

Scaling properties in multijet events

— towards high multiplicities —

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@ Higgs plus Jets 2014

Content

Introduction

- theoretical uncertainties in multi-jet observables
- jet scaling patterns

Jet radiation in QCD (FSR)

- a simple QED example
- generating functionals
- scaling limits & beyond

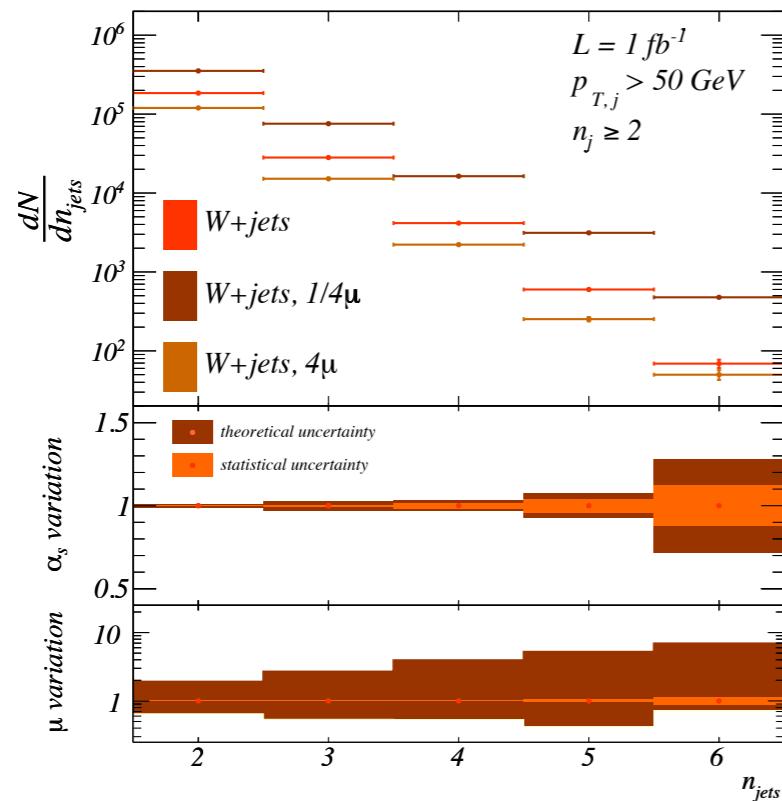
Hadron colliders

- pdf effects
- learning from data
- understanding Higgs (vetoes, using BDTs)

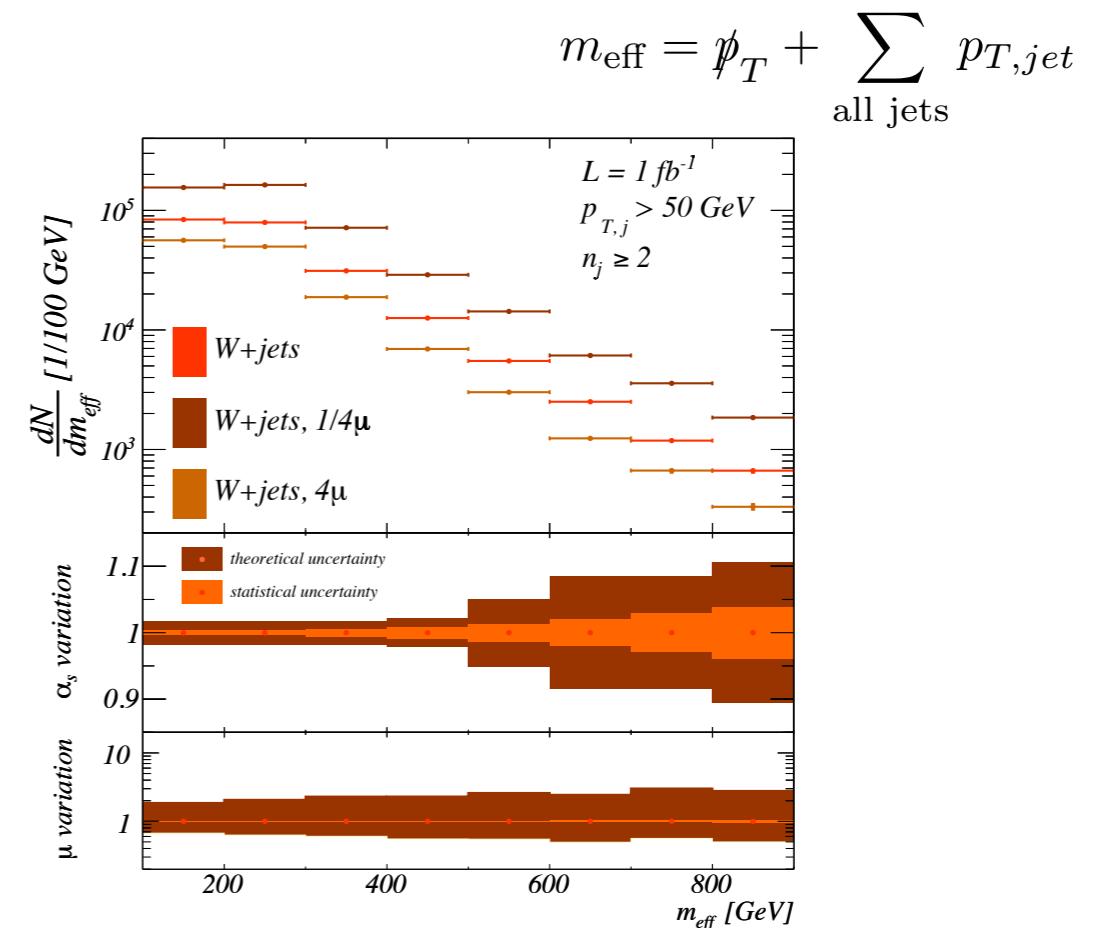
Theoretical uncertainties

pdf uncertainties & scale choice
(smaller at NLO)

jet spectrum



effective mass



uncertainties highly correlated

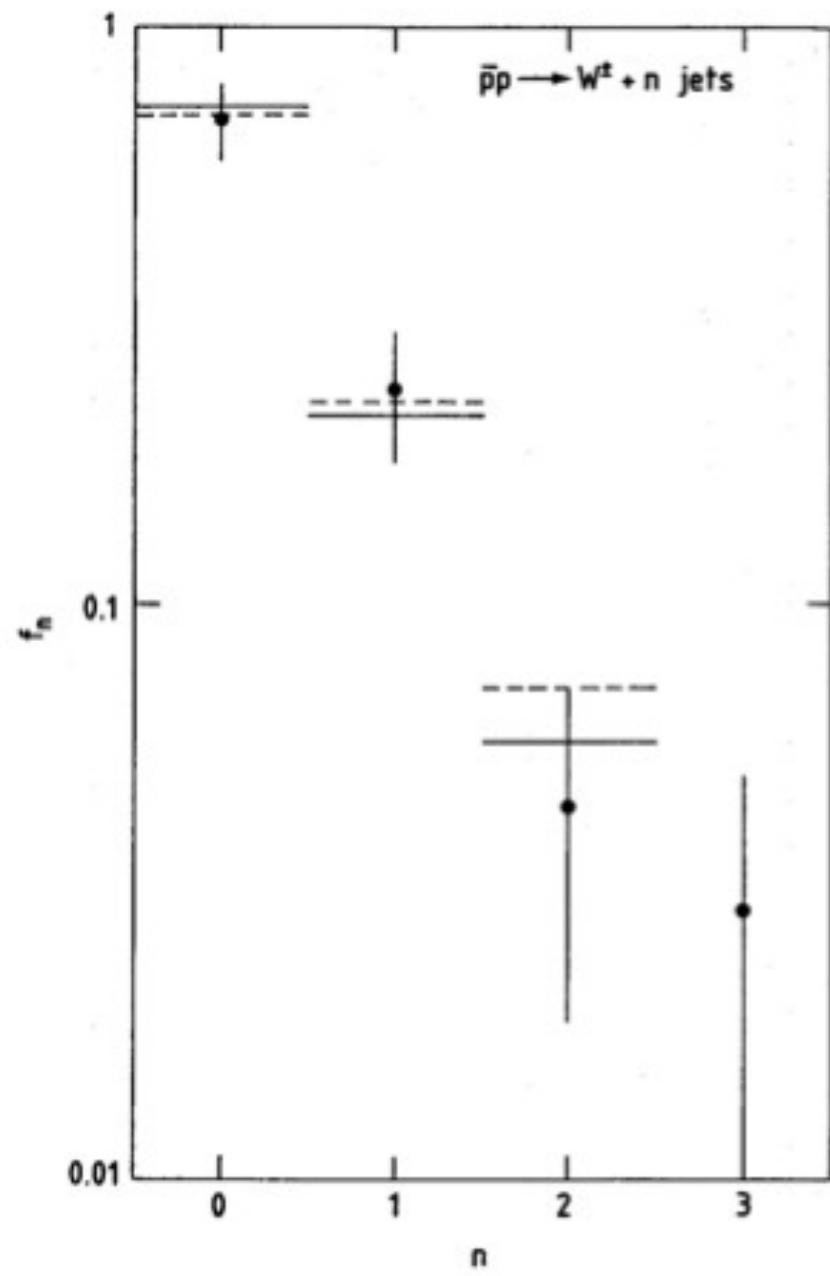
understand jets → control jet dependent observables

W/Z plus jets in the past

discoverd at SPS

UA1

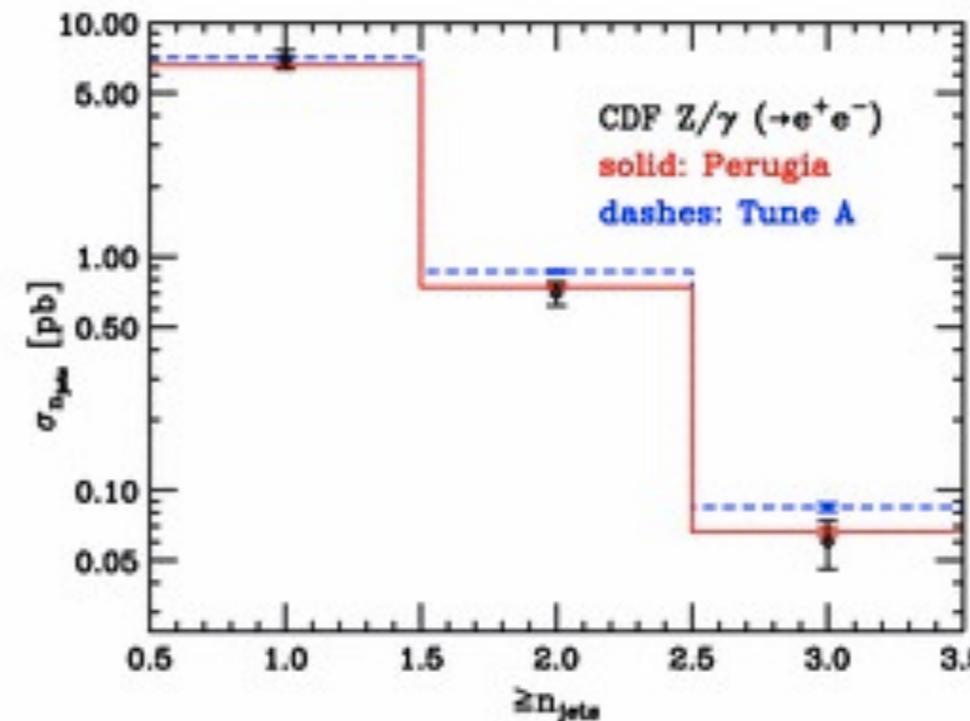
[Ellis,Kleis,Stirling(1985)]



observed at Tevatron and LHC

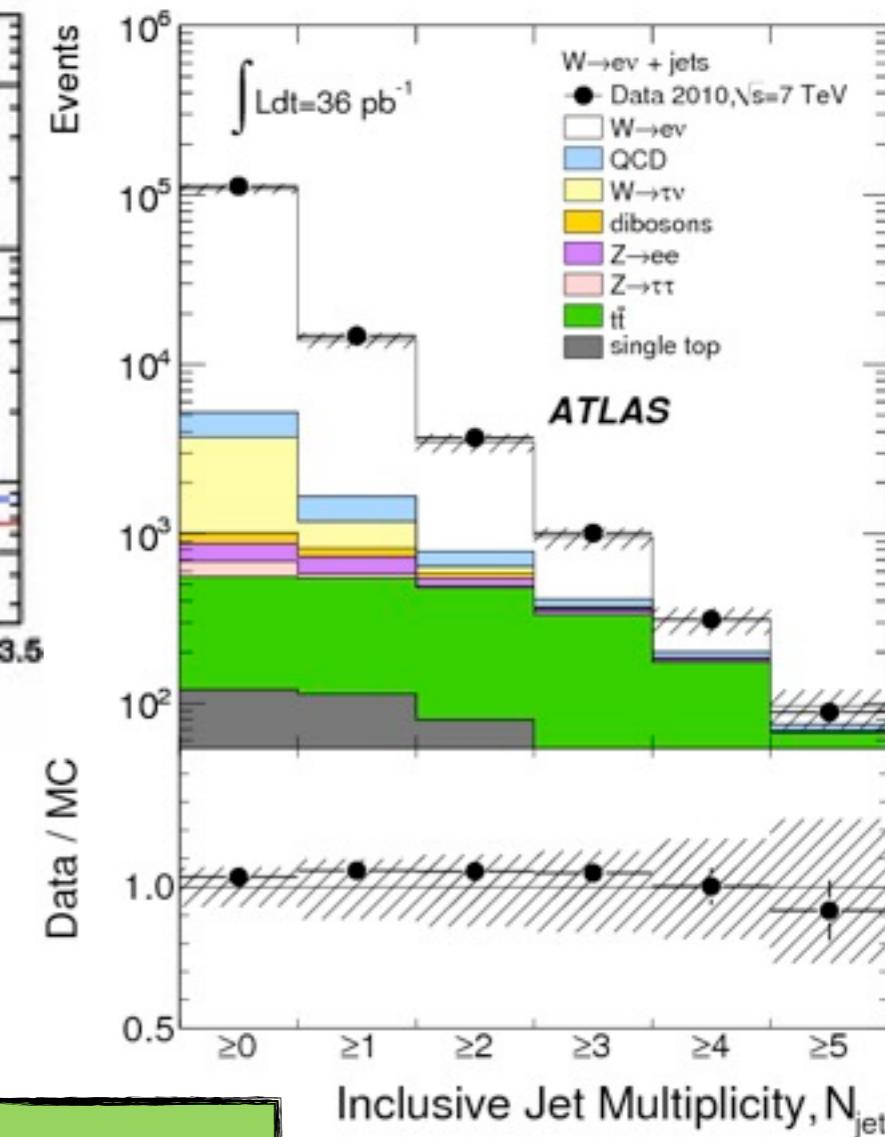
CDF

[Alioli et al, JHEP (2011) 095]



ATLAS

[Aad et al. Phys. Rev. D **85** 092002 (2012)]



staircase like jet spectrum

Aside: exclusive cross section ratios

rations: cancel systematics

exclusive: statistically independent

visualization

exclusive: challenge for uncertainty estimation

Scaling patterns

staircase scaling

[Steve Ellis,Kleis,Stirling(1985); Berends(1989)]

$$\sigma_n^{\text{excl.}} = \sigma_0 e^{-bn}$$

constant ratios

$$R_{\frac{n+1}{n}} = \frac{\sigma_{n+1}}{\sigma_n} = R_0$$

same for exclusive and inclusive

[Phys. Rev. D **83** 095009 (2011)]

Poisson scaling

[Peskin & Schroeder; Rainwater, Zeppenfeld(1997)]

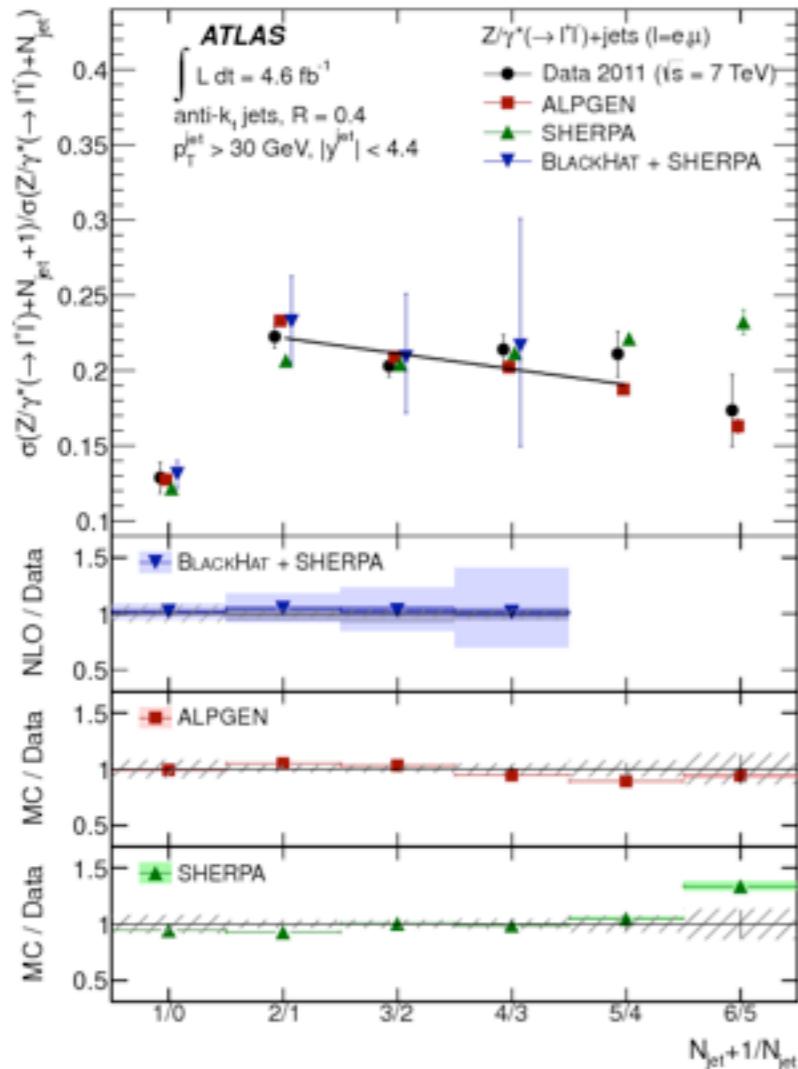
$$\sigma_n^{\text{excl.}} = \sigma_0 \frac{\bar{n}^n e^{-\bar{n}}}{n!}$$

falling ratios

$$R_{\frac{n+1}{n}} = \frac{\sigma_{n+1}}{\sigma_n} = \frac{\bar{n}}{n+1}$$

Can we understand these from basic principles?

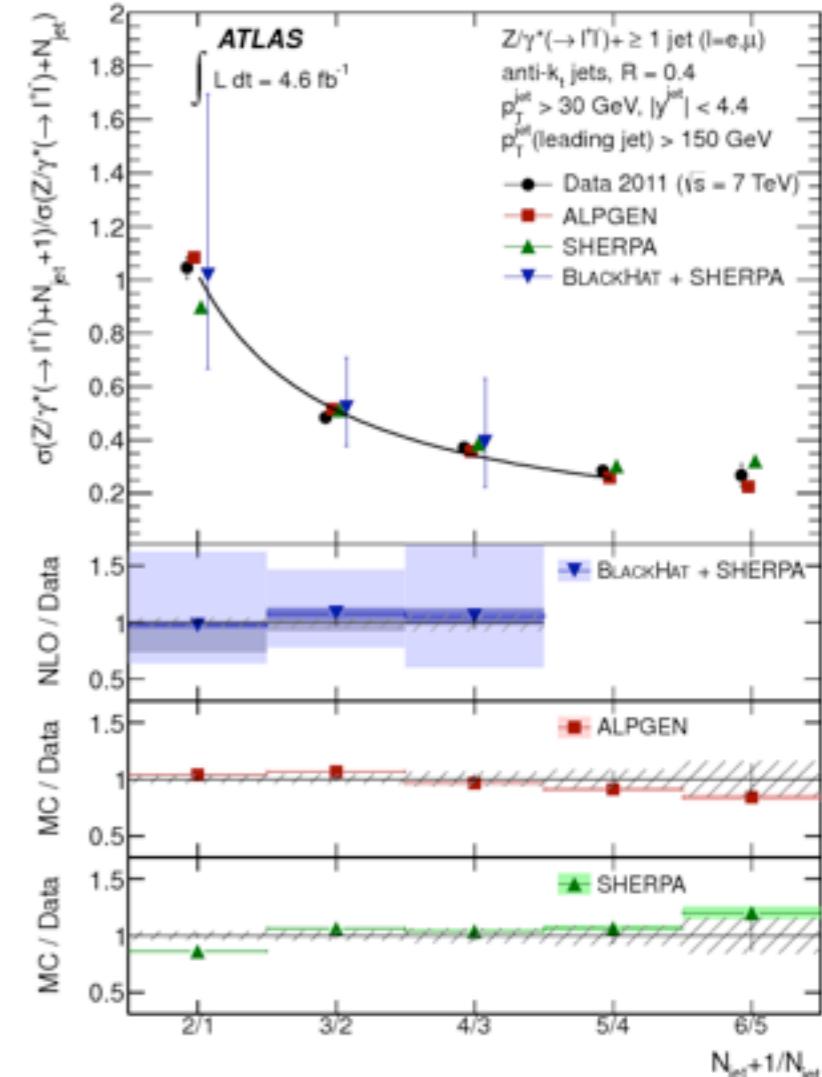
LHC: 7 TeV data



confirmed at LHC
[1304.7098]

staircase small tilt

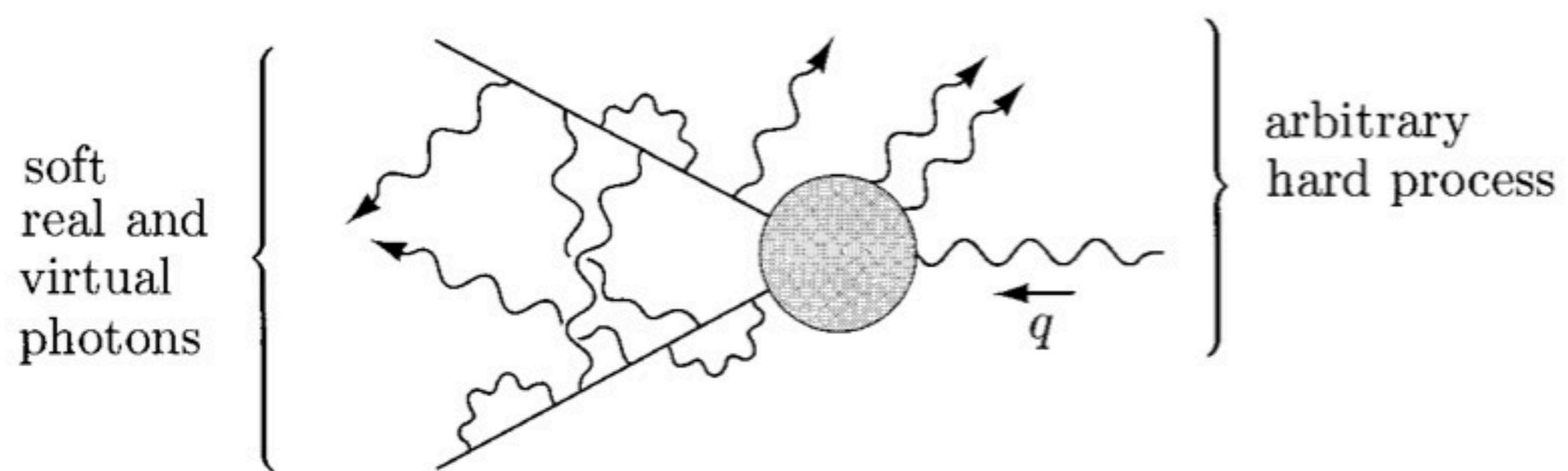
Poisson flattens out
needs high p_T jet



Can we understand these from basic principles?

Bremsstrahlung in QED

schematic

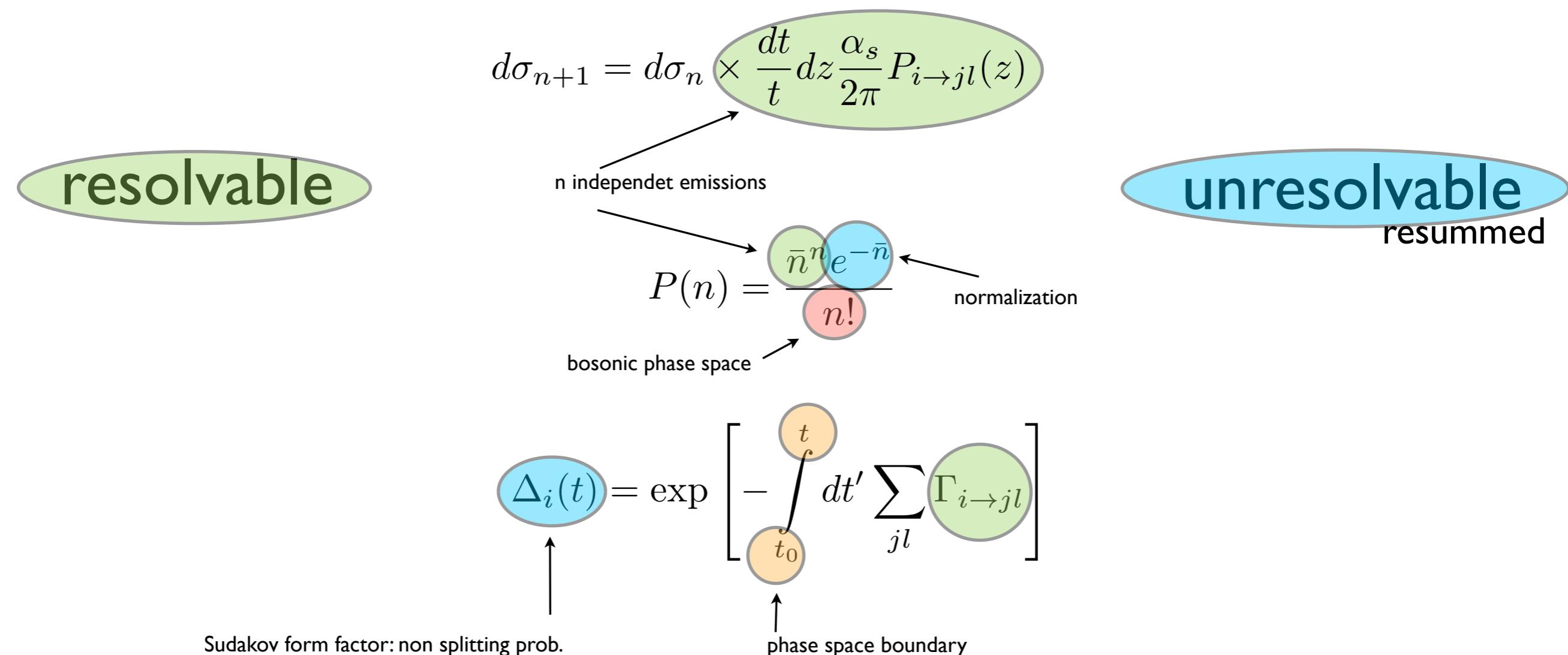


Peskin & Schröder

Bremsstrahlung in QED

soft collinear limit:

factorization theorem



Peskin & Schröder

Bremsstrahlung in QCD

more complicated: gluon self interaction

formal way to deal with

QCD:

generating functional formalism

[Konishi et al. (1979); Ellis, Stirling, Webber (1996); Gerwick, Gripaios, Schumann, Webber (2012)]

$$\Phi(u) := \sum_n u^n P(n)$$

jet rate

$$P(n) = \frac{1}{n!} \frac{d^n}{du^n} \Phi(u) \Big|_{u=0}$$

Bremsstrahlung in QCD

evolution equation

$$\Phi_i(t) = u \exp \left[\int_{t_0}^t dt' \sum_{jl} \Gamma_{i \rightarrow jl} \left(\frac{\Phi_j(t') \Phi_l(t')}{\Phi_i(t')} - 1 \right) \right]$$

large log limit: $t \gg t_0$ $\Phi_i(t) = \frac{u \Delta_i(t)}{\Delta_i(t)^u}$

primary emissions dominate \rightarrow Poisson scaling

democratic limit $t \rightarrow t_0$ $\Phi_g(t) = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1-u}{u \Delta_g(t)}}$

exact solution [JHEP 1210 (2012) 162] \rightarrow staircase scaling

additional effects:

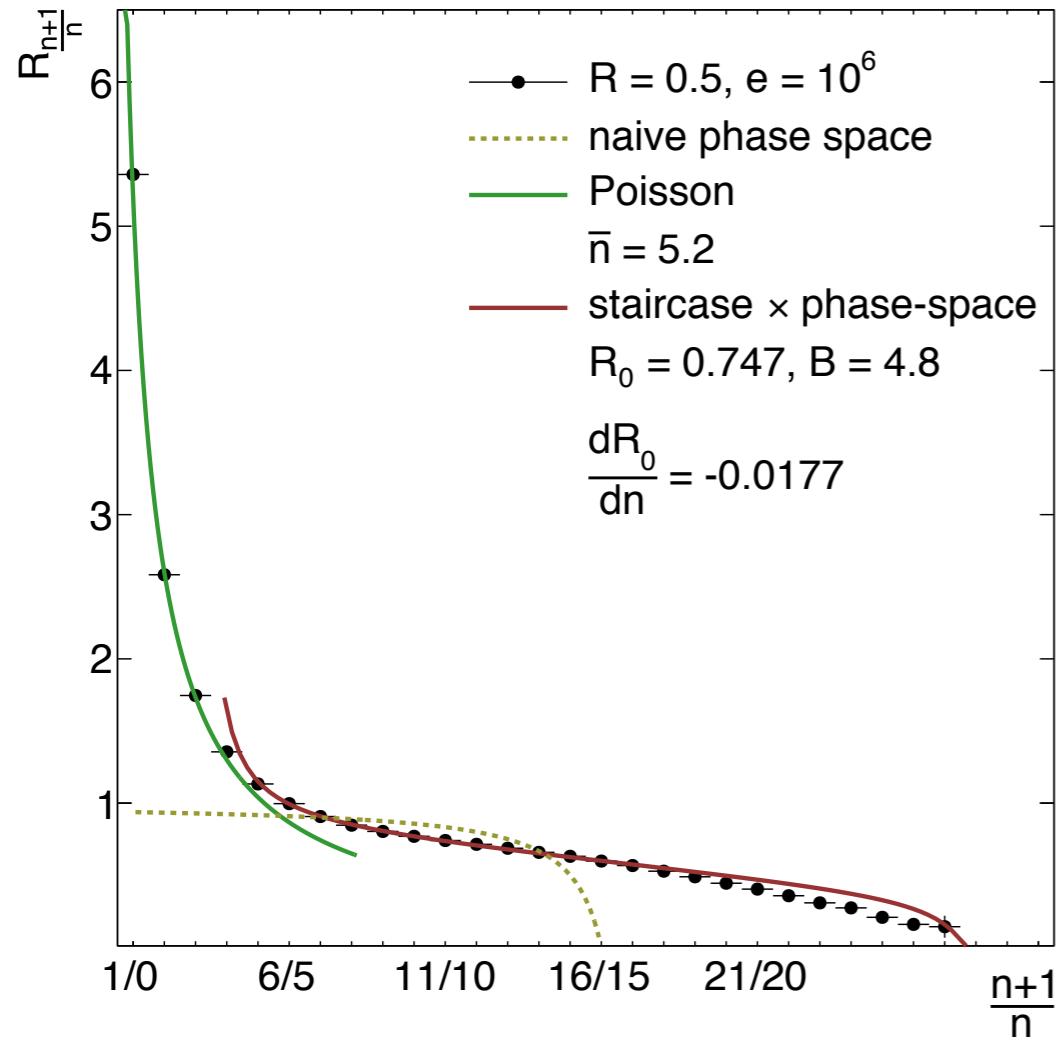
- breaking terms
- phase space
- finite jet radius



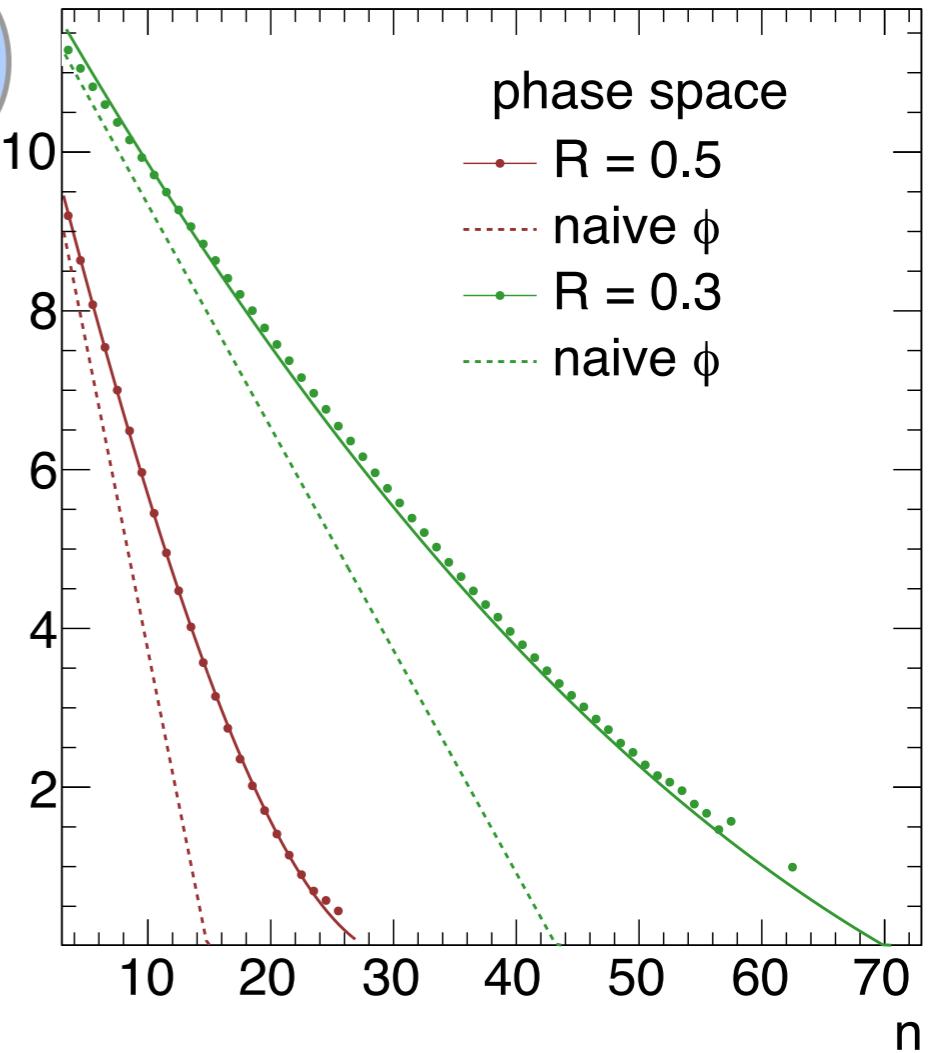
$$\Phi_g \sim \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1-u}{u \Delta_g} - \mathcal{R}(u)}$$

$\phi(n)$

Bremsstrahlung in QCD



← simulation of $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q} + n \times g$



$$R_{\frac{n+1}{n}} = \left(R_0 \left[1 + \frac{1}{B + (n+1)} \right] + \frac{dR_0}{dn}(n+1) \right) \times \frac{\phi(n+1)}{\phi(n)}$$

small & vanishing as $R \rightarrow 0$

PDF effects

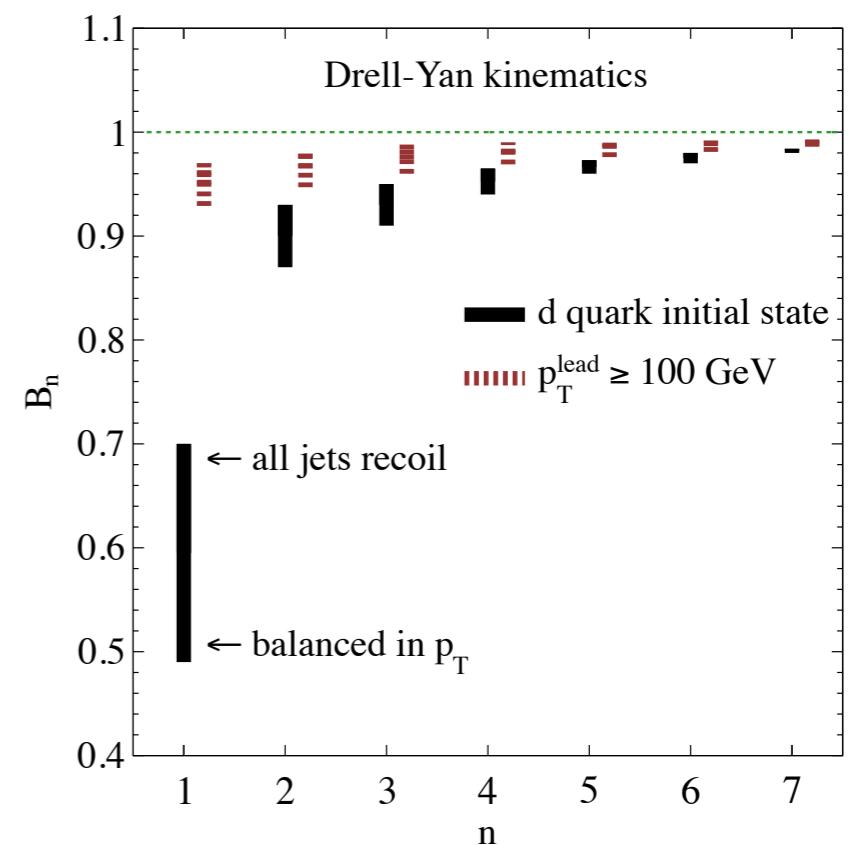
threshold approximation

$$x^{(0)} \approx \frac{m_Z}{2E_{\text{beam}}} \quad x^{(1)} \approx \frac{\sqrt{m_Z^2 + 2(p_T \sqrt{p_T^2 + m_Z^2} + p_T^2)}}{2E_{\text{beam}}}$$

effects factorize at LL

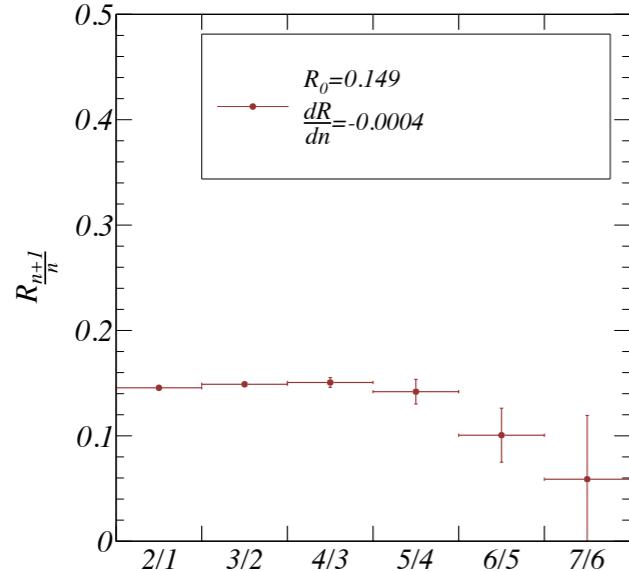
characterised by

$$B_n = \left| \frac{\frac{f(x^{(n+1)}, Q)}{f(x^{(n)}, Q)}}{\frac{f(x^{(n+2)}, Q)}{f(x^{(n+1)}, Q)}} \right|^2$$

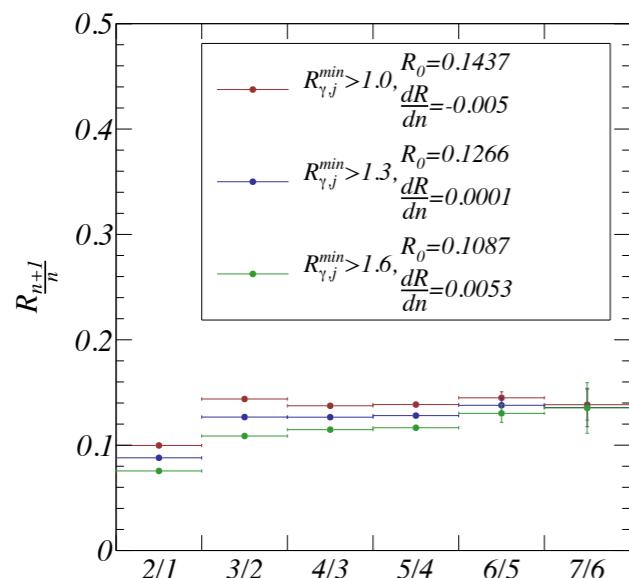
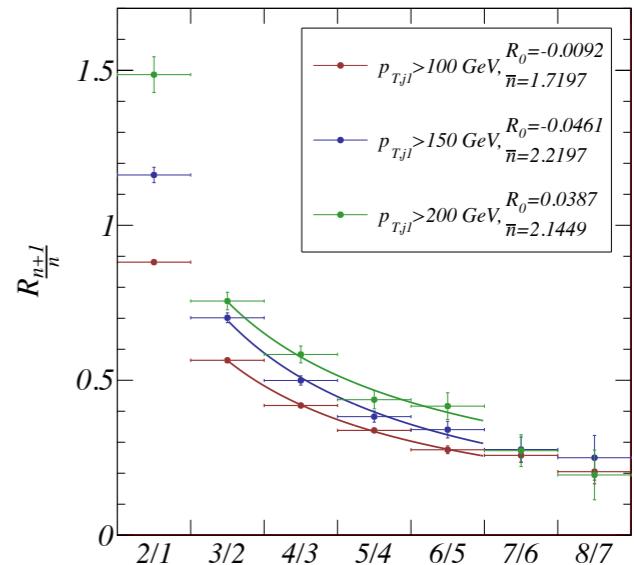


pdf suppression of additional jets

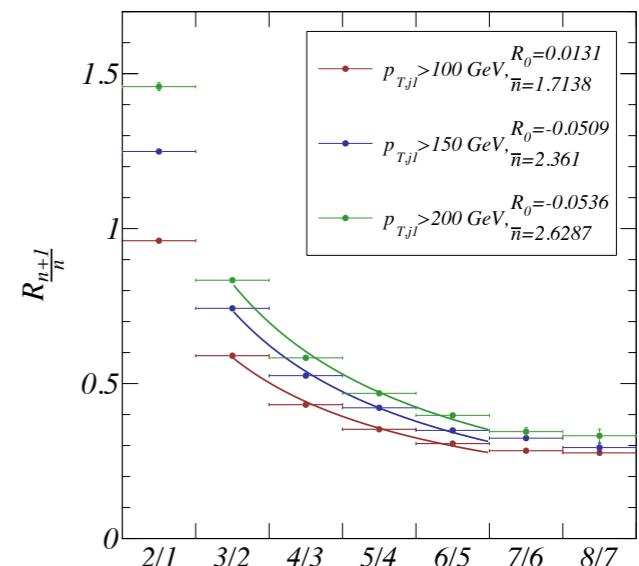
Calibrate your jets from data



Z plus jets



photons plus jets



exact same jet spectrum!

Understanding Higgs veto efficiencies

[Gerwick, Schumann, Plehn: Phys.Rev.Lett. 108 (2012) 032003]

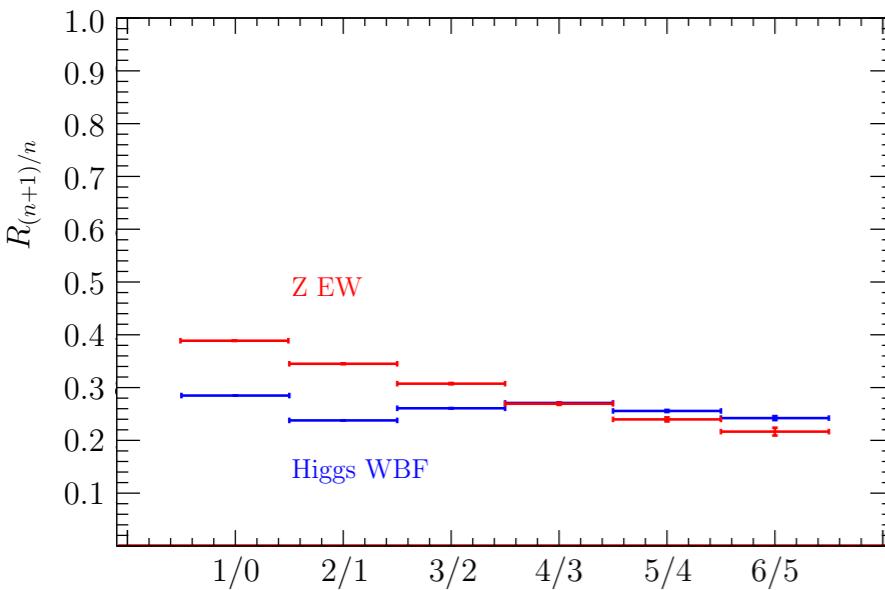
WBF Higgs

$$p_{T,j}^{\min} = 20 \text{ GeV}$$

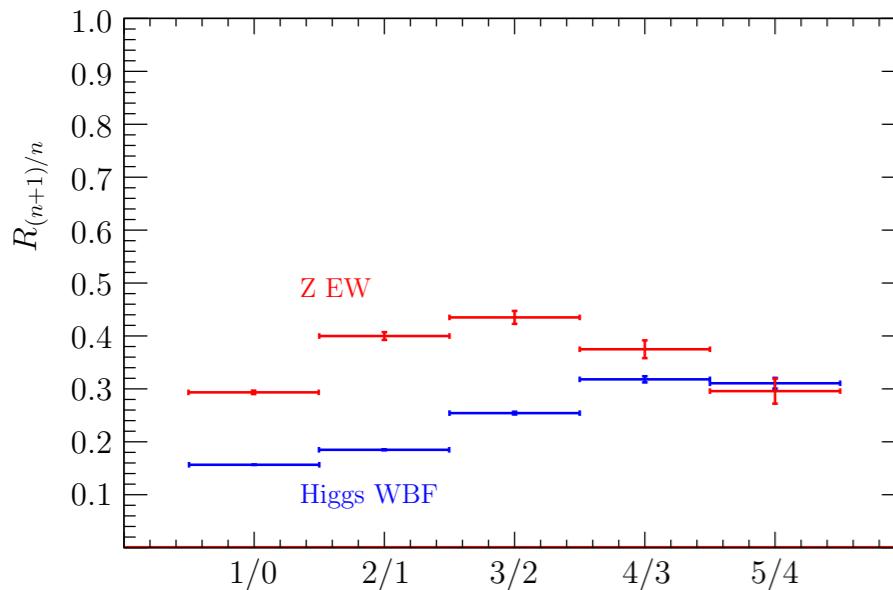
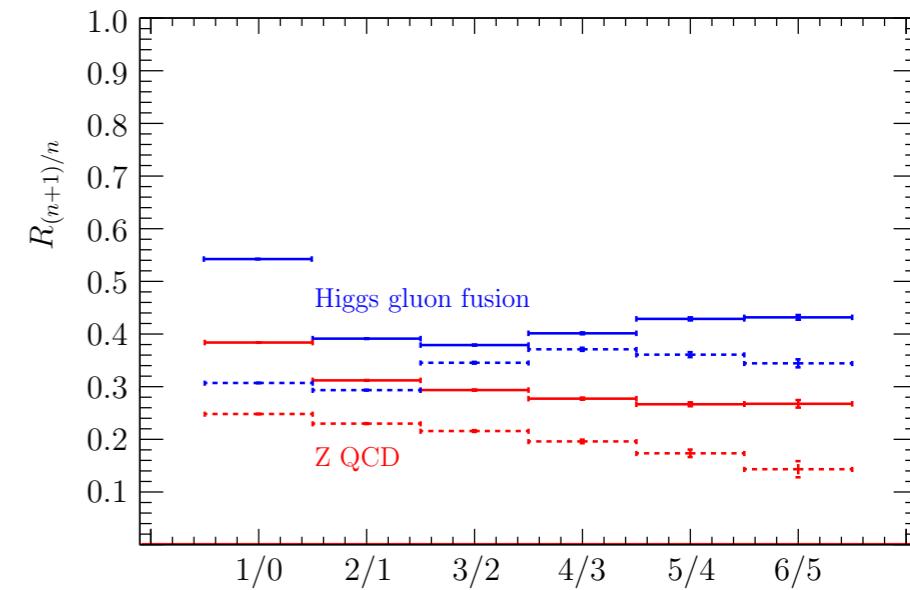
$$y_1 y_2 < 0$$

$$|y_j| < 4.5$$

$$|y_1 - y_2| > 4.4$$

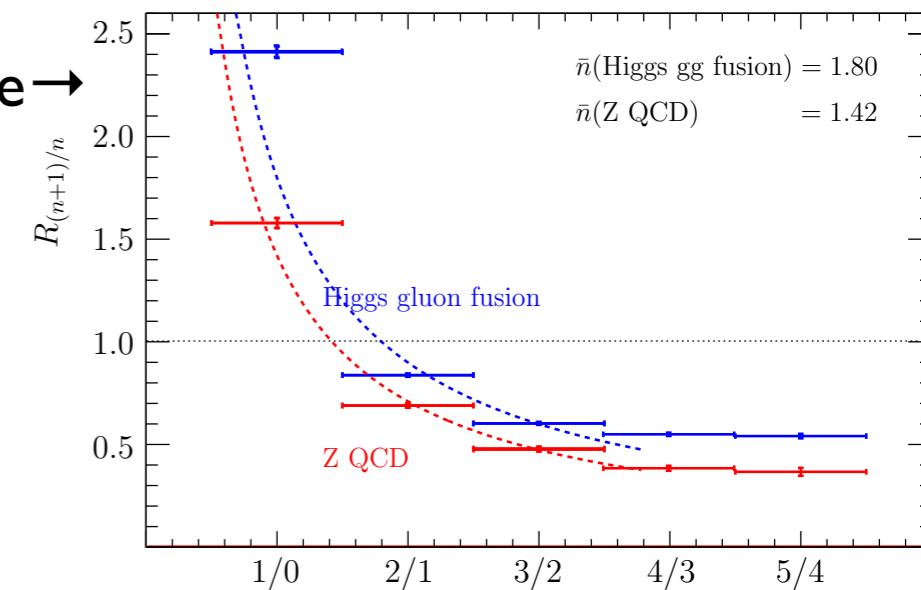


before m_{jj} cut

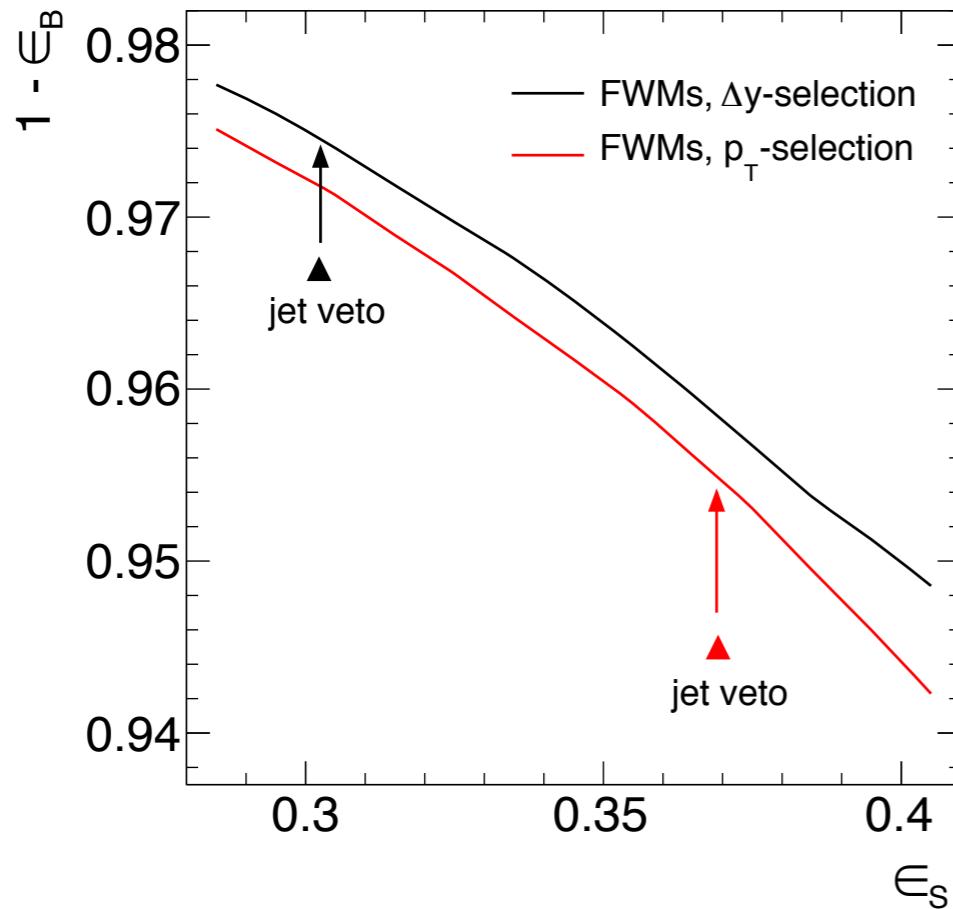


after m_{jj} cut

note Y-axis scale →



Know your backgrounds: jets & BDT



WBF Higgs

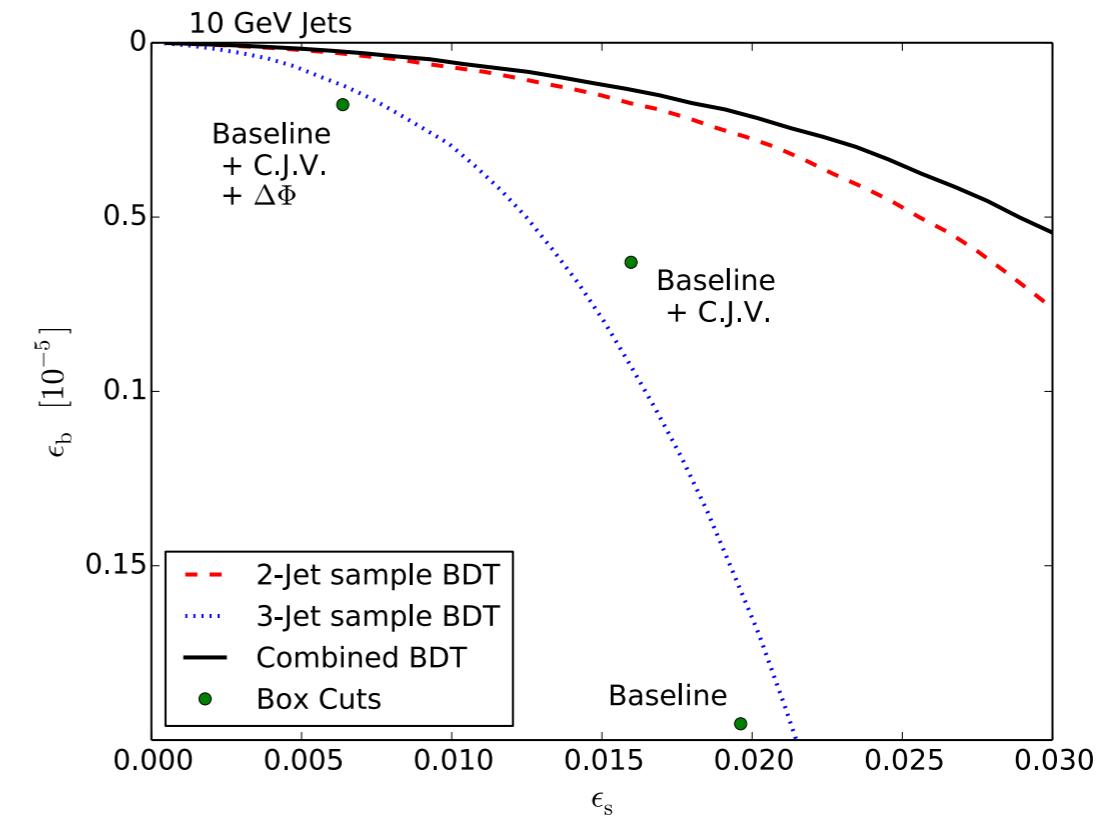
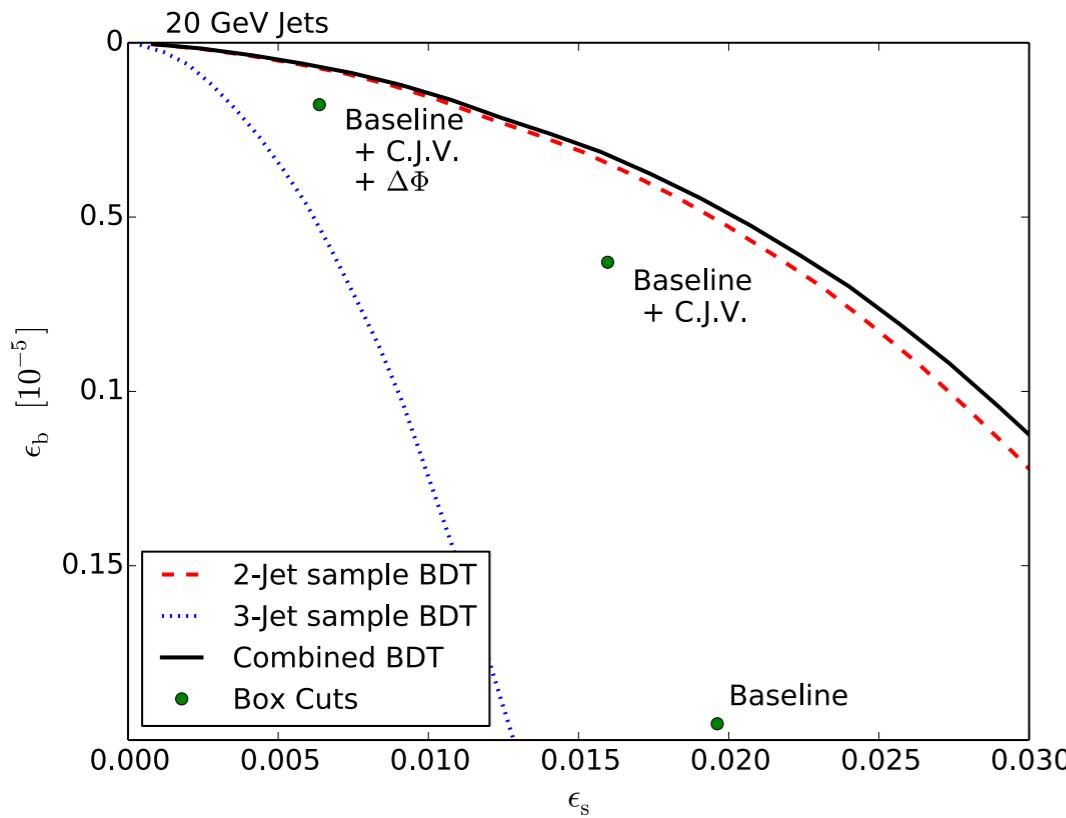
[Bernaciak, Mellado, Plehn, Ruan, PS: Phys. Rev D89 2014]

S/B	cuts	veto	more jets
p_T selection	0.014	0.047	0.083
Δy selection	0.026	0.045	0.071

Know your backgrounds: jets & BDT

invisible Higgs (WBF)

[Bernaciak, Plehn, PS, Tattersall: 1411.7699]



$\Gamma_{\text{inv}}/\Gamma_{\text{SM}}$	cuts	BDT	more jets
10 fb^{-1}	47 %	28 %	16 %
3000 fb^{-1}	6.9%	3.5%	2.1%

Conclusions

- multi-jet observables are plagued by huge theoretical uncertainties (LO)
- jet spectra follow simple scaling patterns
- staircase scaling is a firm QCD prediction (& observed)
 @ LHC: low multiplicities due to PDF effects
- control uncertainties & understand backgrounds from data
- QCD high multiplicity predictions possible [difficult with NLO]
- use in subsequent applications (Higgs studies, BSM, ...)

thanks for listening