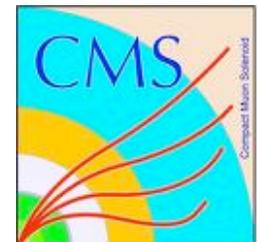
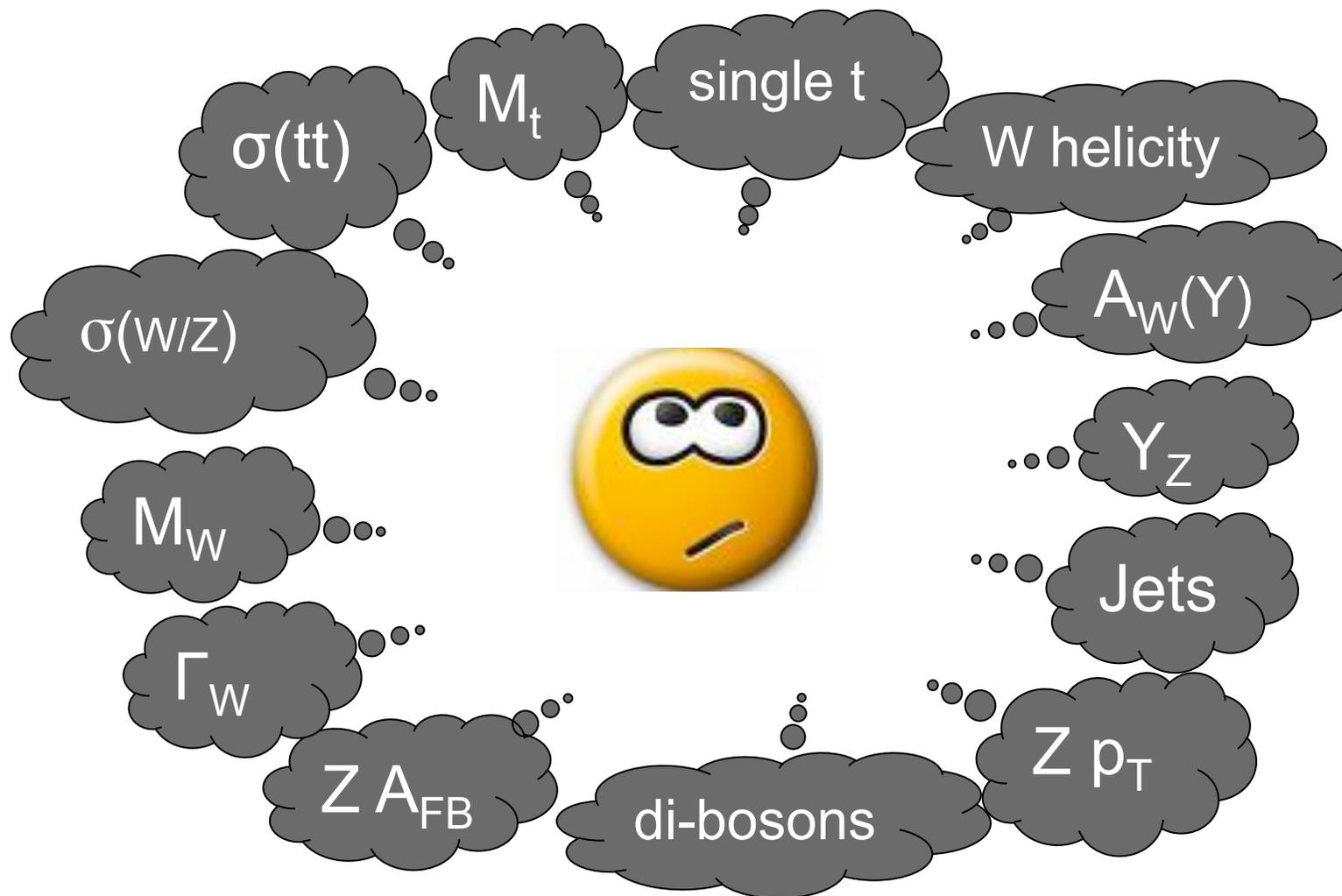


“From the TeVatron to the LHC”  
UK HEP Forum, 7-8 May 2009

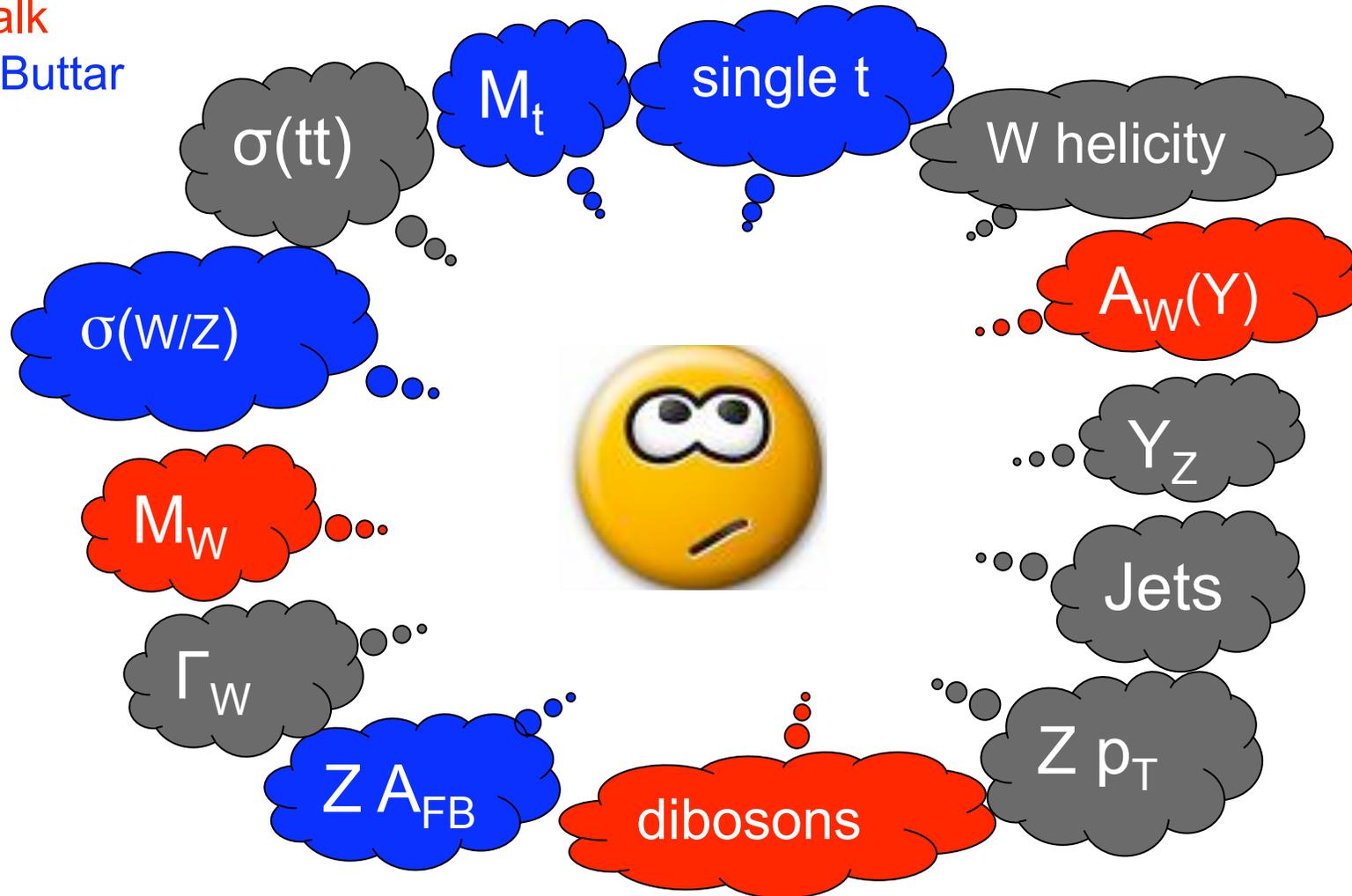


# PDFs, W, top

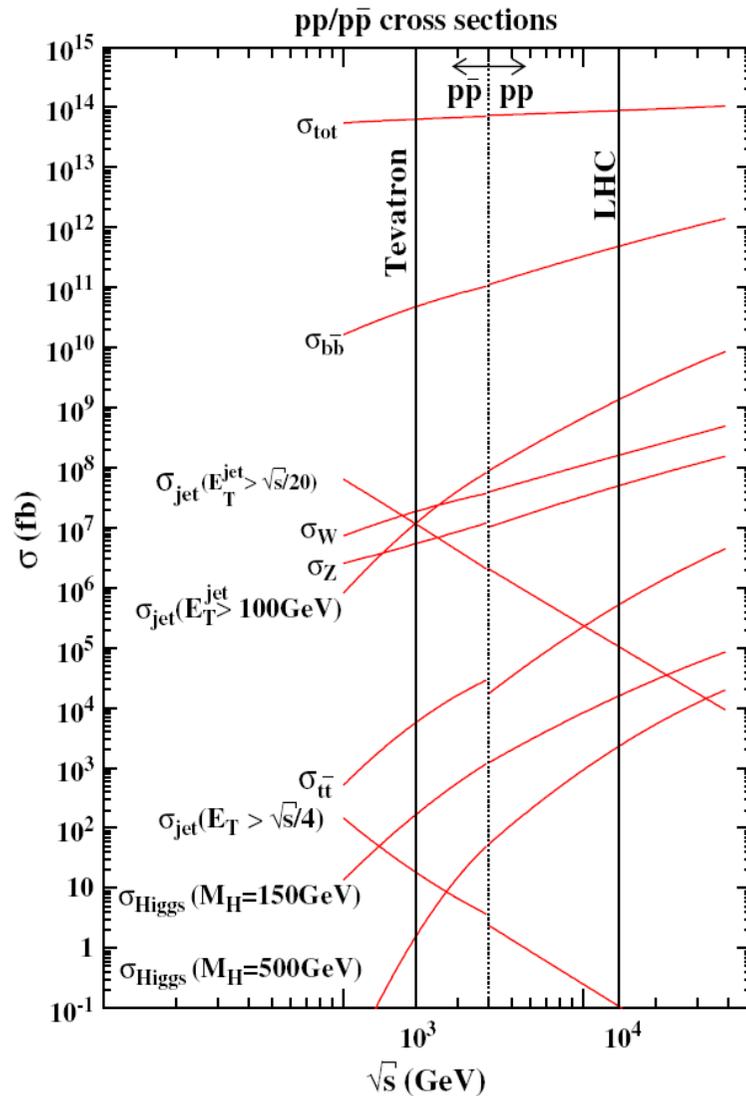


# PDFs, W, top

This talk  
Craig Buttar



# TeVatron → LHC



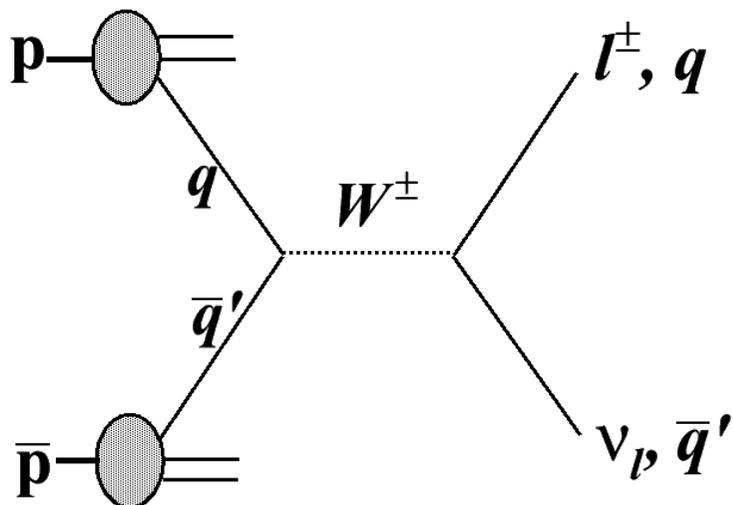
(A) C.O.M. energy : 1.96 → 14 TeV ?

(B)  $\langle n \rangle$  per crossing : 1-10 → 2-25+ ?

(C) Integrated Lumi: 9-12 fb $^{-1}$  → 700 fb $^{-1}$  ?

(D)  $p\bar{p}$  →  $pp$

# W production



TeV

$$\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow W^\pm \rightarrow l\nu) \sim 2.8 \text{ nb}$$

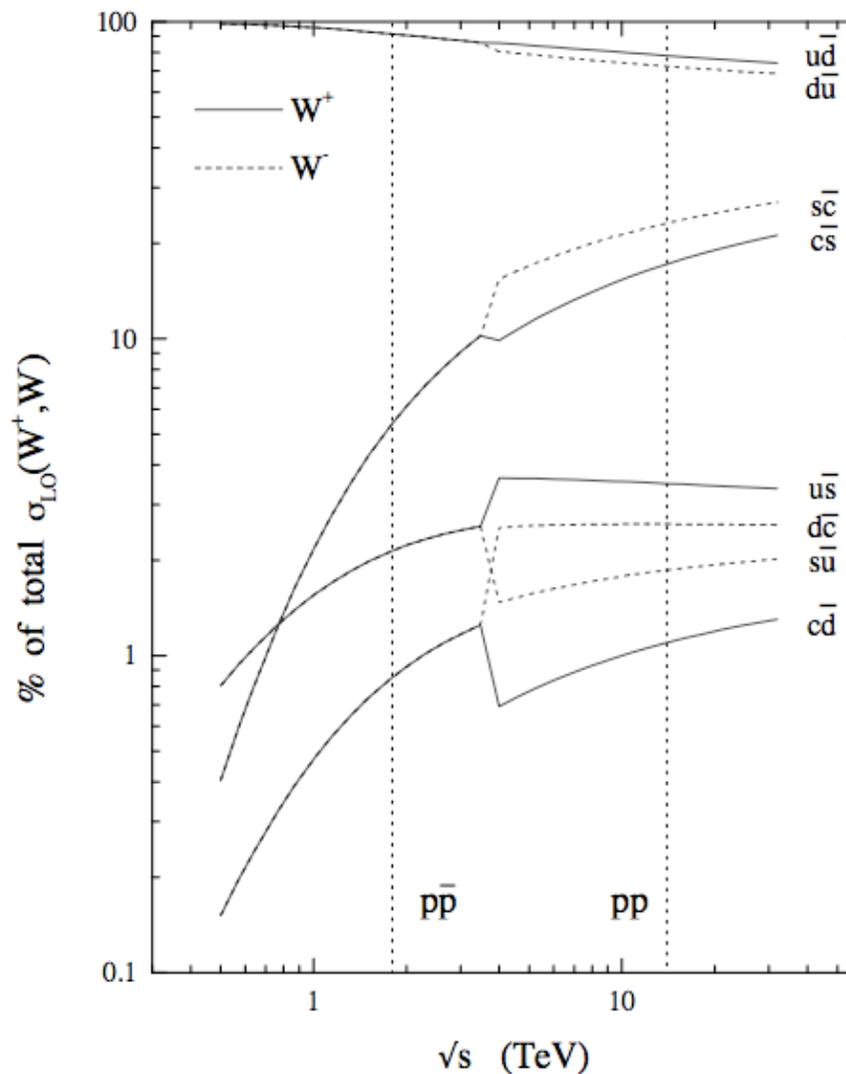
$$\mathcal{L} \sim 3 \times 10^{32} \rightarrow 0.8 \text{ s}^{-1}$$



LHC

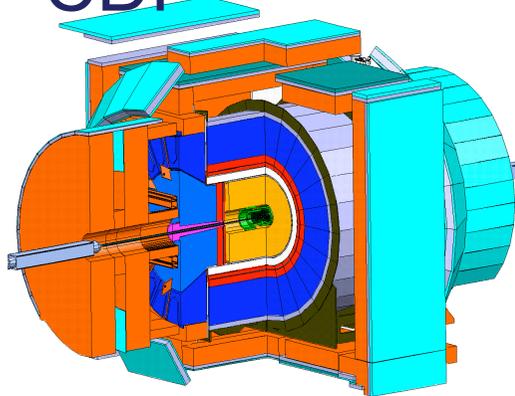
$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow W^\pm \rightarrow l\nu) \sim 20 \text{ nb}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \sim 1 \times 10^{34} \rightarrow 200 \text{ s}^{-1}$$



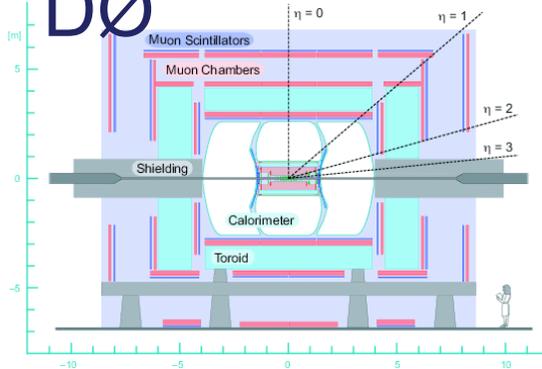
# W/Z detection

CDF



$$|\eta_{e(\text{trk})}| < 2.8, |\eta_{\mu}| < 1$$

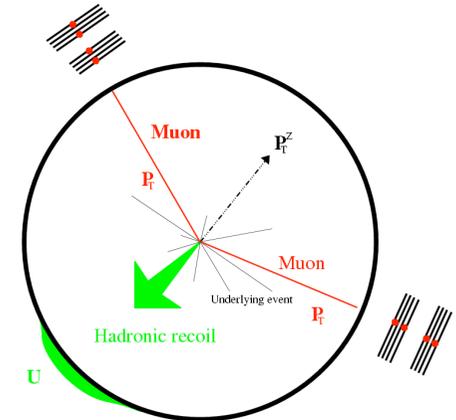
DØ



$$|\eta_{e(\text{trk})}| < 3.2, |\eta_{\mu}| < 2$$

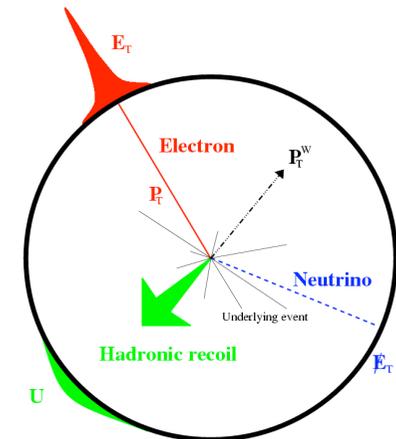
## Z events:

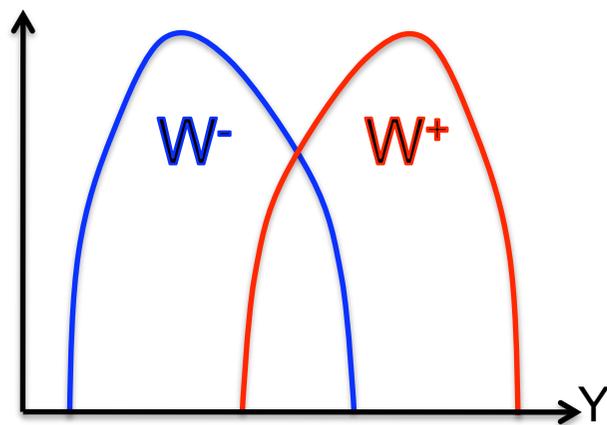
- 2 high  $p_T$  charged leptons ( $\mu^+\mu^-$  or  $e^+e^-$ ).
- Both charged leptons are detected and their momenta measured.
- Muons: central tracker, muon detectors
- Electrons: central tracker, calorimeter



## W events:

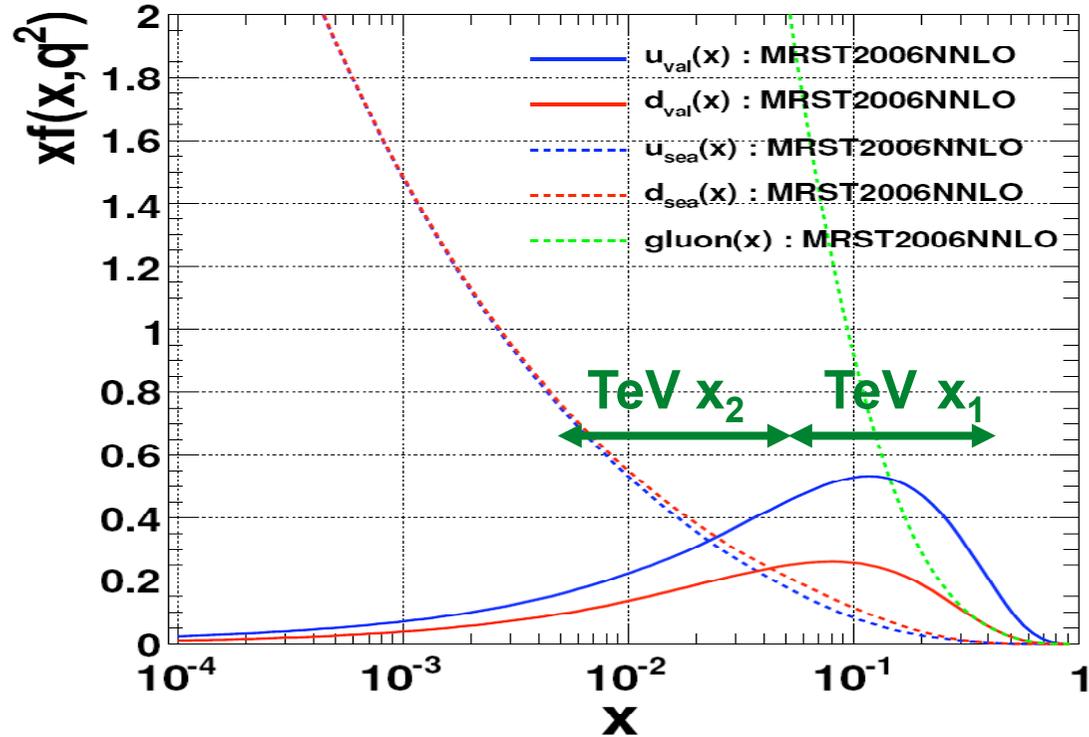
- 1 high  $p_T$  charged lepton, 1 high  $p_T$  neutrino ( $\mu\nu$  or  $e\nu$ ).
- Charged lepton is detected and momentum measured.
- Neutrino cannot be detected!  $p_T^\nu$  is inferred by the "missing  $E_T$  ( $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ )" in the detector.



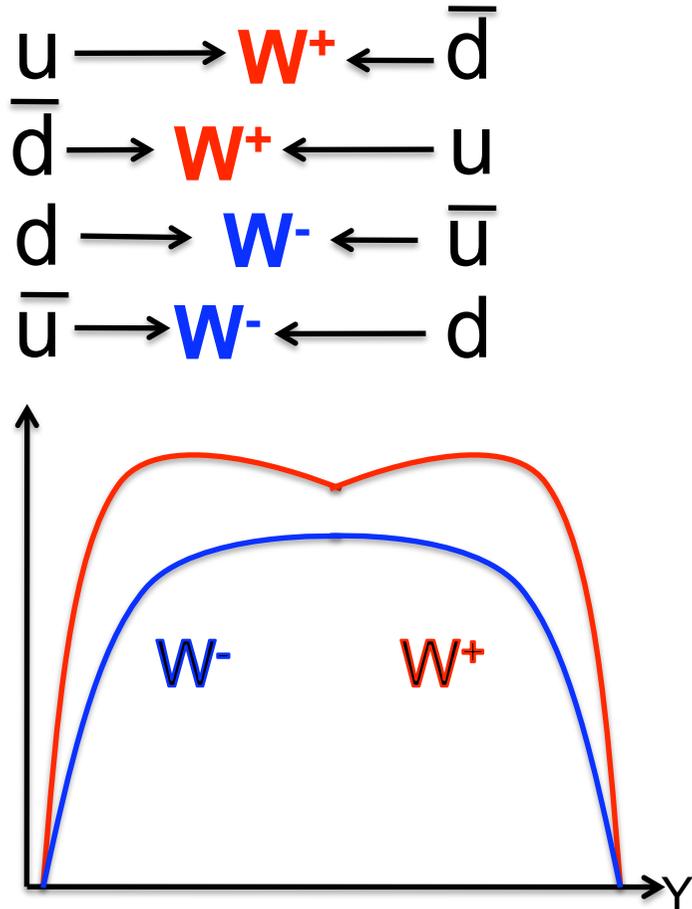


$$A(y_W) = \frac{d\sigma_+ / dy_W - d\sigma_- / dy_W}{d\sigma_+ / dy_W + d\sigma_- / dy_W}$$

Parton Distribution Functions

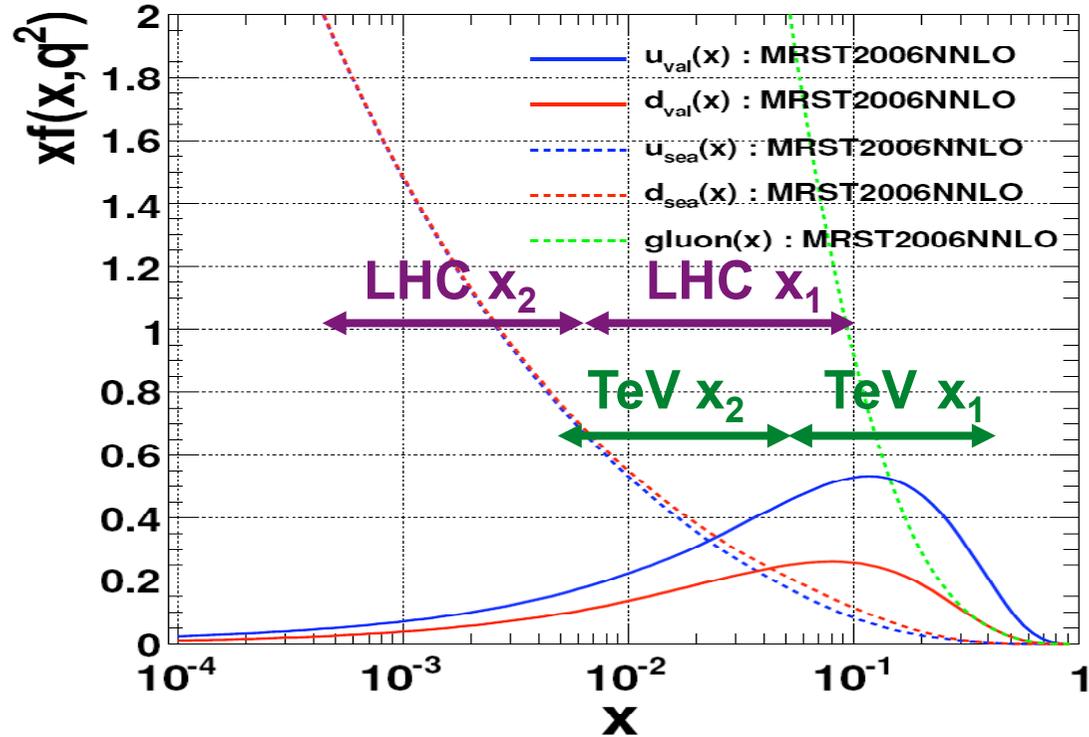


$$\frac{d\sigma_- / dy_W}{d\sigma_+ / dy_W} \approx \frac{d(x_1)u(x_2)}{d(x_2)u(x_1)} = \frac{d(x_1)/u(x_1)}{d(x_2)/u(x_2)}$$



$$A(y_W) = \frac{d\sigma_+ / dy_W - d\sigma_- / dy_W}{d\sigma_+ / dy_W + d\sigma_- / dy_W}$$

Parton Distribution Functions

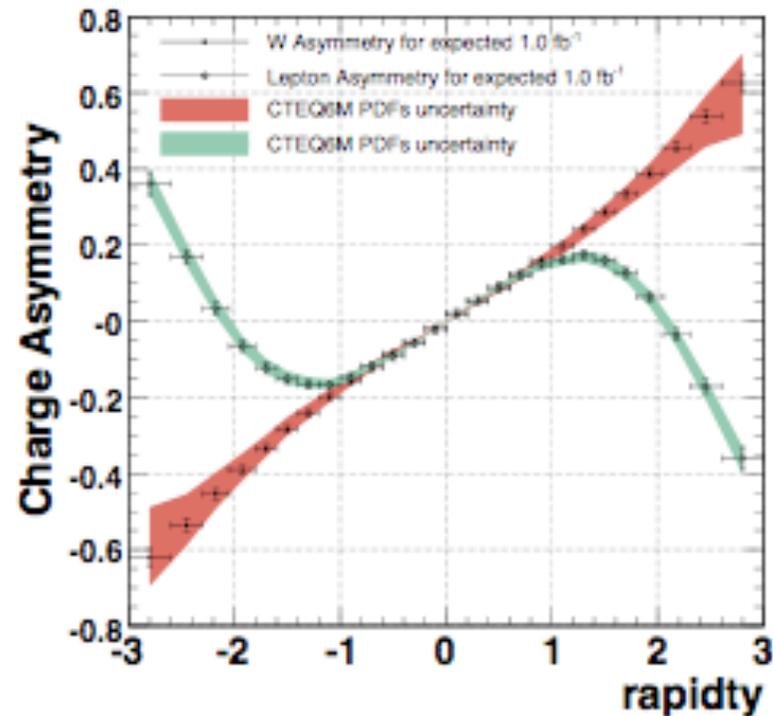
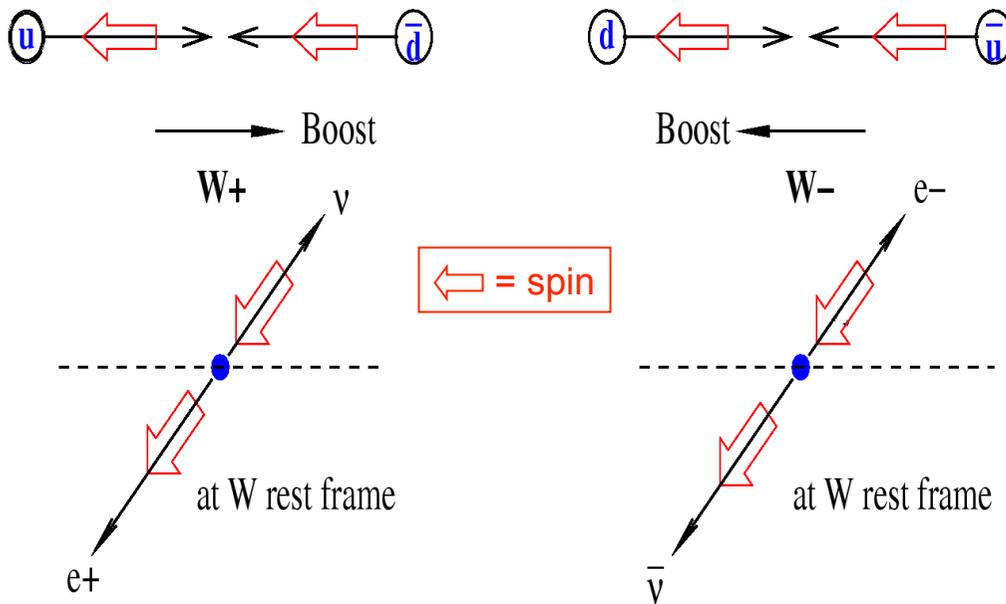


$$\frac{d\sigma_- / dy_W}{d\sigma_+ / dy_W} \approx \frac{d(x_1)\bar{u}(x_2)}{\bar{d}(x_2)u(x_1)} = \frac{d(x_1)/\bar{u}(x_1)}{\bar{d}(x_2)/u(x_2)}$$

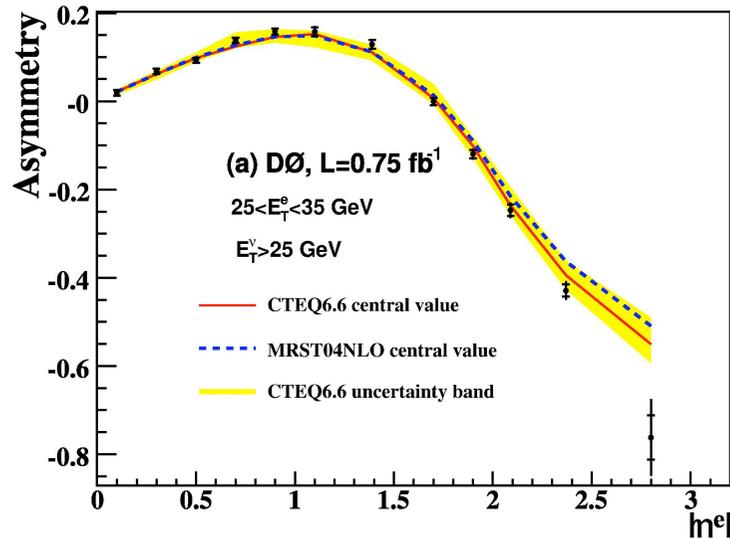
# $A_W(Y)$ Or lepton charge asymmetry?

- Traditionally measure *lepton charge asymmetry* :
- Also depends on V-A decay :

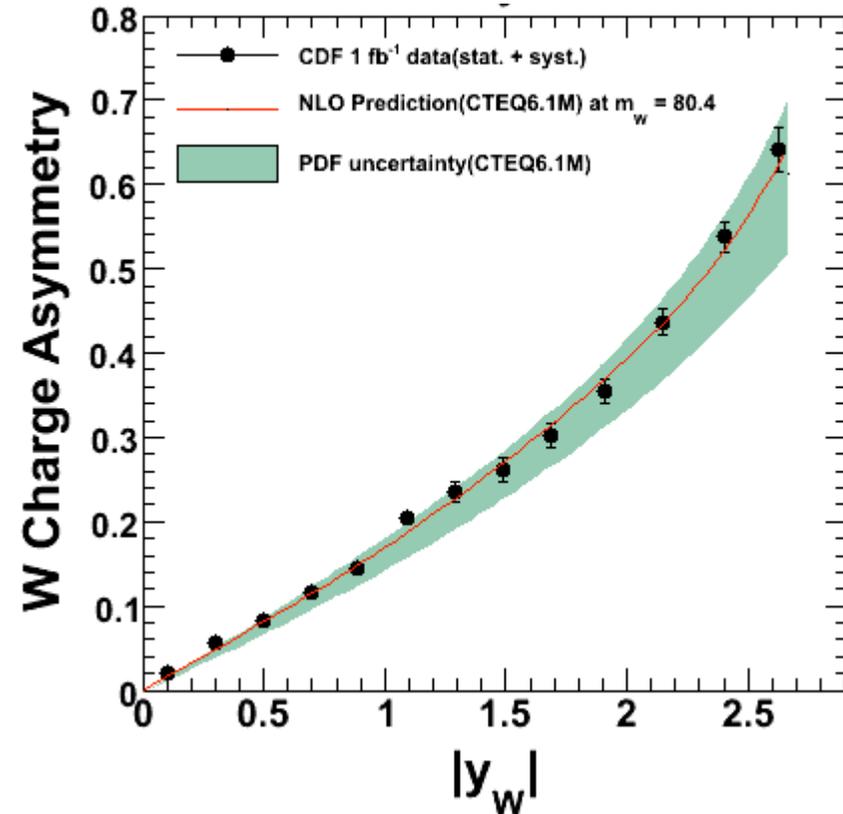
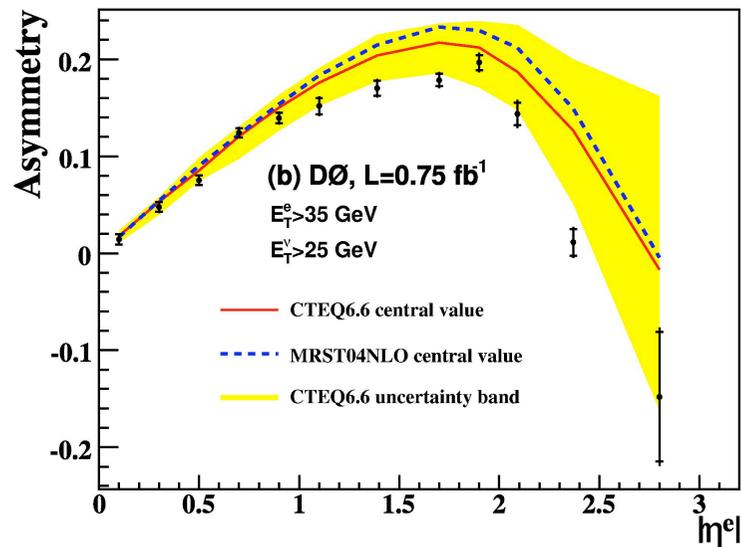
$$A(\eta_l) = \frac{d\sigma_+/d\eta_l - d\sigma_-/d\eta_l}{d\sigma_+/d\eta_l + d\sigma_-/d\eta_l}$$



- Can also extract  $A(y_W)$  directly:
  - $p_L^\nu$  determined by constraining  $M_W = 80.4$  GeV  $\rightarrow$  two possible  $y_W$  solutions.
  - Each solution receives a weight probability according to V-A decay and  $\sigma(y_W)$



~490,000  $W \rightarrow e\nu$  events with  $|\eta_e| < 2.8$



~715,000  $W \rightarrow e\nu$  events with  $|\eta_e| < 2.8$

$A(Y_W)$	$A(\eta_l)$
Most sensitive to valence d/u ratio	Also some sensitivity to sea quarks

“There was a joke at the DIS meeting that CDF can work back to W-asymmetry and D0 stick with lepton asymmetry. In fact that doesn't seem like a bad idea from our point of view.”

- Robert Thorne

Best solution : publish everything!

	$A_W$	$A_l(p_T^1)$	$A_l(p_T^2)$
$Y_1$			
$Y_2$			
....			

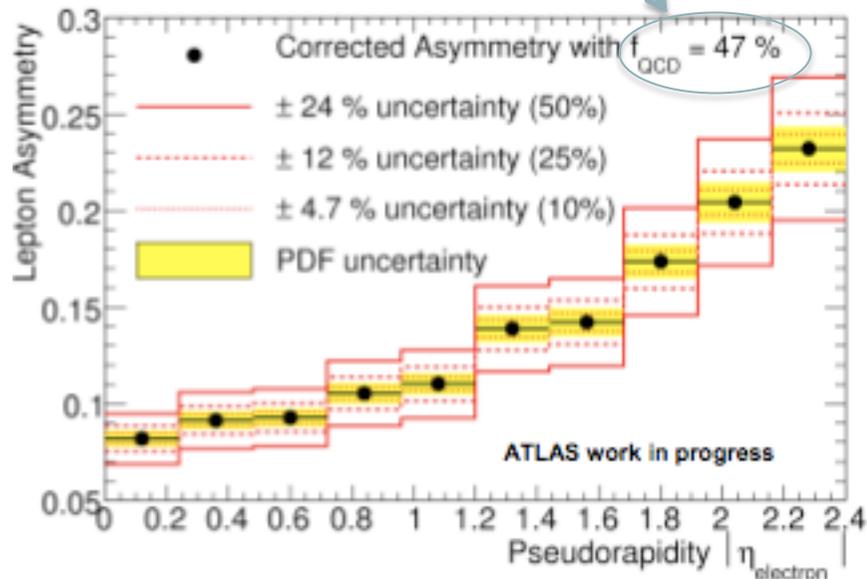
Less of an issue at the LHC

- Lepton ID efficiency vs  $\eta$
- Recoil ( $p_L^\nu$ )
- Charge mis-ID
- Multijet background

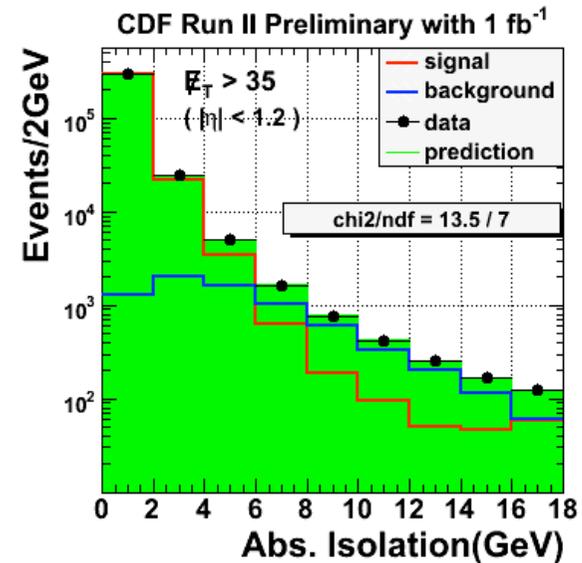
} ~ scale with statistics

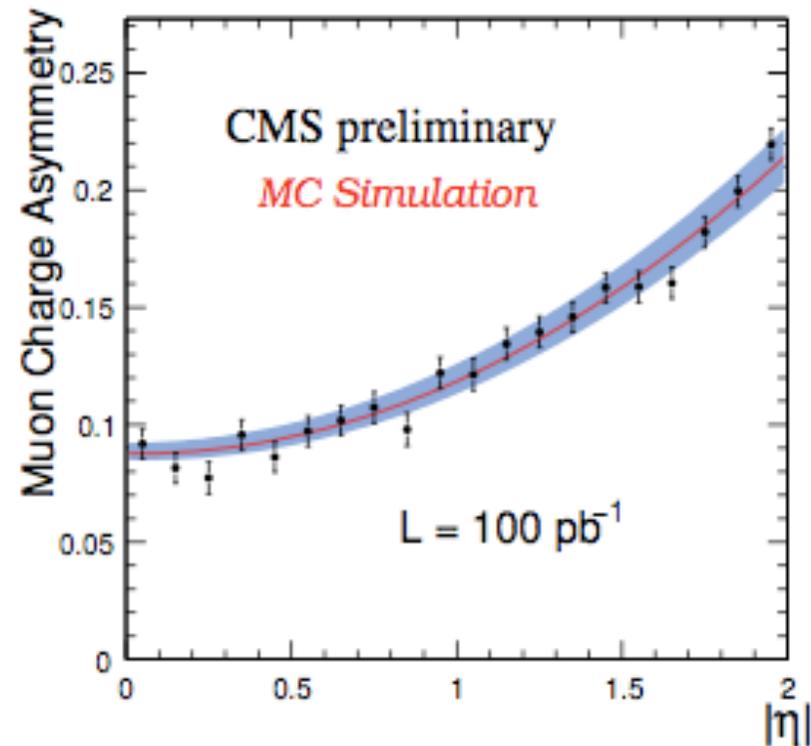
} D0 : 0.8%  
CDF : 0.7 – 1.2 %

Note : “official” ATLAS  $\sigma(W \rightarrow e\nu)$  analysis quotes a 7% multijet background

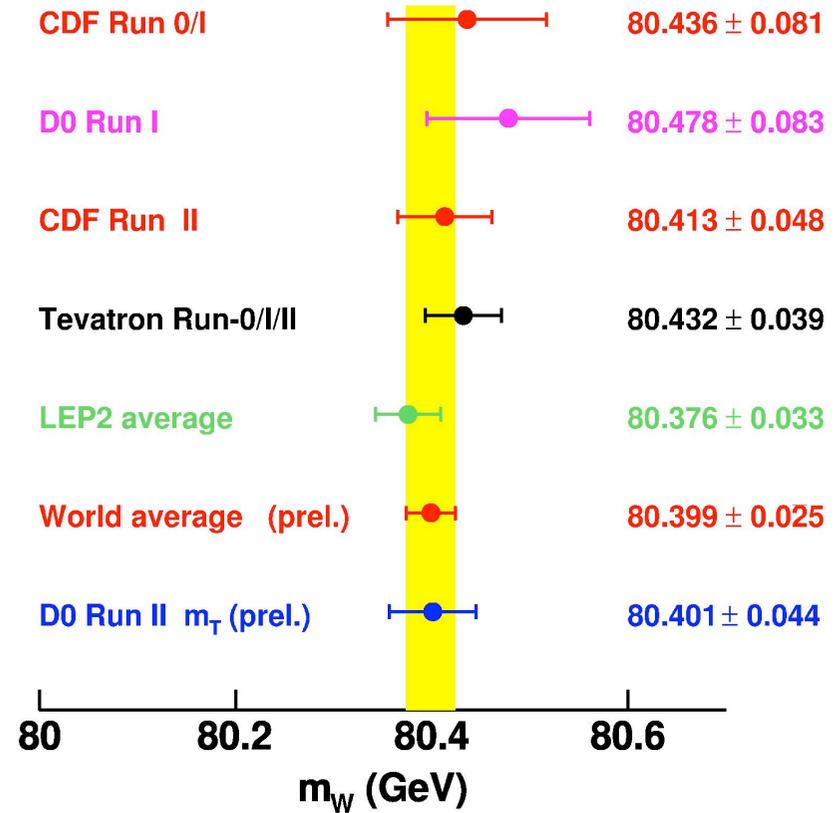
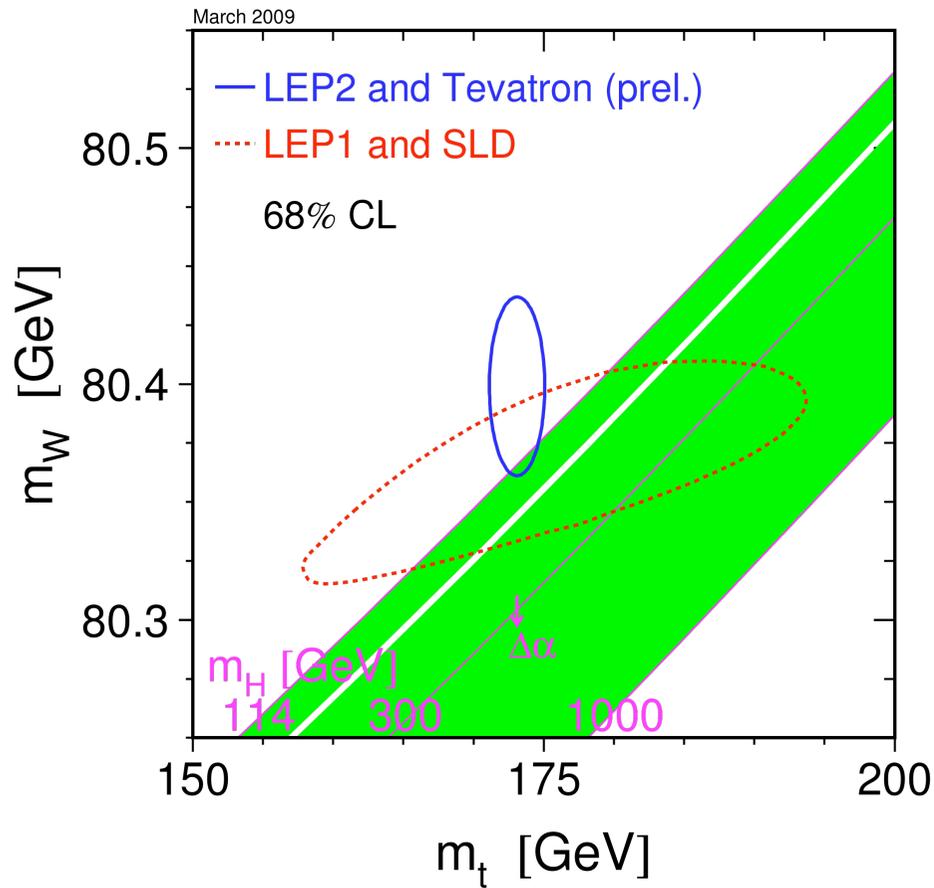
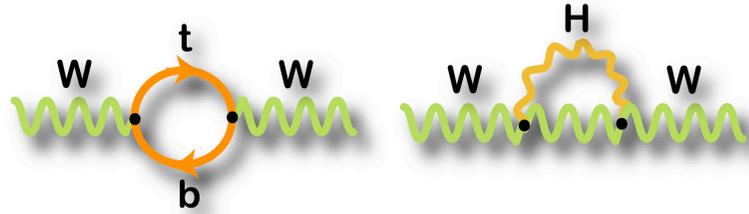


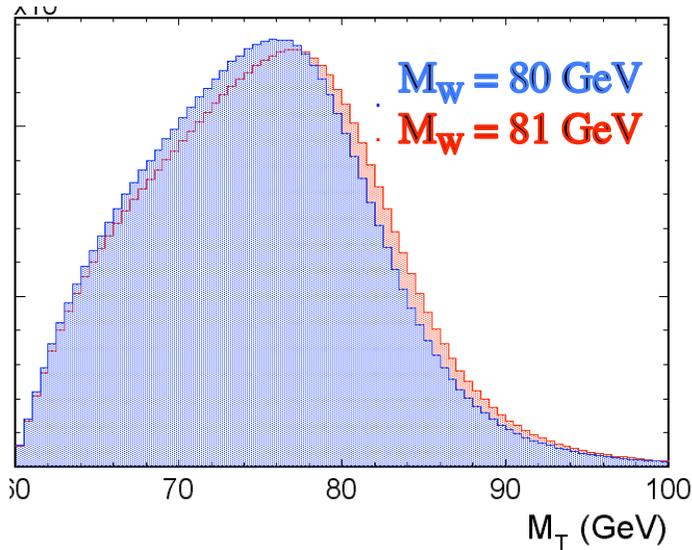
K. Lohwasser, IOP talk





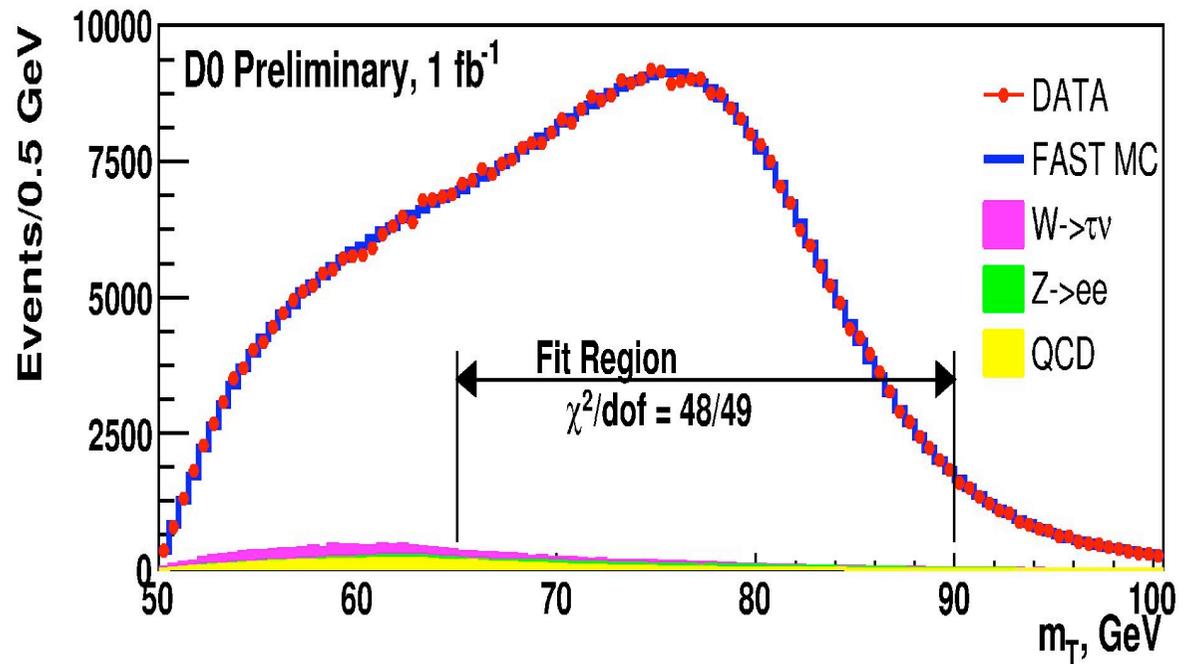
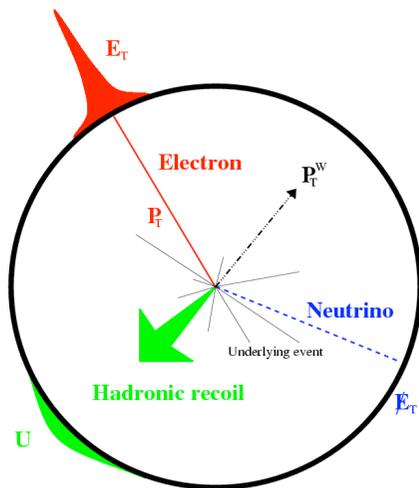
# W and top mass





$$m_T = \sqrt{2 p_T^l p_T^\nu (1 - \cos \phi_{l\nu})}$$

$$\vec{p}_T^\nu = -(\vec{U}_T + \vec{p}_T^l)$$



CDF II : 200 pb<sup>-1</sup>

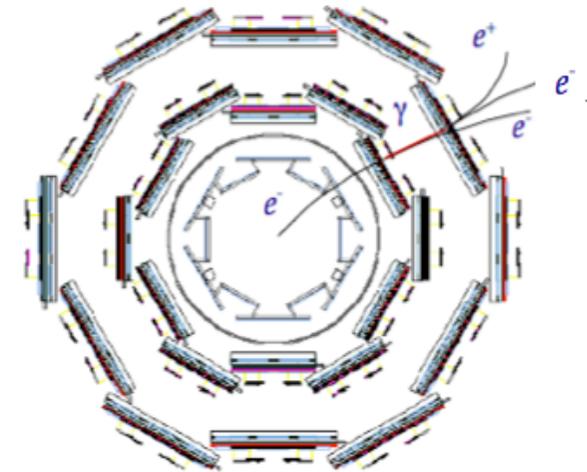
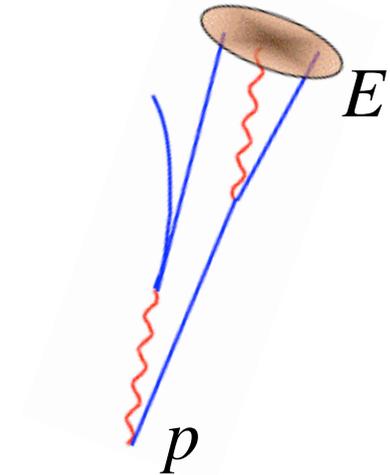
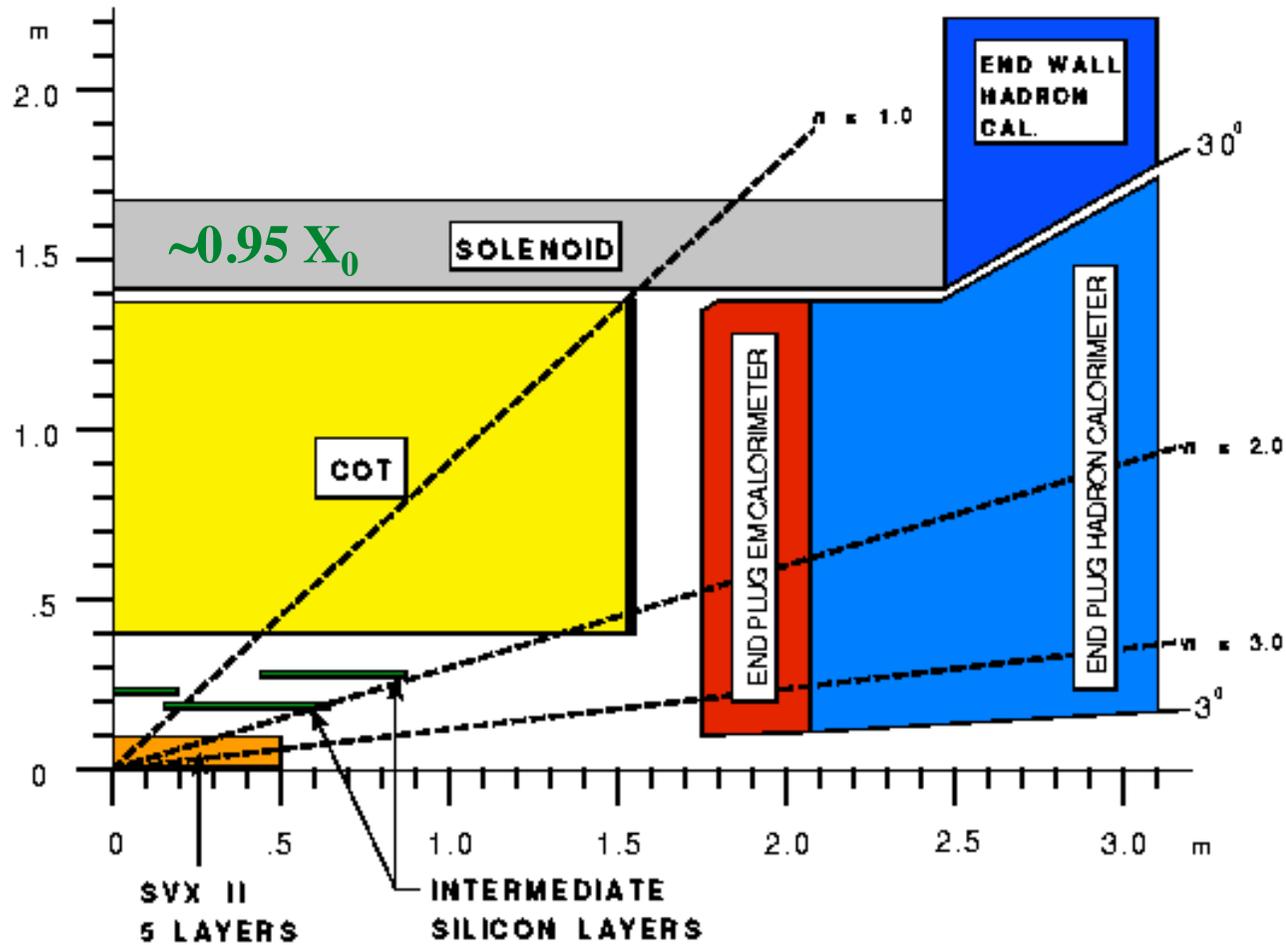
$m_T$ Uncertainty [MeV]	Electrons	Muons	Common
<b>Lepton Scale</b>	30	17	17
Lepton Resolution	9	3	0
Recoil Scale	9	9	9
Recoil Resolution	7	7	7
$u_{  }$ Efficiency	3	1	0
Lepton Removal	8	5	5
Backgrounds	8	9	0
$p_T(W)$	3	3	3
PDF	11	11	11
QED	11	12	11
<b>Total Systematic</b>	39	27	26
<b>Statistical</b>	48	54	0
<b>Total</b>	62	60	26

<b>Total</b>	<b>48</b>
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D0 Preliminary : 1 fb<sup>-1</sup>

Source	$\sigma(m_W)$ MeV $m_T$
<b>Experimental</b>	
<b>Electron Energy Scale</b>	34
Electron Energy Resolution Model	2
Electron Energy Nonlinearity	4
W and Z Electron energy loss differences	4
Recoil Model	6
Electron Efficiencies	5
Backgrounds	2
<b>Experimental Total</b>	35
<b>W production and decay model</b>	
PDF	9
QED	7
Boson $p_T$	2
<b>W model Total</b>	12
<b>Total</b>	37

Statistical	23
<b>Total</b>	<b>44</b>



CDF : 200 pb<sup>-1</sup>

Track calibration (0.021%)

$J/\Psi \rightarrow \mu\mu; \Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu\mu; Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$

EM CAL calibration (0.037%)

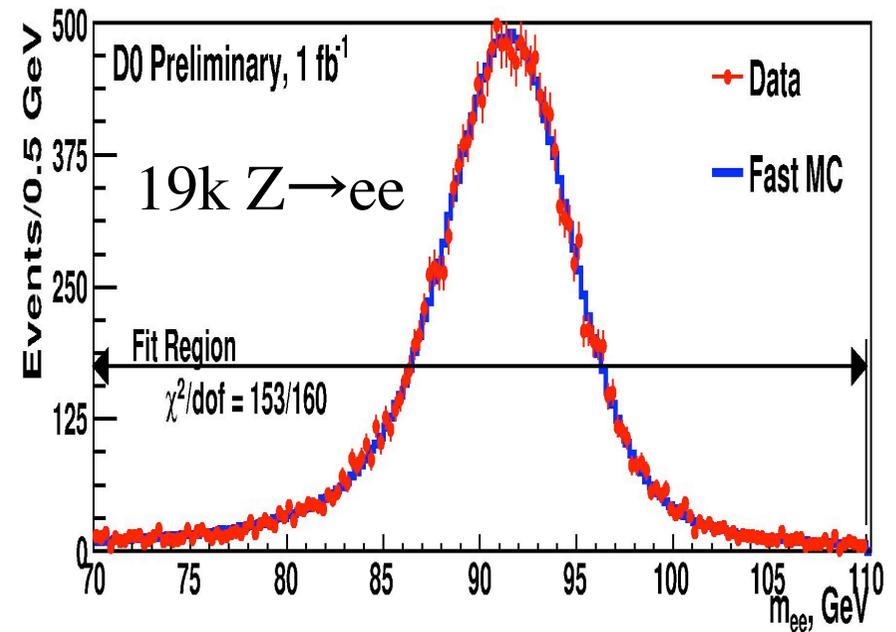
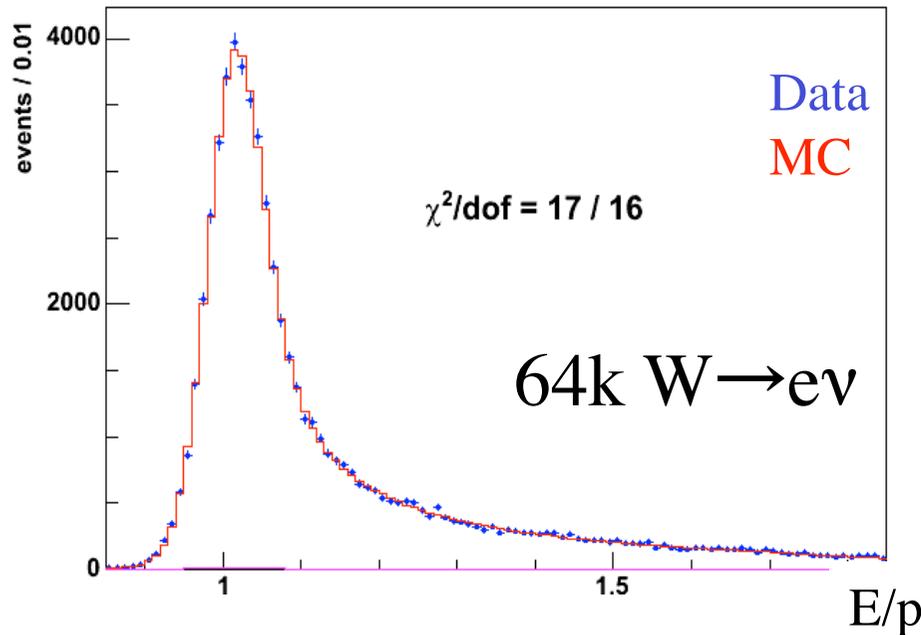
$E/p (W \rightarrow e\nu); Z \rightarrow ee$

D0 Preliminary : 1 fb<sup>-1</sup>

EM CAL calibration (0.042%)

$Z \rightarrow ee$

~4 X<sub>0</sub> before CAL determined using EM longitudinal granularity with sub-samples in  $\eta$

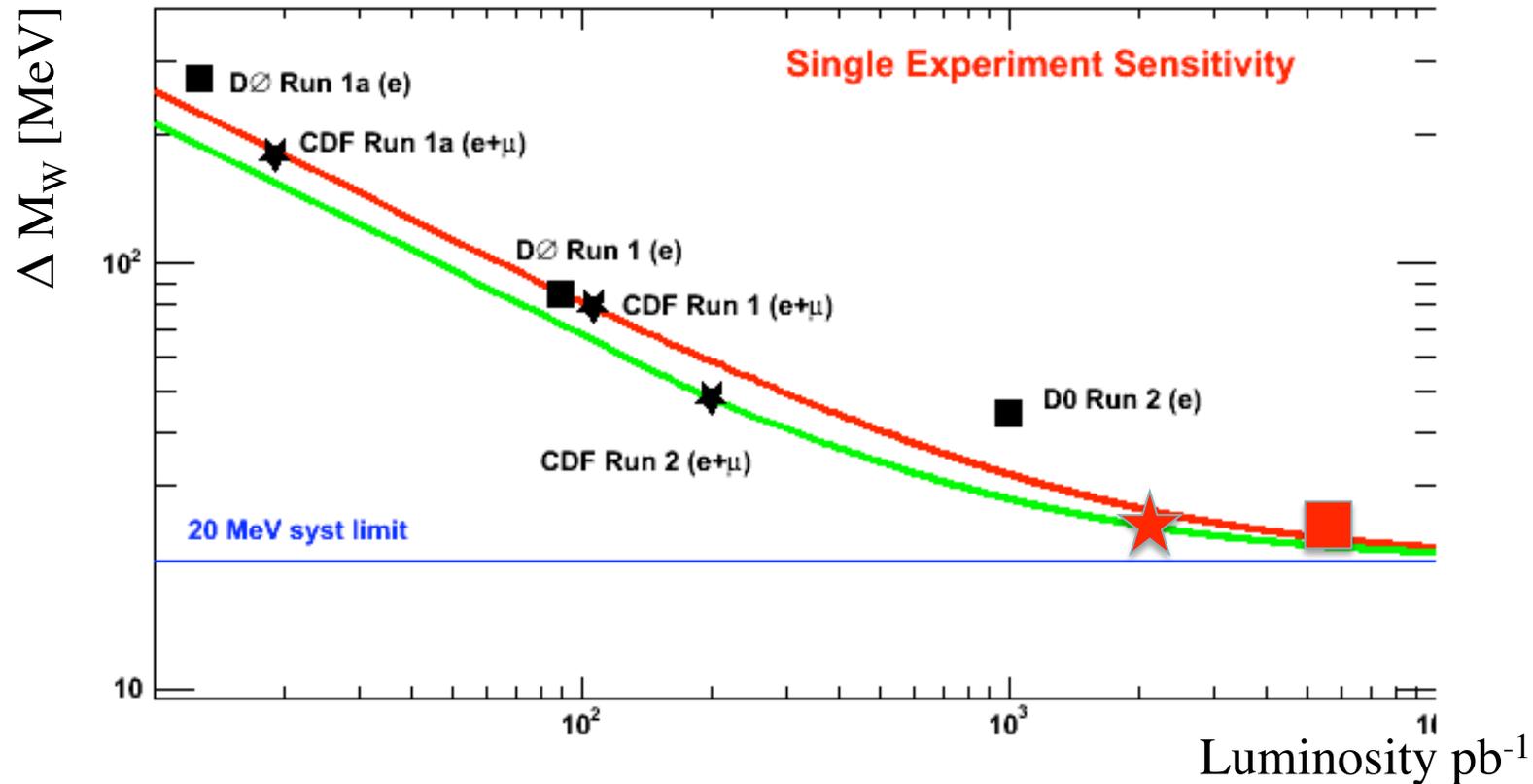


$M_T$  fits

$\Delta(M_W)$ MeV	CDF e ( $\mu$ ) (200 pb <sup>-1</sup> )	D0 e (1 fb <sup>-1</sup> )	ATLAS <sup>1</sup> e( $\mu$ ) (10 fb <sup>-1</sup> )	
scale	30 (17)	34	4 (4)	
Lepton ID	3 (1)	6	5 (<1)	← Choose ID cuts carefully
recoil	11 (11)	6	5 (5)	← "Best guess" from CDF result
bckgd	8 (9)	2	2 (2)	← Multijet : 0.2 ± 0.1 % assumed
PDFs	11 (11)	9	1 (1)	← Assuming constraint from $Y_Z$
Total syst.	39 (27)	37	8 (7)	
Stat.	48 (54)	23	2 (2)	
Total	62 (60)	44	8 (7)	

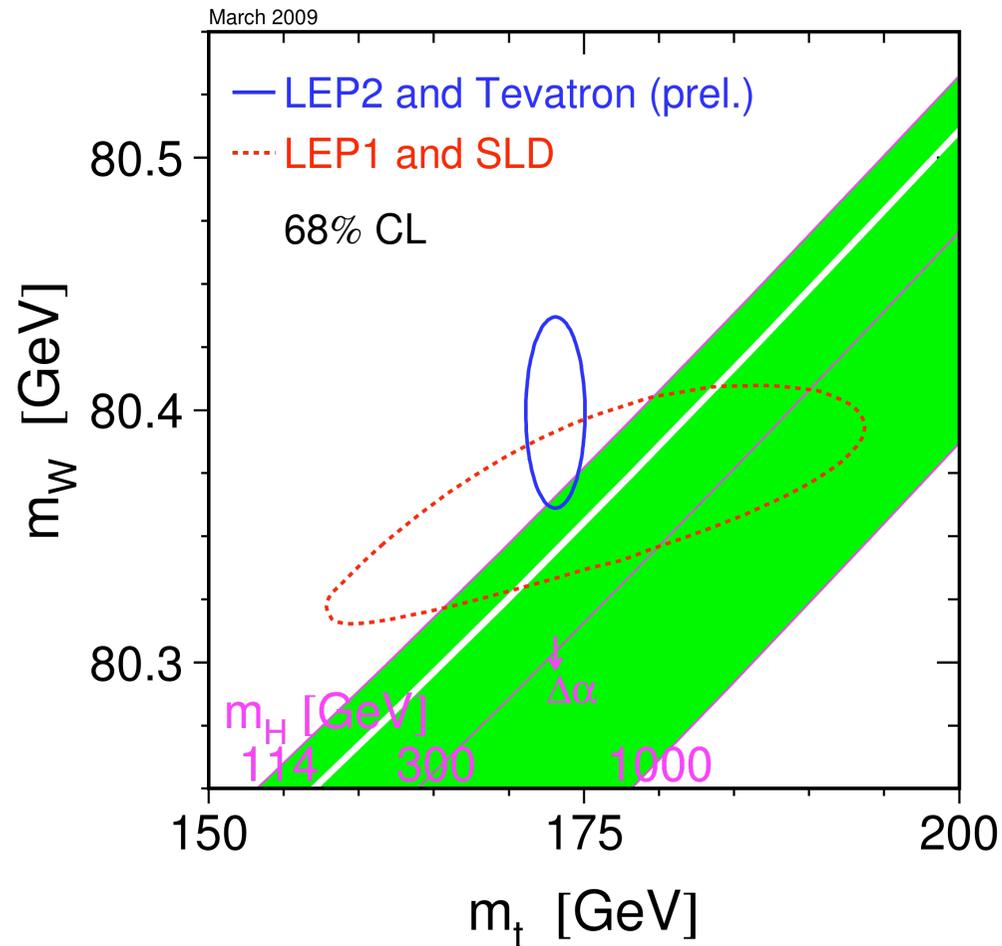
Systematics at this level are hard !! Internal cross checks are vital.

<sup>1</sup>[Eur. Phys. J. C (2008) 57]

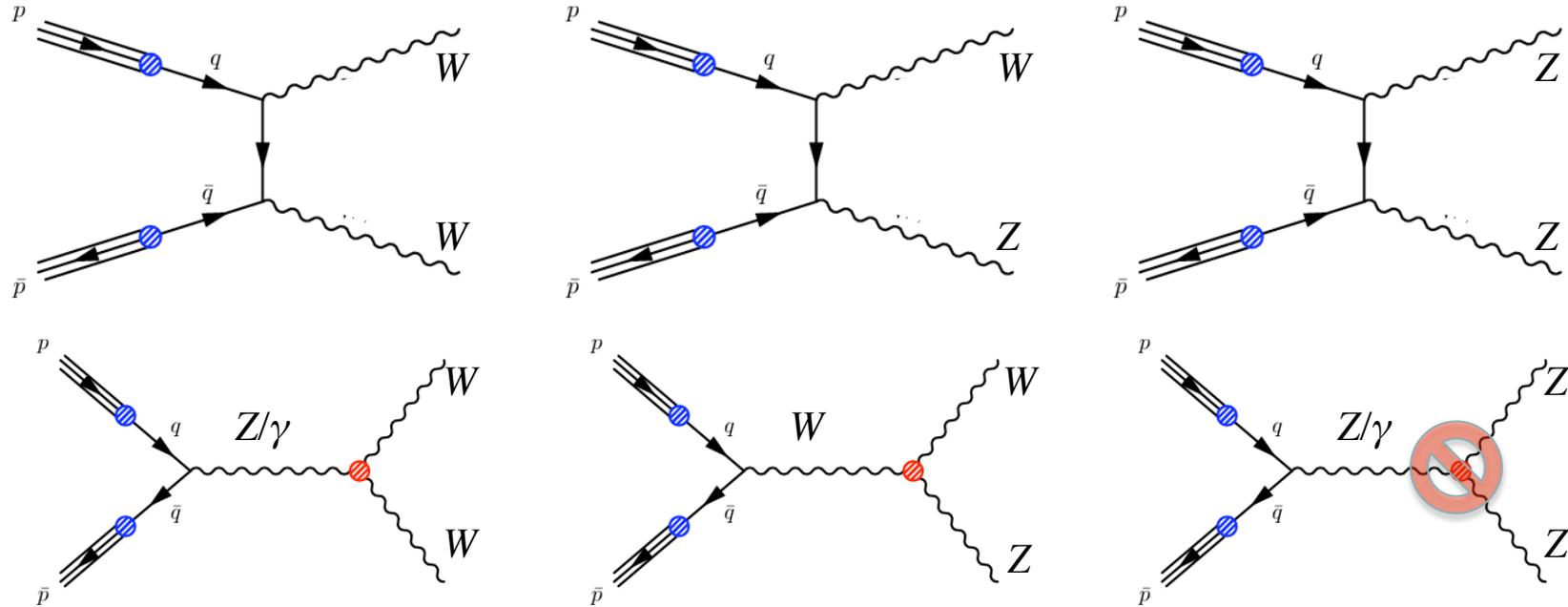


CDF [2.3  $\text{fb}^{-1}$ ]/DØ [5  $\text{fb}^{-1}$ ] :  $< \sim 25$  MeV ??

ATLAS/CMS[10  $\text{fb}^{-1}$ ] :  $\sim 7-8$  MeV per channel in 10  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  ????

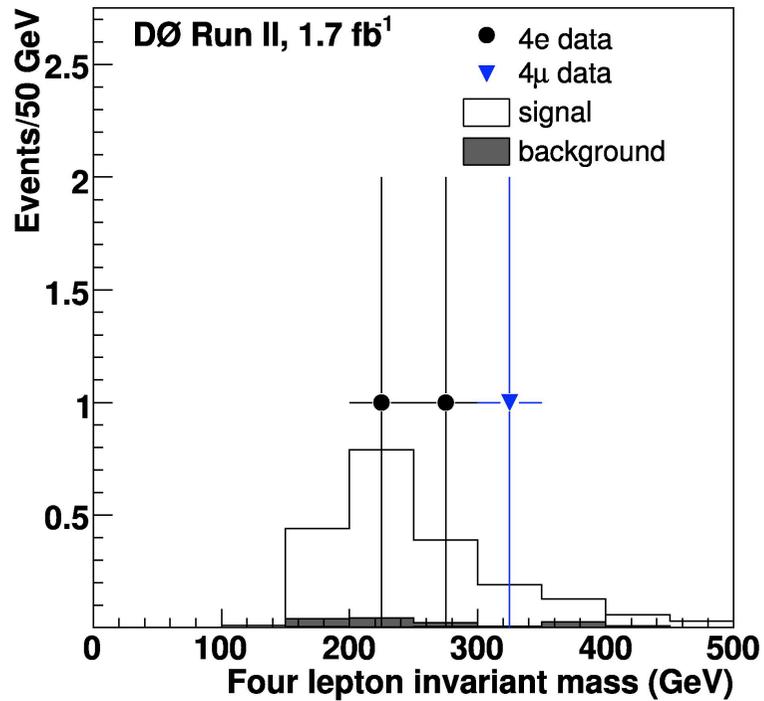


# Heavy dibosons

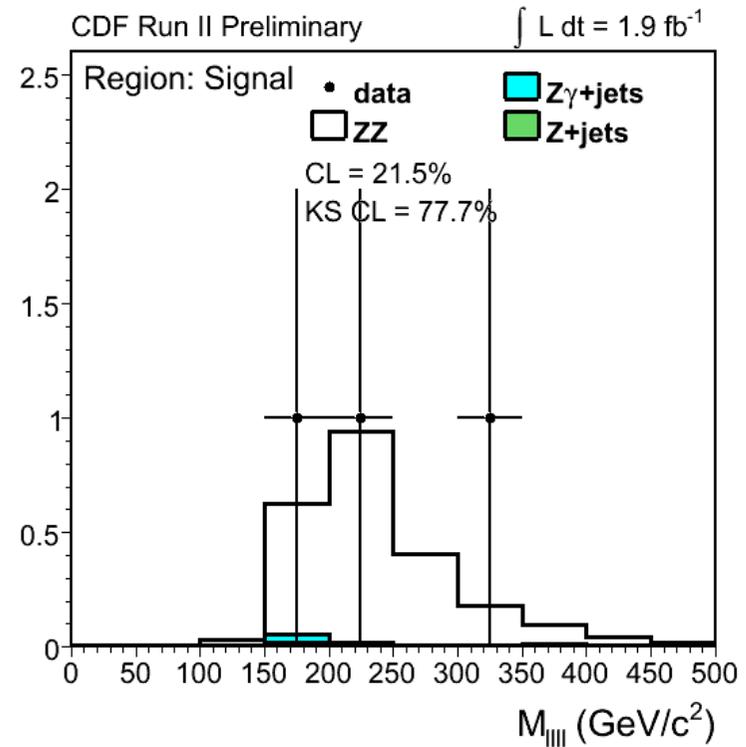


<b>CDF:</b>	$12.1 \pm 2.3 \text{ pb}$	$4.3 \pm 1.8 \text{ pb}$	$1.4 \pm 0.7 \text{ pb}$
<b>D0:</b>	$11.5 \pm 2.2 \text{ pb}$	$2.7 \pm 2.1 \text{ pb}$	$1.6 \pm 0.7 \text{ pb}$
	↓	↓	↓
<b>LHC (SM):</b>	$112 \text{ pb}$	$48 \text{ pb}$	$15 \text{ pb}$

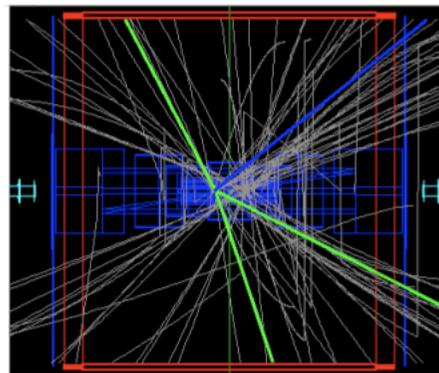
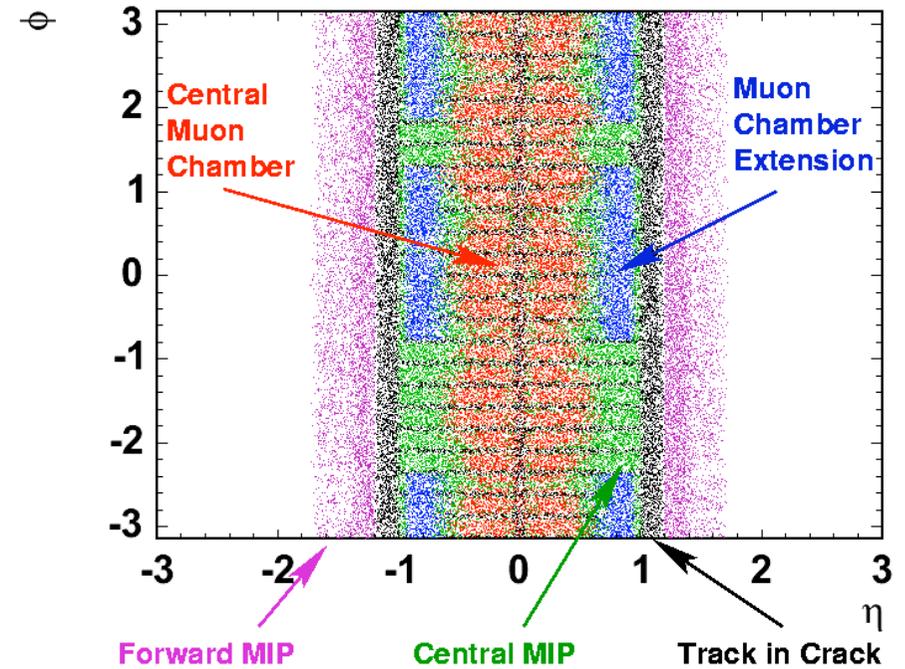
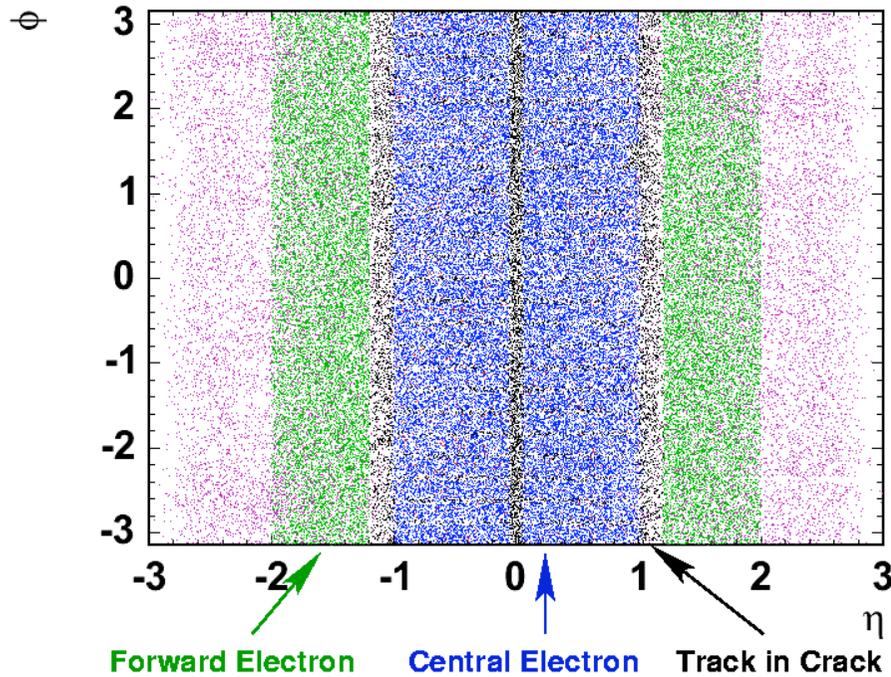
Observations of all expected early ( $100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  for WW, WZ,  $1\text{fb}^{-1}$  for ZZ)



5.3  $\sigma$  significance  
(5.7  $\sigma$  including  $Z \rightarrow ll, Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ )



4.4  $\sigma$  significance



Signature: enhanced cross section at high  $M_T^W / p_T^Z$

TeV  $\rightarrow$  LHC :

- Factor 10 in  $\sigma$
- $> 10$  in  $\mathcal{L}$
- Increase in C.O.M. also improves sensitivity to anomalous TGC

Diboson, (fit spectra)	$\lambda_Z$	$\Delta\kappa_Z$	$\Delta g_1^Z$	$\Delta\kappa_\gamma$	$\lambda_\gamma$
* WZ, ( $M_T$ )	[-0.015, 0.013]	[-0.095, 0.222]	[-0.011, 0.034]		
* WW, ( $M_T$ )	[-0.040, 0.038]	[-0.035, 0.073]	[-0.149, 0.309]	[-0.088, 0.089]	[-0.074, 0.165]
WZ (CDF) (1.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> )	[-0.13, 0.14]	[-0.76, 1.18]	[-0.13, 0.23]		
WW (D0) (1 fb <sup>-1</sup> )			[-0.14, 0.30]	[-0.54, 0.83]	[-0.14, 0.18]
WW, (LEP) ( $\lambda_\gamma = \lambda_Z, \Delta\kappa_Z = \Delta g_1^Z - \Delta\kappa_\gamma \tan^2 \theta_W$ )			[-0.051, 0.034]	[-0.105, 0.069]	[-0.059, 0.026]

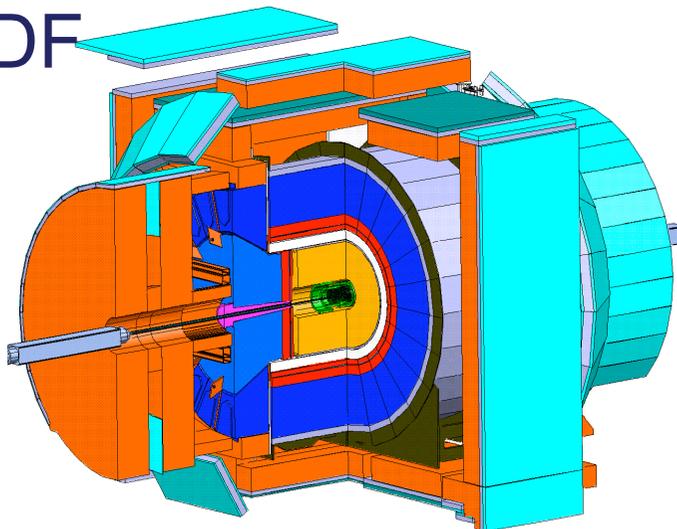
\* ATLAS, 10 fb<sup>-1</sup>

- W charge asymmetry
  - LHC complimentary to TeVatron
  - Should get constraints on PDFs early.
  - Watch out for multijet background!
  - Best to give as much information as possible in paper.
- W mass
  - CDF and D0 expect updates (<~ 25 MeV each?)
  - Significant improvement possible at the LHC, but it will not happen fast.
  - Watch out for radiation, recoil, multijet, lepton ID, PDFs...
  - Use internal cross checks as much as possible.
- Dibosons
  - Observations likely early
  - Sensitivity will quickly surpass the TeVatron
  - Acceptance, acceptance, acceptance

# BACK UP

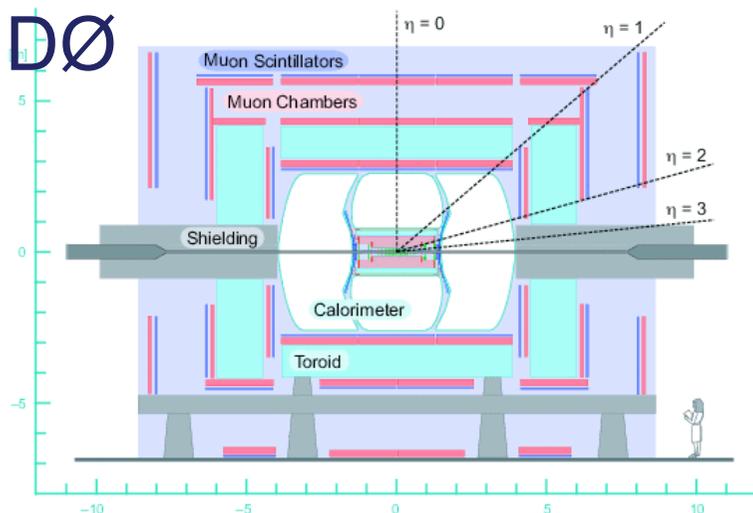
# W/Z detection at DØ/CDF

CDF



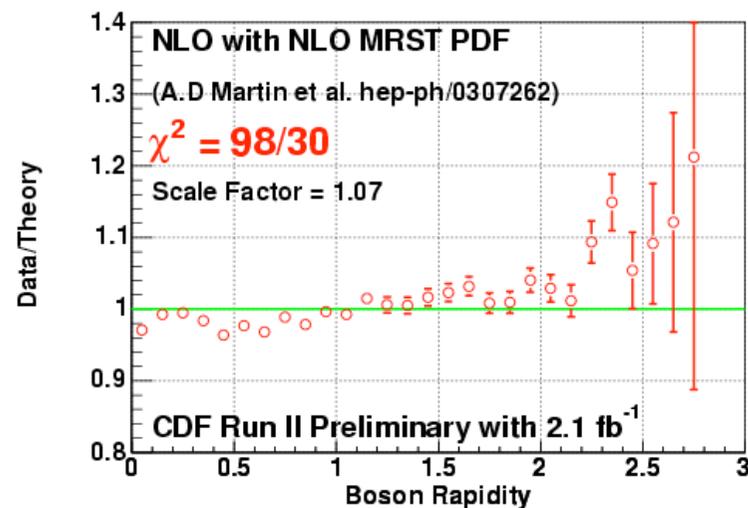
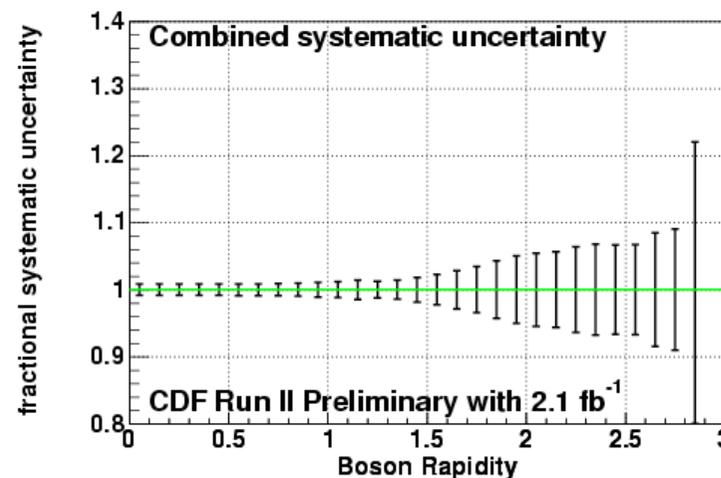
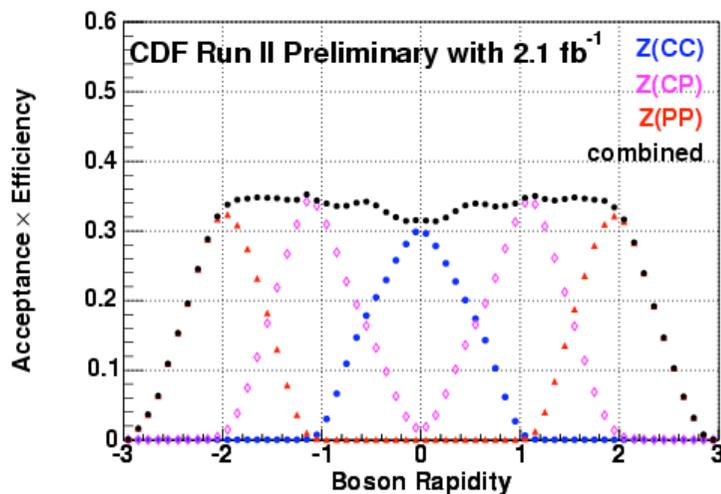
- Silicon detectors ( $|\eta| < \sim 2.8$ )
- Central drift chambers ( $|\eta| < \sim 1.5$ )
- Tracking resolution :  $\sigma(p_T)/p_T \sim 0.05\% \times p_T$
- Segmented sampling calorimeters ( $|\eta| < \sim 3.6$ )  
EM:  $\sigma(E)/E \sim 13.5\% / \sqrt{E_T} \oplus 1.5\%$
- Muon detectors ( $|\eta| < \sim 1.0$ )

DØ



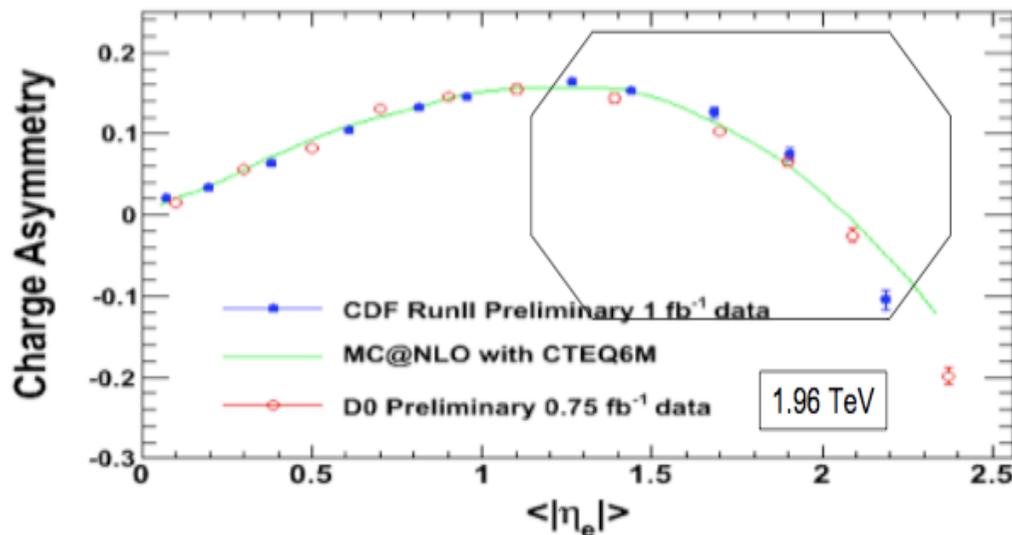
- Silicon detectors ( $|\eta| < \sim 3.2$ )
- Central fiber tracker ( $|\eta| < \sim 2$ )
- Tracking resolution :  $\sigma(p_T)/p_T \sim 0.2\% \times p_T$
- Segmented sampling calorimeters ( $|\eta| < \sim 4.2$ )  
EM:  $\sigma(E)/E \sim 15\% / \sqrt{E} \oplus 4\%$
- Muon detectors ( $|\eta| < \sim 2.0$ )

# Backup: Z rapidity

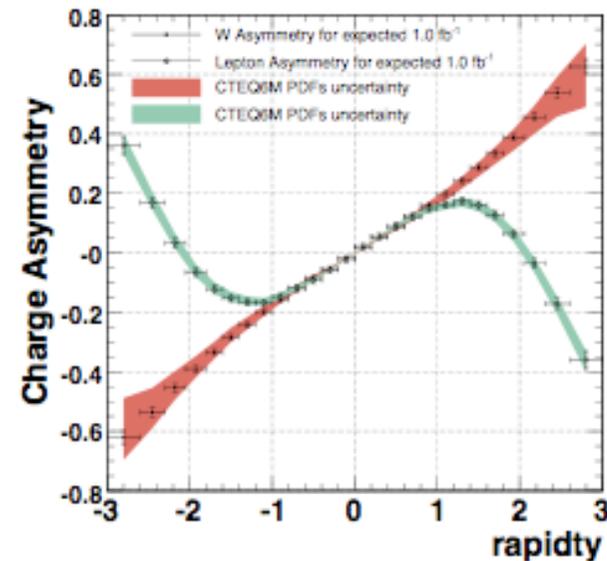
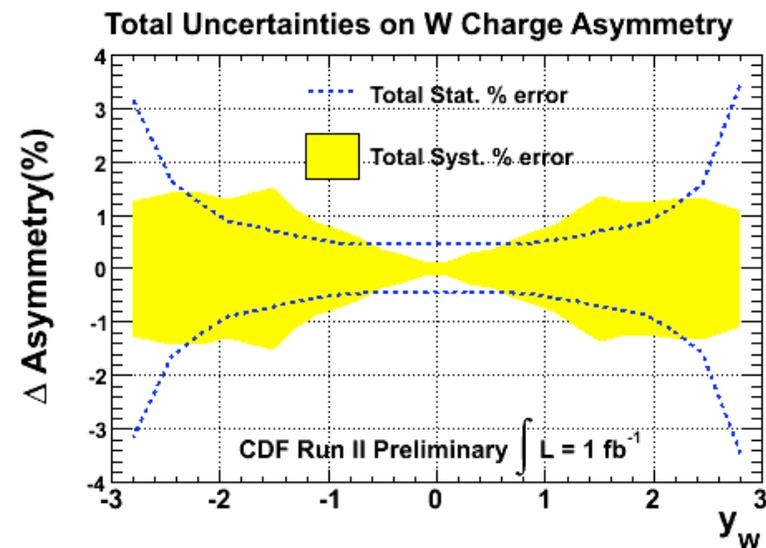


PDF constraint:  $\sim 0.75 < y < \sim 2$

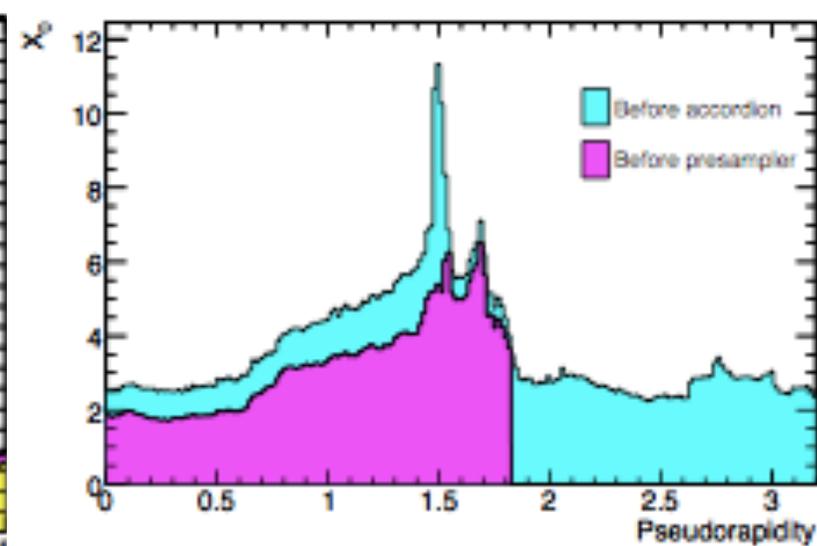
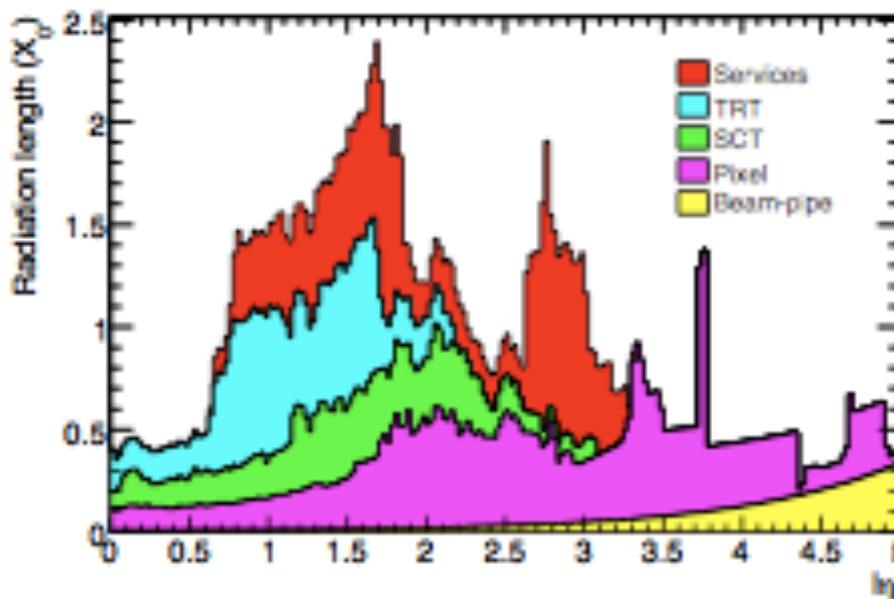
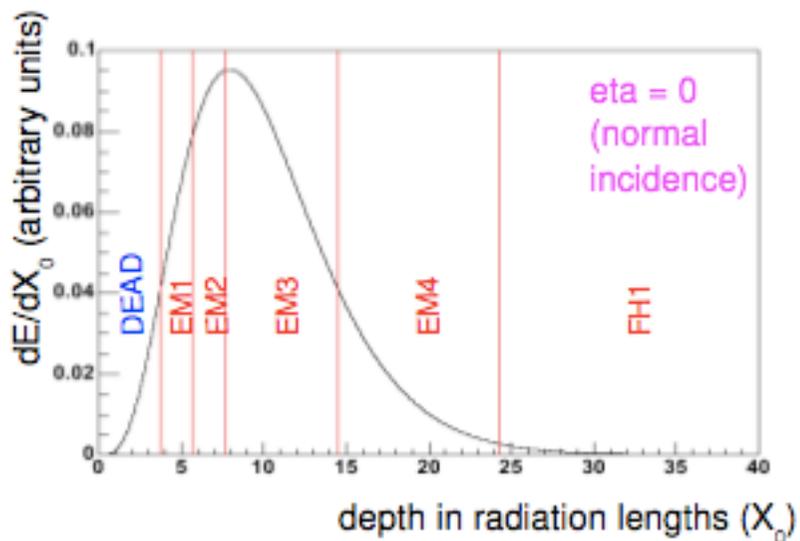
# Backup: W charge asymmetry



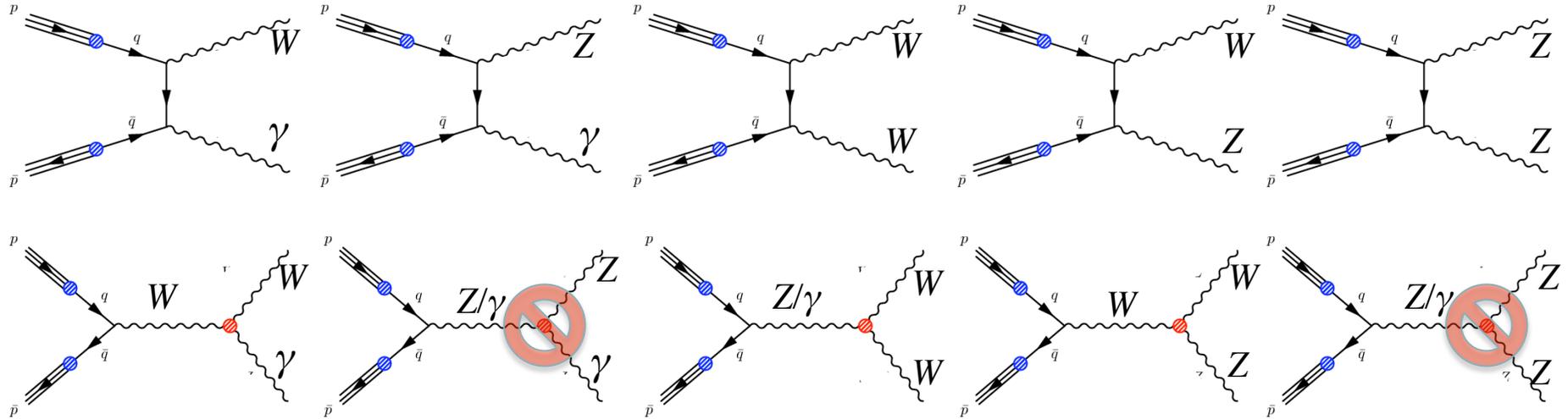
$ y_w $	$\Delta A( y_w ) (\times 10^{-2})$								Stat. (1fb <sup>-1</sup> )
	CFR	BKG	EM	Recoil	Trig	ID	PDF		
0.0 - 0.2	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.11	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.31	
0.2 - 0.4	0.01	0.09	0.04	0.22	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.32	
0.4 - 0.6	0.02	0.11	0.06	0.22	0.13	0.17	0.15	0.33	
0.6 - 0.8	0.03	0.15	0.07	0.34	0.14	0.30	0.22	0.32	
0.8 - 1.0	0.03	0.20	0.07	0.42	0.11	0.47	0.24	0.34	
1.0 - 1.2	0.04	0.18	0.08	0.33	0.09	0.69	0.27	0.38	
1.2 - 1.4	0.05	0.18	0.15	0.67	0.06	0.78	0.28	0.43	
1.4 - 1.6	0.04	0.14	0.14	1.10	0.04	0.85	0.28	0.50	
1.6 - 1.8	0.08	0.12	0.26	0.92	0.03	0.89	0.29	0.55	
1.8 - 2.05	0.22	0.13	0.31	0.82	0.06	0.80	0.34	0.62	
2.05 - 2.3	0.44	0.21	0.53	0.59	0.17	0.85	0.42	0.83	
2.3 - 2.6	0.45	0.19	0.62	0.40	0.27	0.86	0.50	1.10	
2.6 - 3.0	0.14	0.10	0.60	0.43	0.28	0.65	0.53	2.30	



# Backup : W mass



# Di bosons



**CDF:**  $18.0 \pm 2.8$  pb     $4.6 \pm 0.5$  pb     $12.1 \pm 2.3$  pb     $4.3 \pm 1.8$  pb     $1.4 \pm 0.7$  pb  
 ( $E_T^\gamma > 7$  GeV)

**D0:**  $14.8 \pm 2.1$  pb     $5.0 \pm 0.4$  pb     $11.5 \pm 2.2$  pb     $2.7 \pm 2.1$  pb     $1.6 \pm 0.7$  pb  
 ( $E_T^\gamma > 8$  GeV)

**LHC (SM):** 451 pb    219 pb    112 pb    48 pb    15 pb

# TGC limits

Diboson, (fit spectra)	$\lambda_Z$	$\Delta\kappa_Z$	$\Delta g_1^Z$	$\Delta\kappa_\gamma$	$\lambda_\gamma$
WZ, ( $M_T$ )	[-0.015, 0.013]	[-0.095, 0.222]	[-0.011, 0.034]		
$W\gamma$ , ( $p_T^\gamma$ )				[-0.26, 0.07]	[-0.05, 0.02]
WW, ( $M_T$ )	[-0.040, 0.038]	[-0.035, 0.073]	[-0.149, 0.309]	[-0.088, 0.089]	[-0.074, 0.165]
WZ (CDF) (1.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> )	[-0.13, 0.14]	[-0.76, 1.18]	[-0.13, 0.23]		
$W\gamma$ (D0) (0.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> )				[-0.51, 0.51]	[-0.12, 0.13]
WW, (LEP) ( $\lambda_\gamma = \lambda_Z, \Delta\kappa_Z = \Delta g_1^Z - \Delta\kappa_\gamma \tan^2 \theta_W$ )			[-0.051, 0.034]	[-0.105, 0.069]	[-0.059, 0.026]
WW (D0) (1 fb <sup>-1</sup> )			[-0.14, 0.30]	[-0.54, 0.83]	[-0.14, 0.18]
	$f_4^Z$	$f_5^Z$	$f_4^\gamma$	$f_5^\gamma$	
$ZZ \rightarrow llll$	[-0.010, 0.010]	[-0.010, 0.010]	[-0.012, 0.012]	[-0.013, 0.012]	
$ZZ \rightarrow ll\nu\nu$	[-0.012, 0.012]	[-0.012, 0.012]	[-0.014, 0.014]	[-0.015, 0.014]	
Combined	[-0.009, 0.009]	[-0.009, 0.009]	[-0.010, 0.010]	[-0.011, 0.010]	
LEP Limit	[-0.30, 0.30]	[-0.34, 0.38]	[-0.17, 0.19]	[-0.32, 0.36]	

Effective Lagrangian for charged (trilinear) couplings (WW $\gamma$ /WWZ):

$$\frac{L_{WWV}}{g_{WWV}} = \boxed{g_1^V} (W_{\mu\nu}^* W^\mu V^\nu - W_\mu^* V_\nu W^{\mu\nu}) + i \boxed{\kappa_V} W_\mu^* W_\nu V^{\mu\nu} + i \frac{\boxed{\lambda_V}}{M_W^2} W_{\lambda\mu}^* W_\nu^\mu V^{\nu\lambda} \\ - g_4^V W_\mu^* W_\nu (\partial^\mu V^\nu + \partial^\nu V^\mu) + g_5^V \epsilon^{\mu\nu\lambda\rho} (W_\mu^* \partial_\lambda W_\nu - \partial_\lambda W_\mu^* W_\nu) V_\rho + i \tilde{\kappa}_V W_\mu^* W_\nu \tilde{V}^{\mu\nu} + i \frac{\tilde{\lambda}_V}{M_W^2} W_{\lambda\mu}^* W_\nu^\mu \tilde{V}^{\nu\lambda}$$

$g_1^V, \kappa_V, \lambda_V \rightarrow$  C and P conserving

$g_4^V, \tilde{\kappa}_V, \tilde{\lambda}_V \rightarrow$  CP violating

$g_5^V \rightarrow$  CP conserving (but C, P violating)

SM:  $g_1^Z = \kappa_V = 1, \lambda_V = 0$  ( $V = Z, \gamma$ )

qq'  $\rightarrow$  WZ : WWZ

$g_1^Z, \kappa_Z, \lambda_Z$  couplings

qq'  $\rightarrow$  WW : WWZ, WW $\gamma$

$\kappa_\gamma, \lambda_\gamma$  and  $\kappa_Z, \lambda_Z$  interference