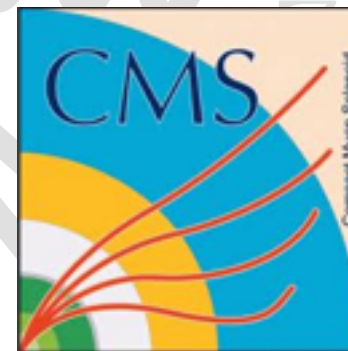


CMS V+jets

Higgs+jets 2014
8-10 Dec 2014
IPPP, Durham (UK)



ETH zürich

Kostas Theofilatos
(on behalf of CMS collaboration)

Instead of an outline

- W+jets (7 TeV): <http://arxiv.org/abs/1406.7533>
(accepted in PLB)
- Z+jets (7 TeV): <http://arxiv.org/abs/1408.3104>
(submitted to PRD)
- Z+jets (8 TeV)
 - SMP-13-007: <http://cds.cern.ch/record/1728322>
 - SMP-14-009: <http://cds.cern.ch/record/1728345>
- R(Z+jets/ γ +jets)
 - SMP-14-005: <http://cds.cern.ch/record/1740969?ln=en>
- All CMS V+jets results: [link](#)

Conventions during this talk

Two types of Data

- 7 TeV implies always 5 fb⁻¹ pp collisions
- 8 TeV implies always 20 fb⁻¹ pp collisions

Data shown here always corrected for detector efficiency & smearing; response matrix was obtained from LO+PS

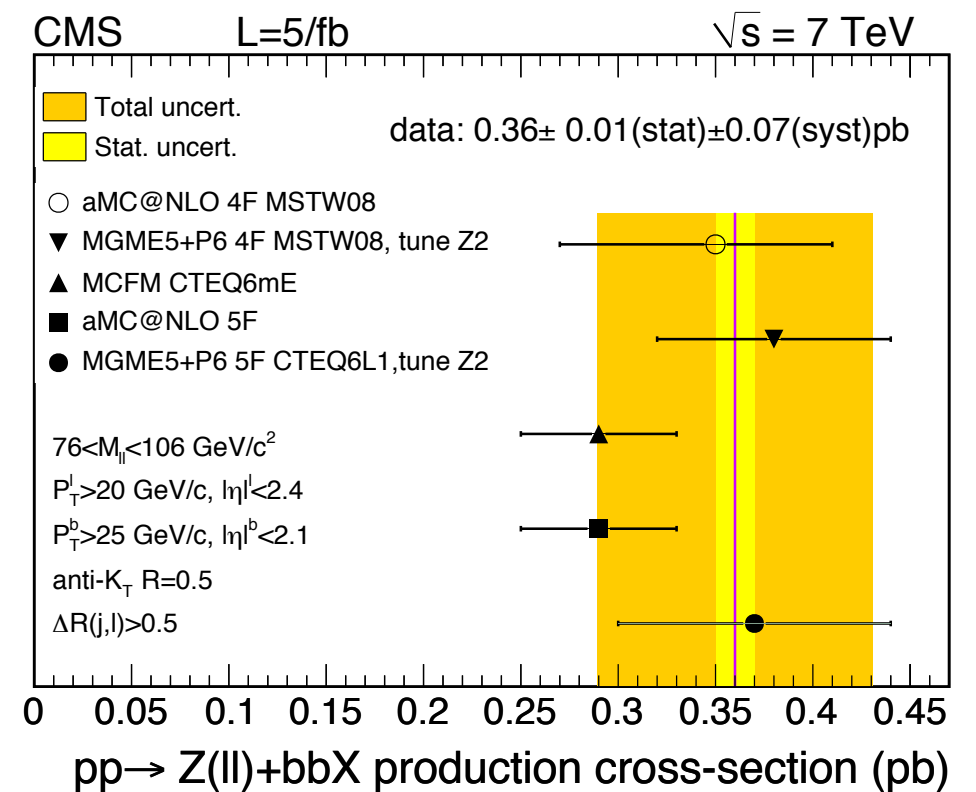
Three types of Theory (for the V+jets signal)

- **LO+PS:** always normalized to NNLO inclusive (FEWZ)
 - exception γ +jets analysis, where LO x-section was used
- **NLO:** always normalized to its native cross section
- **NLO+PS:** always normalized to its native cross section

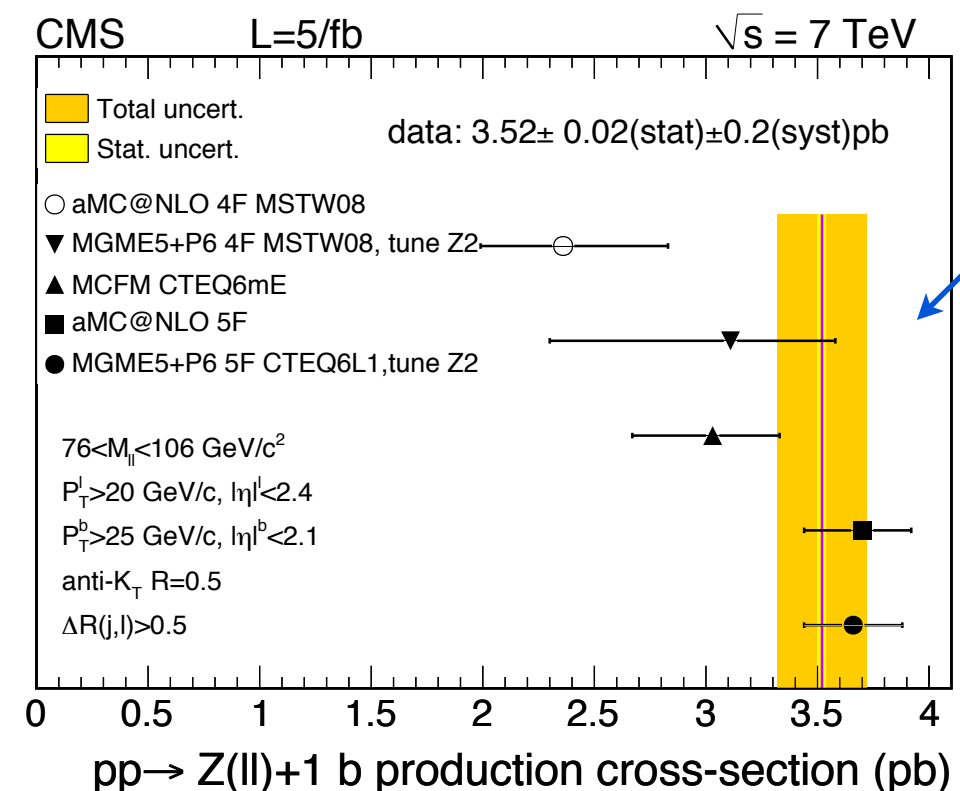
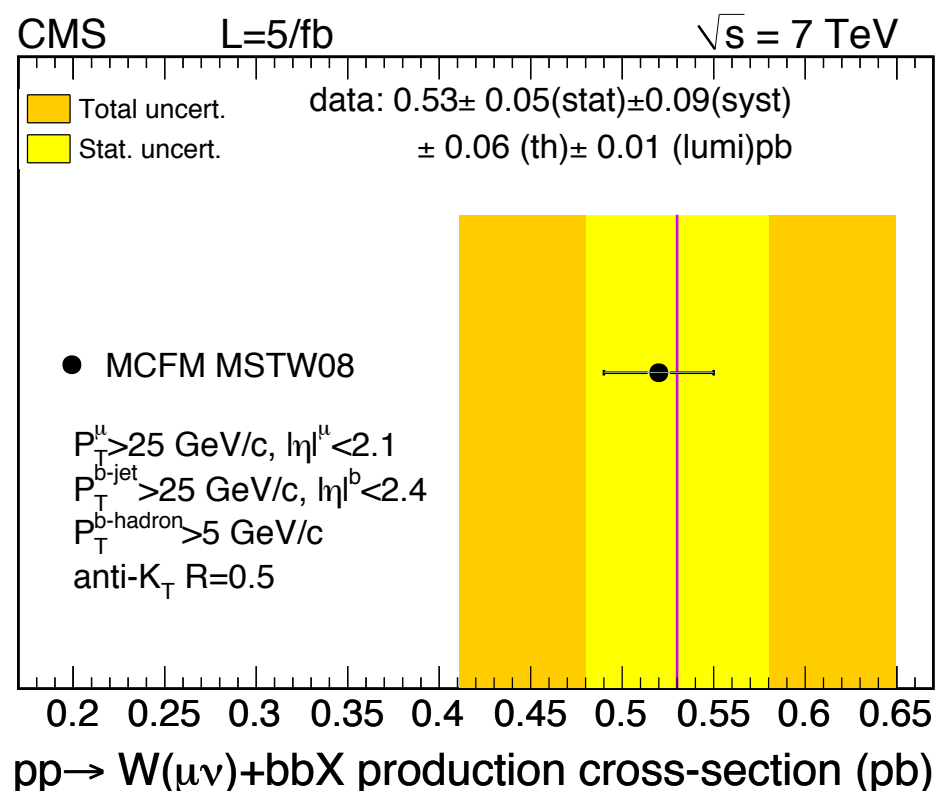
V+Heavy Flavor

Will not cover it here, what we learn from those is:

- 4F vs 5F -- PDFs (to **b** or not to **b**)
- strange quark fraction
- collinear $b\bar{b}$
- aMC@NLO, MCFM, MG5+Pythia6



CMS-SMP-12-026
Phys. Lett. B 735 (2014) 204



CMS-SMP-13-004
JHEP 06 (2014) 120

	NLO ME	LO ME	PS	Channel	Data
BlackHat +Sherpa	≤ 4 jets	--	--	W+jets	7 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	W+jets	7 TeV
Sherpa1.4	--	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	W+jets	7 TeV
Sherpa2 β 2 +BlackHat	≤ 1	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	Z+jets	7 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	Z+jets	7 TeV
Powheg	1 jet	--	Pythia6	Z+jets	7 TeV
Sherpa2 +BlackHat	≤ 2 jets	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	Z+jets	8 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	Z+jets	8 TeV
BlackHat +Sherpa	≤ 4 jets	--	--	Z+jets	8 TeV
Sherpa1.4	--	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	Z+jets	8 TeV
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Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	γ +jets	8 TeV



will start with these

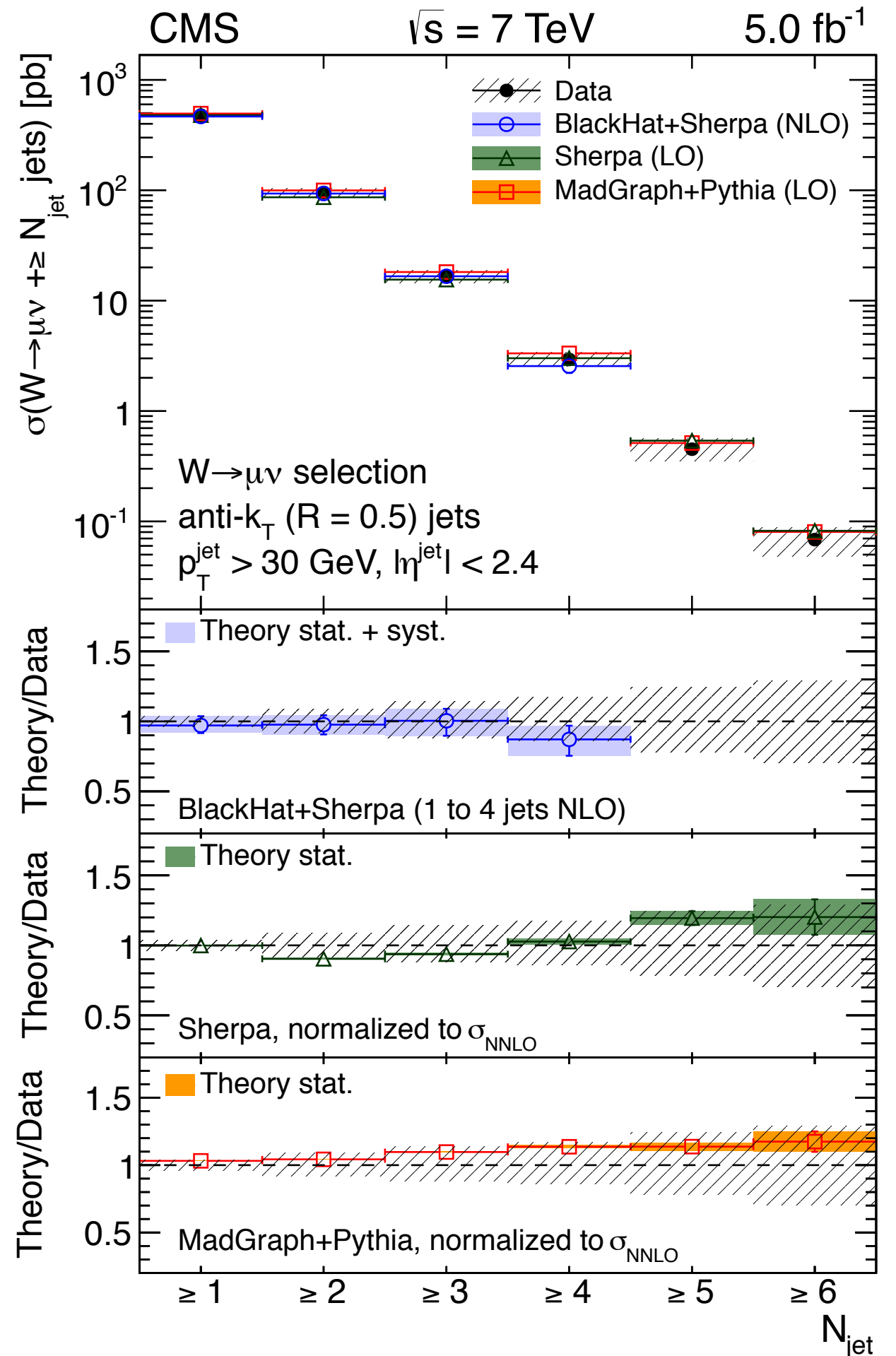
W+jets

Phase space

- muon $p_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.1$
- jets: anti- k_T $\Delta R = 0.5$
 - $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$,
 $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \mu) > 0.5$

inclusive jet multiplicity spectrum has reasonable Data/Theory agreement

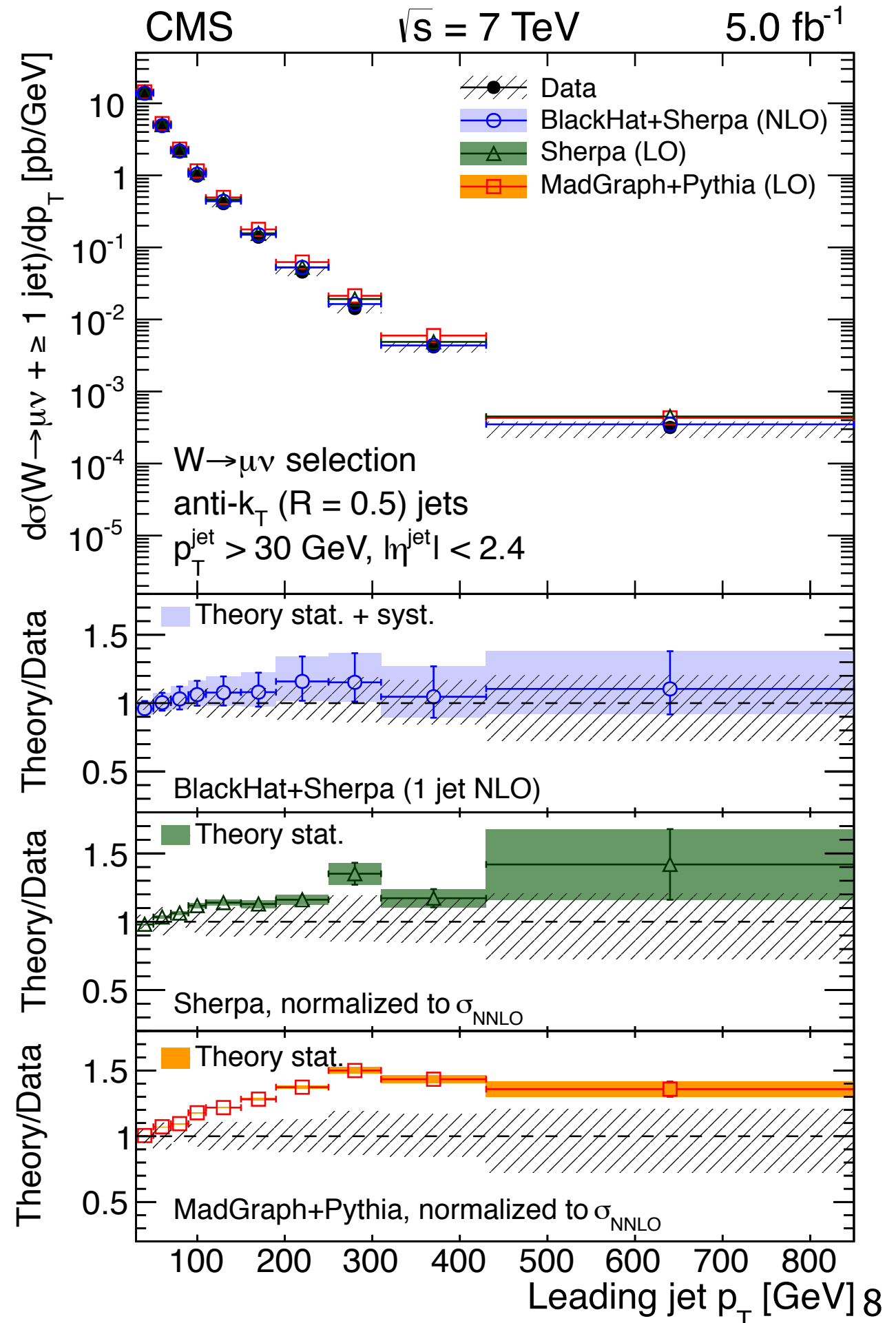
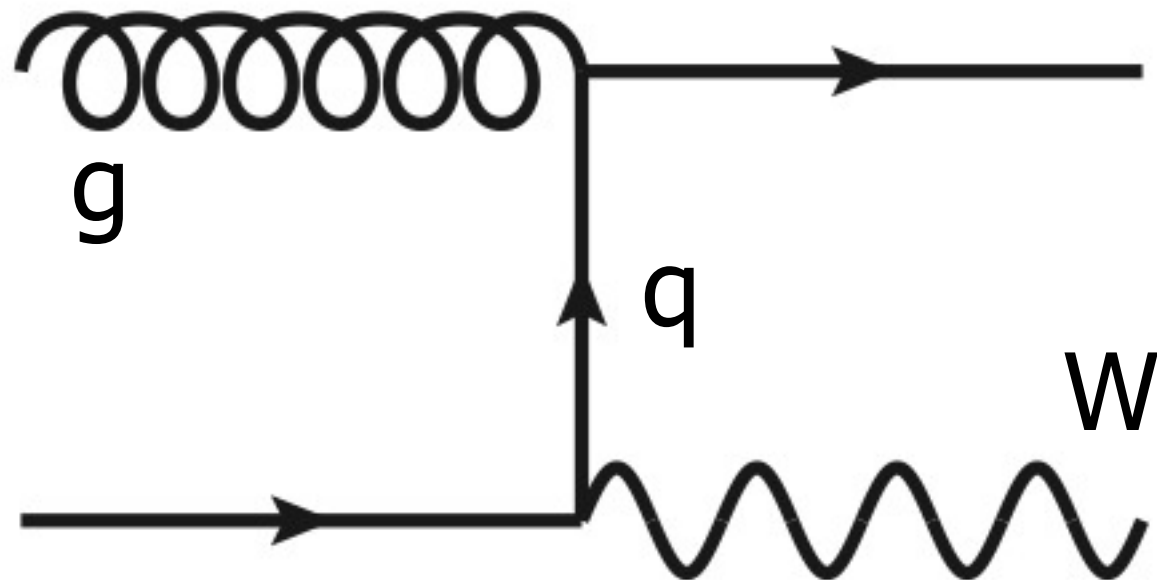
A 5th-jet Blackhat+Sherpa prediction will be added to the paper



W+jets

Highly boosted W

- there are more predicted than observed
- LO+PS are accompanied with stat uncert., no theory systematic uncert., making the disagreement looking spectacular

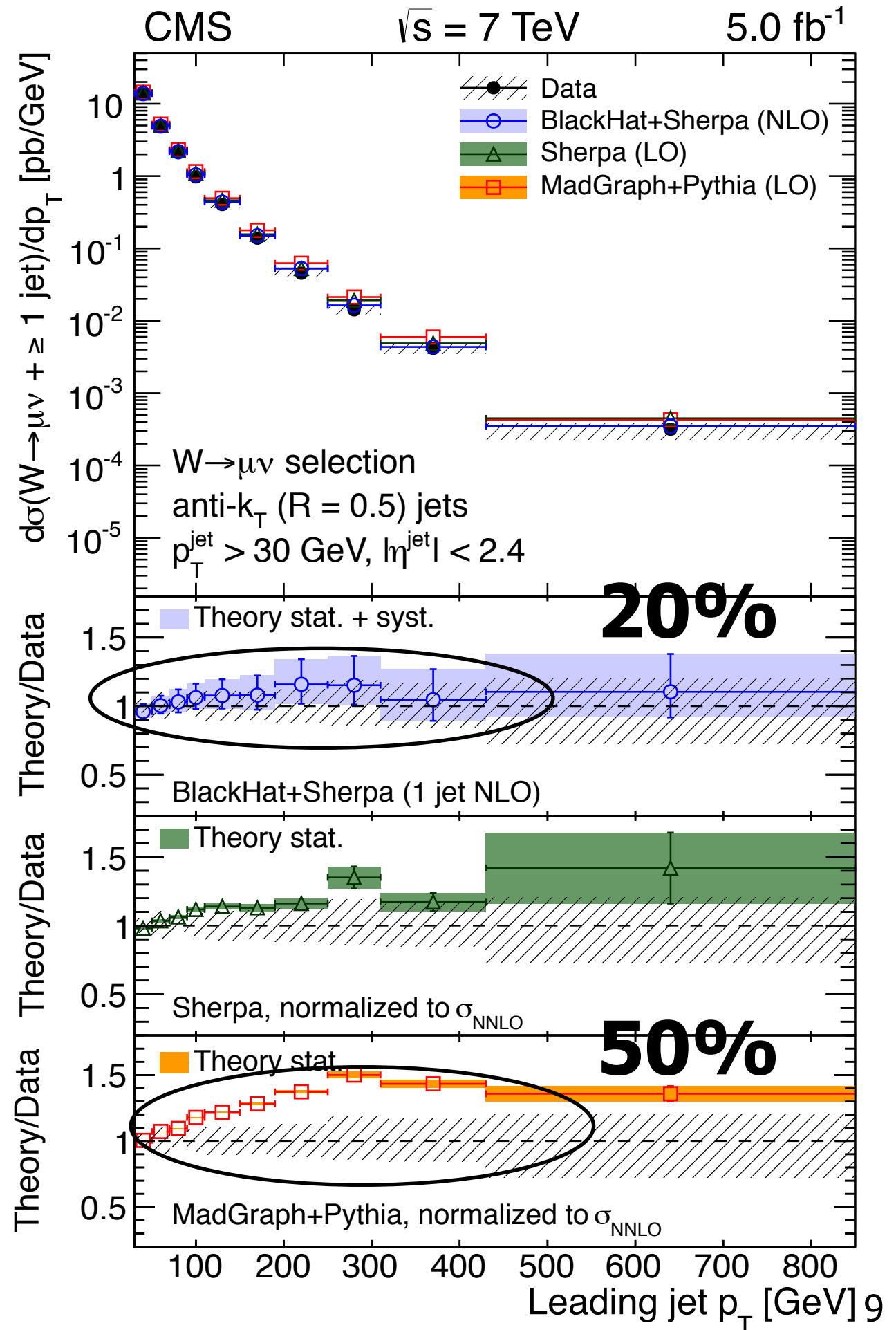
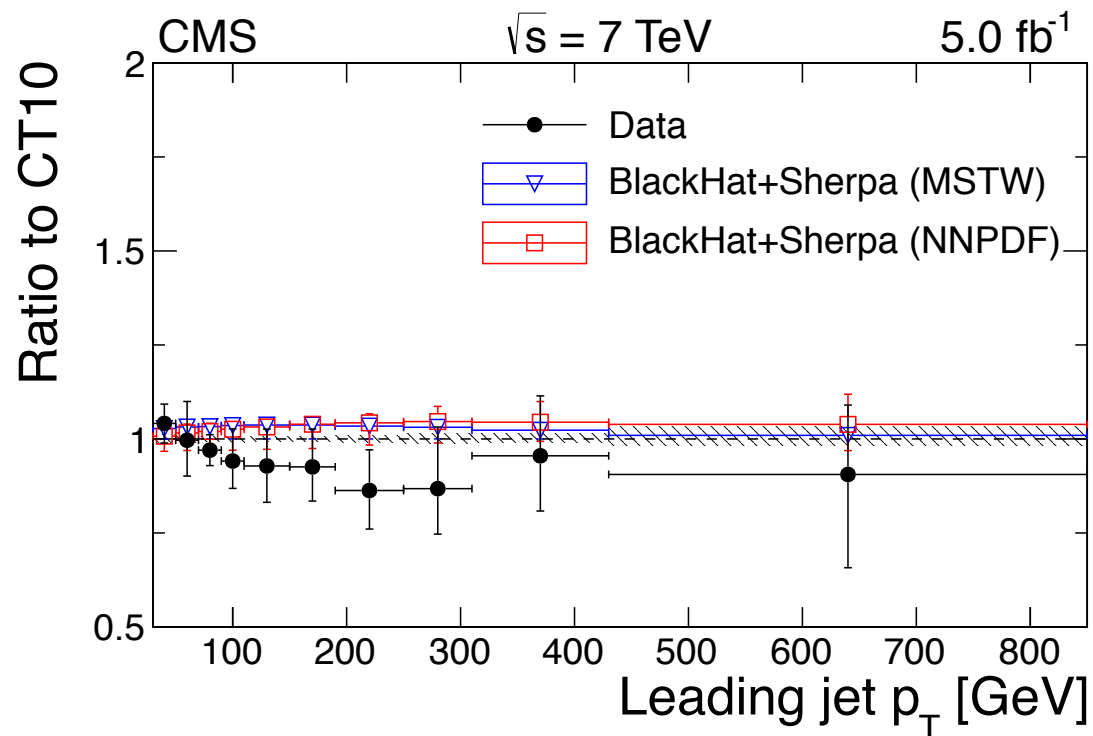


W+jets

Highly boosted W

- there are more predicted than observed
- same picture in Z+jets
- similar picture in γ +jets

Effect not related to PDFs

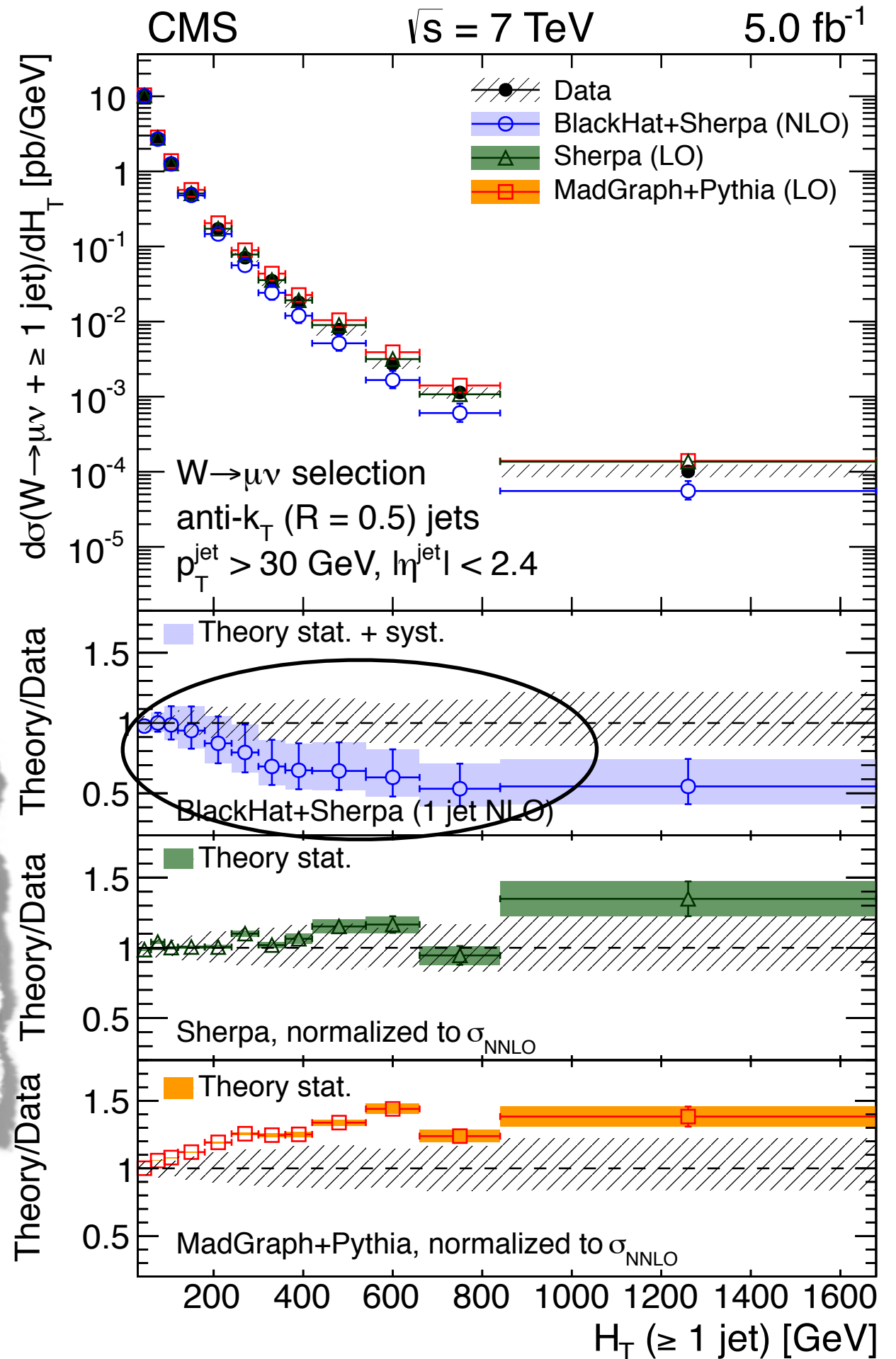


W+jets

$$H_T = \text{scalar } \Sigma p_T(\text{jet})$$

- be aware: H_T is a tricky observable

NLO fixed order without PS
can't model regions where
the energy is distributed in
many soft jets



	NLO ME	LO ME	PS	Channel	Data
BlackHat +Sherpa	≤ 4 jets	--	--	W+jets	7 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	W+jets	7 TeV
Sherpa1.4	--	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	W+jets	7 TeV
Sherpa2β2 +BlackHat	≤ 1	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	Z+jets	7 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	Z+jets	7 TeV
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Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	Z+jets	8 TeV
BlackHat +Sherpa	≤ 4 jets	--	--	Z+jets	8 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	γ +jets	8 TeV



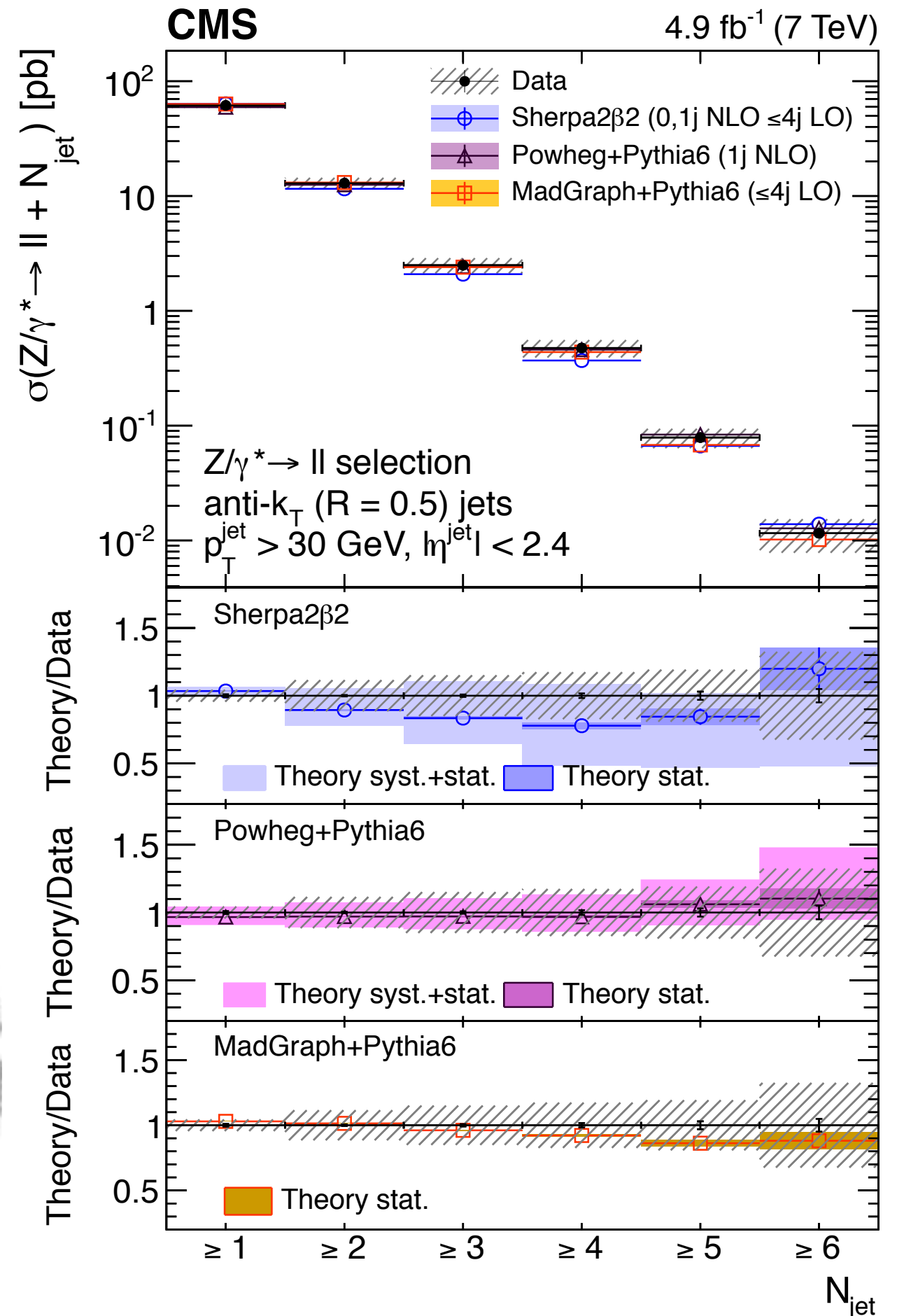
moving to Z+jets

Z+jets

Phase space

- lep $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$
- $71 < M_{ll} < 111$ GeV
- jets: anti- k_T $\Delta R = 0.5$
 - $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$,
 $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \mu) > 0.5$

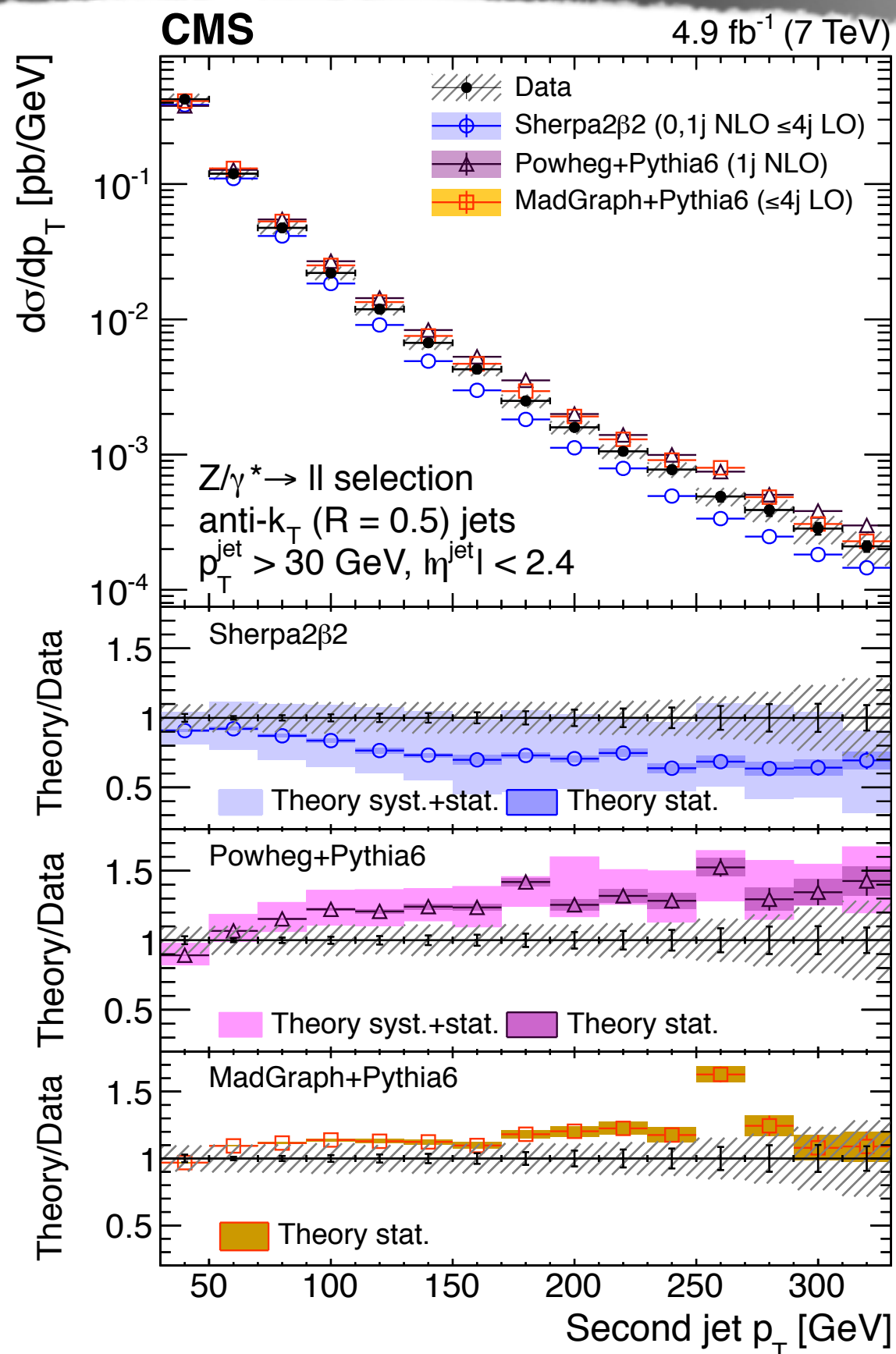
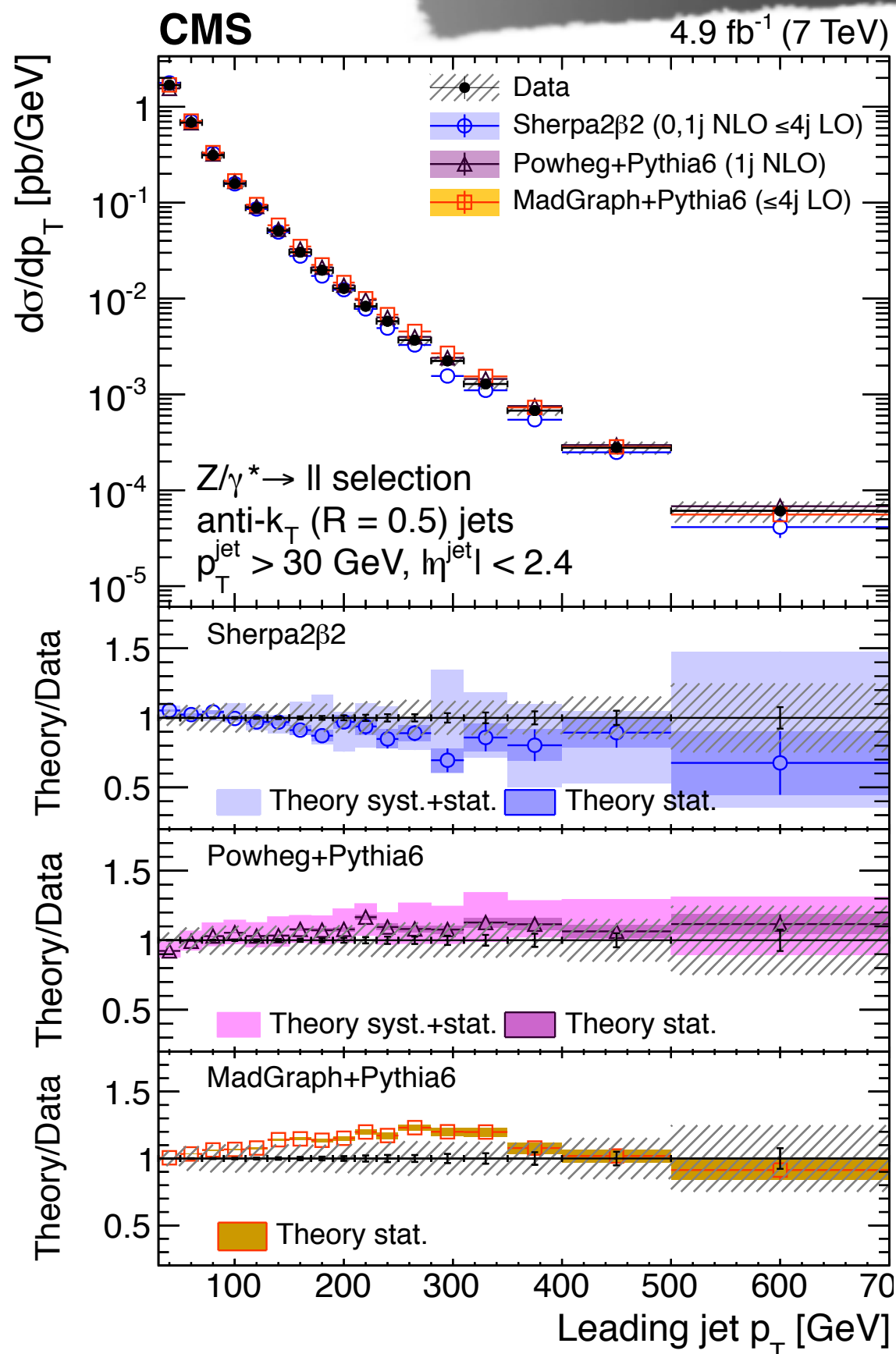
fairly good Theory/Data agreement



Z+jets

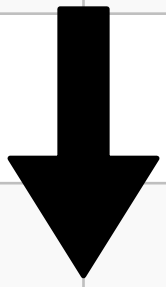
LO+PS overpredicts data, similarly to what was observed in W+jets

NLO+PS mixed picture

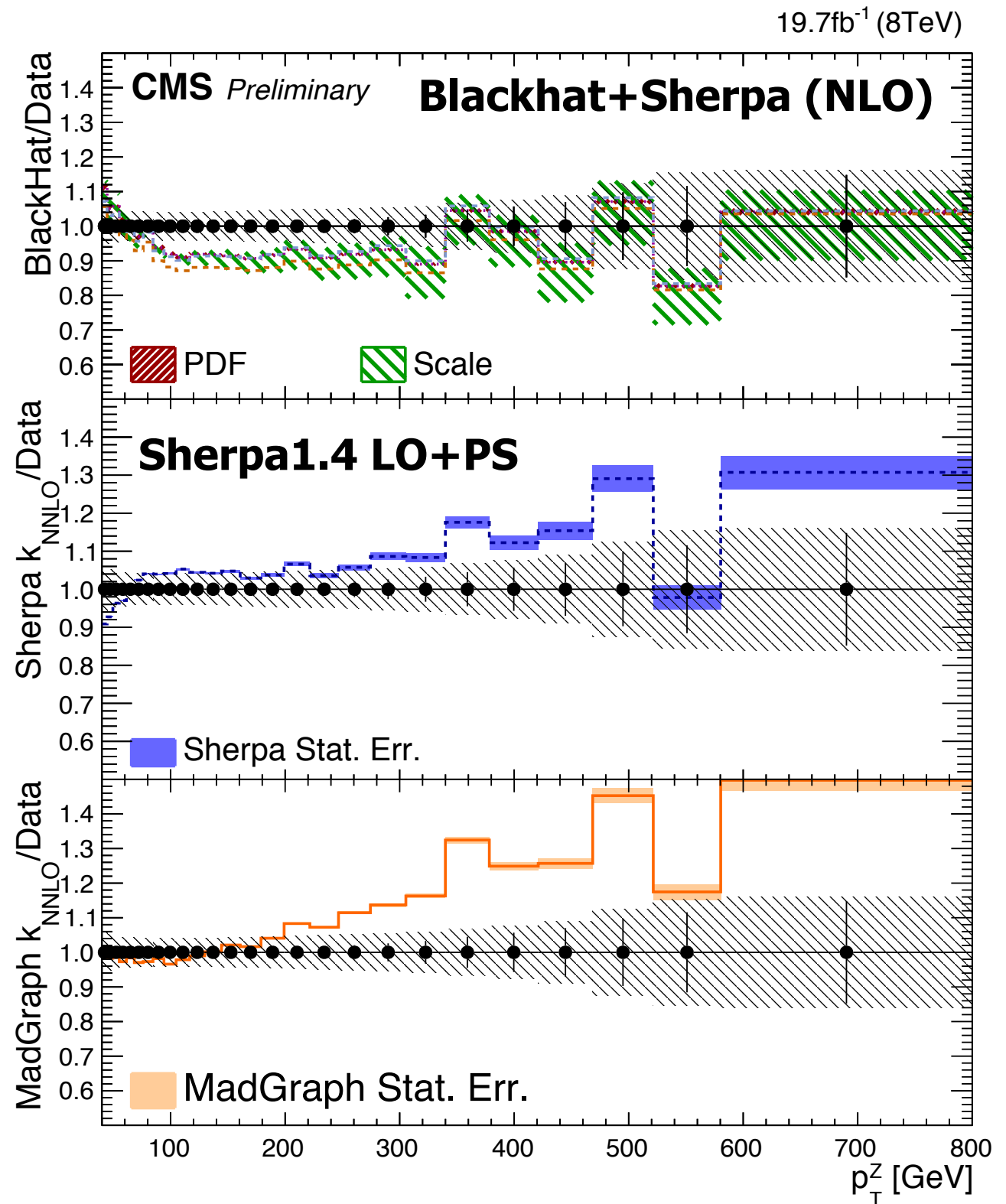
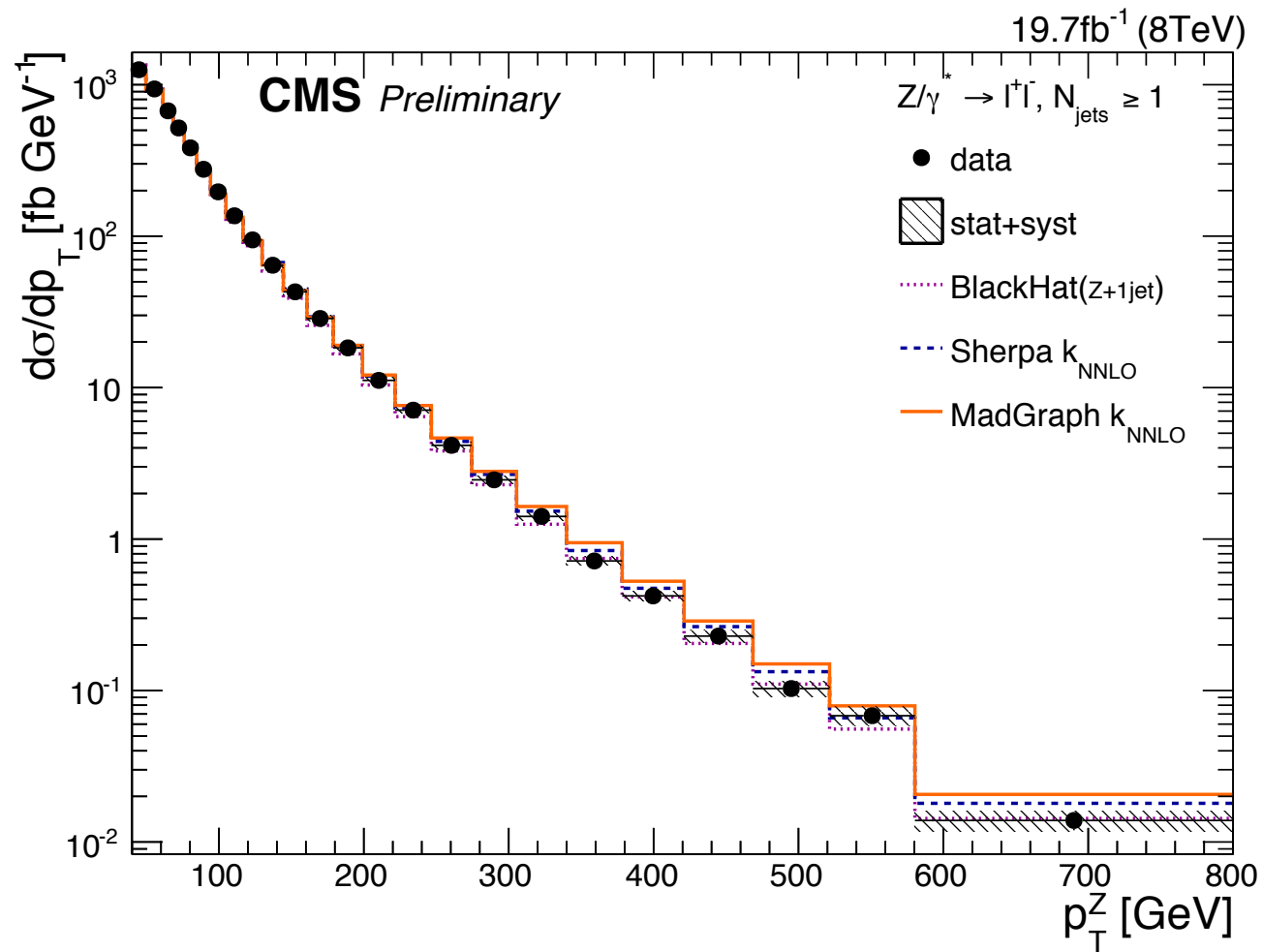


	NLO ME	LO ME	PS	Channel	Data
BlackHat +Sherpa	≤ 4 jets	--	--	W+jets	7 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	W+jets	7 TeV
Sherpa1.4	--	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	W+jets	7 TeV
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Powheg	1 jet	--	Pythia6	Z+jets	7 TeV
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Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	Z+jets	8 TeV
BlackHat +Sherpa	≤ 4 jets	--	--	Z+jets	8 TeV
Sherpa1.4	--	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	Z+jets	8 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	γ+jets	8 TeV

Z+jets / γ +jets

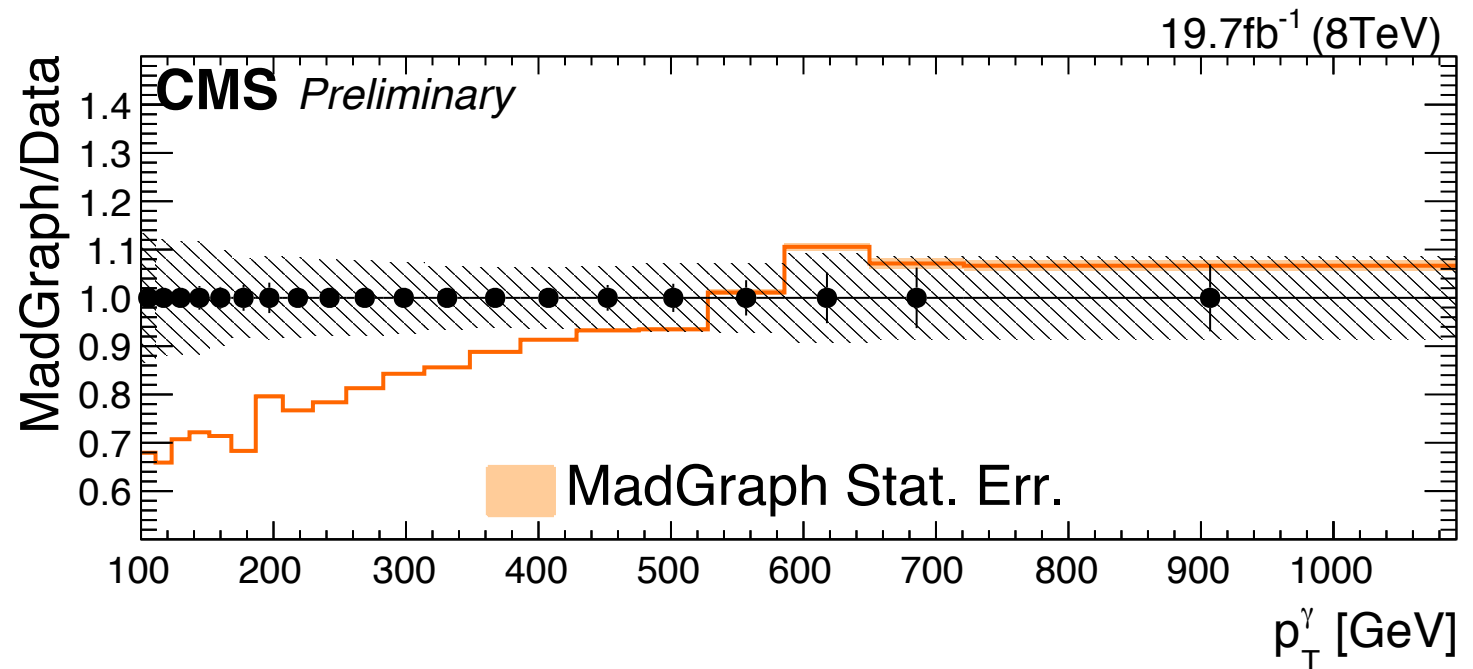
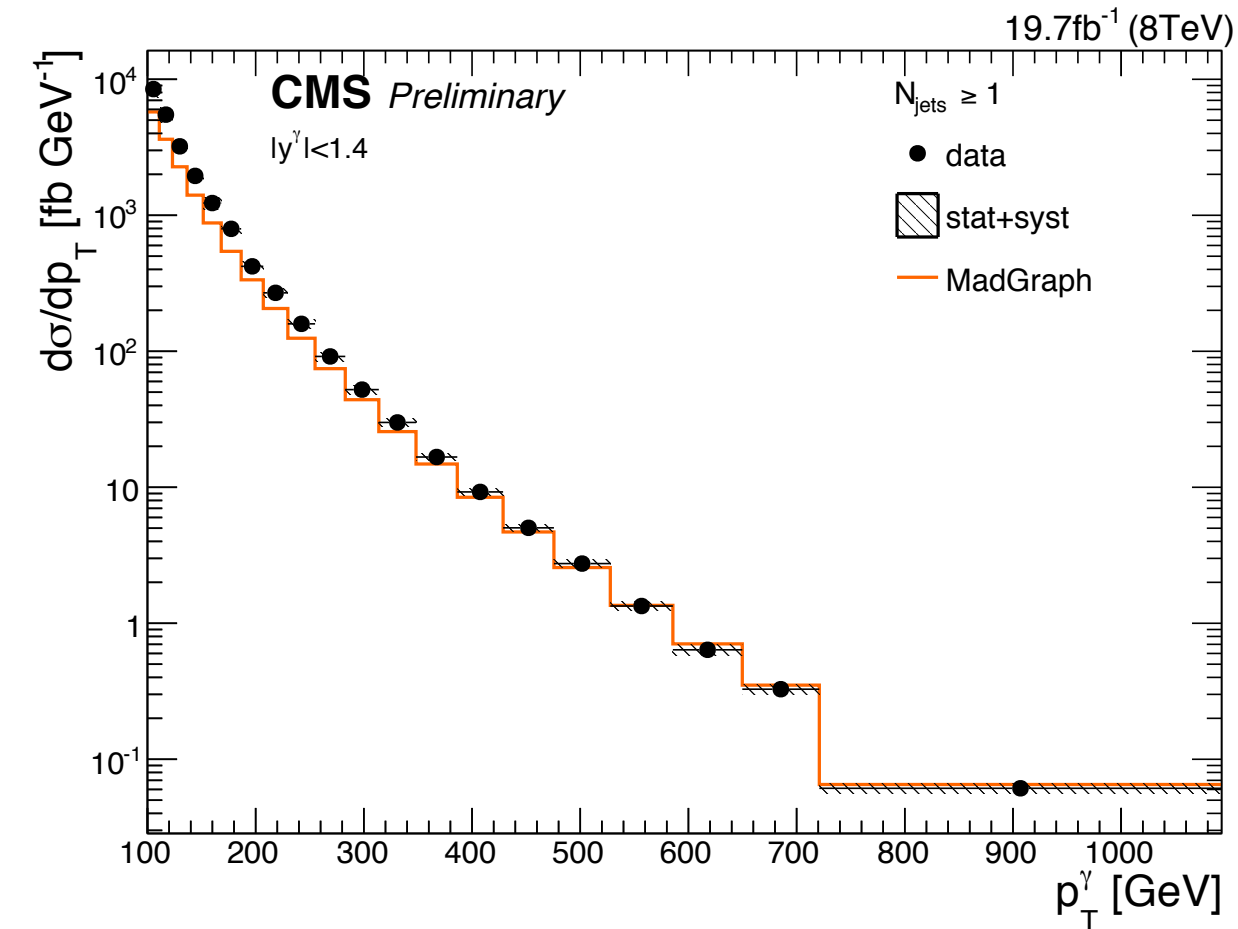


Z+jets (8 TeV)



$p_T(Z)$ is a key observable that we don't get right with LO +PS -- think of $p_T(Z)$ as MET, when $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$

γ +jets (8 TeV)



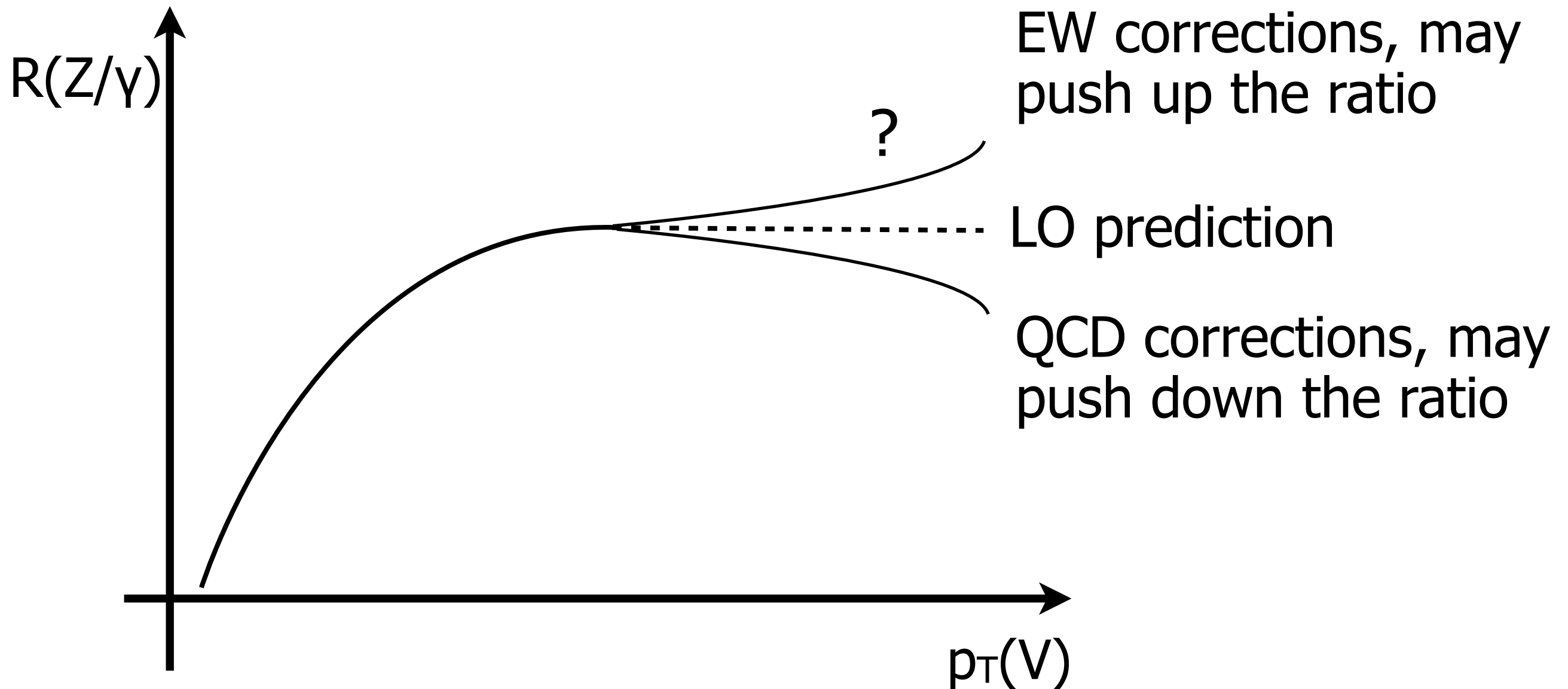
Preliminary results, only LO+PS comparison -- NLO will be put in place prior to the paper submission

- MC normalized to LO cross-section; not comparable to what was done for the Z+jets, which is LO+PS with NNLO norm
- however trend (slope) seems to be of similar strength

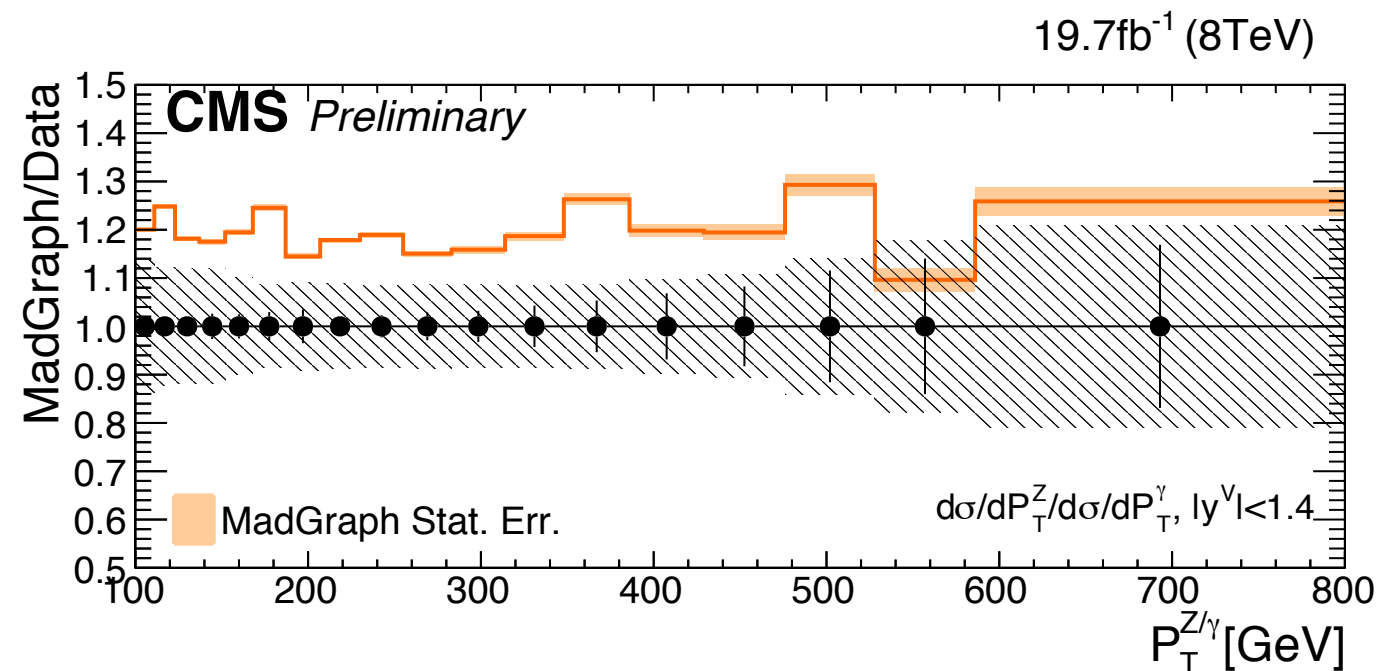
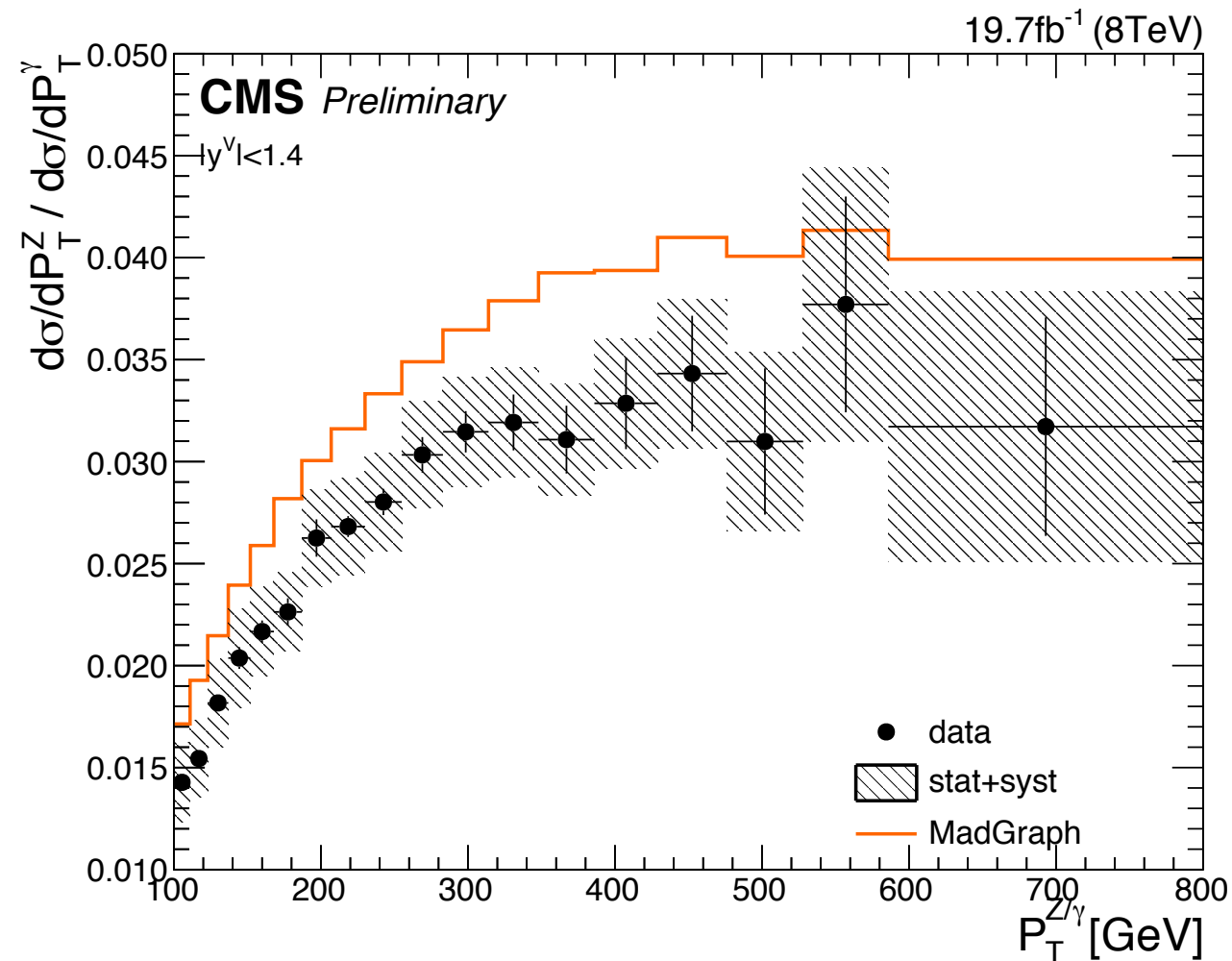
Ratio of $\sigma(\text{Z+jets})/\sigma(\gamma+\text{jet})$

Important observable for new physics searches

- LO predicts a plateau at high $p_T(V)$
- The $p_T(\gamma)$ is used as proxy to estimate $p_T(\text{Z} \rightarrow \nu\nu)$ i.e. MET



R(Z+jets/ γ +jets) (8 TeV)



R(Z+jets/ γ +jets)[**data**] / R(Z+jets/ γ +jets)[**MC**]

- double ratio ~ 1.2 , is flat across all probed p_T [100,800] GeV
- observed bias as function of $p_T(V)$ seems to be universal across the different vector boson species
- no evidence for a deviation from flatness within uncertainties

Few words about LO+PS

They are still the main workhorses in LHC analyses

■ Searches for new phenomena use LO+PS:

- need detector level predictions -- i.e., particle level
- need a fail-safe setup to perform closure tests of background estimation methods, e.g. we don't want "holes" in H_T or completely back-to-back events that fixed order may give to us
- normalization ? either NLO, or NNLO or if needed data sidebands

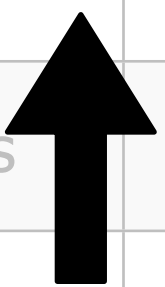
■ Measurements (SM precision tests)

- background is subtracted from data using LO+PS predictions
- unfolding of detector effects, response matrix is build from digitized full-sim, i.e. needs again particle level MC

NLO+PS is a promising replacement of LO+PS for Run2

	NLO ME	LO ME	PS	Channel	Data
BlackHat +Sherpa	≤ 4 jets	--	--	W+jets	7 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	W+jets	7 TeV
Sherpa1.4	--	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	W+jets	7 TeV
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BlackHat +Sherpa	≤ 4 jets	--	--	Z+jets	8 TeV
Sherpa1.4	--	≤ 4 jets	Sherpa	Z+jets	8 TeV
Madgraph5	--	≤ 4 jets	Pythia6	γ +jets	8 TeV

more Z+jets (8 TeV)

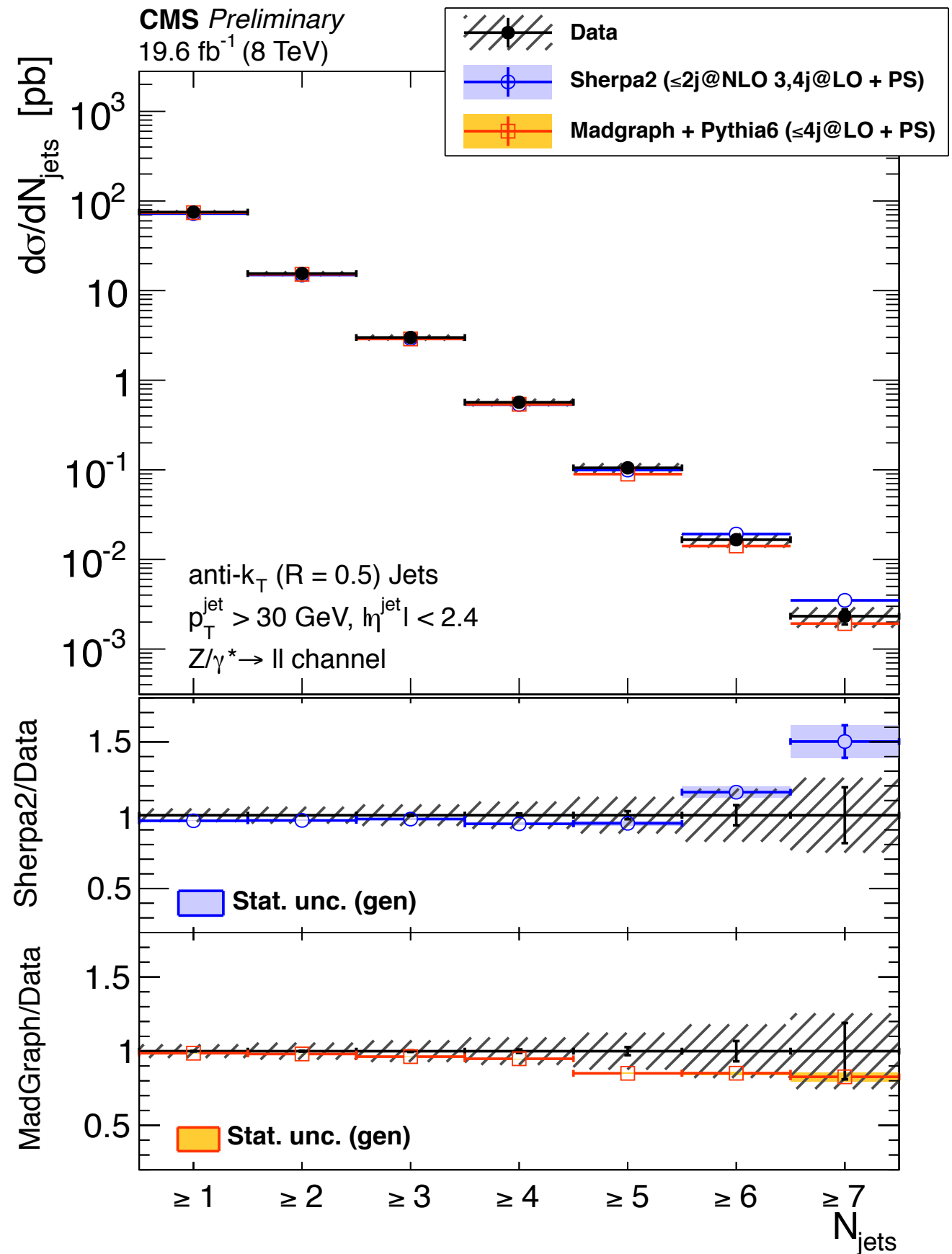


Z+jets (8 TeV)

Phase space

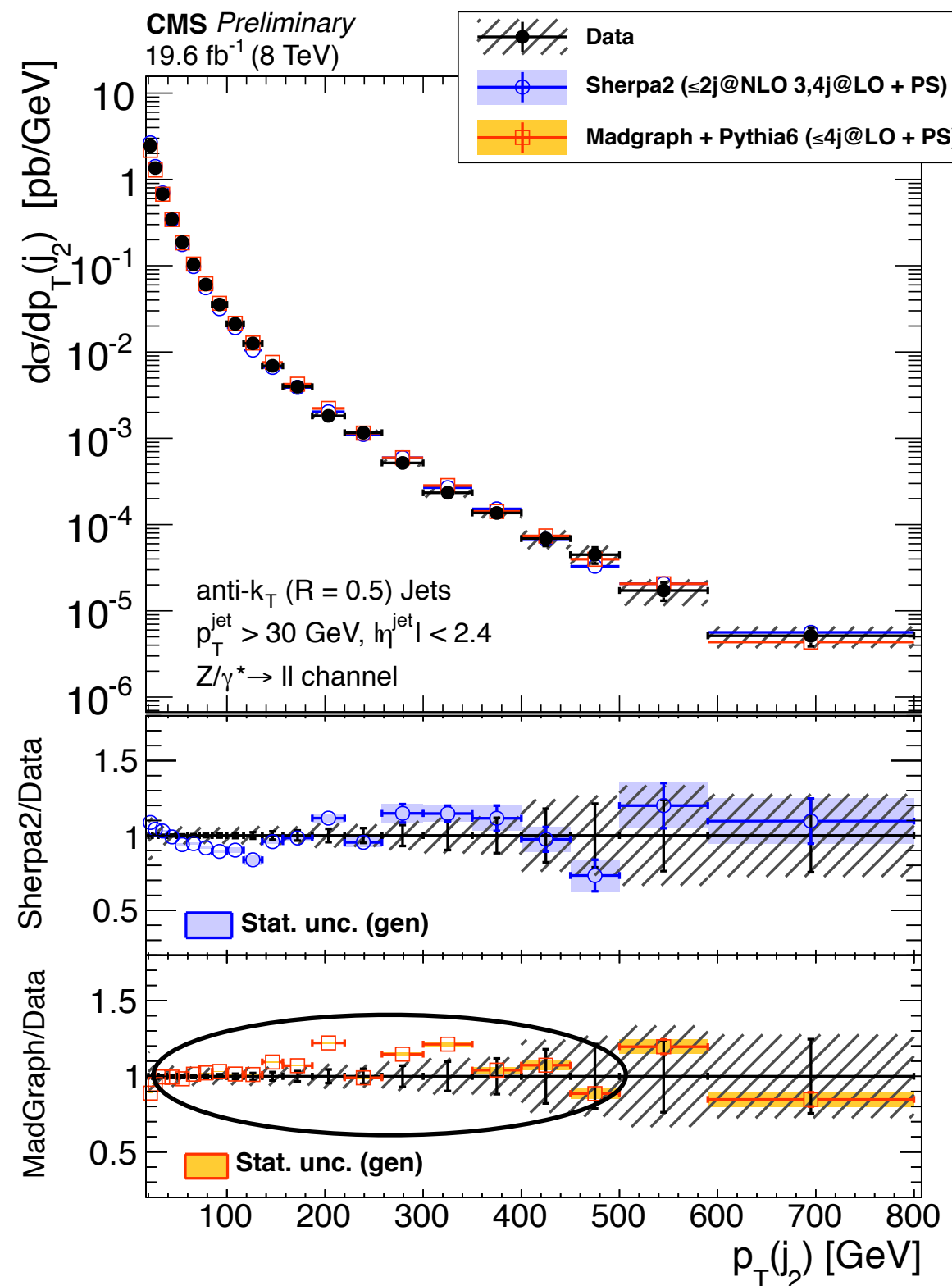
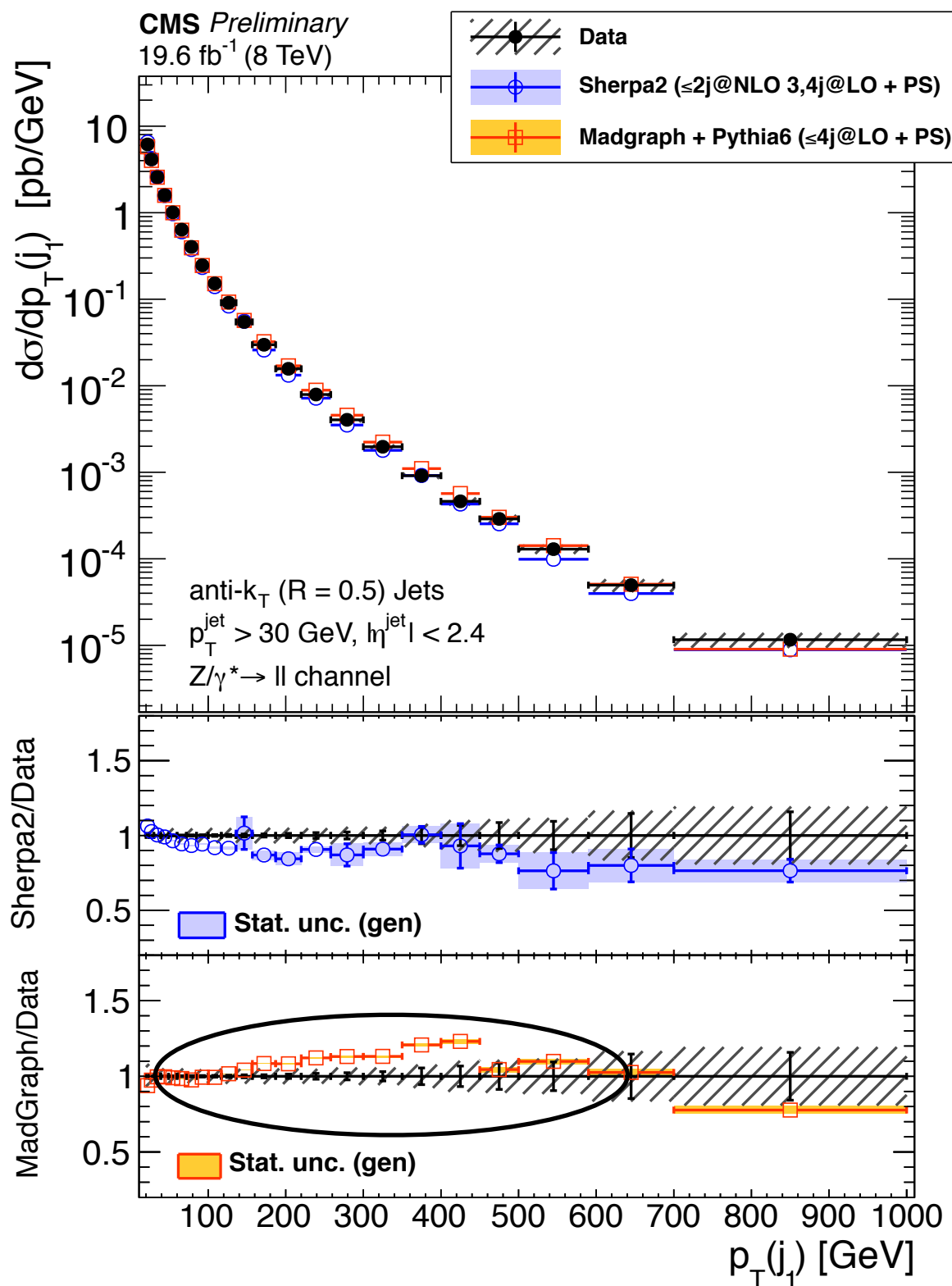
- lep $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$
- $71 < M_{ll} < 111$ GeV
- jets: anti- k_T $\Delta R = 0.5$
 - $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$,
 $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \mu) > 0.5$

**Nice Theory/Data
agreement**



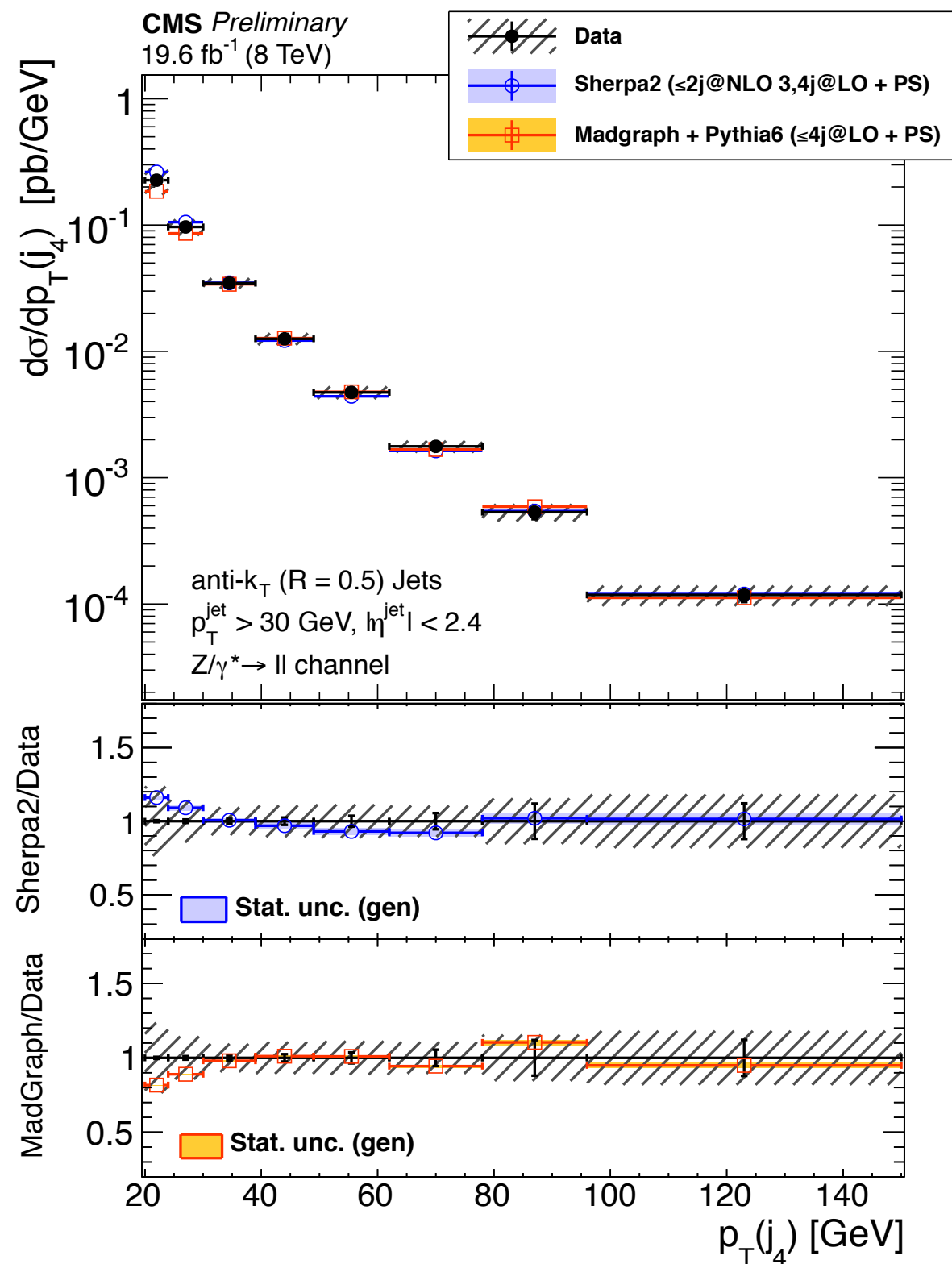
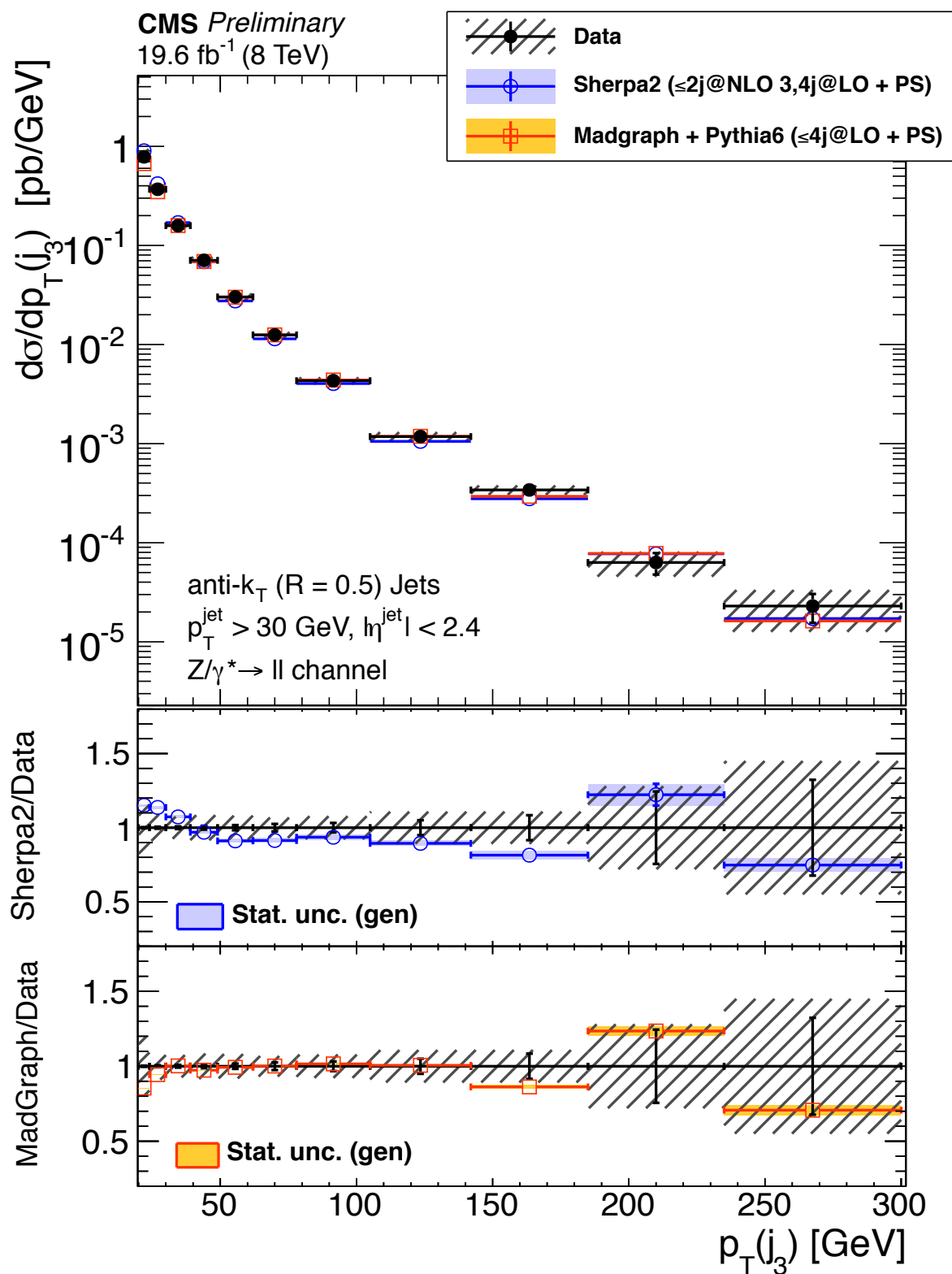
Z+jets (8 TeV)

LO+PS glitches seen also at 7 TeV, effect is correlated with $p_T(Z)$



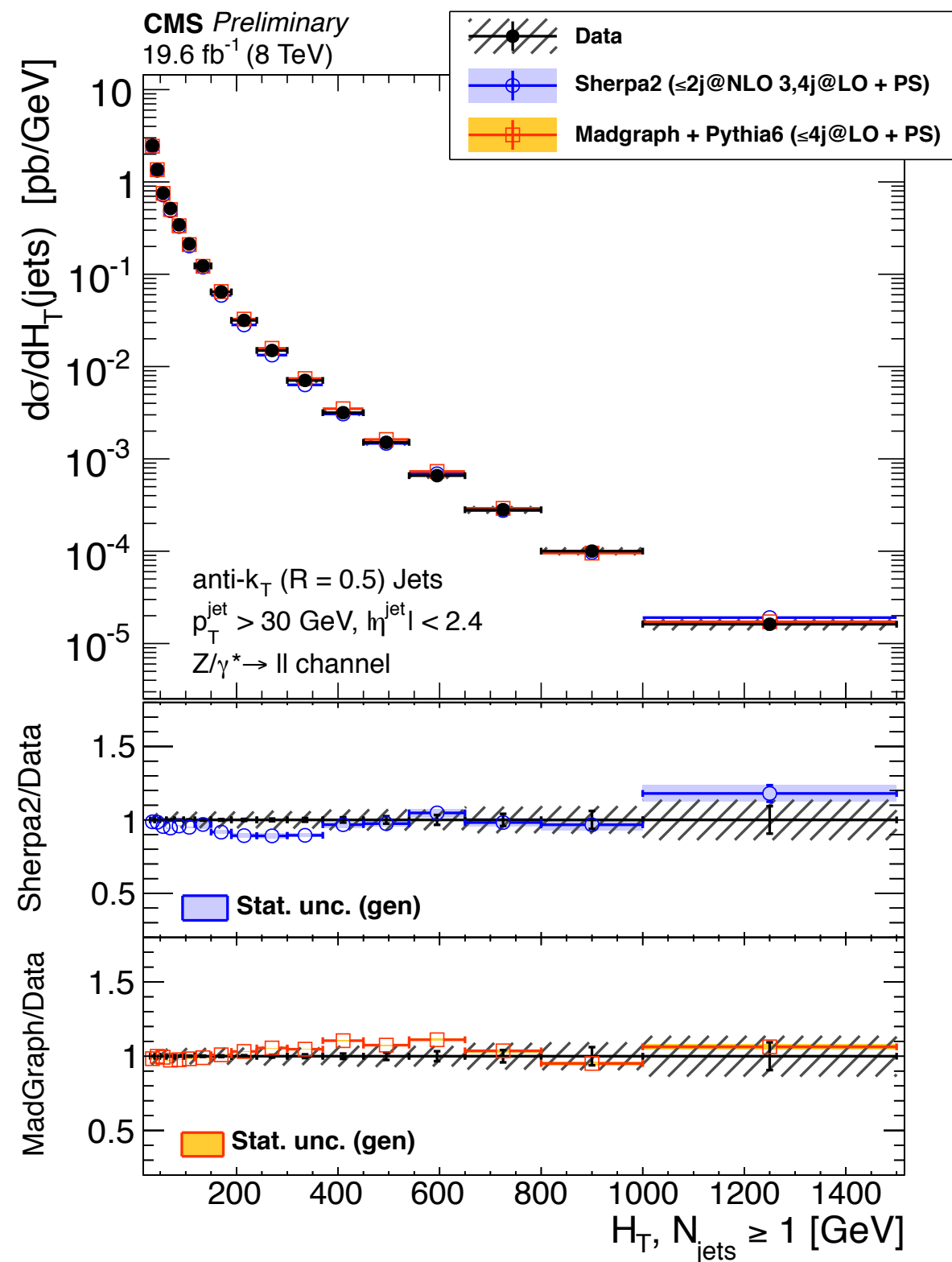
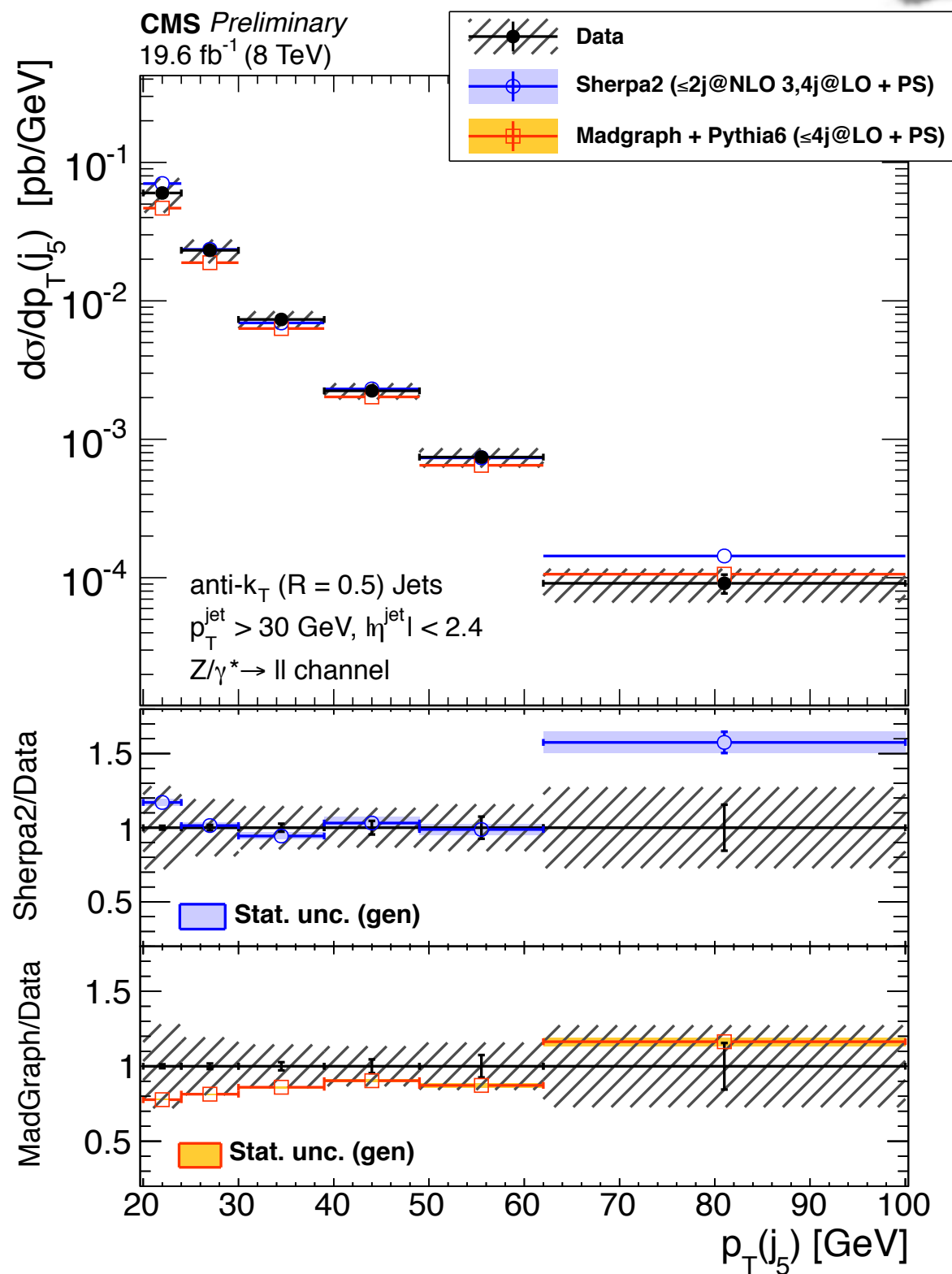
Z+jets (8 TeV)

higher jet multiplicities in LO+PS suffer less, cancellation of competing effects ?



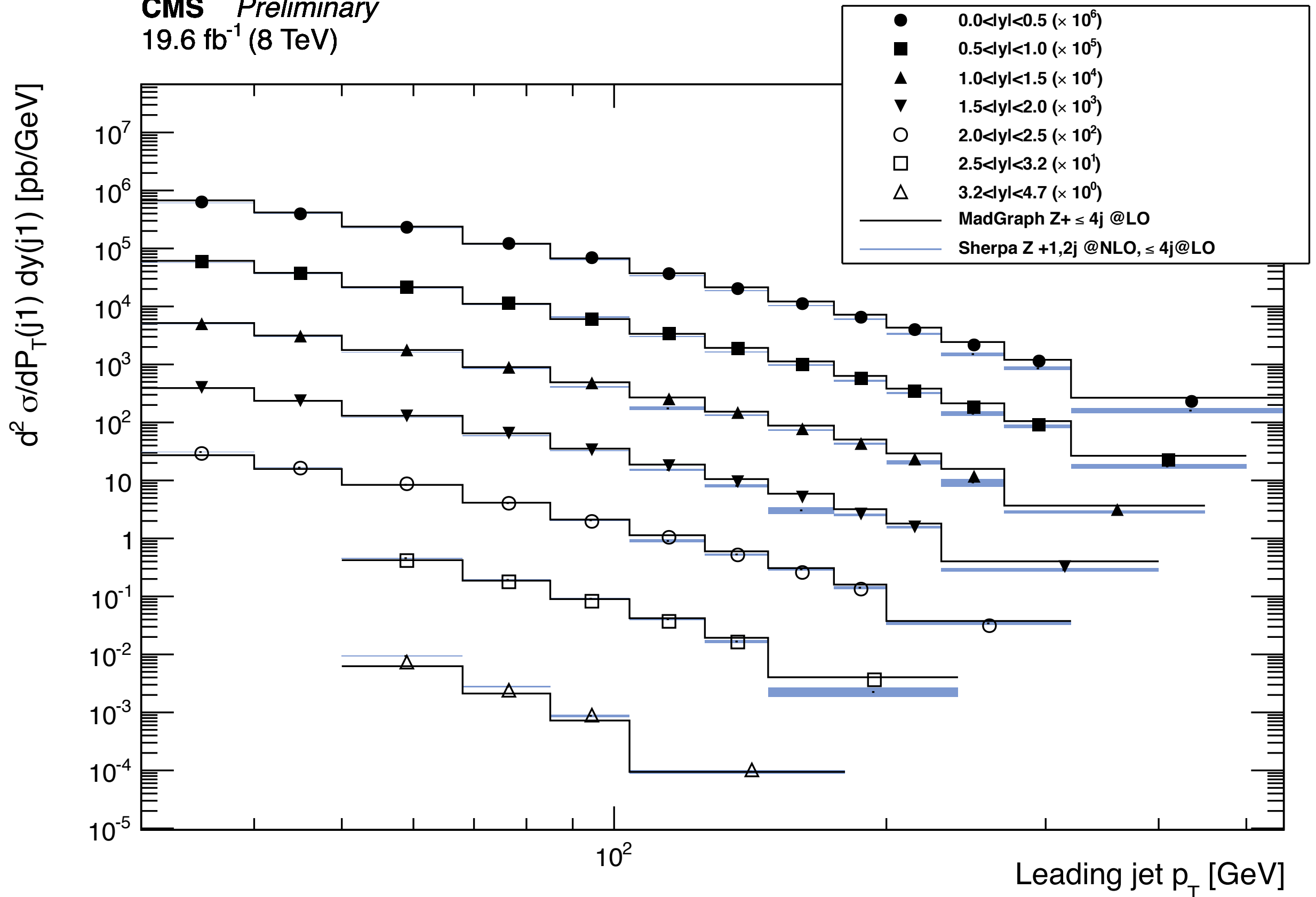
Z+jets (8 TeV)

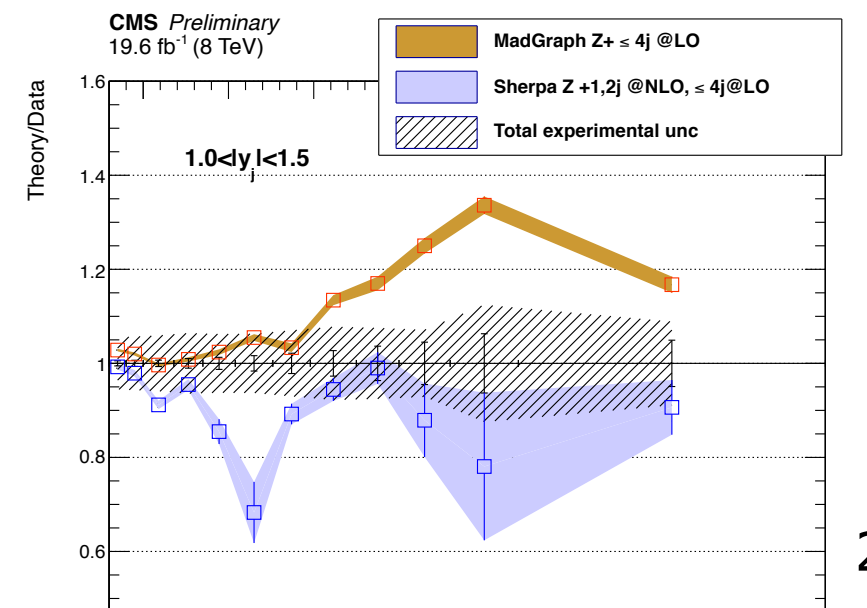
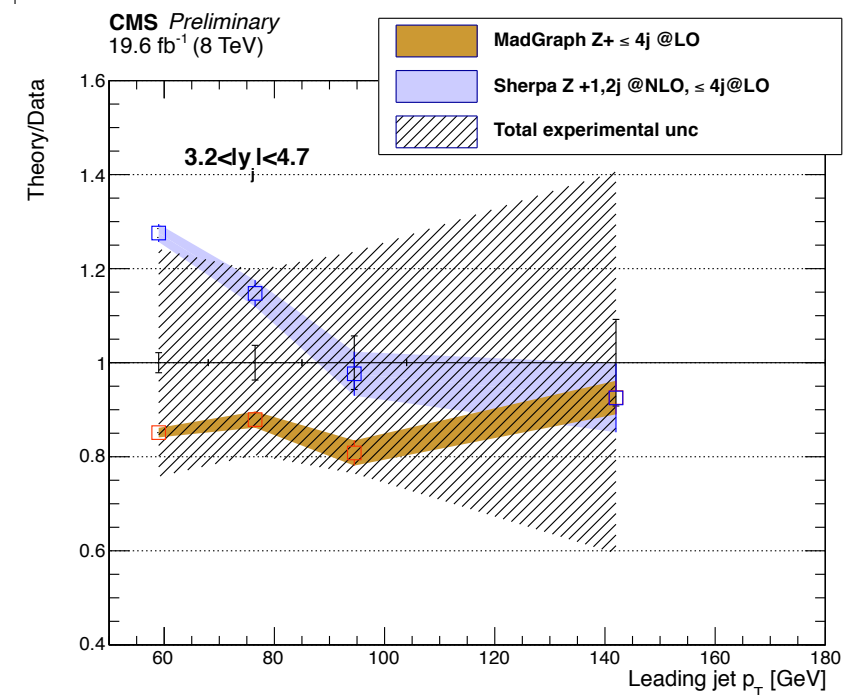
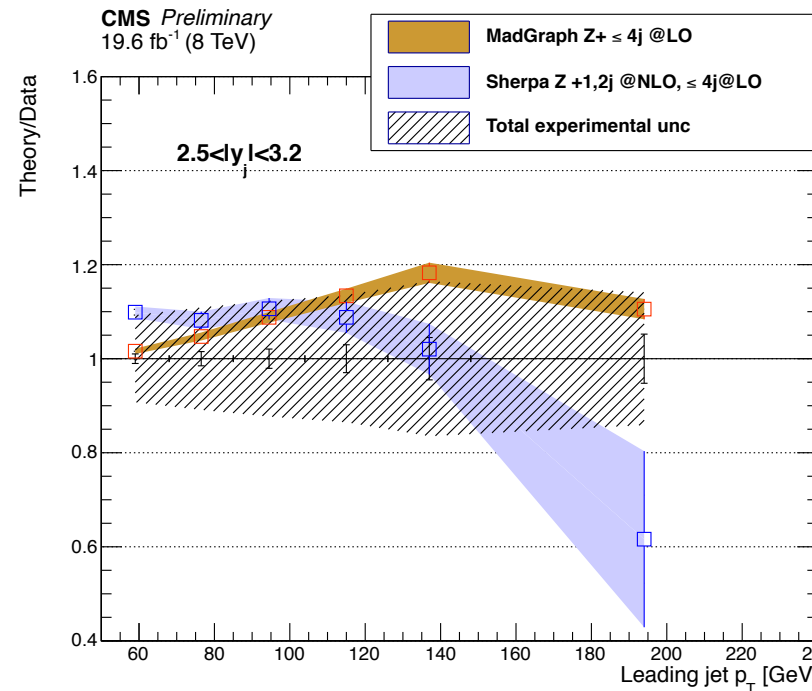
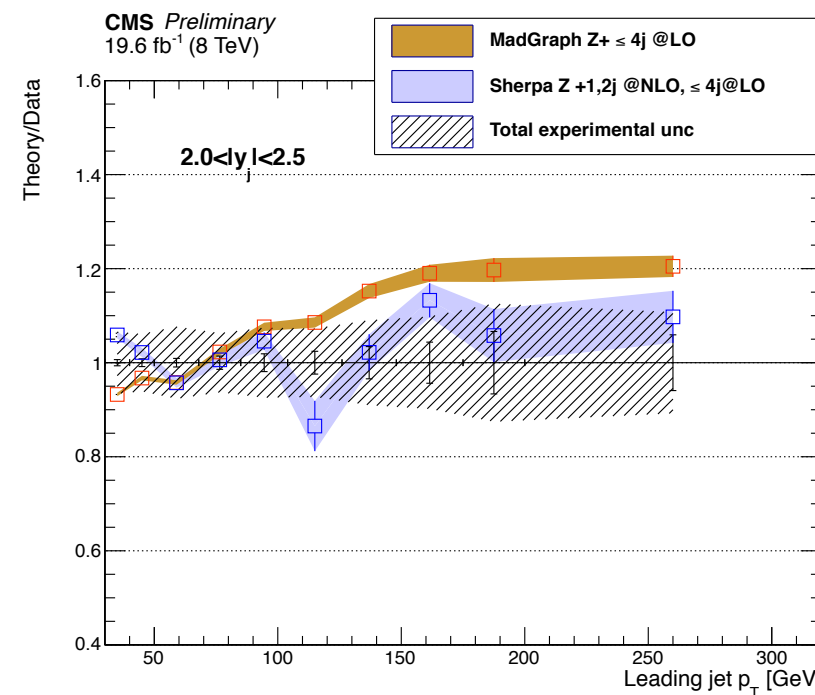
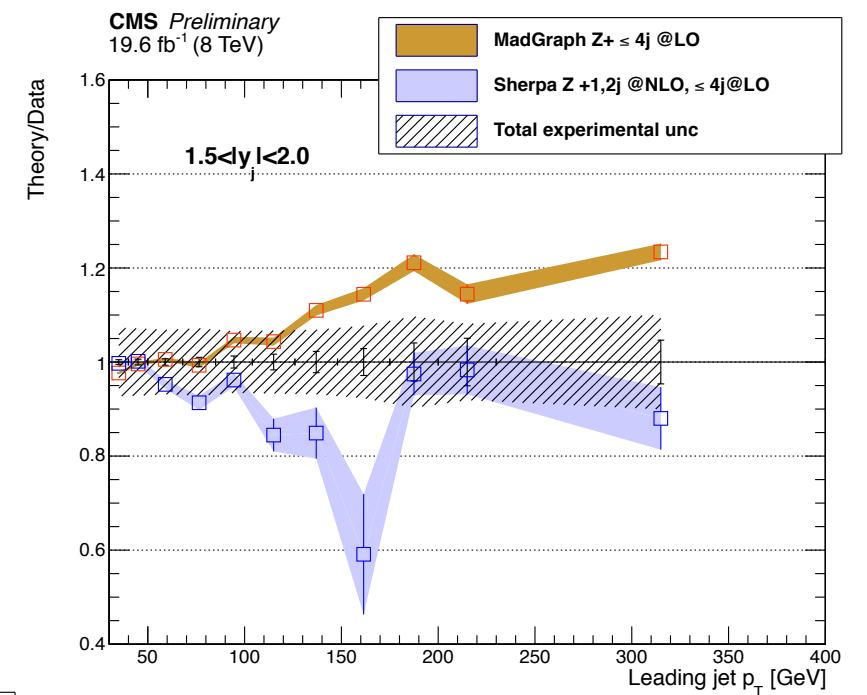
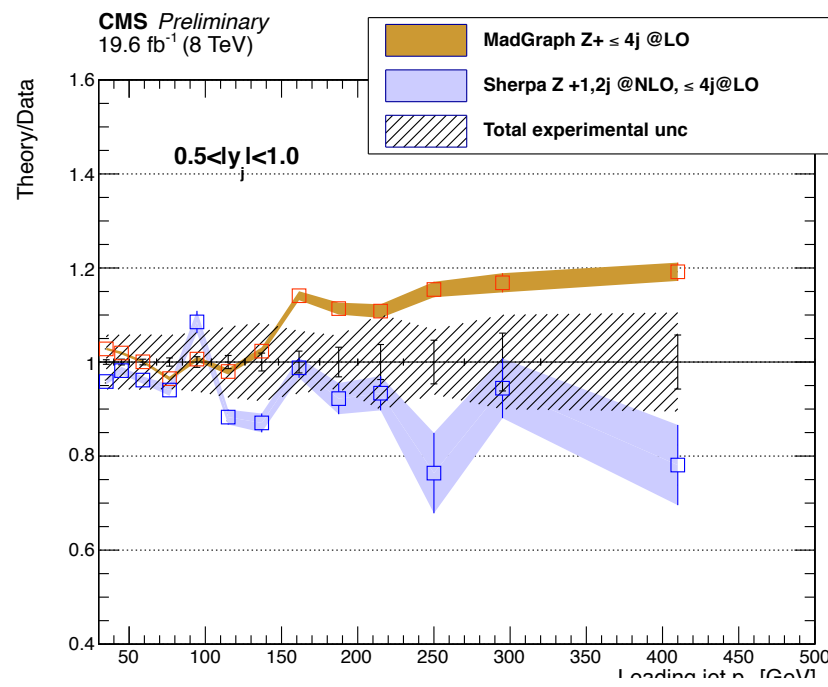
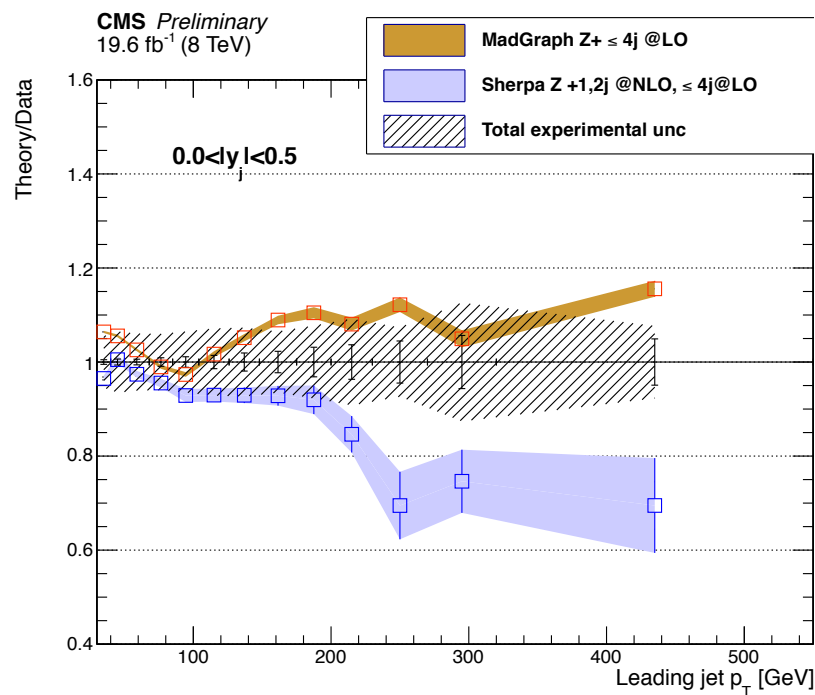
Sherpa2 describes all jet related observables, even the H_T ; notice that 8 TeV has NLO up to 2 jets while 7 TeV was limited to 0,1 NLO



Z+jets (8 TeV) -- 2D

CMS Preliminary
19.6 fb⁻¹ (8 TeV)





results are **preliminary**, currently producing more Sherpa to decrease stat. uncert.; negative weights in Sherpa make a non-trivial the computational task

Summary

LO+PS

- Inclusively jet multiplicity in V+jets comes out nice
- Nice picture ameliorates, when focusing in highly boosted topologies; effect seems to be universal for $V=W, Z$ or γ
- LO+PS if of fundamental importance for searches and precision SM measurements

NLO

- Leading edge calculations, performs better, as expected, but with known limitations due to the lack of PS

NLO+PS

- NLO ≤ 2 jets merged with LO 3,4 jets and PS satisfactory describe most V+jets observables studied at 8 TeV

Having ≥ 2 independent (N)LO+PS MC generators is important

References

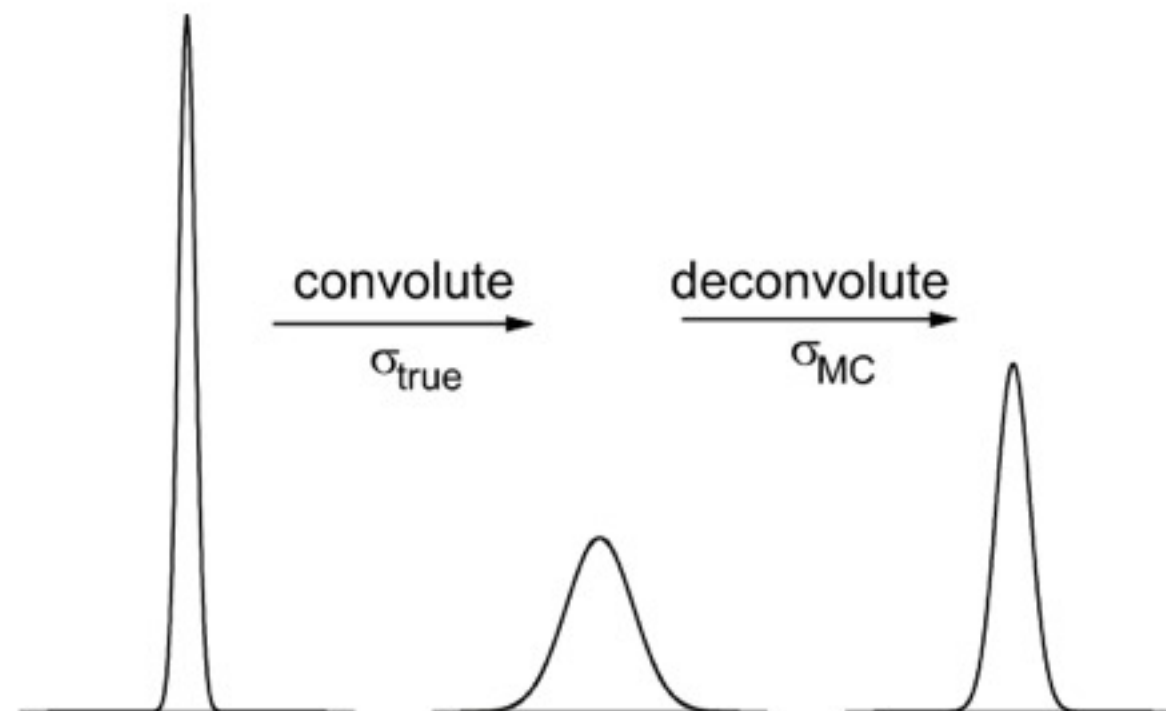
- All CMS V+jets results: [link](#)
- W+jets (7 TeV): <http://arxiv.org/abs/1406.7533>
(accepted in PLB)
- Z+jets (7 TeV): <http://arxiv.org/abs/1408.3104>
(submitted to PRD)
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 - SMP-13-007: <http://cds.cern.ch/record/1728322>
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- R(Z+jets/ γ +jets)
 - SMP-14-005: <http://cds.cern.ch/record/1740969?ln=en>

Backup Slides

Few words on detector unfolding

It's an ill-posed problem

- Minimizes theory dependency e.g., on the generated p_T
- But detector response depends on how collimated and busy are the events, some model dependency on σ_{MC} is inevitable
- We need a minimum of 2 independent ME+PS generators to feel comfortable and assess systematic uncertainties
- Never attempted so far to get response matrix from NLO+PS



from: Gerhard Bohm, Günter Zech
Introduction to Statistics and Data
Analysis for Physicists

Fig. 9.2. Effect of deconvolution with a resolution wrong by 10%.