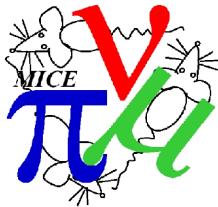


# The Electron Muon Ranger

Davide Bolognini, on behalf of the EMR group

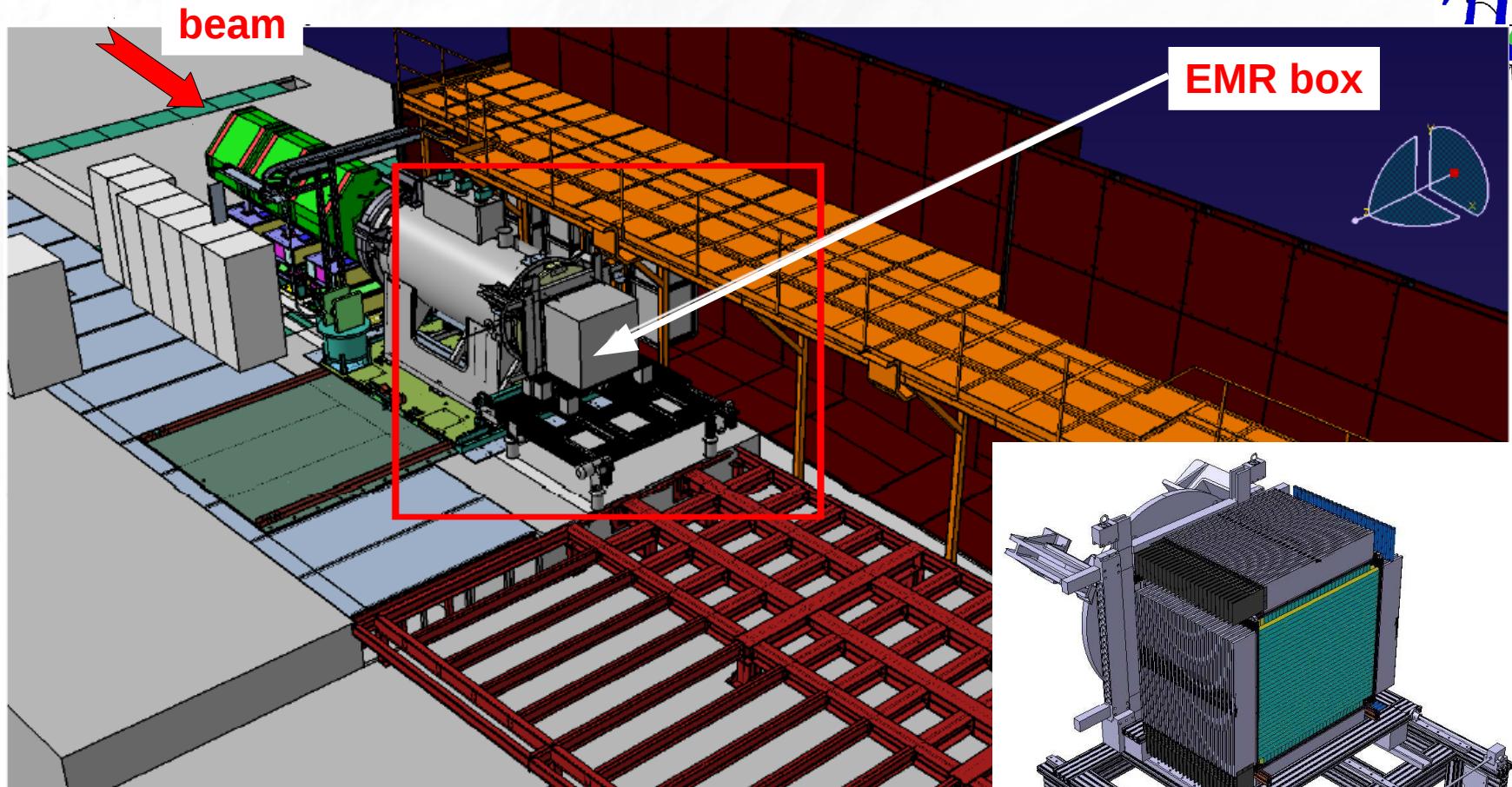
TA Meeting Dec. 9th, 2011



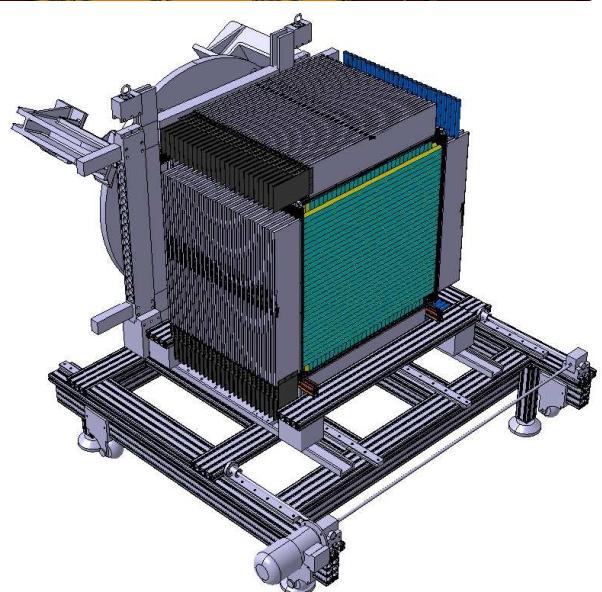
# Outline

- ◆ **EMR: how, why & where**
  - ◆ Mechanical assembly
  - ◆ Electronics
- ◆ **Tests at UNIGE**
- ◆ **Installation at RAL**
- ◆ **Conclusions & Outlooks**

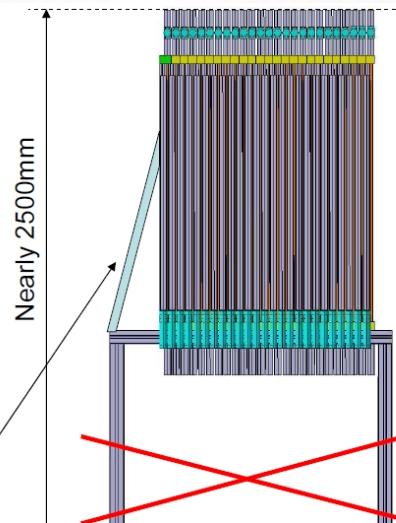
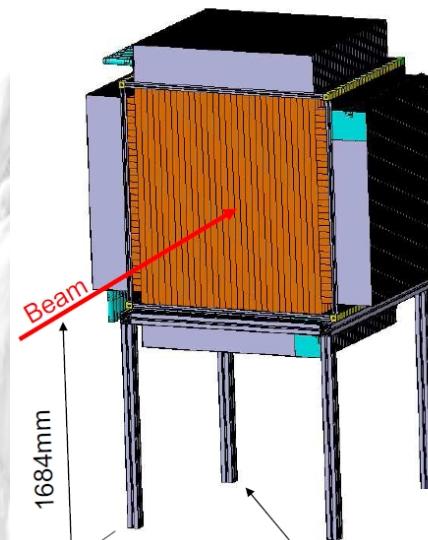
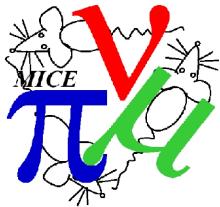
# Electron Muon Ranger: where and why



**EMR is a fully active detector (tracker+calorimeter)  
whose aim is (together with TOF and KL) to  
distinguish electrons from muons**



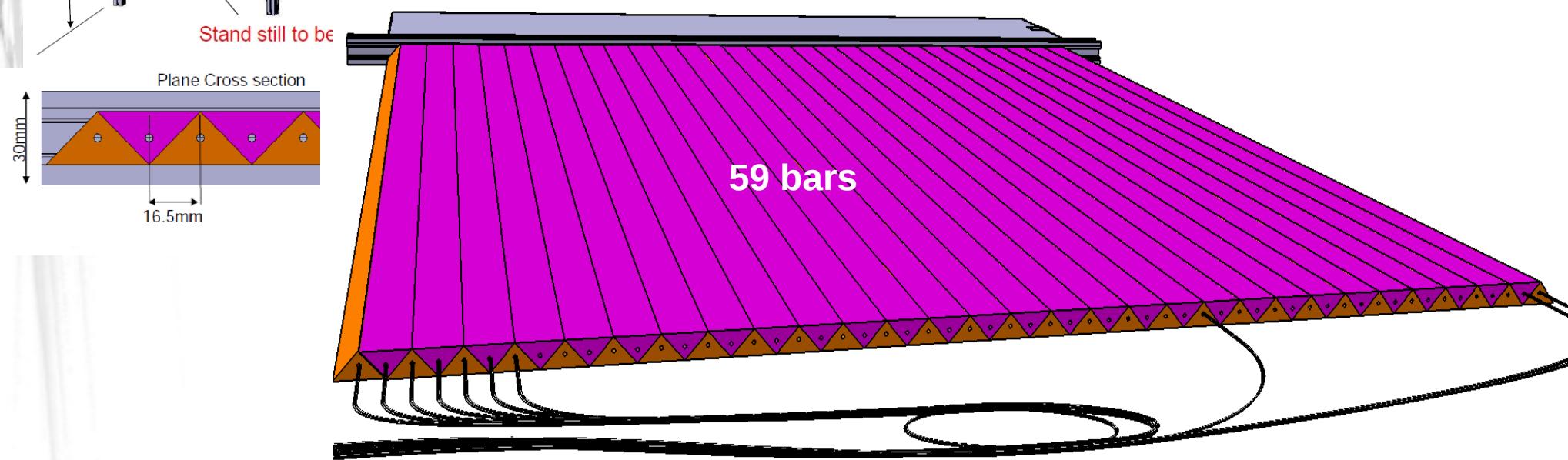
# Electron Muon Ranger: how?



**EMR is a tracker/calorimeter that is able to distinguish electrons from muons**

**EMR consists of:**

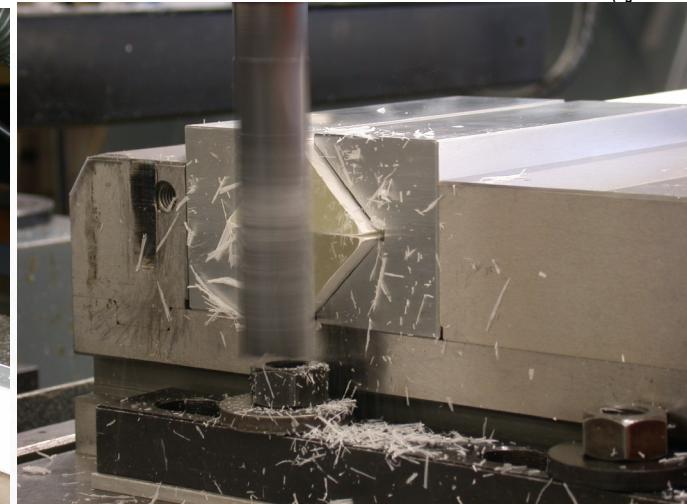
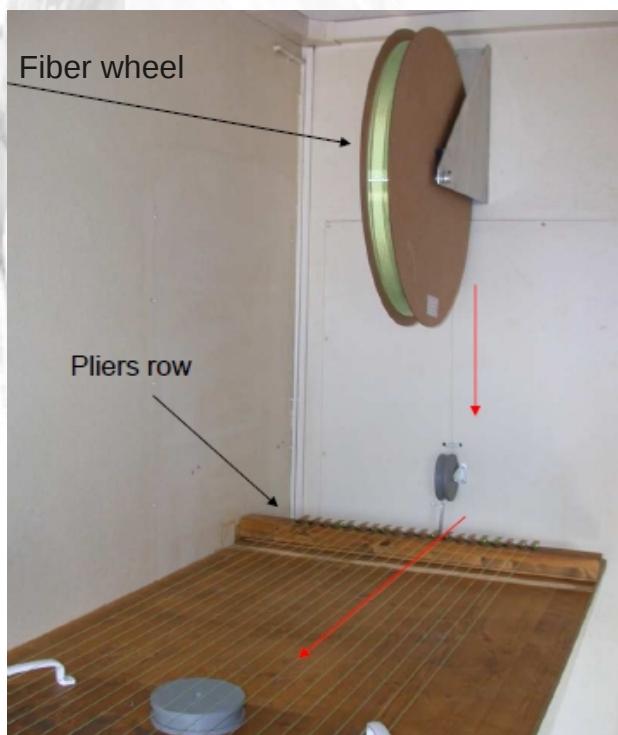
- ◆ **48 planes** of extruded plastic scintillator bars (24x-24y)
- ◆ Each plane: **59 bars**, 1.1 m long, triangular section
- ◆ **1 WLS fiber** (1.2 mm of diameter), glued inside the bar
- ◆ **2 clear fibers** from bars to PMTs (connector system)



# EMR: mechanical construction



Bars (3-4 m long from FNAL) have been **cut**, **drilled** and **painted** (the edge in white, to increase the light yield)



**One 1.2 mm WLS fiber inserted and glued in each bar**

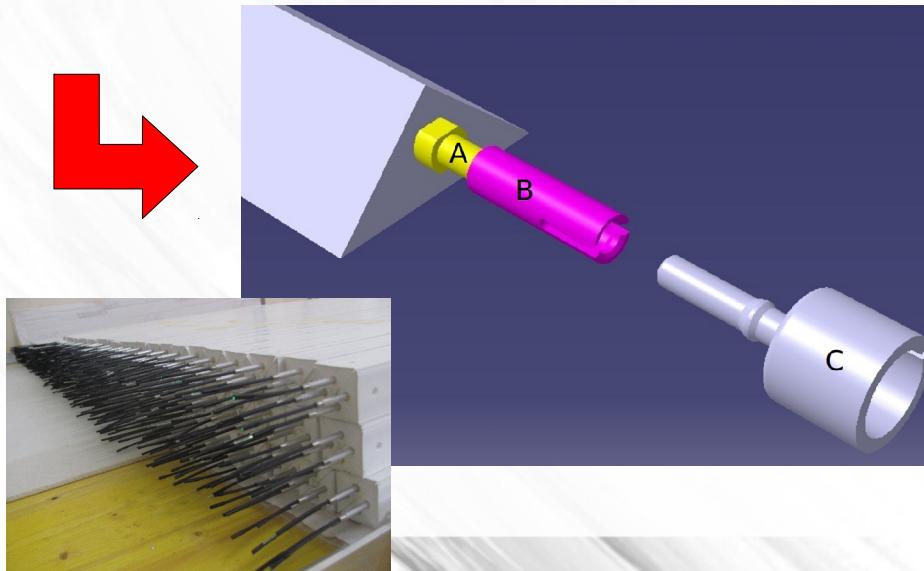
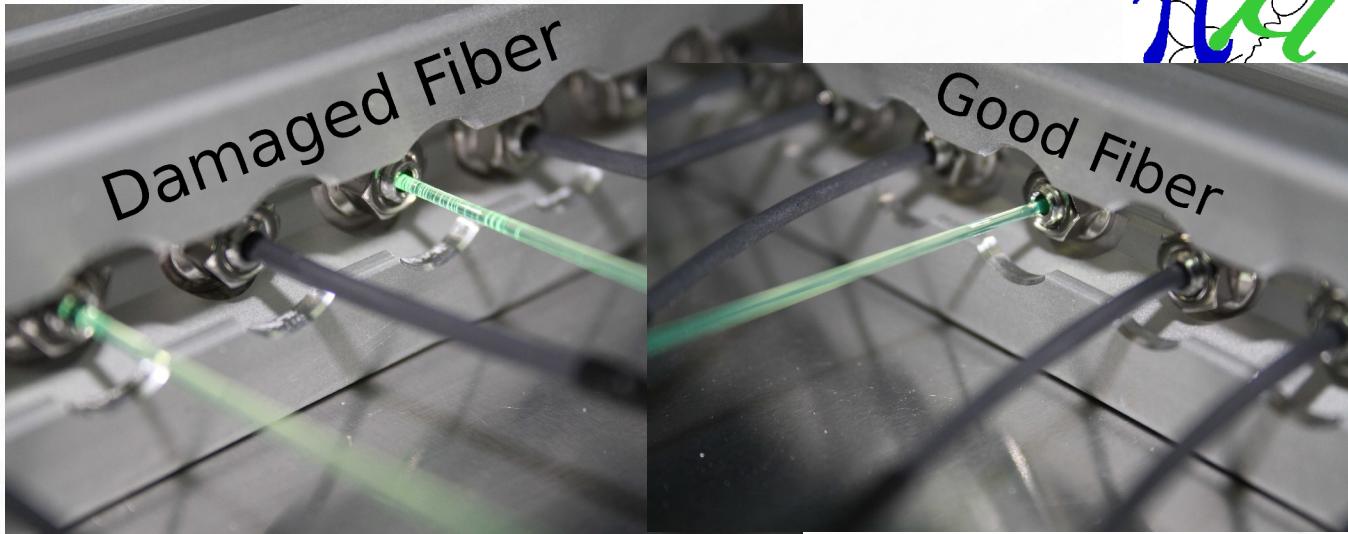
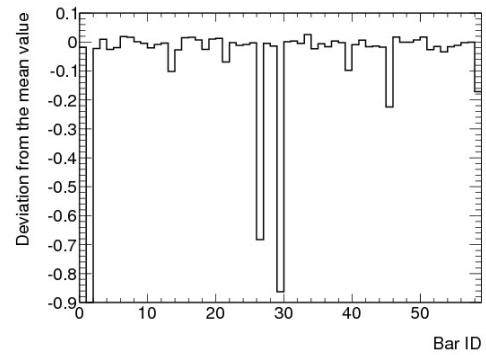
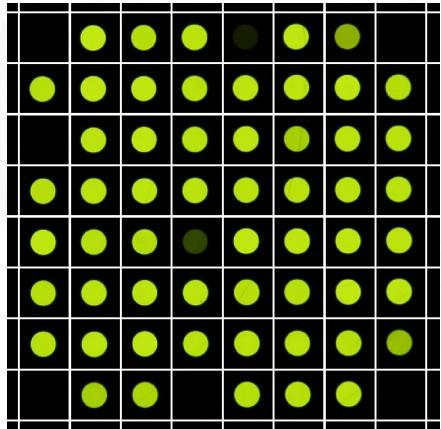
In original design a single WLS fiber carried out on both edges the scintillating light to the PMTs

**BUT...**

# EMR: mechanical construction



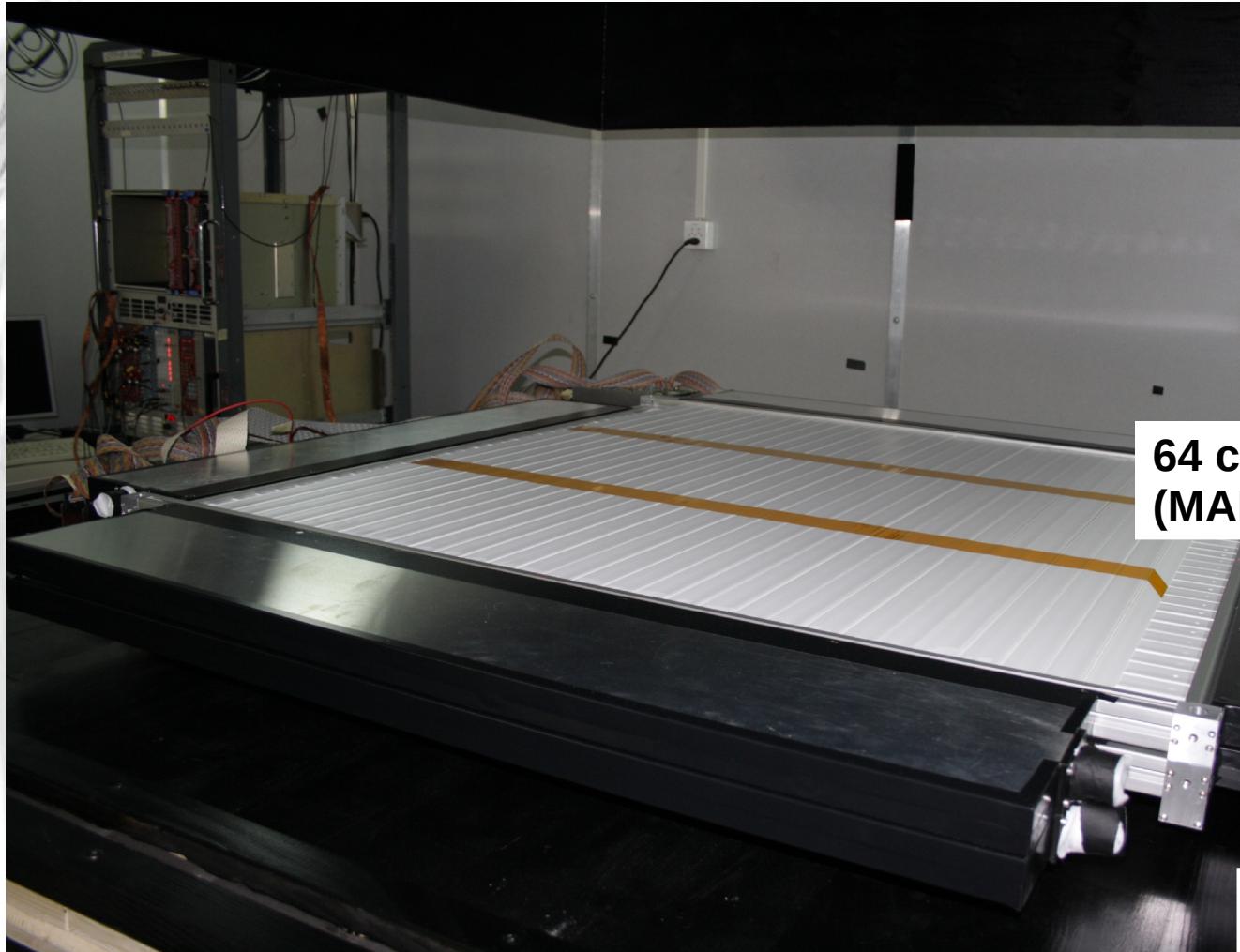
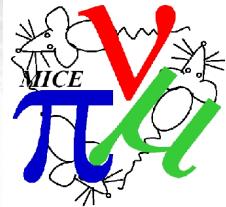
Optical test:  
10% of fiber broken



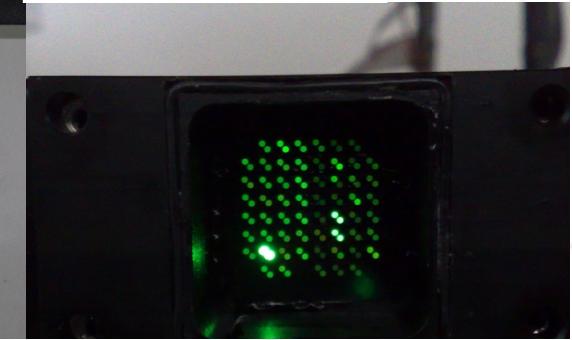
“Connector  
system”

Clear fiber to PMTs

# EMR: mechanical construction



**Two readouts:**



**64 channels multi-anode PMT  
(MAPMT) to track the particles**

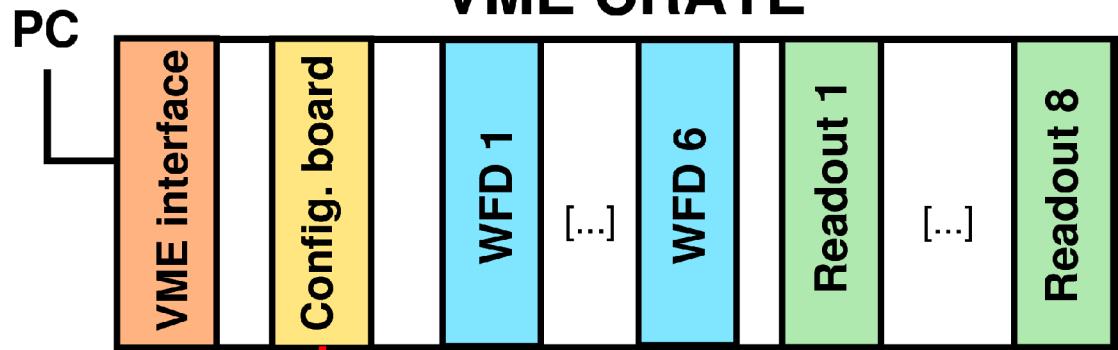


**Single PMT to measure  
the whole plane charge**



# The EMR electronics

## VME CRATE

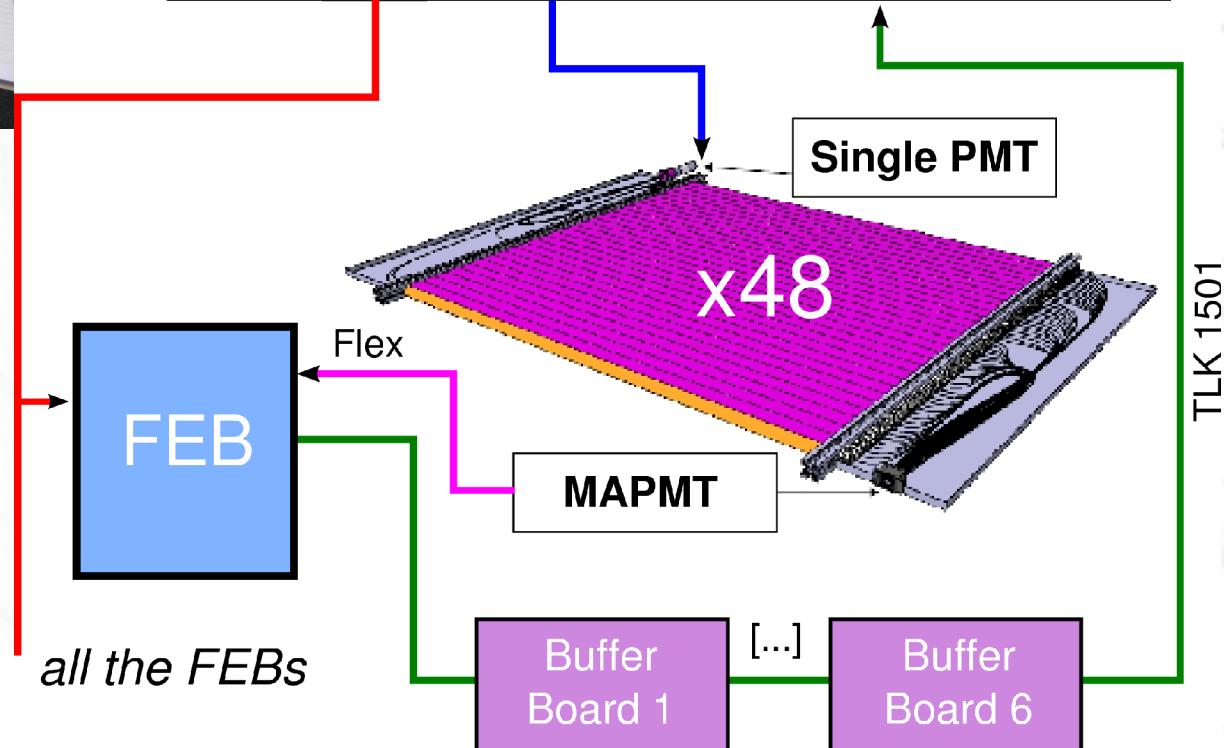


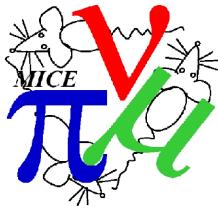
### Single PMT:

- ◆ WFD: 8 ch. CAEN 1731

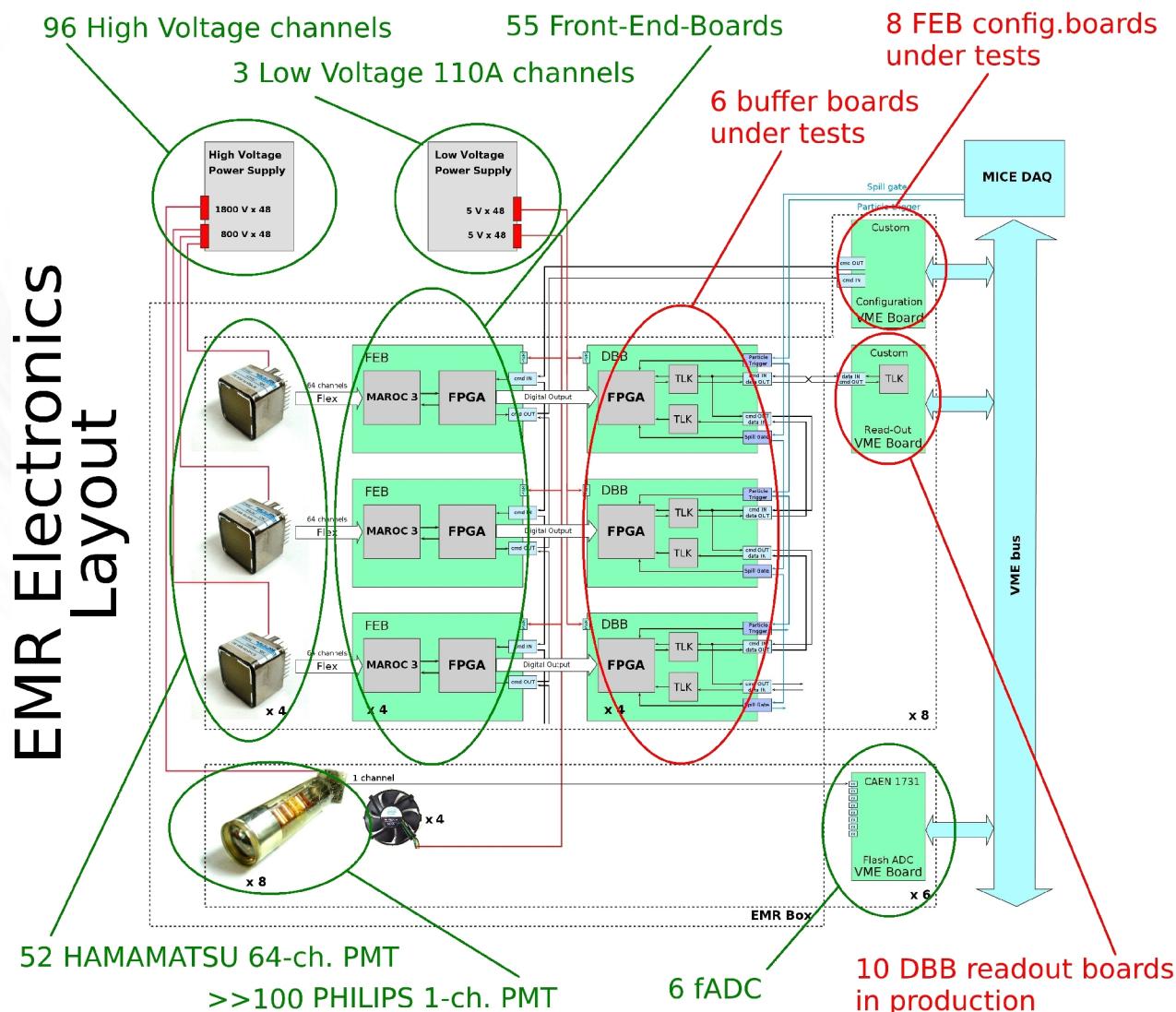
### MAPMT (64 channels):

- ◆ FEB Board
- ◆ DBB board

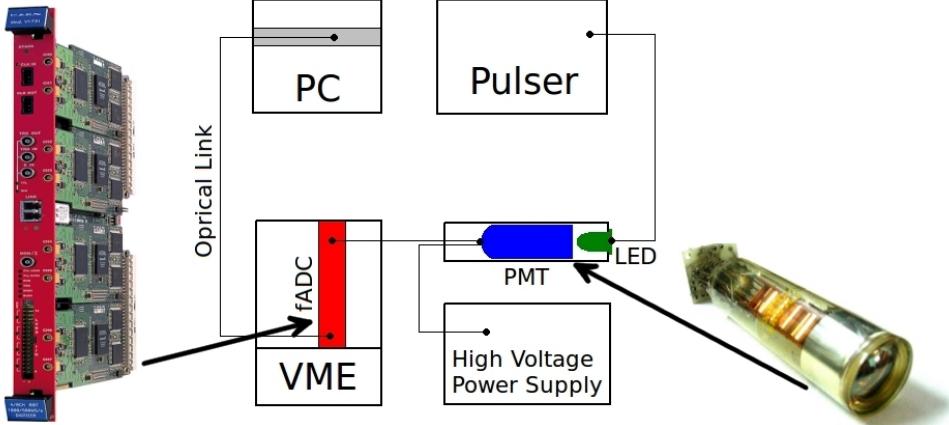
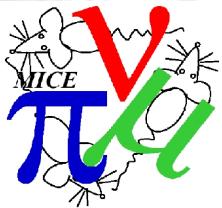




# The EMR electronics

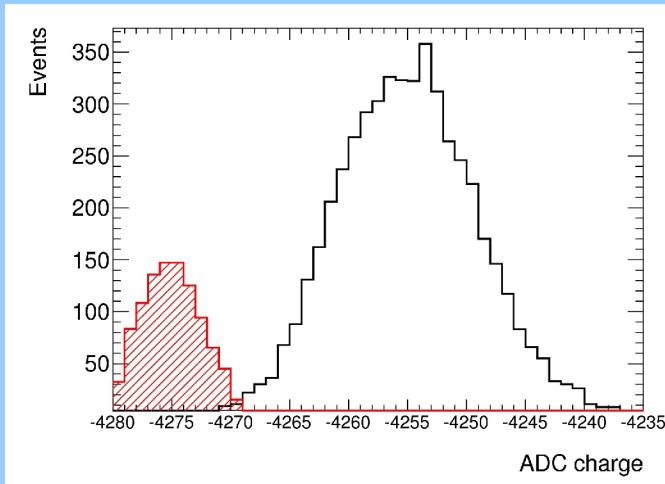
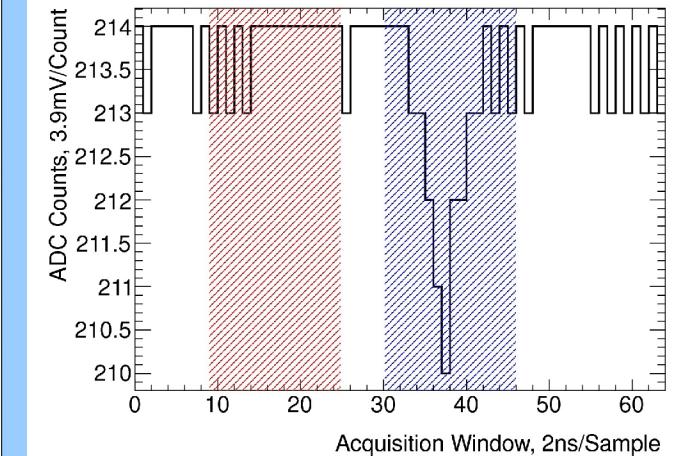


# Single PMT readout system



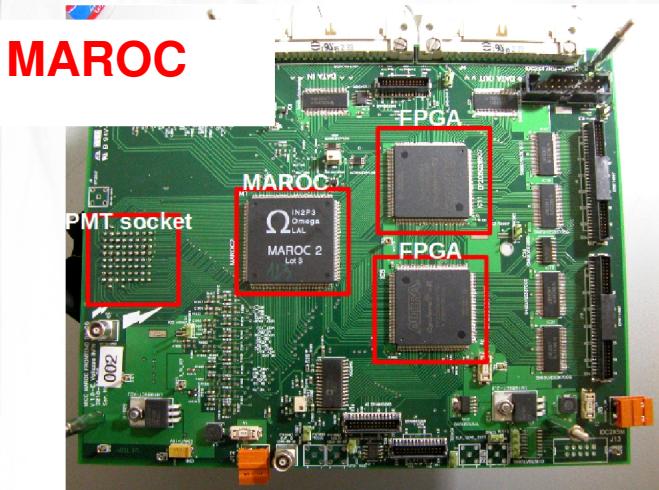
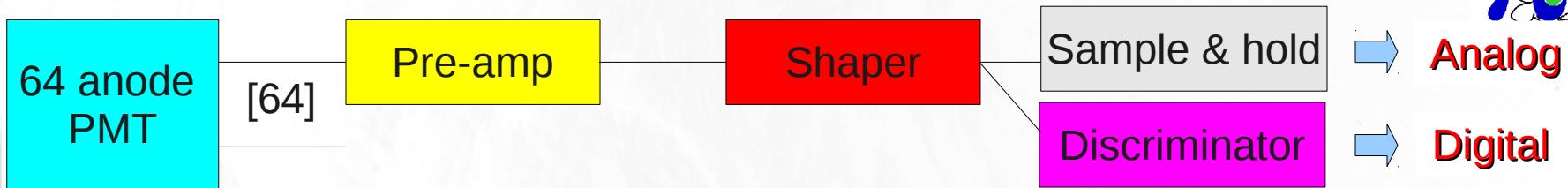
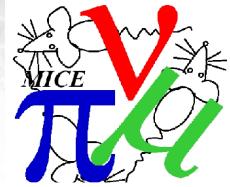
**Flash ADC CAEN V1731**

500MS/s, 8 channels



- ◆ a **test bench** is set up to study fADC behaviour
- ◆ light pulses are created by a **LED** and are similar to the ones generated by a MIP particle in triangular scintillating bars
- ◆ this setup is identical to the **final readout** of the PHILIPS 1-ch. PMT in EMR (provided by P.Hanlet, D0 experiment, Fermilab, US)

# The MAPMT processing: the MAROC ASIC



- ◆ Each **64 channel** has a pre-amplifier, shaper, sample & hold and a discriminator.
- ◆ **1 multiplexed analog output, 64 parallel digital ones**
- ◆ **Plastic packaging**
- ◆ **1 single power rail**

Because of the experimental duty cycle (1 ev/5  $\mu$ s in a spill of 1 ms per sec), the **analog readout** (which requires 12.8 us) is used for **tests** and for the **commissioning phase**. The **final readout** will be a **digital one**.

# The FrontEnd Board (FEB)



**SOCKET:** MAPMT is connected by a flex cable

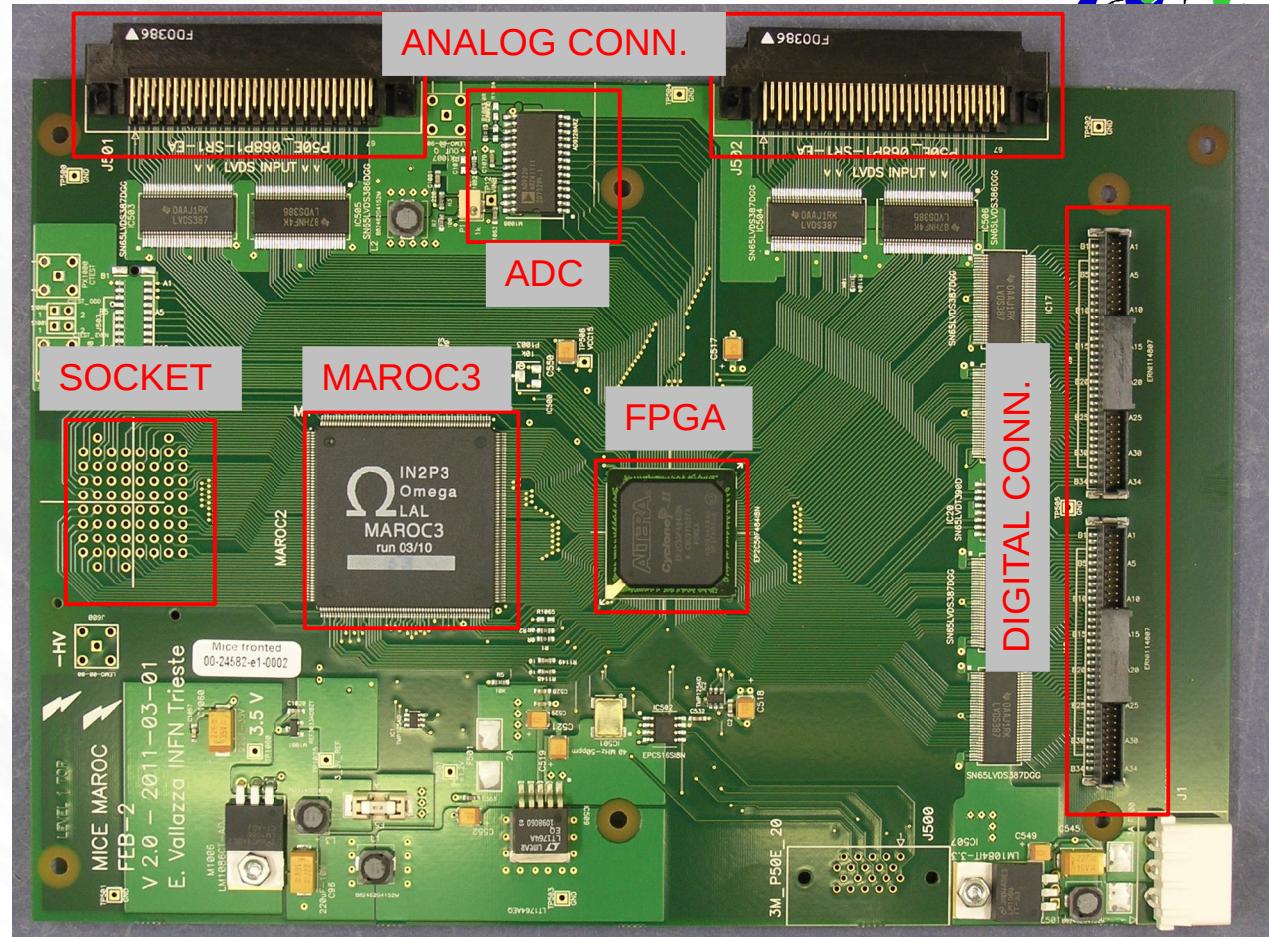
**MAROC:** MAROC-3

**FPGA:** to control the MAROC configuration (gain, DAC,...) and the readout sequence

**EXTERNAL ADC:** for the analog readout.

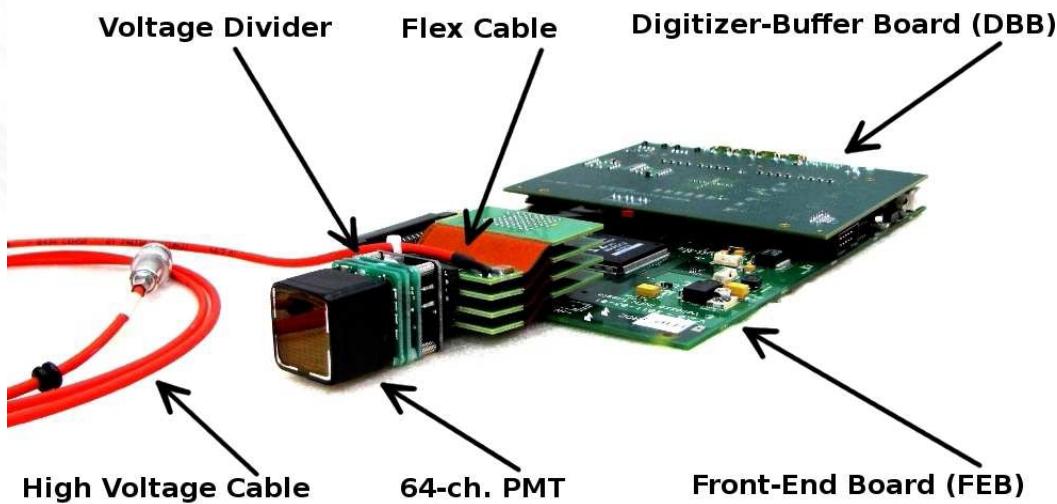
**DIGITAL CONNECTORS:** to address digital signals to the buffer boards

**ANALOG CONNECTORS:** to configure the MAROC ASIC and for the analog readout

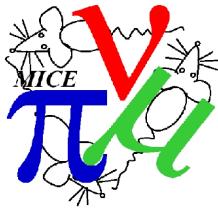




# FEB + DBB



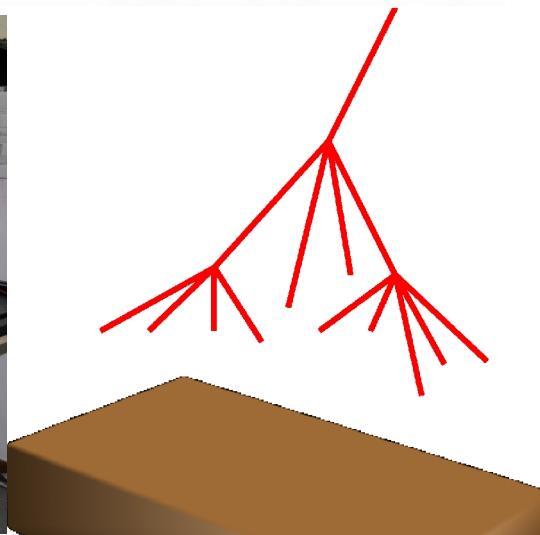
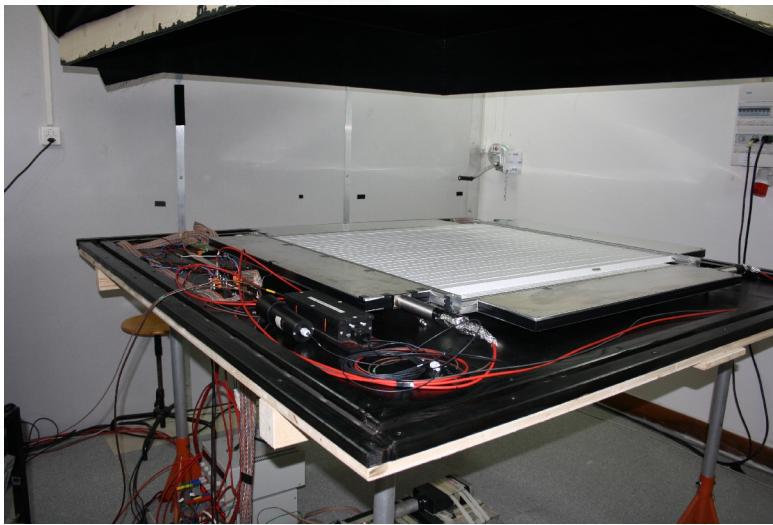
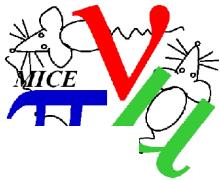
14



# UNIGE tests

15

# Tests on the UNIGE setup

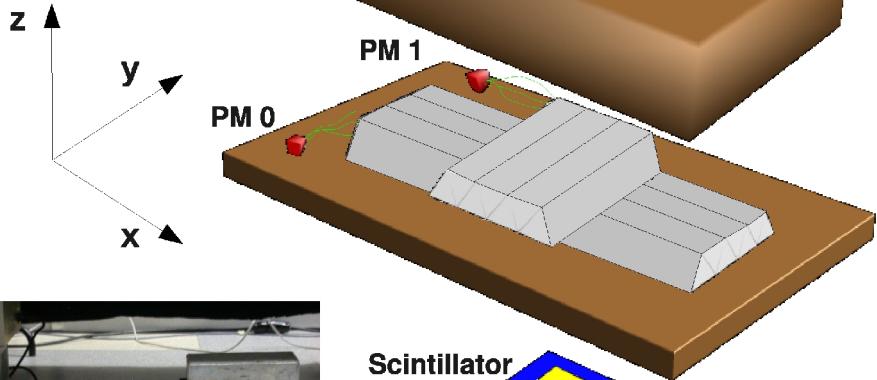


## Tracking:

2 Si detectors

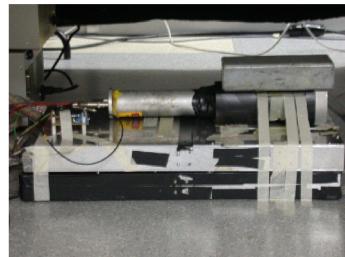
~ 30  $\mu\text{m}$  of spatial resolution

~  $9.5 \times 9.5 \text{ cm}^2$



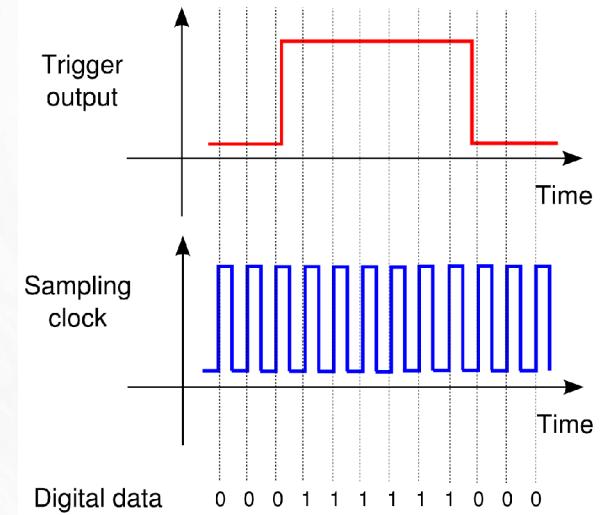
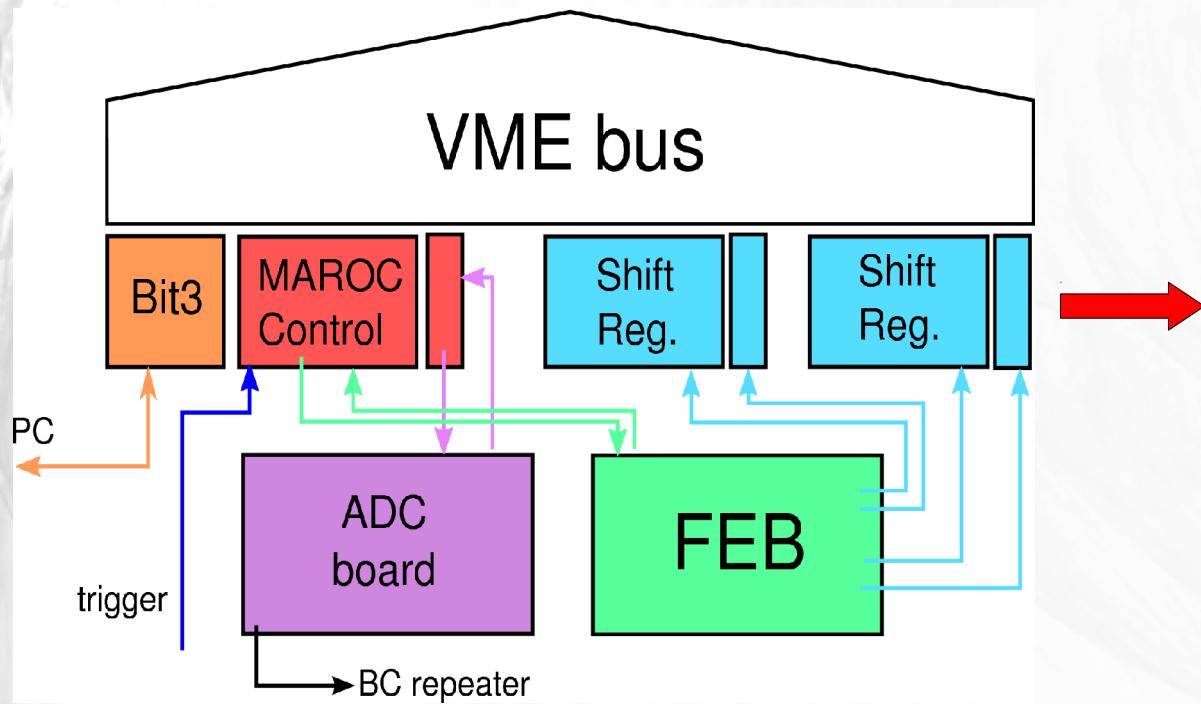
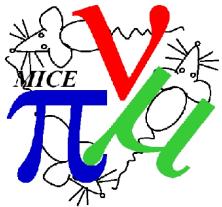
## Goal:

Test of the MAROC ASIC prototype board with a final module:  
longterm tests and  
final performances



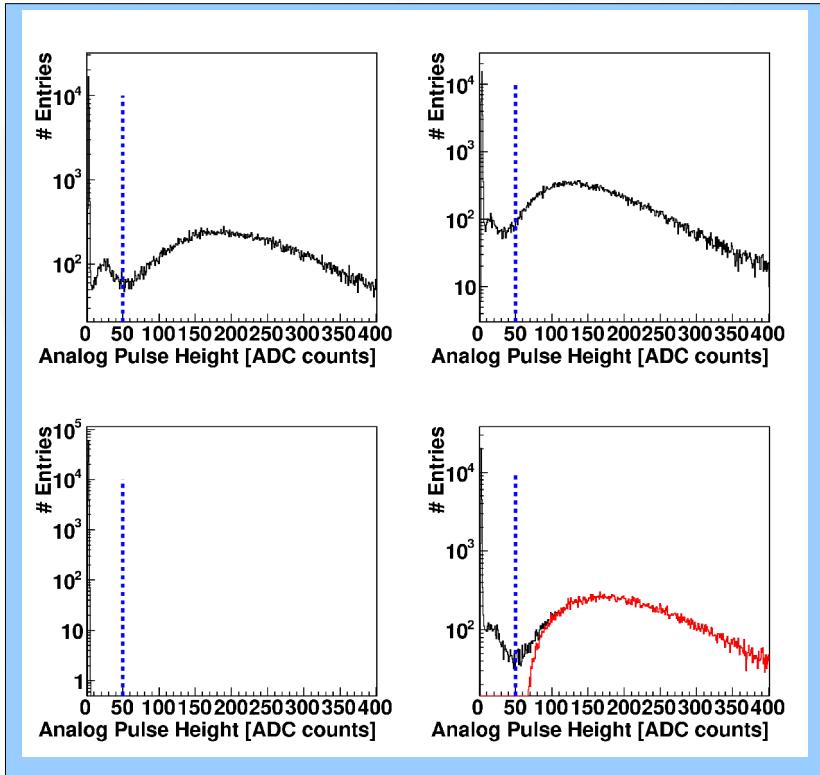
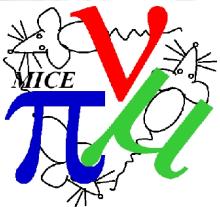
Silicon beam chamber

# Tests on the UNIGE setup: DAQ

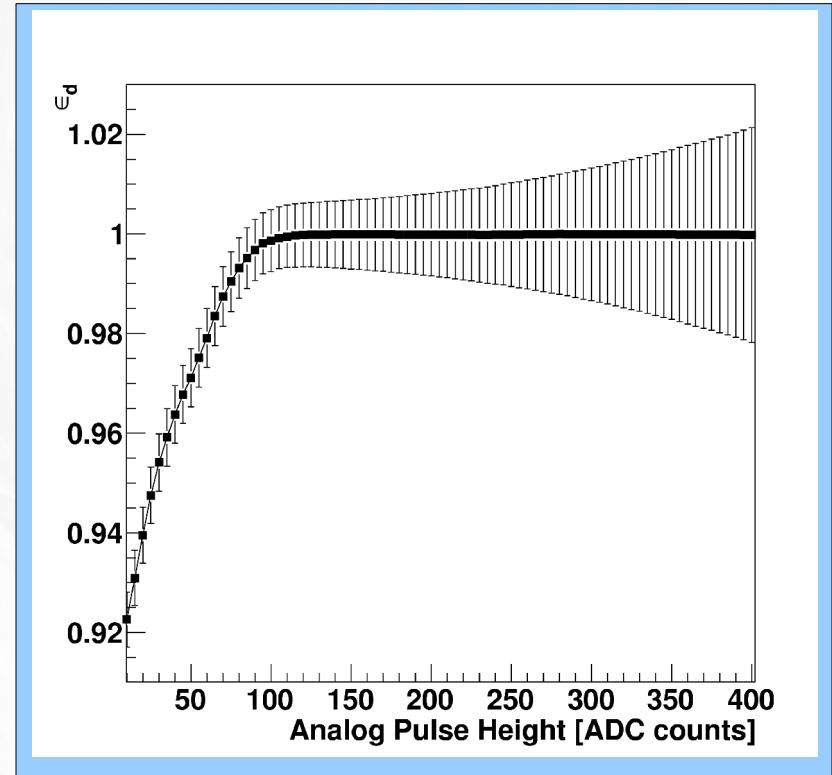


- ◆ **BIT3 system** for PC-VME data transmission
- ◆ **MAROC control:** configuration and readout of the FEBs and Si detector readout boards
- ◆ **Shift register:** I/O boards to simulate the digital readout (sampling clock 200 MHz)

# Tests on the UNIGE setup: results



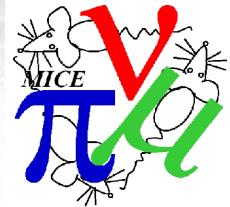
Analog pulse height



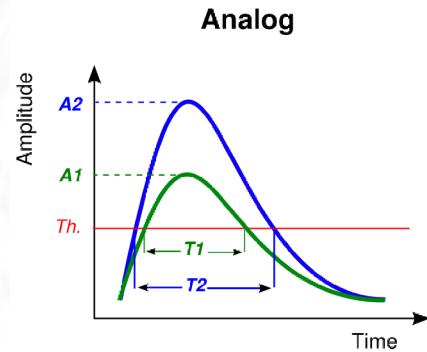
Digital efficiency

18

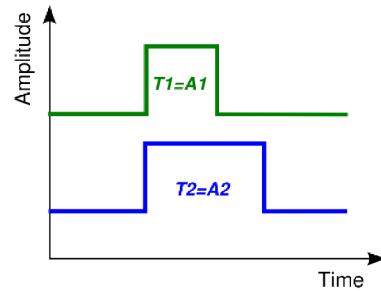
# Tests on the UNIGE setup: results



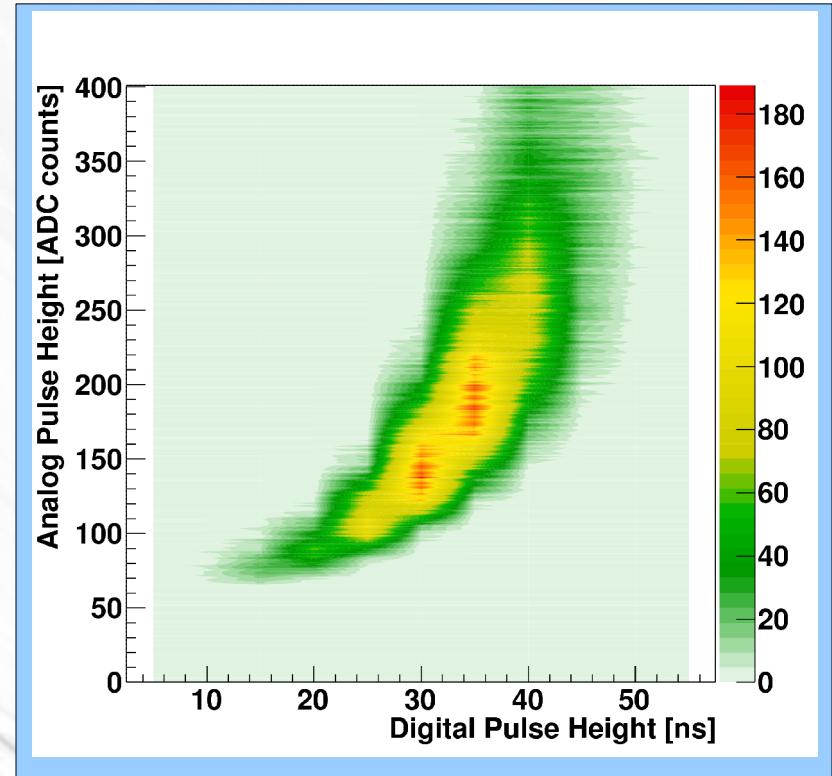
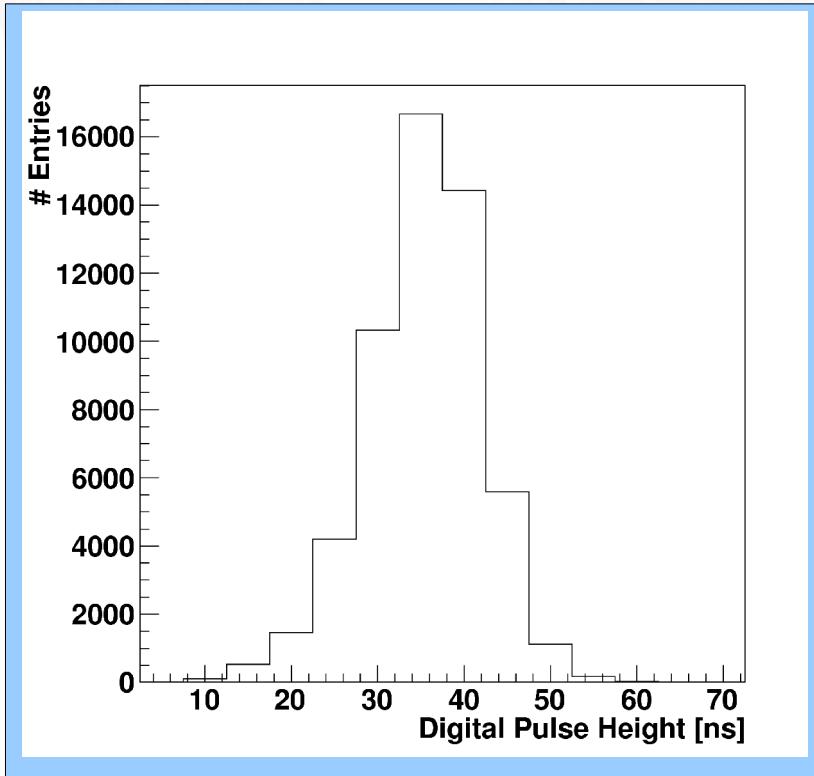
Digital PH



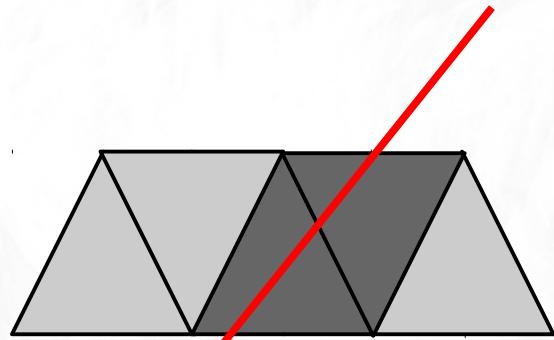
Digital



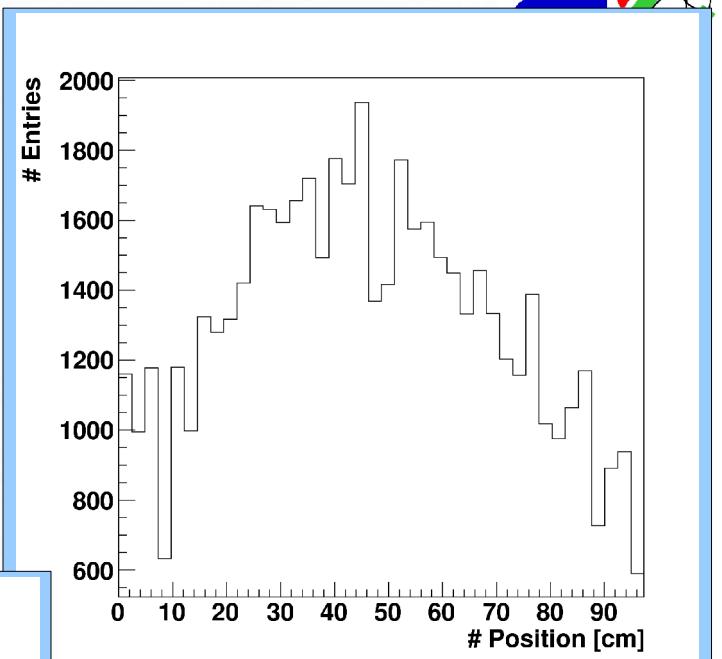
Analog-digital PH



# Tests on the UNIGE setup: results

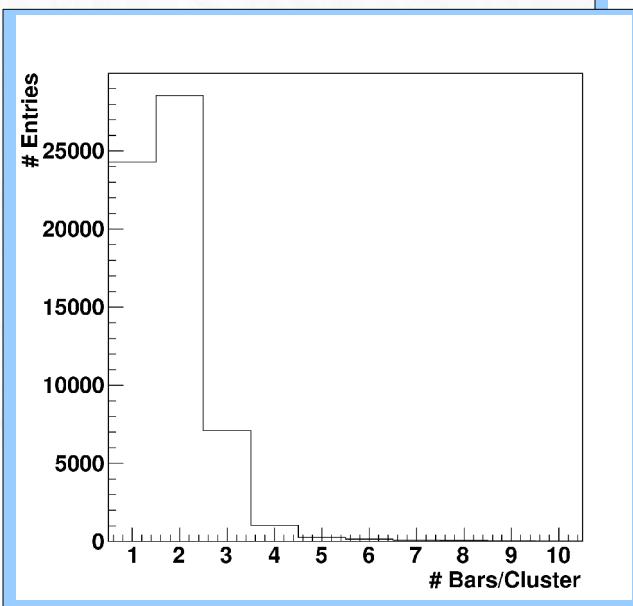
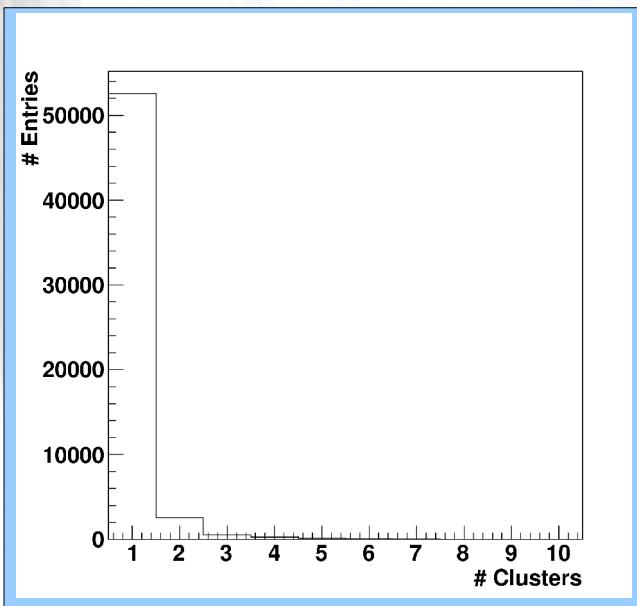


**Cosmic  
profile**



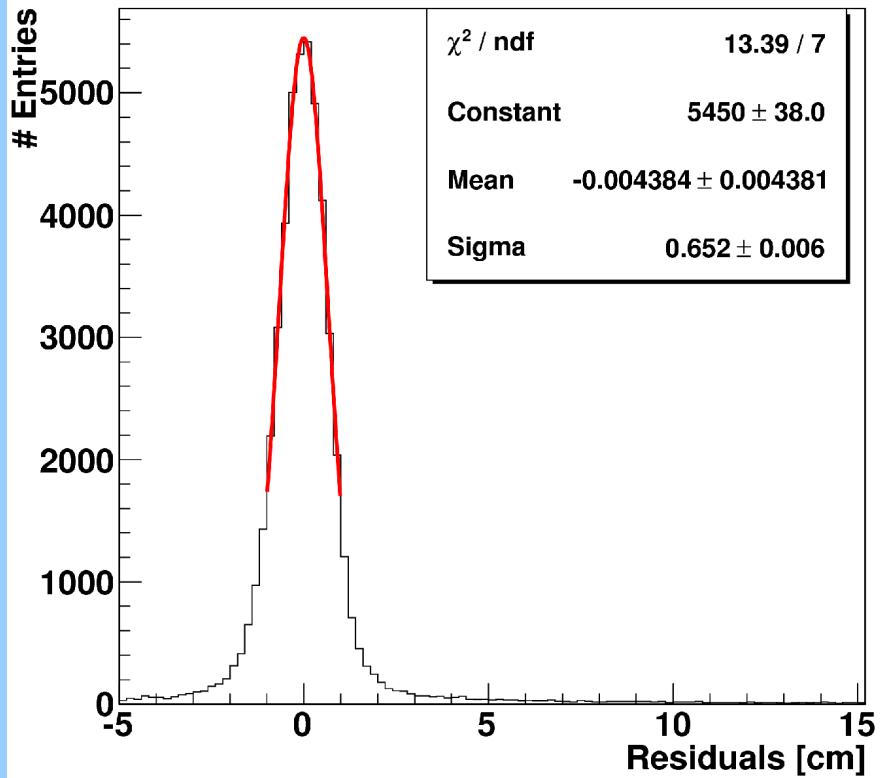
**Cluster**

**Bar/cluster**

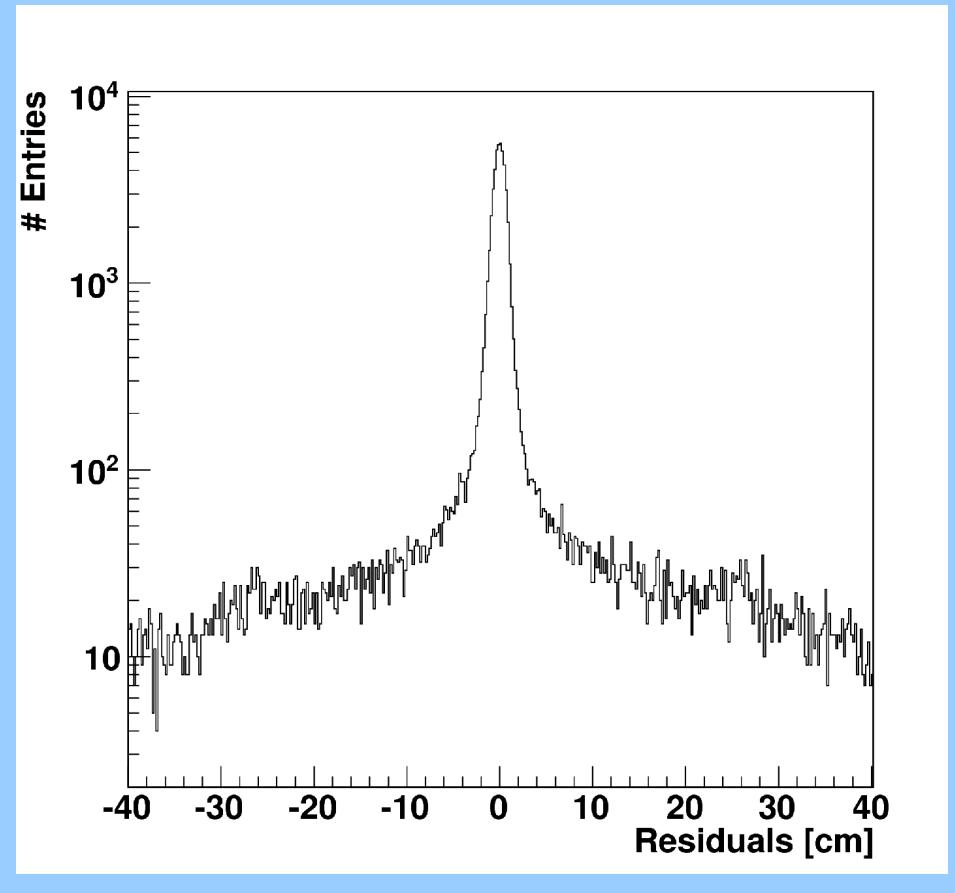


**Hit position:  
Charge centroid  
method**

# Tests on the UNIGE setup: results



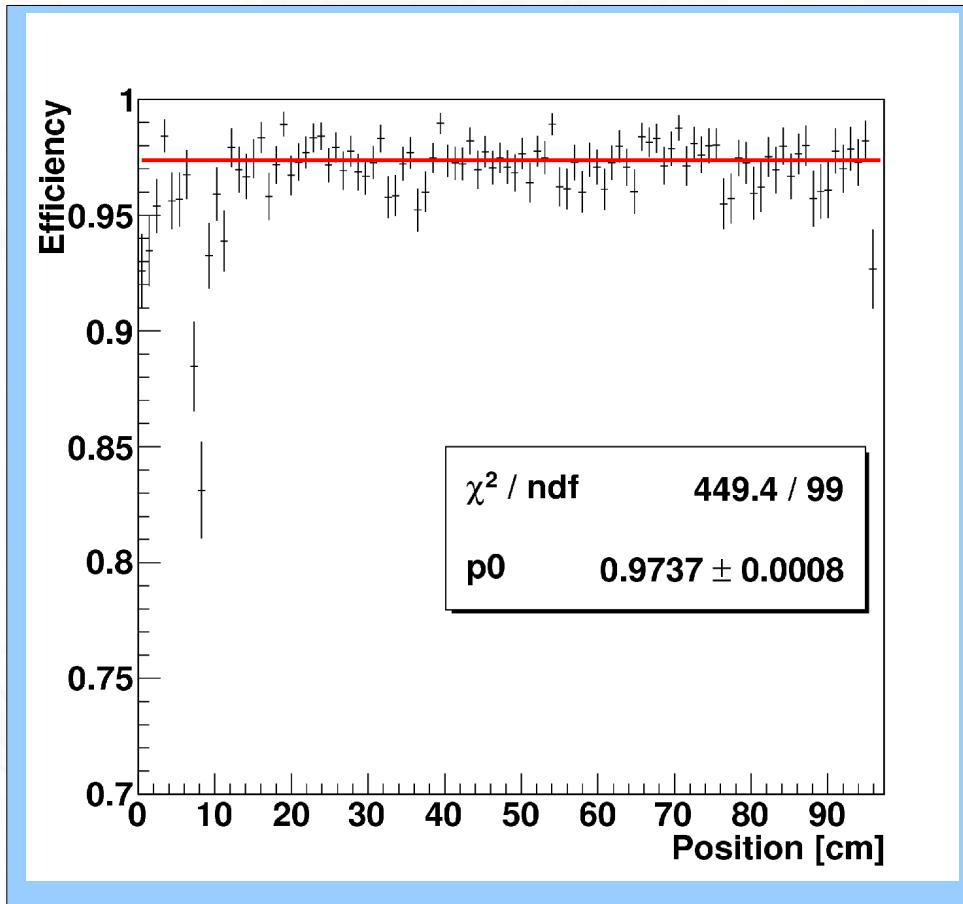
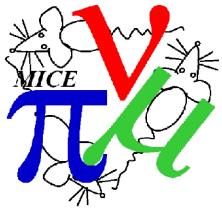
**Single cluster  
residual RMS: ~6.5 mm**



**Residual all clusters**

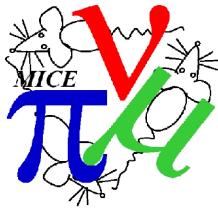
21

# Tests on the UNIGE setup: results



## Efficiency

22



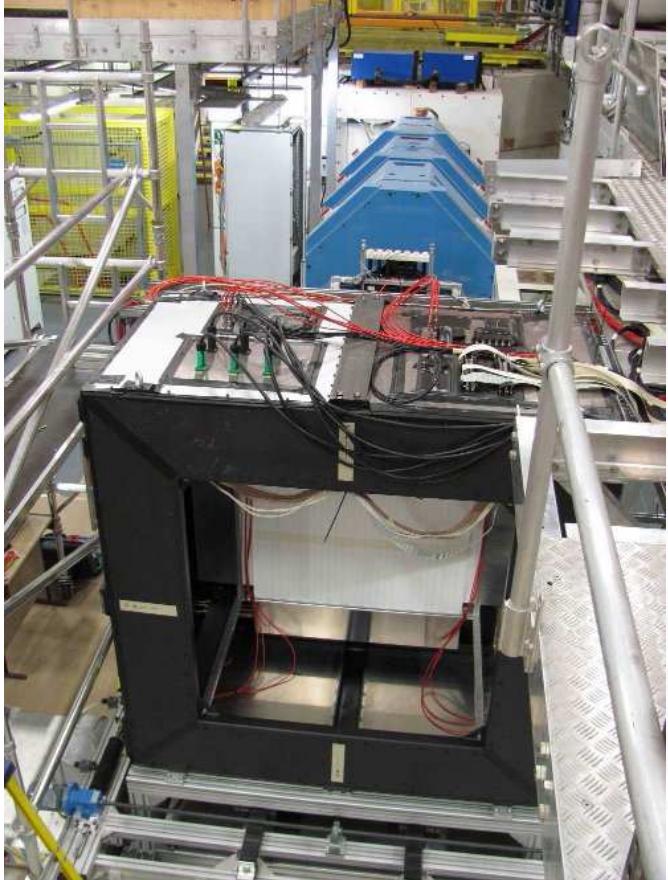
# EMR at RAL

23

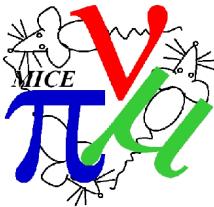
# Six planes at RAL



**Six planes installed** on the MICE line for the July data taking period



# Six planes at RAL



## GOALS:

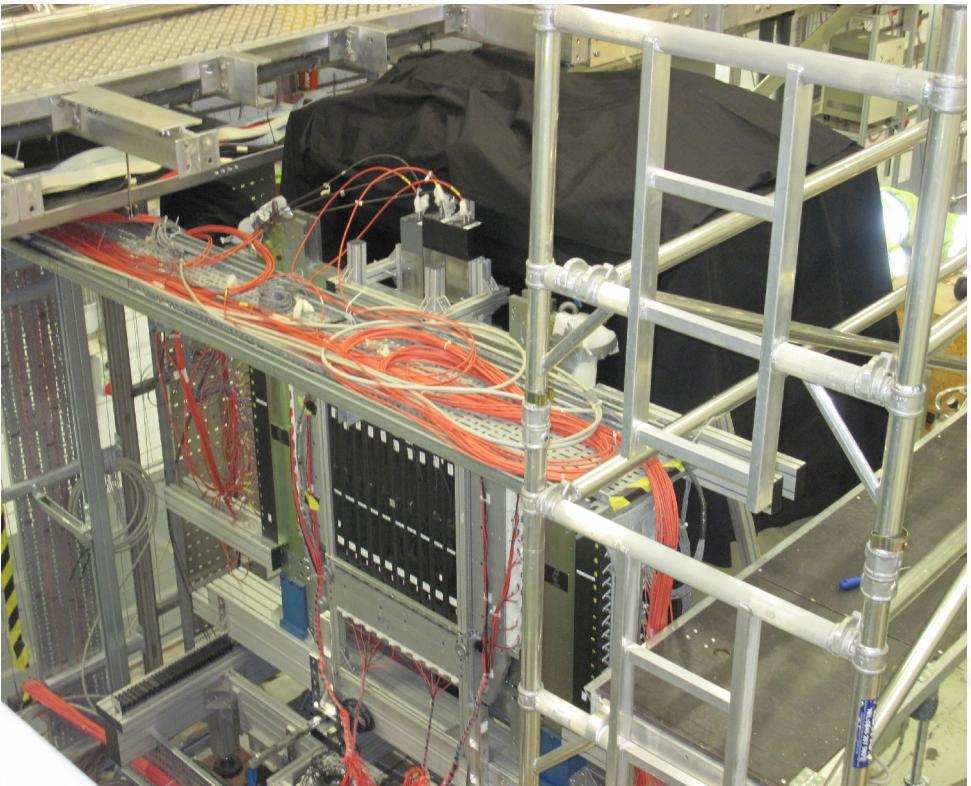
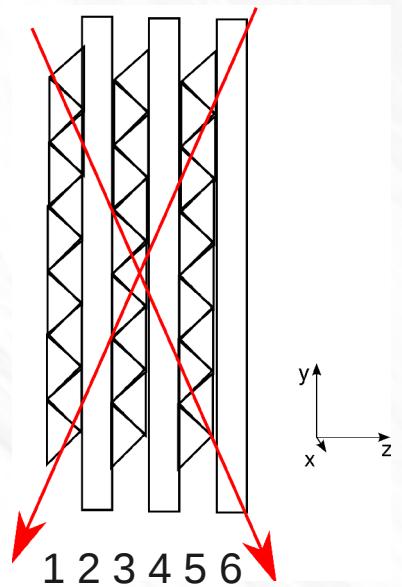
- ◆ Installation of **EMR in the KL frame** with identification of the possible problems
- ◆ Implementation of **EMR in DATE**
- ◆ **Preliminary test** with cosmic rays and beam

## Two DAQ systems:

- ◆ DATE
- ◆ UNIGE-like

**Trigger:** 1-6

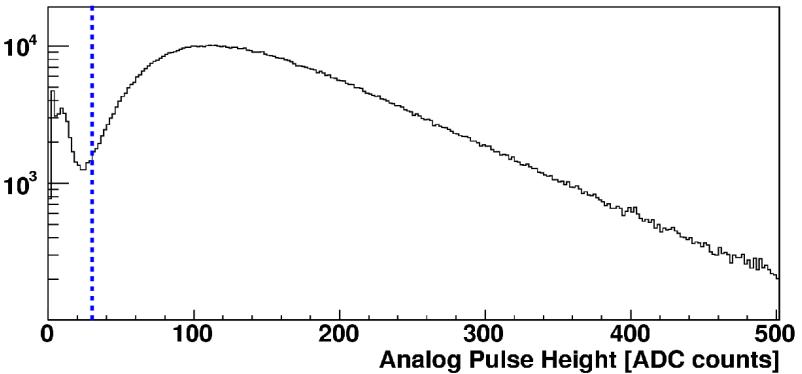
**Test:** 3-4



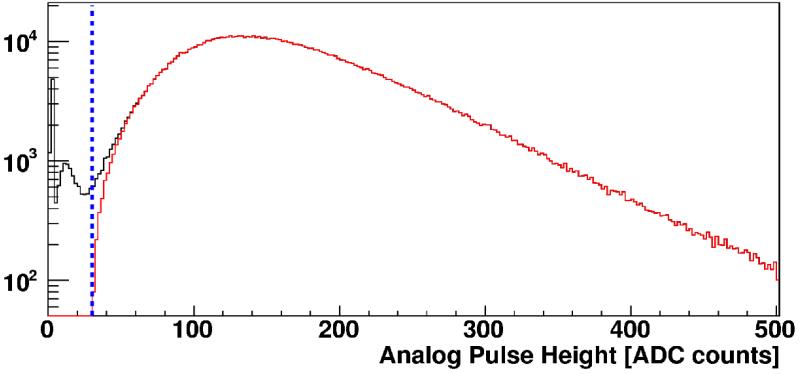
# Results with the UNIGE-like DAQ



# Entries



# Entries



## Analog PH

$\epsilon_d$

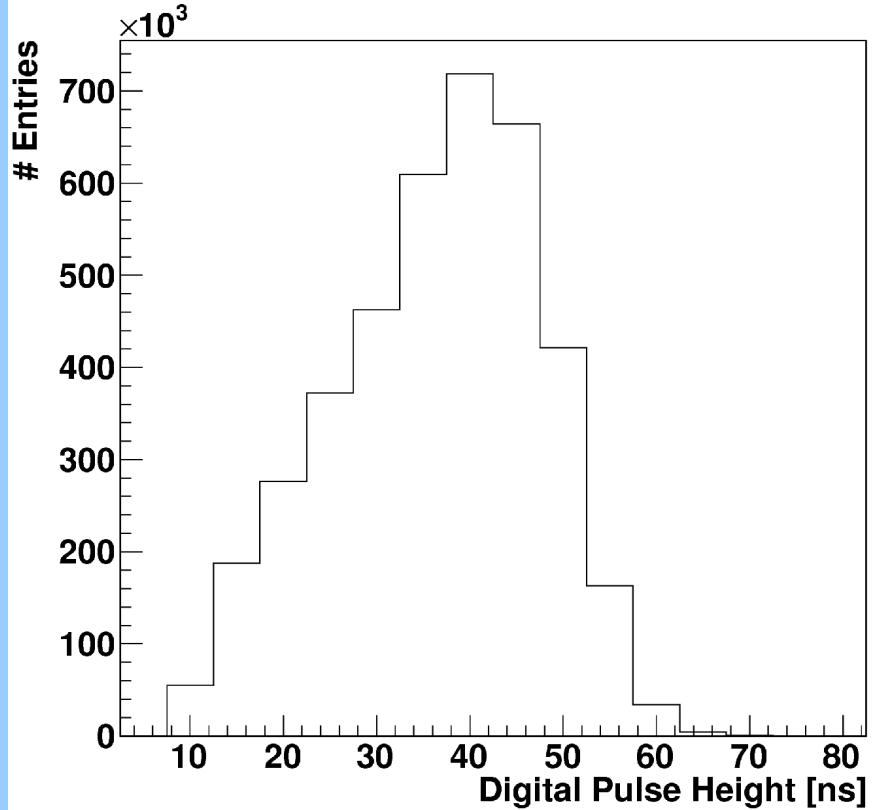
1.01  
1.005  
1  
0.995  
0.99  
0.985  
0.98



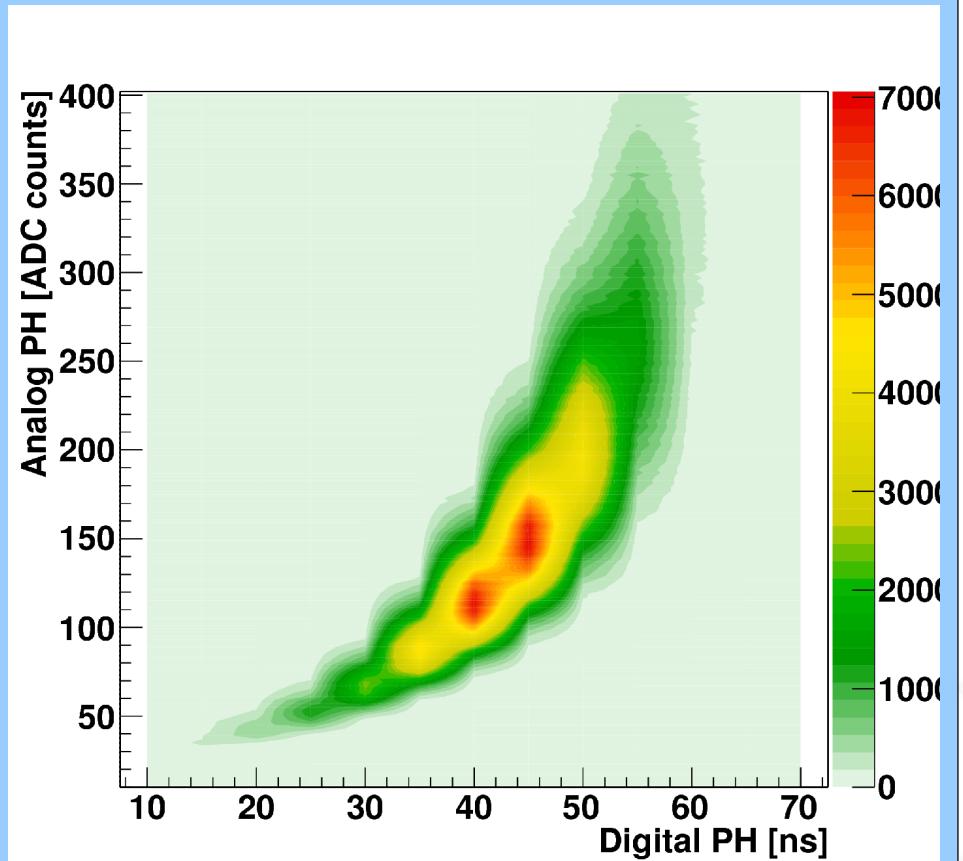
## Digital efficiency

26

# Results with the UNIGE-like DAQ



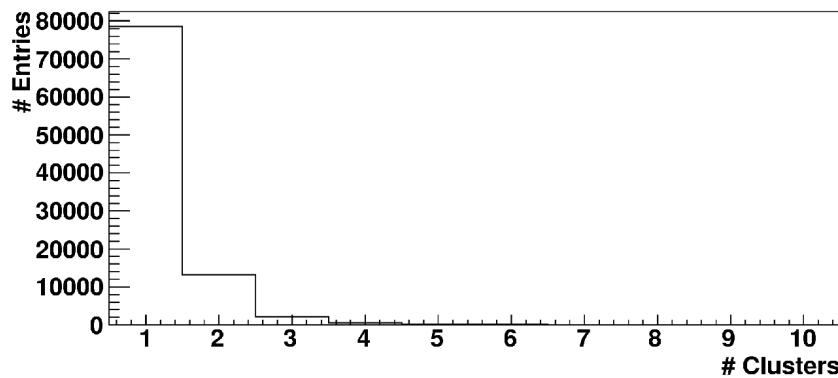
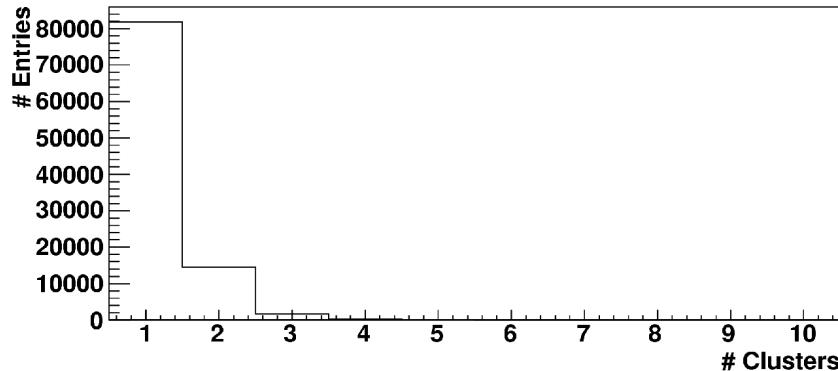
**Digital PH**



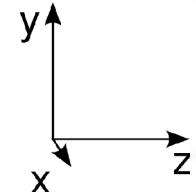
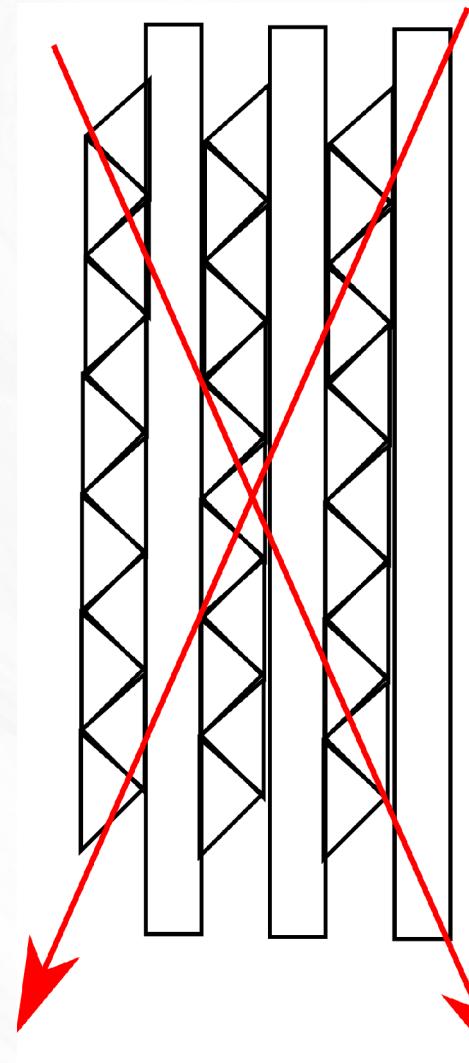
**Analog-digital PH**

27

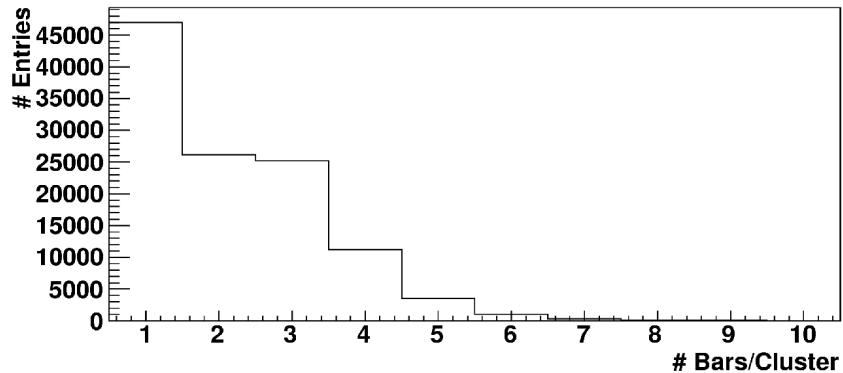
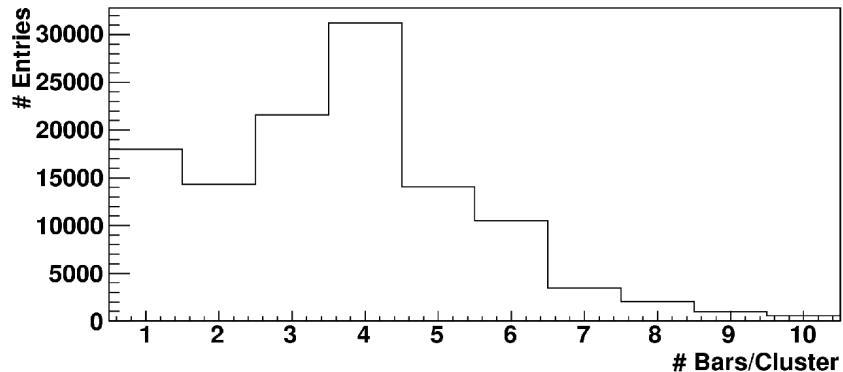
# Results with the UNIGE-like DAQ



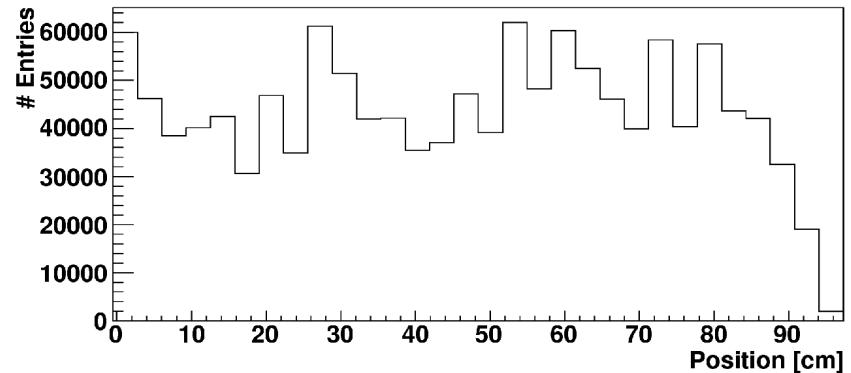
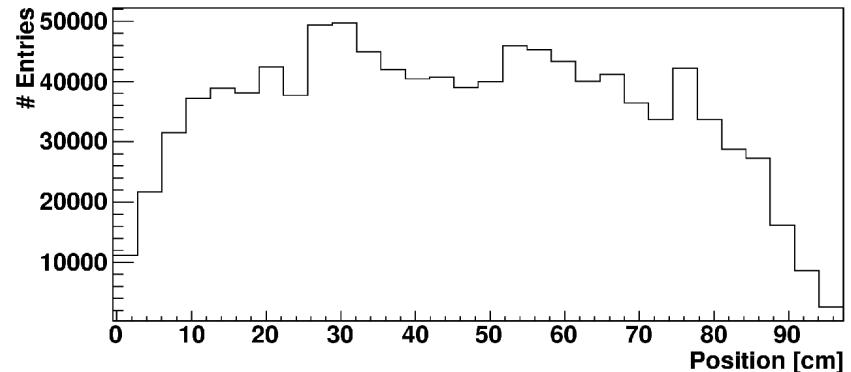
**Cluster**



# Results with the UNIGE-like DAQ



**Bar/cluster**



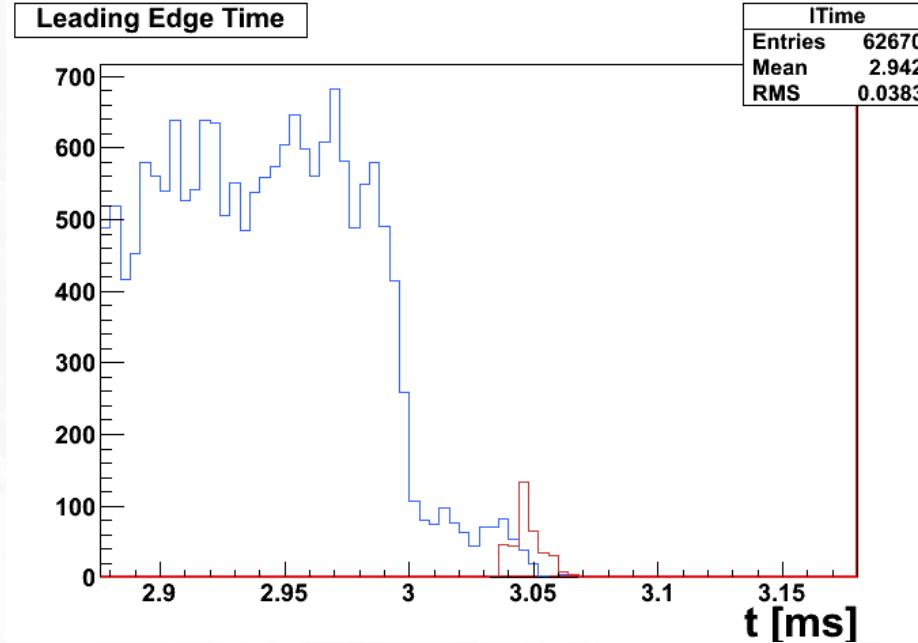
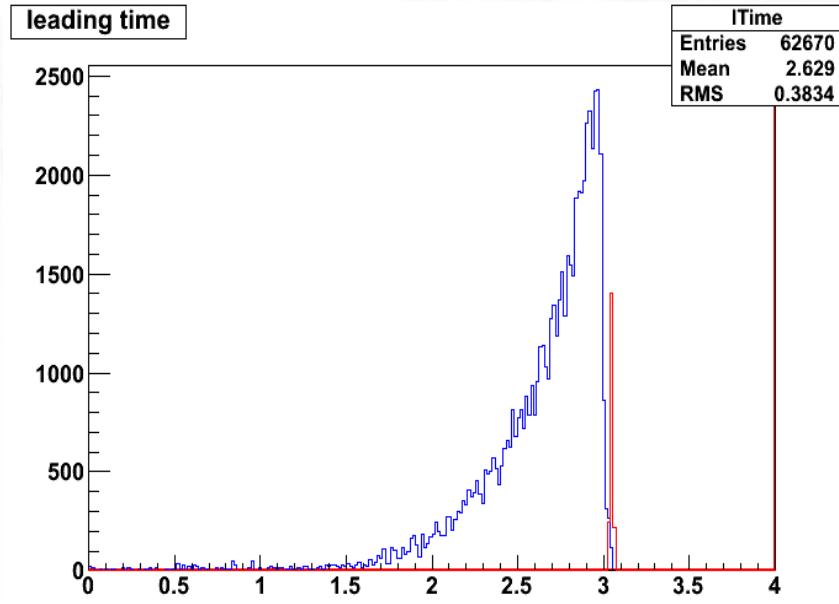
**Cosmic profile**

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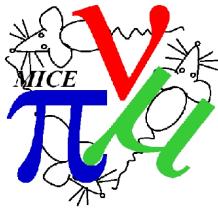
# Results with DATE



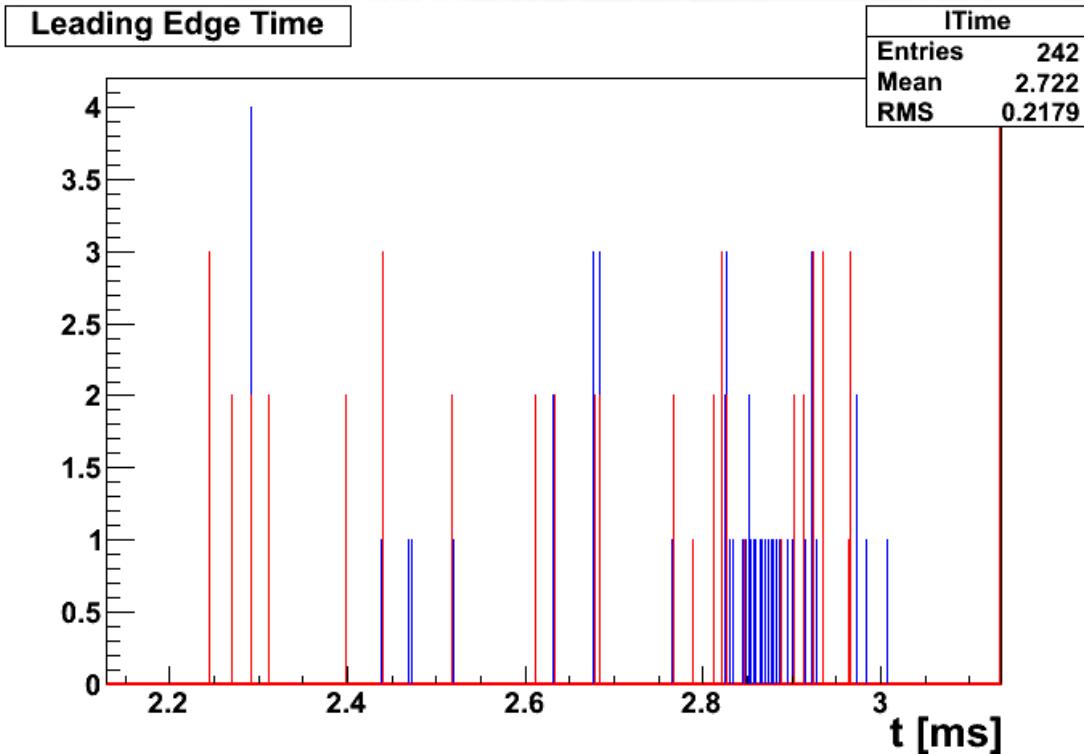
Time distribution of the **EMR hits** (blue) inside the spill window. Spill width in red



- ♦ the **spill width** is measured by DBB boards
- ♦ all hits within spill gate are recorded **together with particle trigger** signals



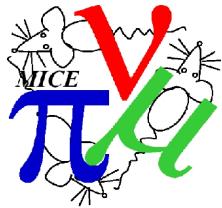
# Results with DATE



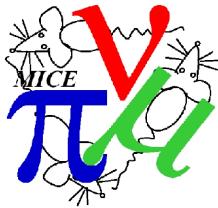
EMR Hits  
MICE Particle Trigger

Particle triggers **should be associated** to EMR hits

# Conclusions & Outlooks

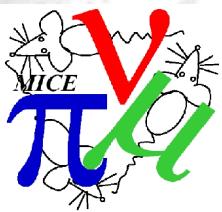


- ◆ EMR is a **fully active scintillator detector** used to discriminate muons from electrons
- ◆ It is made of **48 planes of 1m scintillating bars** whose light is readout on both sides by single PMTs and MAPMTs
- ◆ The final procedure for the bar assembly has been fixed and **the production is ongoing**
- ◆ Cosmic rays tests (at UNIGE) are used **to verify the assembly procedure**
  
- ◆ The 48 layers will be **produced and tested in the first half of 2012**
- ◆ In the meanwhile all the **electronics boards are produced and tested**
- ◆ **EMR will be installed at RAL in May-June**



# The Electron Muon Ranger

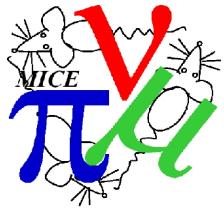
Thank you



# Backup

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# Tests on bench

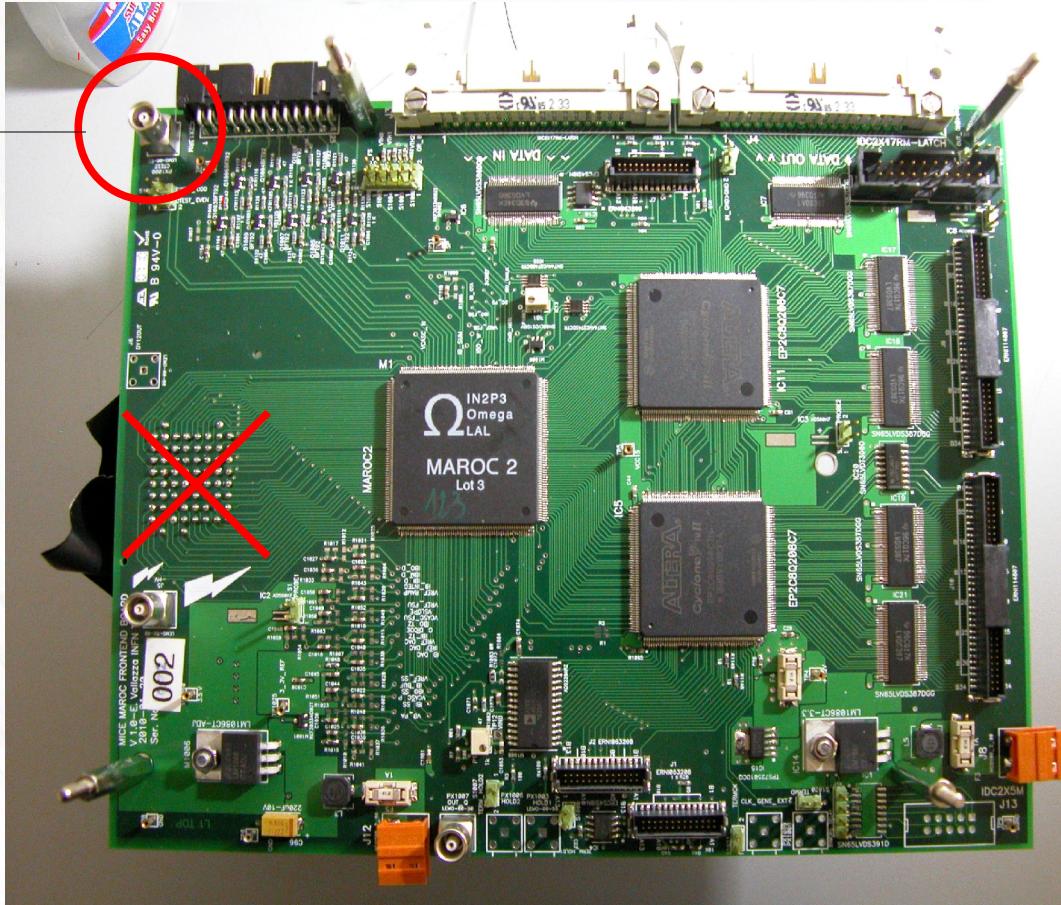


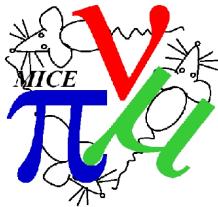
## Characterization of the MAROC-2 ASIC



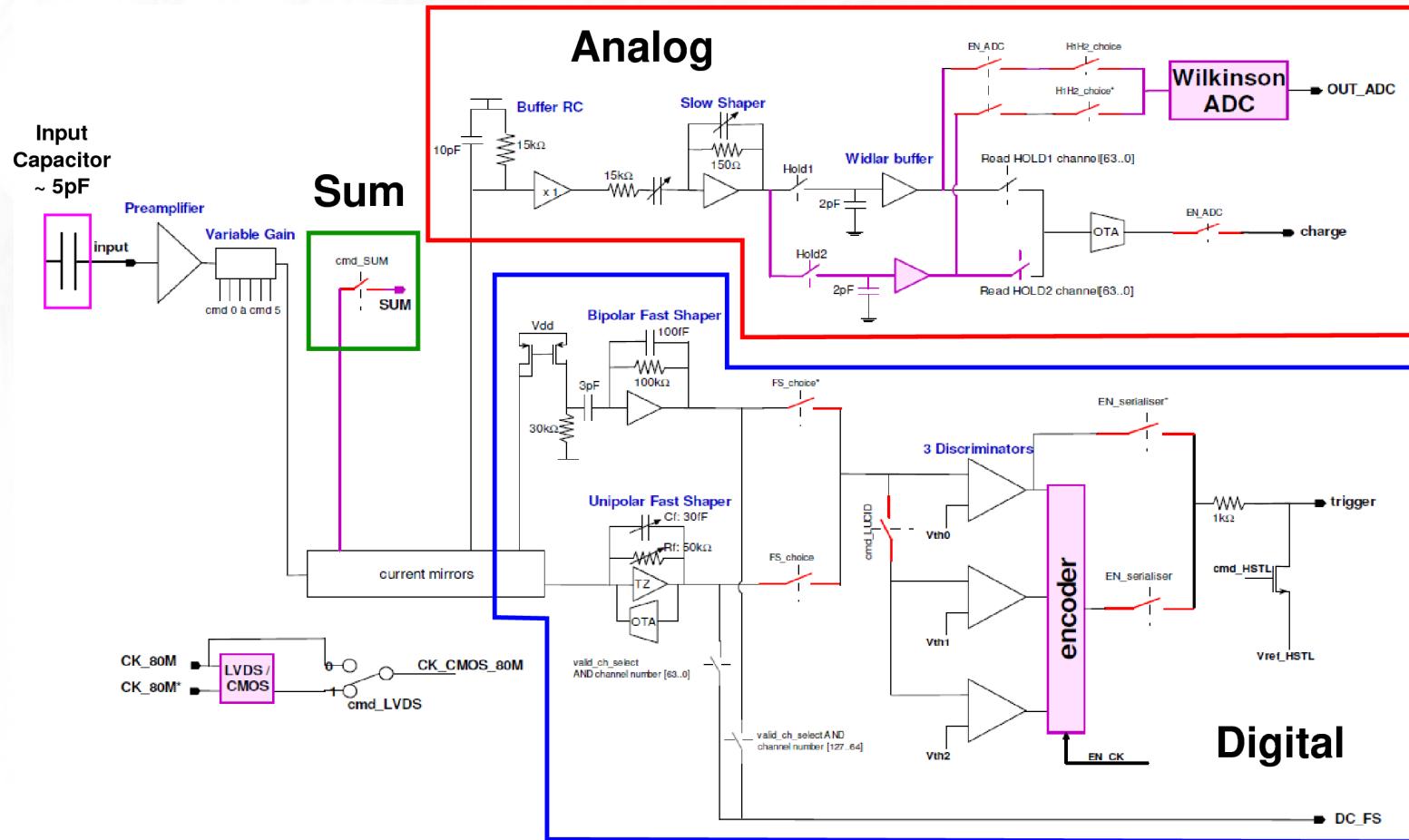
Calibration signal  
(socket not used):

- shape
- frequency
- amplitude
- delay





# ASIC channel

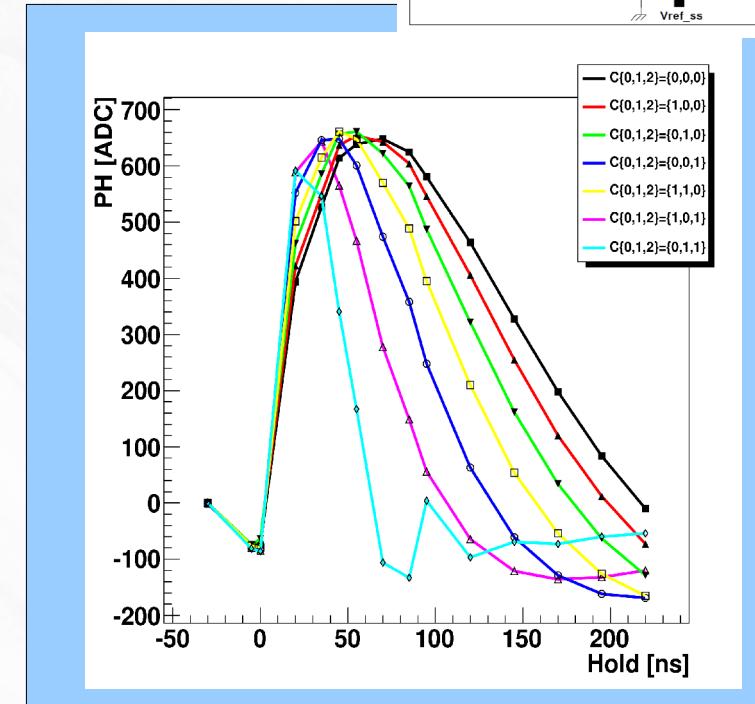
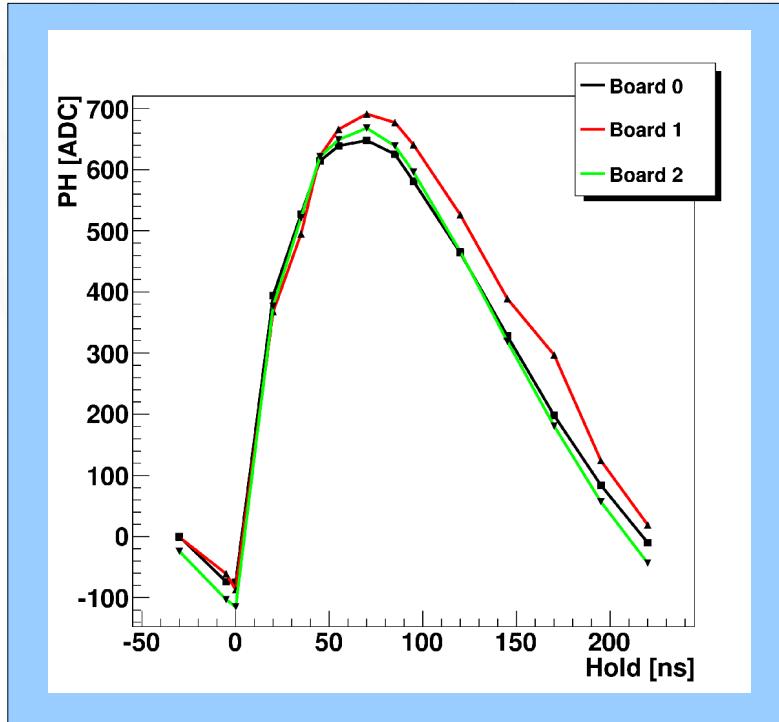


Embedded ADC works in MAROC-3  
It doesn't work in MAROC-2 => need of an external ADC for the analog readout

# Tests on bench (analog): results

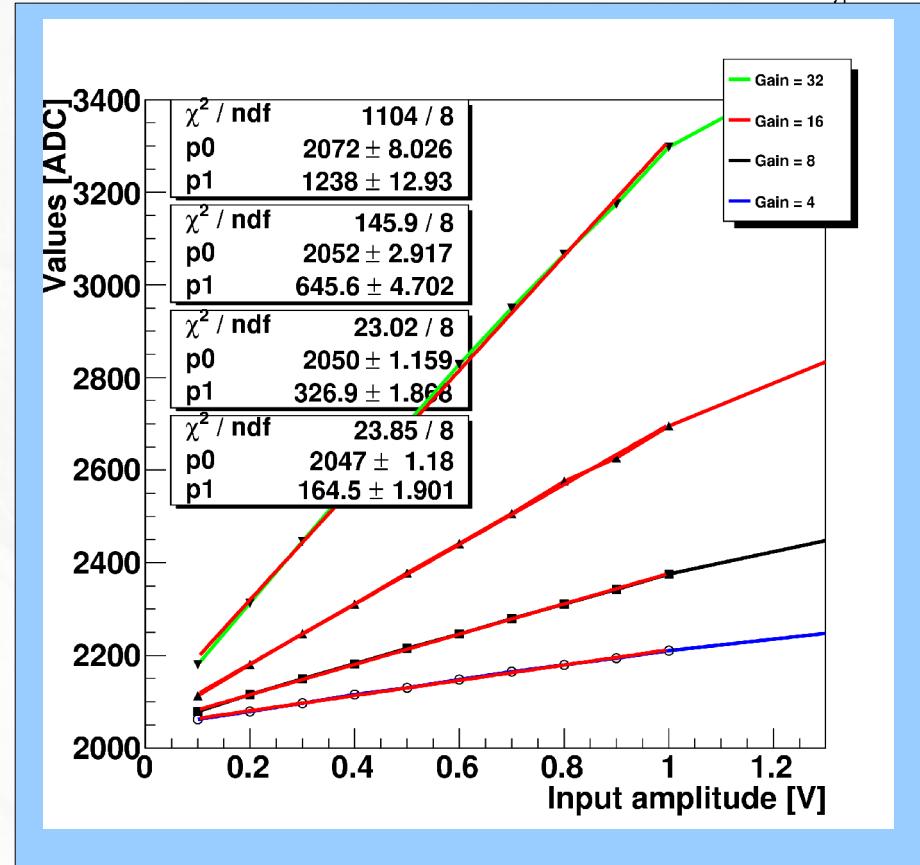
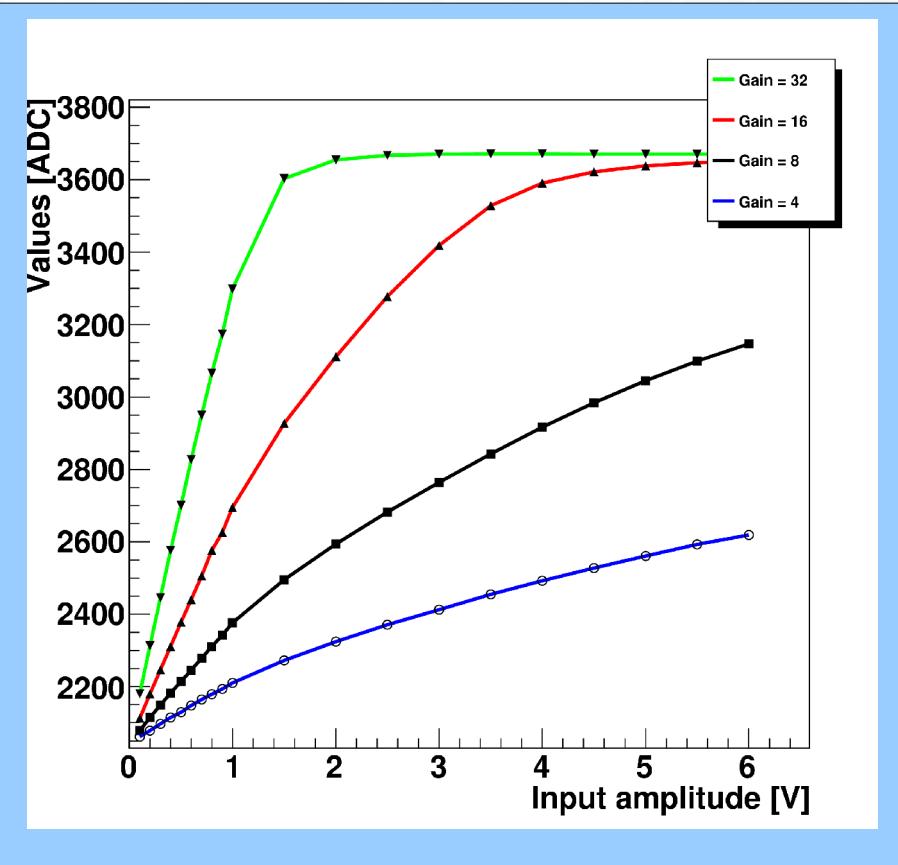
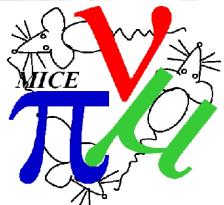


## MAROC signal: peaking time ~70 ns



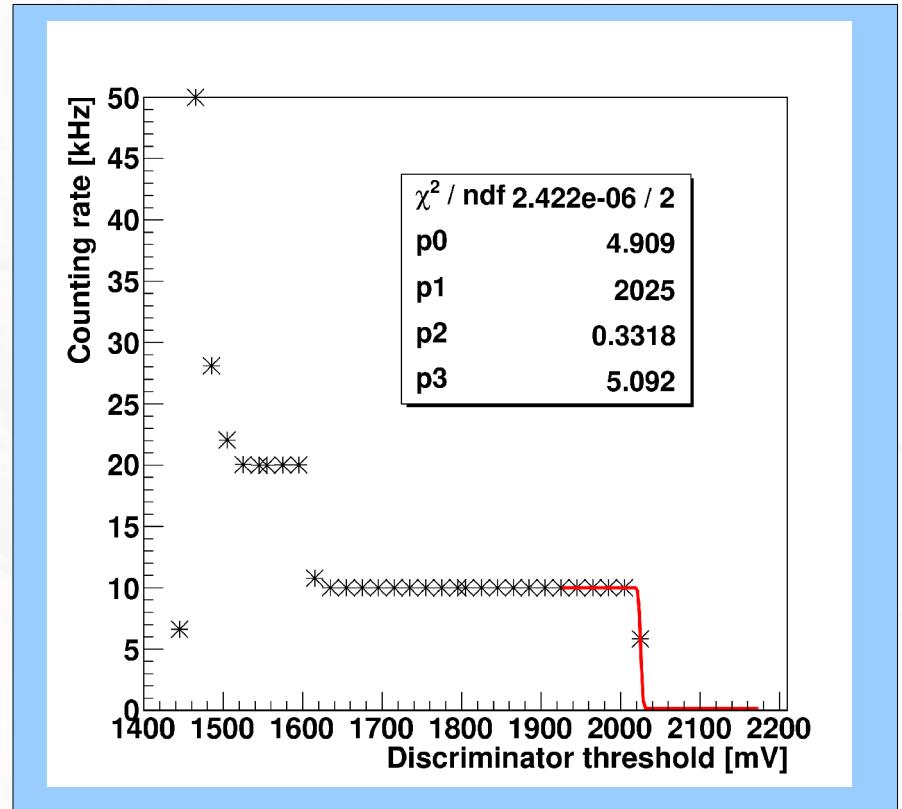
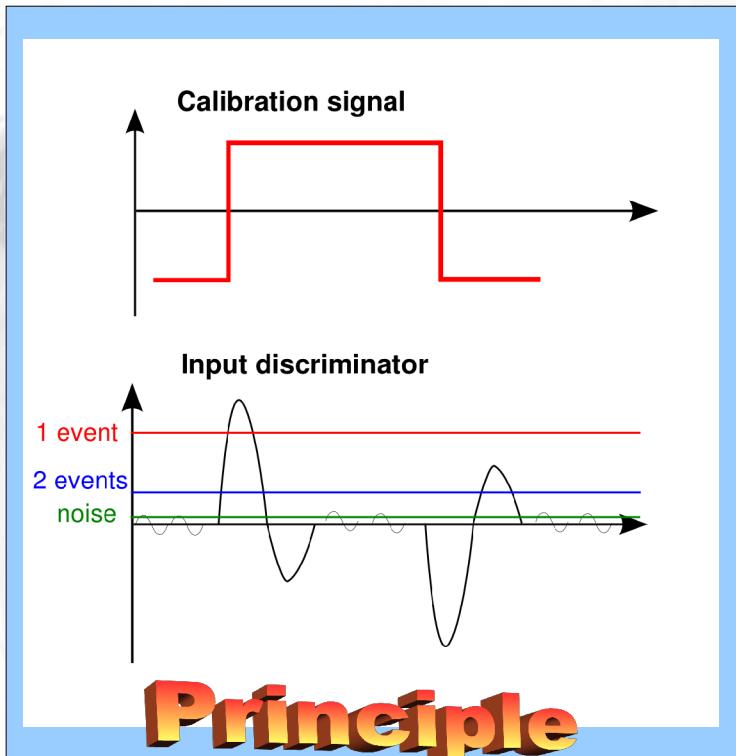
## Different shaper configurations

# Tests on bench (analog): results



Linearity: up to 1V with different gains

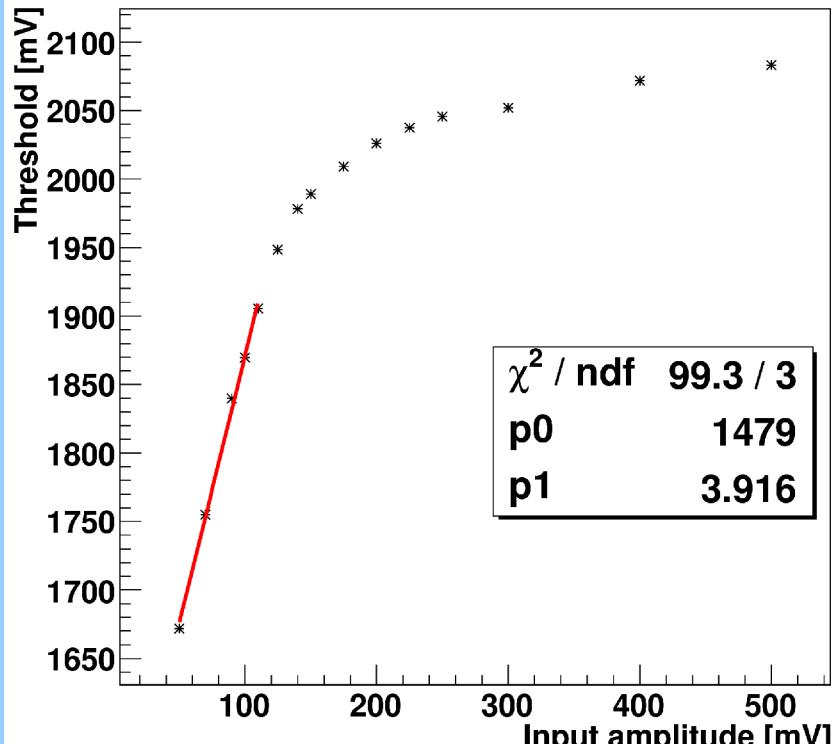
# Tests on bench (digital): results



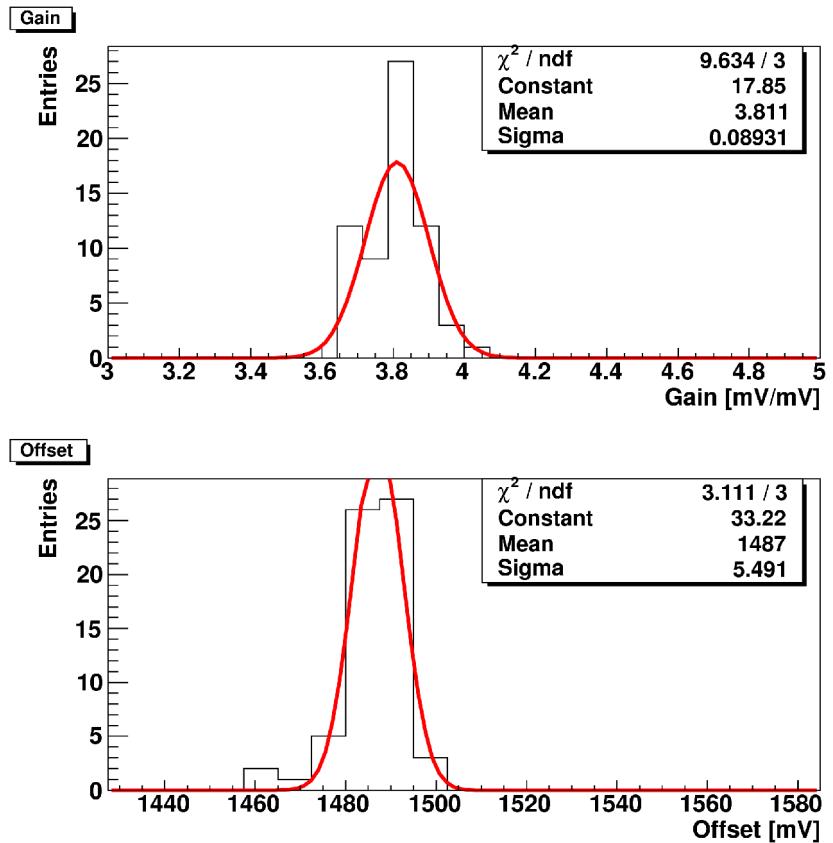
**Threshold scan**

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# Tests on bench (digital): results



Threshold vs Input

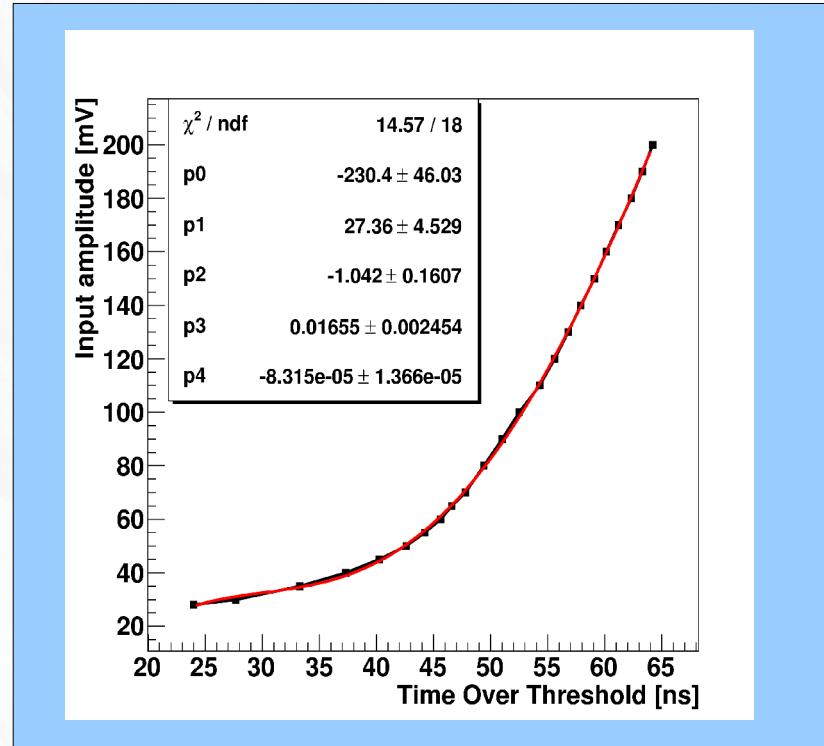
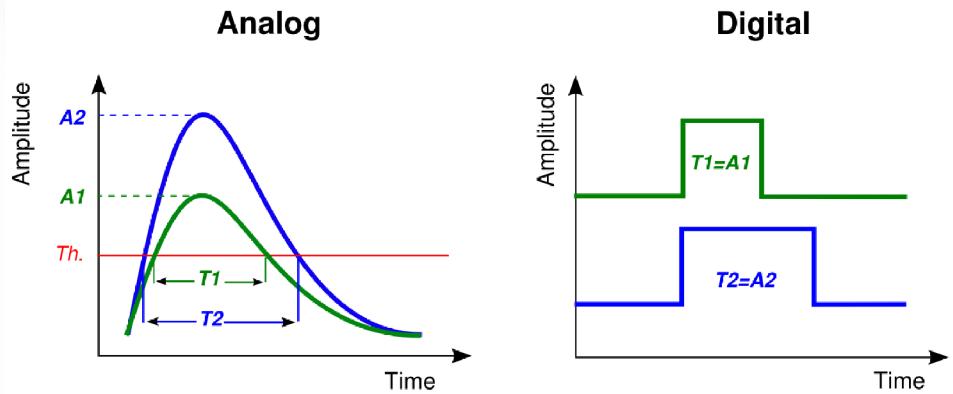


Gain & offset: uniformity < 2%

# Tests on bench (digital): Time Over Threshold



The MAROC ASIC allows the ToT measurement:  
**DIGITAL <=> ANALOG**



## Amplitude signal vs TOT (ns)