# Physical Spectra and the Limits of Perturbative Estimates in a Theory with a Higgs

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- Ws  $W^a_{\mu}$  W
- Higgs  $h_i$  (h)
- No QED: Ws and Zs are degenerate
- Couplings g, v,  $\gamma$  and some numbers  $f^{abc}$  and  $t_a^{ij}$

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- Global SU(2) Higgs custodial (flavor) symmetry
  - Acts as right-transformation on the Higgs field only  $W^a_\mu \rightarrow W^a_\mu \rightarrow W^a_\mu$  $h_i \rightarrow h_i + a^{ij} h_j + b^{ij} h_j^*$

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- Mass spectrum?
- Why does perturbation theory work?

[Fröhlich et al. PLB 80 Maas MPLA 12, Maas & Mufti JHEP 14]

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- Perturbative tool to calculate bound state masses
- Deeply-bound relativistic state
  - Mass defect~constituent mass
  - Cannot be described with quantum mechanics

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- Also confirmed in lattice calculations

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[Maas MPLA 15]

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#### Structural

- Degeneracy patterns: Local vs. global symmetries
- Works for 1HDM and 2HDM models [Maas & Pedro PRD 16]
- May not hold for other theories [Maas MPLA 15, Maas & Törek'15]
  - Talk by Pascal Törek directly afterwards
- Implications for Technicolor-type theories [Maas MPLA 15]

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- Implications for Technicolor-type theories [Maas MPLA 15]
- Dynamical [Maas & Mufti PRD 15]
  - When is this identification possible?
  - When is perturbation theory predictive?





#### **FMS** prediction



FMS prediction



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Higgs and W mass agrees FMS stops working So does Brout-Englert-Higgs!

# Higgs mass



No strong dependence of mass range on cutoff - expected

#### [Maas & Mufti PRD 15]

#### Phase diagram



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- Cannot predict reliably
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  - Possible mass ranges for states
- What happens beyond the SM case?

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