SEARCHES FOR PHYSICS BEYOND THE STANDARD MODEL





Steven Worm

UK HEP Forum

23 November 2012



BSM AND EXOTICA: WHAT IS "EXOTIC"?

- Comprehensive search of the landscape of $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV proton collisions
 - Unlike Higgs, no "EXO-Hunters Guide" to show you the way
 - no SUSY-like plot of parameter space to map out progress
- Wide variety of search strategies used
 - look for interesting features in the data new resonant states e.g. Z', W'
 - look at all possible channels for disagreements with expectation leptons, photons, jets
 - follow-up interesting new BSM models





Z' IN 2011 DATA?

- Many new models have Z-like narrow resonances decaying to dileptons
- Interesting features in dilepton spectra
 - around 2σ each for CMS & ATLAS in e+ μ
 - similar in scale to 2011 Higgs excess

Worth watching in 2012's 8 TeV data...





STATUS TODAY: Z' IN 8 TEV DATA

Event selection

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-129, CMS EXO-12-015]

- CMS: E_T (e1,e2) > 35 GeV, p_T (μ 1, μ 2) > 45 GeV, plus isolation criteria
- ATLAS: E_T (e1,e2) > 35, 25 GeV, p_T (μ 1, μ 2) > 25 GeV, plus isolation criteria
- Backgrounds
 - Z/γ^{*}, tt, tW, VV, Z → ττ, multijets with ≥1 jet reconstructed as lepton
 - estimated by functional fit to data

No obvious excess observed in 2012 data



Z' IN 8 TEV DATA

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-129, CMS EXO-12-015]



- Short time between data-taking and result
- CMS limits on the combined 7 + 8 TeV data
 - M(Z'_{SSM}) > 2590 GeV at 95% C.L.
 - $M(Z'_{\psi}) > 2260 \text{ GeV at } 95\% \text{ C.L.}$

M(Z' _{SSM})	expected	observed	
CMS	> 2.6 TeV	> 2.6 TeV	
ATLAS	> 2.5 TeV	> 2.5 TeV	

Excess just below 1 TeV all but gone...

$Z' \rightarrow \tau \tau$



CMS

$W' \rightarrow Iv IN 8 TeV DATA$

 Search for a new heavy gauge boson W' decaying to a charged lepton (μ or e) and v

$$M_{\mathrm{T}} = \sqrt{2 \cdot p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell} \cdot E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \cdot (1 - \cos \Delta \phi_{\ell,
u})}$$

- Many models possible
 - right-handed W' bosons with standard-model couplings
 - left-handed W' bosons including interference
 - Kaluza-Klein W'_{KK}-states in split-UED
 - Excited chiral boson (W*)
- Event Selection and Backgrounds
 - back-to-back isolated lepton and ${\sf E}_{\sf T}^{\sf miss}$
 - Plot transverse mass of lv system
 - backgrounds from W, QCD, tt+single t, DY, VV from data

No significant excess observed



$W' \rightarrow Iv \text{ IN } 7 \text{ and } 8 \text{ TeV}$



M(W' _{SSM}) 95% CL	Luminosity	Expected	Observed
ATLAS e+μ, 2011	4.7	> 2.55 TeV	> 2.55 TeV
CMS e+µ, 2012	3.7	> 2.80 TeV	> 2.85 TeV
CMS e+µ, 2011+2012	5.0 + 3.7	> 2.85 TeV	> 2.85 TeV

DIJETS IN 8 TEV DATA



- Search for dijet resonance in smoothly falling mass spectrum
 - leading jet mass m_{jj} > 0.9-1 TeV from trigger and other constraints
 - Background estimated from smooth functional fit

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}m_{jj}} = \frac{P_0(1-x)^{P_1}}{x^{P_2+P_3\ln(x)}}$$

DIJETS IN 8 TEV DATA



Mass [GeV]

M(q*) 95% CL	Luminosity	Expected	Observed
ATLAS 2011	4.8	> 3.09 TeV	> 3.55 TeV
CMS 2011	5.0	> 3.27 TeV	> 3.05 TeV
CMS 2012	4.0	> 3.43 TeV	> 3.19 TeV
ATLAS 2012	13.0	> 3.70 TeV	> 3.84 TeV

LOW-MASS DIJETS



Lower dijet mass from trigger sample



DIJET WITH b-TAG

DIJET WITH W/Z TAGS

[CMS hep-ex 1210.2387]

- Dijet with 0, 1, 2 b-tags
 - model-independent limits vs. BR
 - Simultaneous search in 0, 1 and 2 b-tags





[CMS PAS EXO-11-095]

- Dijet with 1, 2 W/Z-tags
 - jet substructure used for tagging
 - single tags: qW/qZ resonances
 - double tags: WW/WZ/ZZ resonances



RESONANT ZZ PRODUCTION

- Search for resonant ZZ production $ZZ \rightarrow IIqq$ (I=e, μ)
- No significant deviation of diboson mass on a smoothly falling background
- For k/Mpl = 1.0, 95% observed (expected) lower limit on the graviton mass of 850 (870) GeV





BLACK HOLES IN 8 TEV DATA

- Hypothetical BH would evaporate into many high-p_T objects
 - Estimate by S_T , the p_T sum of physics objects with $p_T > 50$ GeV
- Main background of QCD estimated by fit to n=2 distribution
 - Normalised for each multiplicity bin separately at $S_T = 1.8-2.2$ TeV
 - Model-independent limits vs S_T and multiplicity



[CMS PAS EXO-12-009]

Large improvement in sensitivity (~10-20%) with respect to 2011 analysis





8-JET EVENT, $S_T = 3 \text{ TeV}$





[CMS PAS EXO-12-017]

 We search for the decay of W_R → µµjj and eejj, as in a Left-Right Symmetric Model



- Selection
 - Lepton $p_T > 60/40$ GeV, motivated by W decay
 - Jet $p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$
 - M(II) > 200 GeV to reduce DY+jets.
- Background
 - Top: data-driven from eµjj
 - DY+jets: normalised to data, MC shape in Z peak
 - QCD: data-driven fake rate
 - VV, Single top: from MC



HEAVY NEUTRINO IN 8 TEV DATA

[CMS PAS EXO-12-017]

- Search assumes small WR-WL and NI-NI' mixing angles, only one lepton channel kinematically accessible
- Primary Systematic Uncertainties
 - Signal Eff.: 6-10% from lepton
 - Background: ~50% from DY+jets shape, ~16% from top shape

For M(N)=M(W_R)/2; M(W_R) > 2.8 TeV



EXCITED LEPTONS

- Search for excited e and μ in the electromagnetic radiative decay channel I* \rightarrow Iy
 - Production via $qq \rightarrow l^{\pm *}l^{\mp}$ or in pairs via $qq \rightarrow l^{\pm *}l^{\mp *}$, yielding final state $ll\gamma$.
 - E_T (e1,e2) > 40, 30 GeV, p_T (µ1,µ2) > 25 GeV, plus isolation,
 - $-m_{II} > 110$ GeV to suppress Drell-Yan
- No evidence for signal, limits on the compositeness scale Λ vs. m_{l^*} .
 - For Λ = m_{l^*} , both excited e and μ masses below 2.2 TeV are excluded at 95% CL.



MAGNETIC MONOPOLES

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-062]

• Magnetic charge g yields strong coupling α_m and very high ionisation

$$\frac{ge}{\hbar c} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{g}{e} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_e} \approx 68.5 \qquad \qquad \alpha_m = \frac{(g\beta)^2}{\hbar c} = \frac{1}{4\alpha_e}\beta^2$$

- Look for high ionisation in Transition Radiation Tracker and high hit fraction (f_{HT}) and also deposition in the Liquid Argon Electromagnetic Calorimeter
- Pair-produced (Drell-Yan) production

Cross Section limits set for m(M) = 0.2–1.2 TeV



FRACTIONALLY CHARGED PARTICLES

[CMS PAS EXO-11-074]

- Search for long-lived particles with fractional charge
- Backgrounds
 - Cosmics: estimate from d_{xy} sidebands
 - Collisions: using $Z \rightarrow \mu \mu$ data, fit N_{hits} with low dE/dx
- Assume lepton-like spin=1/2 particle masses

Exclude: Q= e/3: m > 210 Q=2e/3: m > 330







HEAVY RESONANCE TO LONG-LIVED

- Search in leptonic channels for heavy resonances (H⁰) decaying to long-lived neutral particles (H⁰ → XX, X → I[±]I[∓])
 - Good track reconstruction efficiency out to $d_0 \approx 30$ cm.
 - Four candidates in ee (2 in the Z mass region), no candidates in $\mu\mu$
- No evidence for new physics, limits vs. ct set for $m_{\rm H}$ from 200 to 1000 GeV/c² and m_X from 20 to 350 GeV/c²
- Sensitivity also to H^0 at 125 GeV/c², in the range of 10-100 fb.



GMSB WITH DISPLACED PHOTON

- GMSB (SUSY) decays typically include many jets and $\tilde{\chi_1^0} \rightarrow \tilde{G}_Y$
- Selection: photon with $E_T > 100$, three jets with $p_T > 35$
 - relaxed ECAL timing and shower-shape cuts
 - ET^{miss} and ECAL timing main discriminants



Much-improved sensitivity to long-lived neutralino





MONOJET AND MONOPHOTON

Look for missing energy and radiated jet (photon)



- Monojet Selection:
 - Leading jet $p_T > 120$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2$
 - allow a second jet if not back-to-back
 - veto isolated leptons
- Backgrounds and Uncertainties
 - $Z + (jets/\gamma) \rightarrow vv+(jets/\gamma)$
 - W + (jets/ γ) --> lv+(jets/ γ)
 - smaller backgrounds from top, QCD, non-collision
- Missing Energy (E_T^{miss}) to distinguish signal



[ATLAS-CONF-2012-147, ATLAS-CONF-2012-085]



ADD FROM MONOJET AND MONOPHOTON

Large Extra Dimensions: Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos, Dvali (ADD)

$$M_{Pl}^2 \sim M_D^{2+n} R^n$$

M_{Pl} = 4-dimensional Planck scale M_D = fundamental (4+n)-dimensional Planck scale n = number of the extra dimensions R = size of the extra dimensions



monojet

DARK MATTER AND MONOJETS



- Tremendous progress in Beyond the Standard Model searches
 - short time from data to results: already have many 8 TeV results
 - more complete coverage of channels
 - generic searches, less model dependence
 - dedicated searches for more challenging signatures
 - also probing lower in mass, not just pushing for highest exclusion
 - search techniques getting more sophisticated; shape-based or multi-dimensional
 - probing direct connections to other fields (Higgs, SUSY, Top, Dark Matter, etc)
- For complete results:
 - https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO
 - https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ExoticsPublicResults



ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits (Status: HCP 2012)

	$H_{L}^{\pm\pm}$ (DY prod., BR($H_{L}^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e\mu$)=1) : SS $e\mu$, $m_{e\mu}^{\parallel}$ Color octet scalar : dijet resonance, m_{jj}^{\parallel}	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.5070] 375 L=4.8 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.1718]	GeV H ^{**} mass 1.86 TeV Scala	r resonance mass	 10 ²
	$H_{L}^{\pm\pm}$ (DY prod., BR($H_{L}^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e\mu$)=1) : SS $e\mu$, $m_{e\mu}^{\parallel}$ Color octet scalar : dijet resonance, m_{jj}^{\parallel}	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.5070] 375 L=4.8 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.1718] 1	GeV H ^{**} mass 1.86 TeV Scala	r resonance mass	
	$H_{L}^{\pm\pm}$ (DY prod., BR($H_{L}^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e\mu$)=1) : SS $e\mu$, $m_{e\mu}^{\parallel}$	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.5070] 375	Gev H ^{±±} mass		
		-			
Õ	$H^{\pm\pm}$ (DY prod., BR($H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \parallel$)=1) : SS ee (uu), m	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.5070] 40	9 GeV H ^{±±} mass (limit at 398 GeV	for μμ)	
the	W_{B} (LRSM, no mixing) : 2 lep + jets	L=2.1 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1203.5420]	2,4 TeV	$m_{B} mass (m(N) < 1.4 \text{ TeV})$	
7	Major, neutr. (LRSM, no mixing) · 2-lep + jets	$L=2.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, 7 TeV [1203.5420]	μ_T mass $(m(\mu_T) - m(\mu_T) + 1.5 \text{ TeV}$ N mass ($m(W_{-}) = 2 \text{ TeV}$	
Tech	ni-hadrons (LSTC) : WZ resonance (vIII). m	$L = 4.5 \cdot 5.0 \text{ fb}$, 7 TeV [1209.2555]	483 GeV $\rho_T (\omega_T) = m(\pi) \pm 1$	$m_{\rm W} m(a_{\rm T}) = 1.1 m(a_{\rm T})$	
	Techni-hadrons (LSTC) · dilepton m	L=13.0 ID , 8 IEV [AILAS-CONF-2012-146]		$(m_{1}) = m(\pi_{1}) = M_{1}$	
fer	Excited lepton : Ly resonance, m	L=13.0 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2012-148]	3.84		
cit. m.	Excited quarks γ -jet resonance, m	L=2.1 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1112.3580]	2.46 TeV q	' mass	
<	Vector-like quark : NC, m _{ilq}	L=4.6 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2012-137]	1.08 TeV VLQ mass (cl	harge 2/3, coupling $\kappa_{qQ} = v/n$	n _Q)
Vei	Vector-like quark : CC, m_{ivq}	L=4.6 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2012-137]	1.12 TeV VLQ mass (c	harge -1/3, coupling $\kappa_{qQ} = v_{A}$	/m _Q)
N C	Top partner : TT \rightarrow tt + A ₀ A ₀ (dilepton, M ₁₂)	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1209.4186]	483 GeV T mass $(m(A_0) < 100 \text{ GeV})$	/)	
șnk	New quark b' : $b' \stackrel{\beta'}{\to} Zb+X, m_{Zb}$	L=2.0 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1204.1265] 40	0 GeV b' mass		
ark	4 th generation : b'b'($T_{5/3}$ $T_{5/3}$) \rightarrow WtWt	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2012-130]	670 Gev b' (T _{5/2}) mass		
S	4^{th} generation : t't' \rightarrow WbWb	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.5468]	656 GeV t' mass		
L	Scalar LQ pair (β =1) : kin, vars. in $\tau\tau ii$, $\tau v ii$	$L=4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, 7 TeV [Preliminary]	538 GeV 3 rd gen. LQ mass		
Q	Scalar I Q pair (β =1) : kin. vars. in uuii uvii	$l = 1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, 7 TeV [112.3.3172]	685 GeV 2 nd gen. 1 Q mass		
	Scalar I O nair $(\beta-1)$: kin vars in seli svii	L = 4.7 fb - 7 TeV [1209.44440]	2.42 IeV W	11000	
	$W_{R} (\rightarrow 10, 30 \text{W}) \cdot m_{\text{tb}}$	L = 1.0 fb, 7 lev [1205.1016]	1.13 lev vv mass	* mass	
	$W' (\rightarrow tq, g_p=1) \cdot II_{tq}$ $W' (\rightarrow th SSM) \cdot m$	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1209.6593] 4	30 GeV VV Mass		
2	W' (SSM) : $m_{T,e/\mu}$	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1209.4446]	2.55 TeV	V' mass	
	$Z'(SSM): m_{\tau\tau}$	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.6604]	1.4 TeV Z' mass		
	Z' (SSM) : <i>m</i> _{ee/μμ}	L=5.9-6.1 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2012-129]	2.49 TeV Z	mass	
	uutt CI : SS dilepton + jets + $E_{T,miss}$	L=1.0 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1202.5520]	1.7 TeV Λ		
CI	qqll CI : ee & μμ, m_	L=4.9-5.0 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1211.1150]		13.9 ТеV Л (С	onstructive int.)
	qqqq contact interaction : $\chi(m_{\mu}^{*})$	L=4.8 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2012-038]		7.8 TeV Λ	
	Quantum black hole : dijet, $F(m_{ij})$	<i>L</i> =4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.1718]	4.11	TeV <i>M</i> _D (δ=6)	
	ADD BH $(M_{TH}/M_{D}=3)$: leptons + jets, Σp	$L=1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, 7 TeV [111.0000]	1.5 TeV $M_{\rm p} (0-0)$		
ШX	ADD BH $(M_{-}, M_{-}=3)$ SS dimuon N	L=4.7 ID , 7 IEV [AILAS-CONF-2012-136]	$1.9 \text{ IeV } 9_{\text{KK}}$	ass -	s = 7, 8 TeV
tra	$RST : WW resonance, m_{T,k'k'}$ $RS a \rightarrow tt (RR-0.925) : tt \rightarrow 1 \pm iets m$	L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1208.2880]	1.23 TeV Graviton ma	J^{LOI}	
dii	RS1 : ZZ resonance, m	L=1.0 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1203.0718]	845 Gev Graviton mass (k	$/M_{\rm Pl} = 0.1$)	$t = (1.0 - 13.0) \text{ fb}^{-1}$
те	RS1 : diphoton & dilepton, $m_{\gamma\gamma/\parallel}$	L=4.7-5.0 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.8389]	2.23 TeV Gra	aviton mass $(k/M_{\rm Pl} = 0.1)$	
SUa	S^{1}/Z_{2} ED : dilepton, m_{\parallel}	L=4.9-5.0 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1209.2535]	4	71 TeV M _{KK} ~ R ⁻¹	
101	UED : diphoton + $E_{T,miss}$	L=4.8 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2012-072]	1.41 TeV Compact.	scale R ⁻¹	Preliminary
SL	Large ED (ADD) : diphoton & dilepton, m_{yy} (L=4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1211.1150]	4.18	TeV $M_{\rm S}$ (HLZ δ =3, NLO)	AILAS
	Large ED (ADD) : monophoton + $E_{T,miss}$	$L=4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, 7 TeV [1209.4625]	1.93 TeV M _D (8	b=2)	
	Large FD (ADD) : monoiet + F-	/ =4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV [1210.4491]	43	7 TeV $M_{\rm p}$ (δ =2)	

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena shown