

# PLATFORM INDEPENDENT PROFILING OF A QCD CODE



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# HPC APPLICATIONS IN QCD



#### The simulations in lattice QCD:

• are large scale and require massive parallelization,

## ABSTRACT

The supercomputing platforms available for high performance computing based research evolve at a great rate. However, this rapid development of novel technologies requires adaptations and optimizations of the existing codes for each new machine architecture. In such context, minimizing time of efficiently porting the code on a new platform is of crucial importance. A possible solution is to use coarse grain simulations of the application that can assist in detecting performance bottlenecks. We present a procedure of implementing the intermediate profiling for **openQCD** code[1] that will enable the global reduction of the cost of profiling and optimizing this code commonly used in the lattice QCD community. Our approach is based on well-known **SimGrid** simulator[2], which allows for fast and accurate performance predictions of the codes on HPC architectures. Additionally, accurate estimations of the program behavior on some future machines, not yet accessible to us, are anticipated.

- consume a lot of computing resources,
- and require constant algorithmic development and optimization for new hardware.

# openQCD CODE

openQCD simulation package consists of several programs for generating gauge configurations with O(a) improved Wilson fermion action, allowing for several different choices of boundary conditions:

- open,
- periodic,
- Schrödinger Functional (SF), and
- open-SF.

This simulation program is based on the Hybrid Monte Carlo algorithm [3] and supports parallelization in 0,1,2,3 or 4 dimensions. All the programs in this package are highly optimized for machines with current Intel or AMD processors, but will run correctly on any system that complies with the ISO C89 and the MPI 1.2 standards. The code is open source GPL, and is available for download from http://luscher.web.cern. ch/luscher/openQCD/

## **HPC** ARCHITECTURES

#### **Ever-changing HPC architectures (TOP500)**

Date	Name	CPU	Accelerator	Interconnect
6/2016	TaihuLight	SW26010 RISC	?	Sunway
6/2013	Tianhe-2	Intel Xeon	Xeon Phi	TH Exp.2
11/2012	Titan	AMD Opteron	Kepler	Cray Gemini
6/2012	Sequoia	IBM Power BQC	-	Custom
11/2011	K computer	Fujitsu SPARC64	-	Tofu

# SIMGRID SIMULATOR

SimGrid is a simulation framework for distributed systems and as such, ideal for application like openQCD package that rely solely on MPI communication (no shared memory is assumed). Additional benefits of using **SimGrid** for the profiling of **openQCD** code:

- SimGrid is performance oriented and scalable.
- It has flexible flow-based contention model

### **INITIAL EVALUATION OF OPENQCD**

We tested ym1 program in the case of 4 and 8 processors on the computing platform:

#### • 2 Dodeca-core Haswell Intel Xeon E5-2680



## **NEXT STEPS**

- Better communication modeling
- Increase number of processors
- Calibrate other supercomputers (Stampede, Blue Waters, MareNostrum, CSCS, etc.)

# **BENCHMARKING: YM1**

We apply the first set of benchmarking on the program ym1 that generates an ensemble of gauge fields representative of the (pure) SU(3) gauge theory. Exactly which theory is simulated depends on the parameters passed to the program. For the tests in this presentation, we chose tree-level improved Symanzik gauge action.

## SCALING OF OPENQCD



for communications.

• It is portable, open source and easily accessible.

# **ENVISIONED WORKFLOW**



The goal is to reproduce the correct scaling on a single machine and device a general method for the prediction of the scaling on an arbitrary machine.

## **FUTURE MACHINES**

The same procedure can be applied on machines that are still in the design phase, once the following features are known:

- machine topology
- processor speed
- communication characteristics

Nevertheless, it is hard to correctly model an unknown machine and the results must be interpreted carefully[4].

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## PROFILING WITH SIMGRID

In order to develop a code which scales well on diverse platforms, besides the access to different machines, the developer needs to be able to perform large experimental campaigns in a fairly short period of time. The main advantages of using a **SimGrid** simulator are:

- 1. Rapid and reproducible executions.
- 2. Use one node instead of the whole supercomputer.
- 3. Predictions on unavailable architectures.

# REFERENCES

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