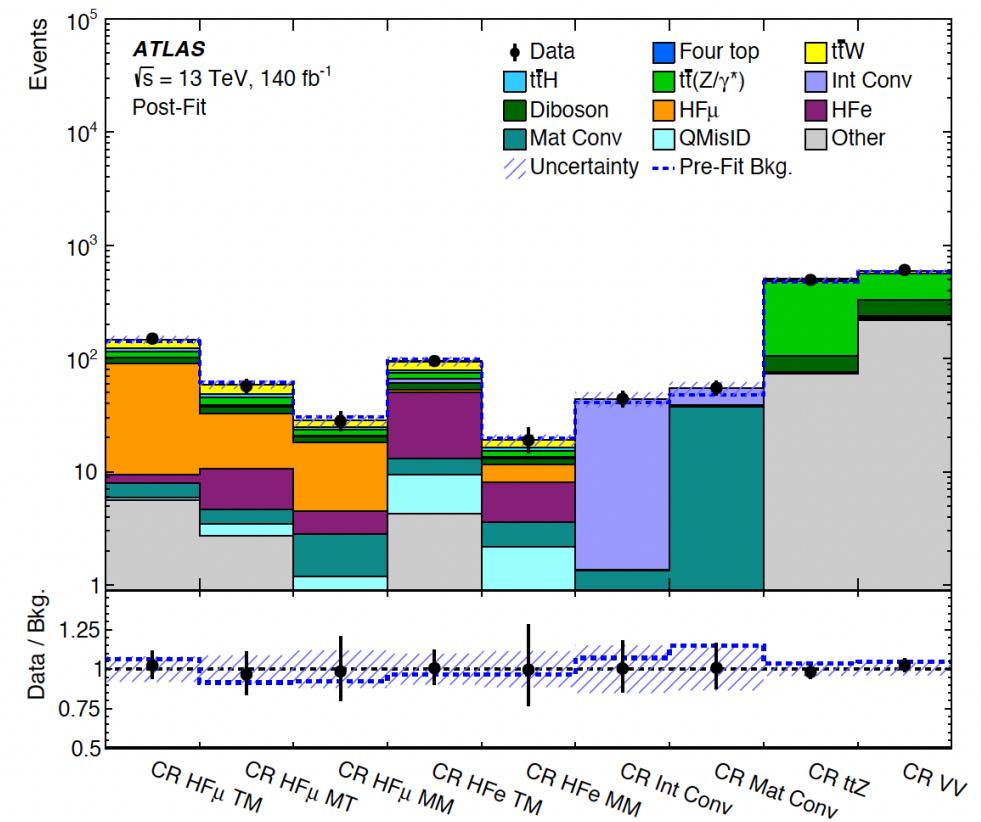


Background-Enriched Regions:

- ttW background (dominant): normalization constrained from the first bins of the SRs
- Dedicated CRs for irreducible backgrounds :
 - CR ttZ , CR VV
- Reducible backgrounds: Estimated using data-driven techniques
 - Seven CRs targeting Nonprompt leptons using lepton ID categories
 - Separate CRs for photon conversions

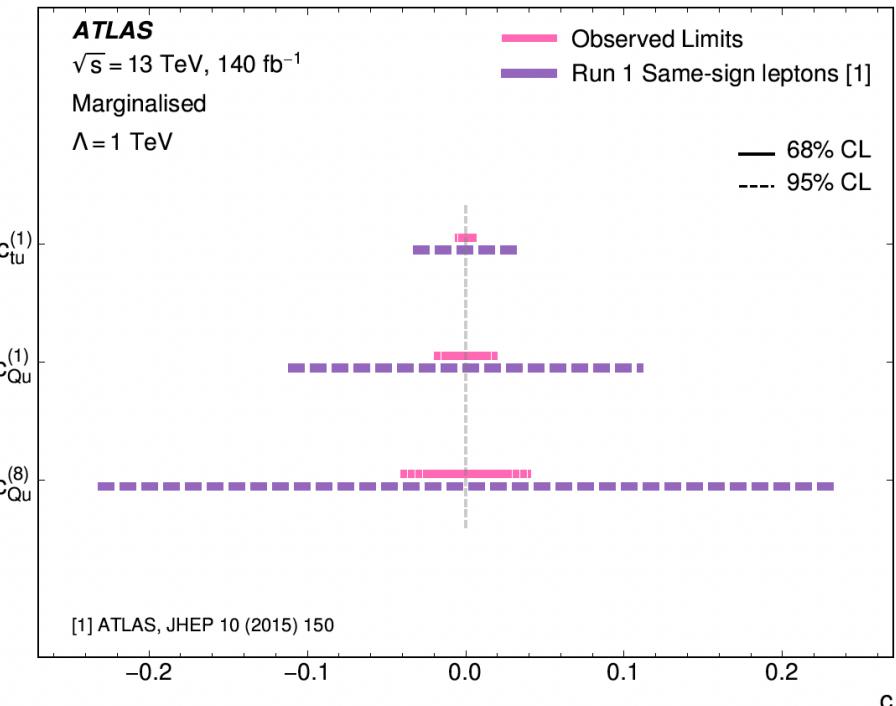
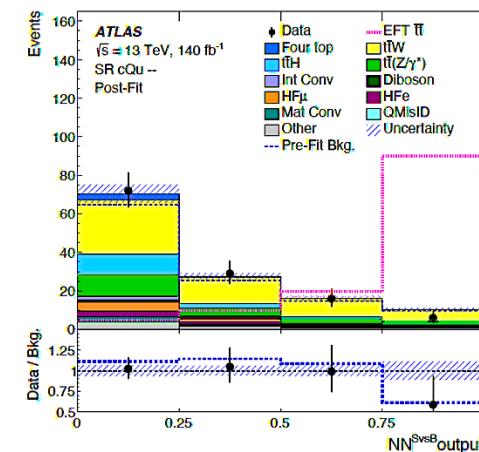
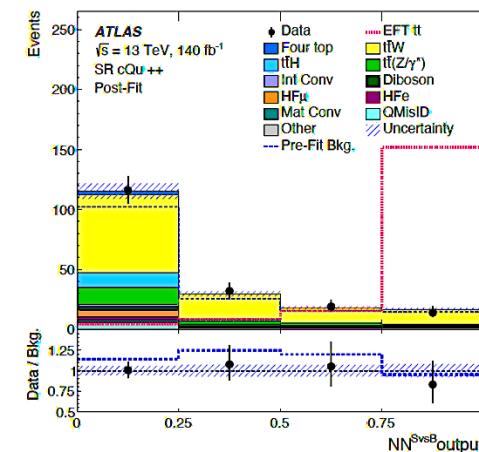
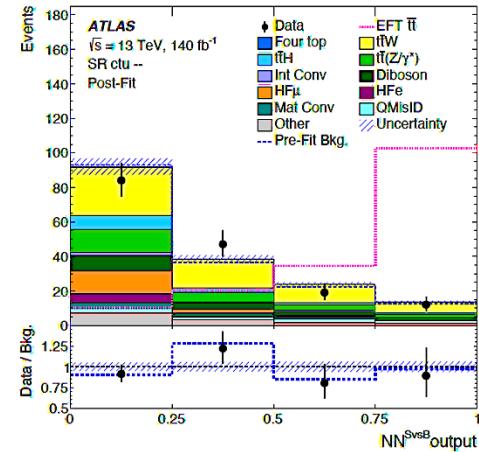
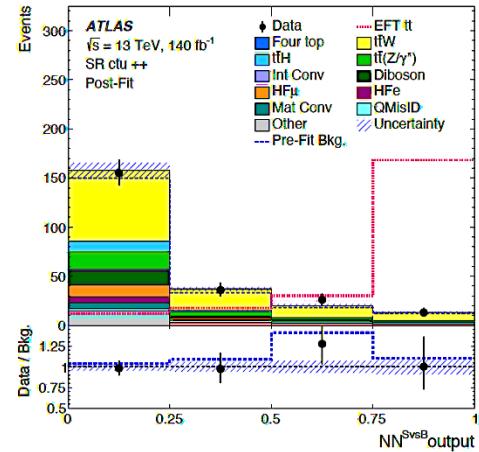
Major Uncertainties

- Statistical uncertainties
- ttW modelling



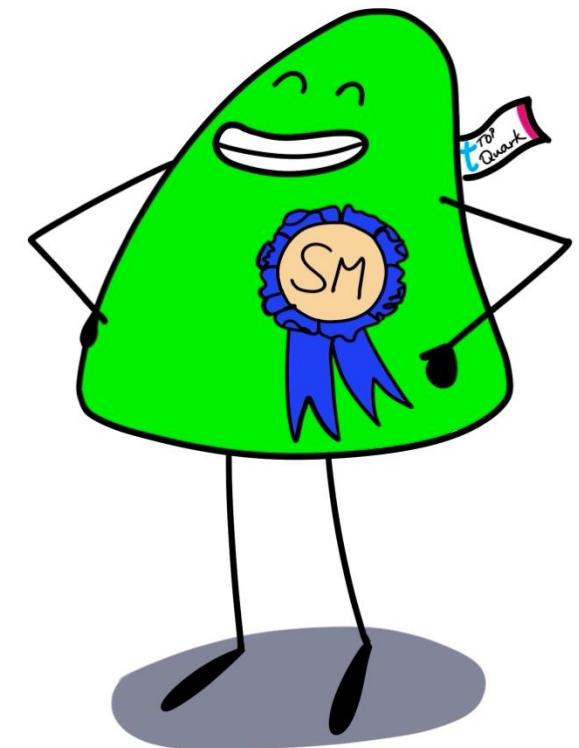
- Simultaneous binned likelihood fit across SRs and CRs
- **No excess seen** → All WCs consistent with SM zero
- Upper limits at 95% CL:
 - $|c_{tu}^{(1)}| < 0.0068$ (0.0071)
 - $|c_{Qu}^{(1)}| < 0.020$ (0.022)
 - $|c_{Qu}^{(8)}| < 0.041$ (0.046)

- No evidence of flavour-changing new physics in the top sector



Summary — Top Quark, Symmetries, and SMEFT

- Across ATLAS & CMS, we have new constraints on:
 - **Flavour violation** in four-fermion contact terms (same-sign tt)
 - **Z-quark flavour structure** in heavy vs light generation (ttZ, WZ, ZZ)
 - **Lepton-quark flavour structure** in four-fermion operators ($tt\ell\ell$)
 - **CP-odd interactions** via direct collider observables (ttZ)
- All results are consistent with the SM
- ML contributes strongly
- Run 3 and HL-LHC will bring:
 - More statistics for rare channels
 - Enhanced EFT sensitivity with ML-assisted observables
 - Combined fits with richer flavour resolution and operator correlations



Backup

- Input variables used for the CP-equivariant neural networks, with the CP-transformed value given in the second row

		Input variables							
x		$\vec{p}_{\ell^{Z+}}$	$\vec{p}_{\ell^{Z-}}$	\vec{p}_{ℓ^W}	\vec{p}_{j_i}	Q_{ℓ^W}	\vec{p}_T^{miss}	bscore_i	era
$CP(x)$		$-\vec{p}_{\ell^{Z-}}$	$-\vec{p}_{\ell^{Z+}}$	$-\vec{p}_{\ell^W}$	$-\vec{p}_{j_i}$	$-Q_{\ell^W}$	$-\vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}$	bscore_i	era