

Isospin-0 $\pi\pi$ scattering length in twisted mass Lattice QCD

Liuming Liu

Helmholz-Institut für Strahlen- und Kernphysik, Universität Bonn

in collaboration with

R. Frezzotti, C. Helmes, C. Jost, B. Knippschild, B. Kostrzewa, H. Liu, K. Ott nad,
M. Petschlies, C. Urbach and M. Werner

Lattice 2016

24-30 July, University of Southampton

Motivation

- Elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering process is a fundamental QCD process at low energy regime.
- $\sigma/f_0(500)$ resonance
- Lattice computations:
 - ▶ Z. Fu, Phys. Rev. D87, 074501 (2013), 1303.0517.
 - ▶ R. A. Briceno, J. J. Dudek, R. G. Edwards, D. J. Wilson, arXiv:1607.05900

Lattice setup

We use the gauge configurations generated by the ETMC with twisted mass quark action.

- $N_f = 2$ (Wilson clover twisted mass action)
 - ▶ Pion mass: *physical value* and 250 MeV.
 - ▶ Lattice spacing: 0.0931 fm
 - ▶ $M_\pi L \sim 3$
- $N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$ (Wilson twisted mass action)
 - ▶ Pion mass: 230 MeV \sim 500 MeV.
 - ▶ Lattice spacing: $a_A = 0.0863$ fm, $a_B = 0.0779$ fm, $a_D = 0.0607$ fm.
 - ▶ $M_\pi L$: 3.4 \sim 5.3

Stochastic Laplacian Heaviside quark smearing:

- See the previous talks by Markus Werner(Tue. 14:00) and Christopher Helmes(Tue. 16:30).

Twisted mass quark action

- Automatic $\mathcal{O}(a)$ improvement at maximal twist.
- Parity and *isospin* symmetry breaking.
 - ▶ Isospin-0 state not well defined.
- Mixed action: Osterwalder-Seiler(OS) action ([R. Frezzotti and G. C. Rossi, JHEP 10, 070 \(2004\)](#)) in the valence sector.
 - ▶ Unitarity breaking.
 - ▶ Mixing with unitary π^0 .
 - ▶ Variational analysis using the isospin-0 $\pi\pi$ interpolating operator and unitary π^0 operator.

Interpolating operators

- Isospin-0 $\pi\pi$ operator:

$$\mathcal{O}_{\pi\pi,I=0}(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(\pi^+(t)\pi^-(t) + \pi^-(t)\pi^+(t) + \pi^0(t)\pi^0(t))$$

$$\pi^+(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{x}} \bar{d}' i\gamma_5 u(\mathbf{x}, t)$$

$$\pi^-(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{x}} \bar{u} i\gamma_5 d'(\mathbf{x}, t)$$

$$\pi^0(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{u} i\gamma_5 u - \bar{d}' i\gamma_5 d')(\mathbf{x}, t)$$

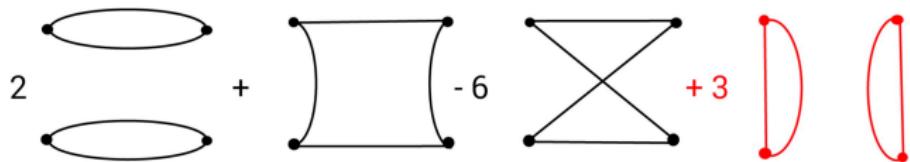
- Unitary π^0 operator:

$$\mathcal{O}_{\pi^0, Uni}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{u} i\gamma_5 u - \bar{d} i\gamma_5 d)(\mathbf{x}, t)$$

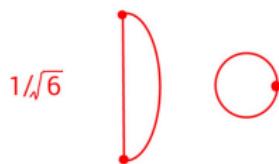
Build the matrix of correlators:

$$C_{ij}(t - t_0) = \langle \mathcal{O}_i(t) \mathcal{O}_j^\dagger(t_0) \rangle$$

- $\langle \mathcal{O}_{\pi\pi, I=0}(t) \mathcal{O}_{\pi\pi, I=0}^\dagger(t_0) \rangle$



- $\langle \mathcal{O}_{\pi\pi, I=0}(t) \mathcal{O}_{\pi^0, Uni}^\dagger(t_0) \rangle$



- $\langle \mathcal{O}_{\pi^0, Uni}(t) \mathcal{O}_{\pi^0, Uni}^\dagger(t_0) \rangle$

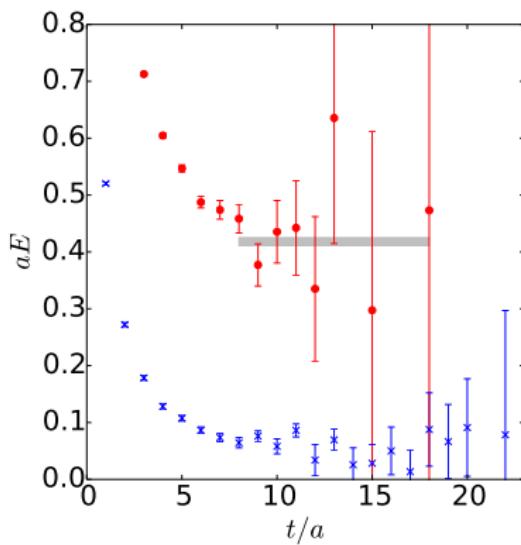


Solve the generalized eigenvalue problem

$$\tilde{C}_{ij}(t)v_j^n = \lambda_n(t)\tilde{C}_{ij}(t_0)v_j^n$$

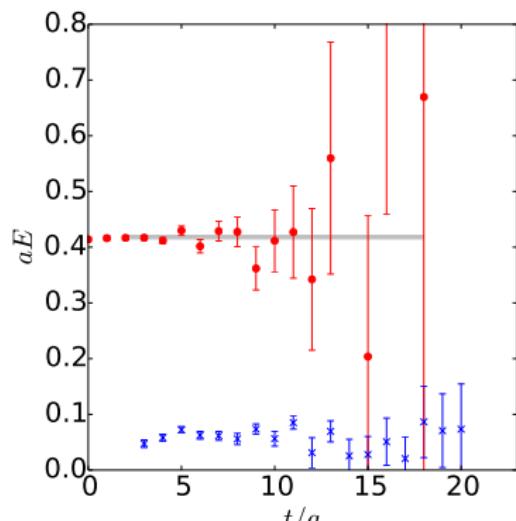
where $\tilde{C}_{ij}(t) = C_{ij}(t) - C_{ij}(t+1)$.

Eigenvalues: $\lambda_n(t) \sim A \sinh(E_n(\frac{T}{2} - t - 0.5))$



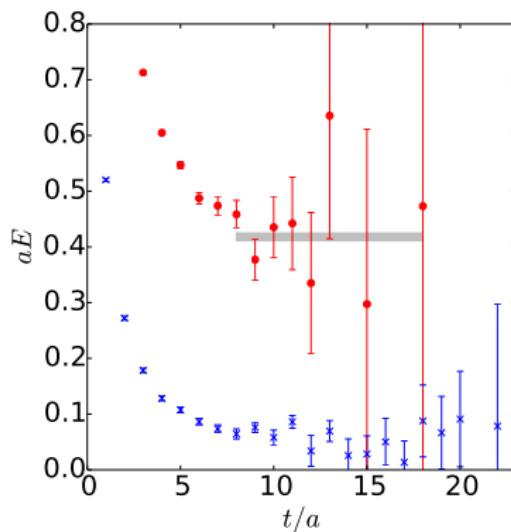
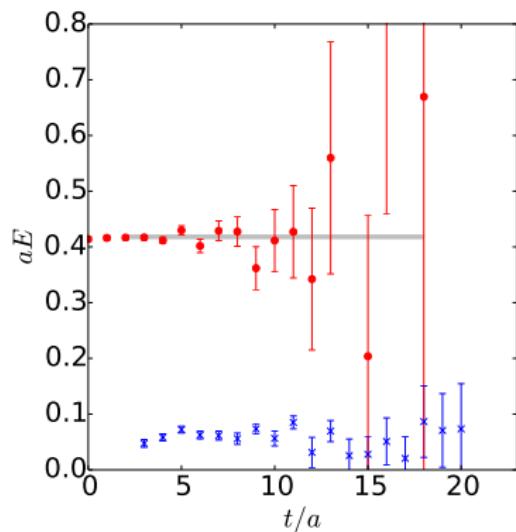
Remove excited state contaminations

- Assumption: disconnected diagrams are only sizeable for ground states, and negligible for higher excited states. ([H. Neff et. al. "Low fermionic eigenmode dominance in QCD on the lattice", Phys. Rev. D 64, 114509](#))
- Determine the ground state in the connected correlator and subtract the excited state contributions.
- Rebuild the matrix correlators from the subtracted connected correlators and the original disconnected parts.

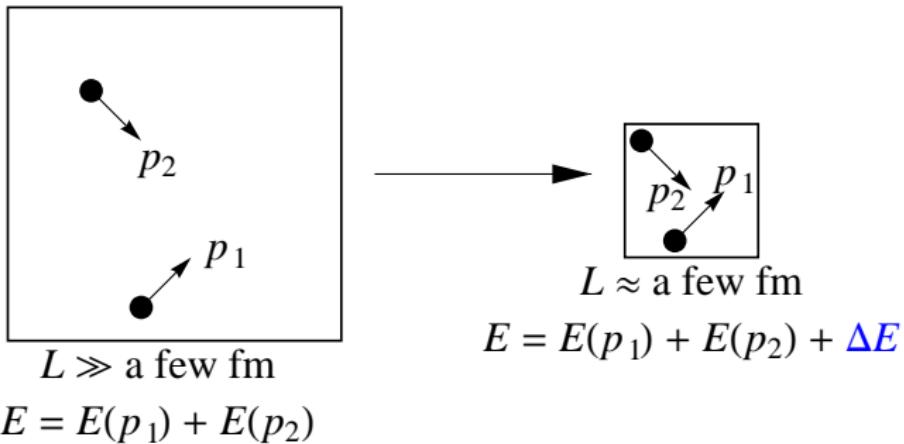


Remove excited state contaminations

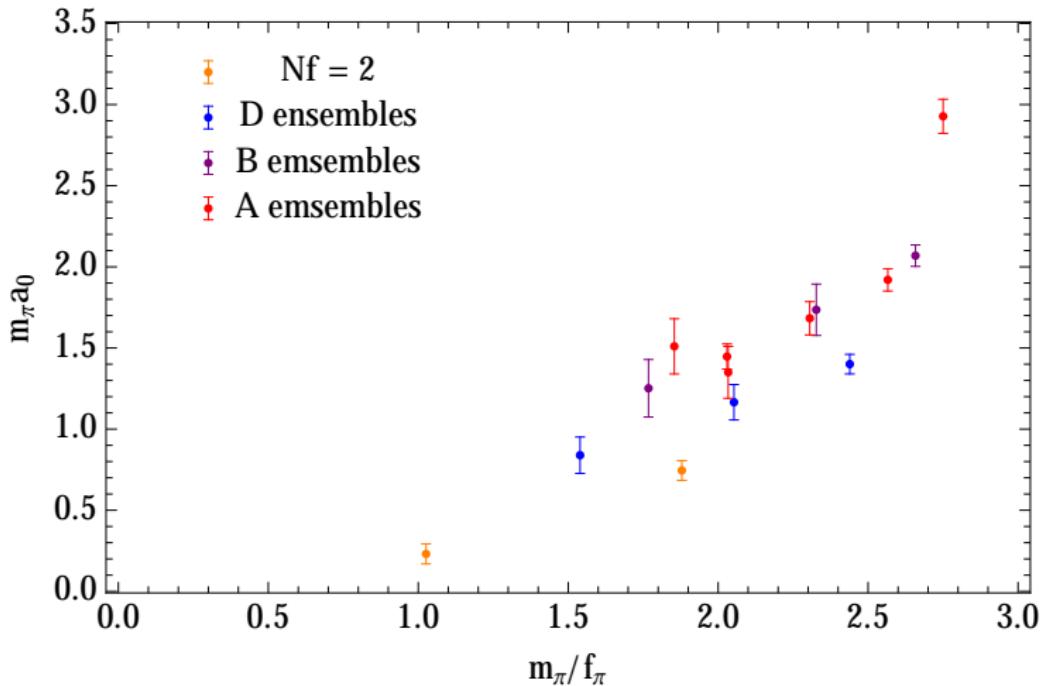
- Assumption: disconnected diagrams are only sizeable for ground states, but negligible for higher excited states.
- Determine the ground states in the connected correlators and subtract the excited state contributions.
- Rebuild the matrix correlators from the subtracted connected correlators and the original disconnected parts.



Lüscher's finite volume method

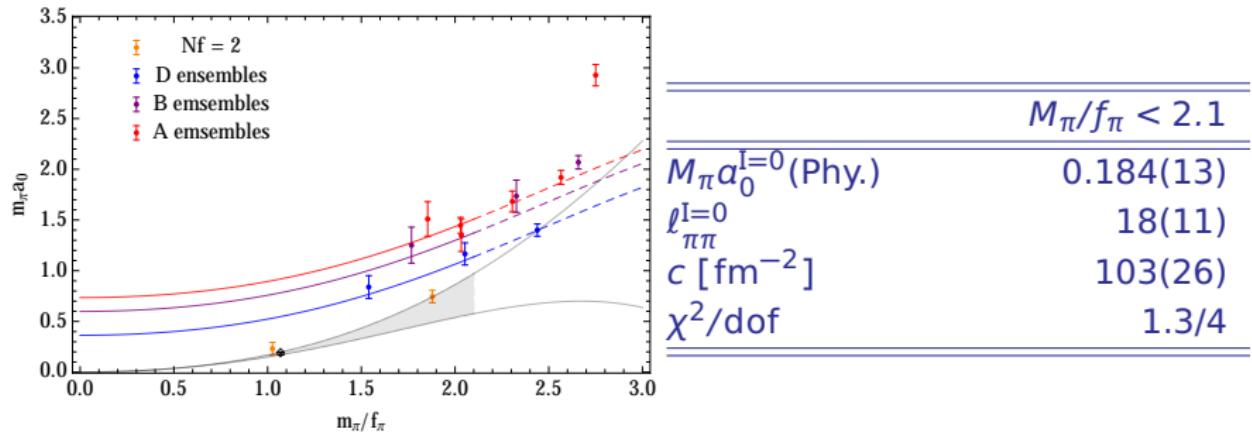


Results



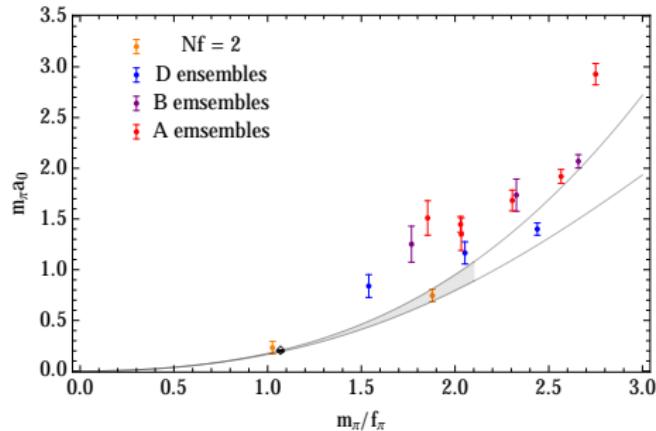
Results: Chiral extrapolation $N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$

$$M_\pi a_0^{I=0} = \frac{7M_\pi^2}{16\pi f_\pi^2} \left[1 - \frac{M_\pi^2}{16\pi^2 f_\pi^2} \left(9 \ln \frac{M_\pi^2}{f_\pi^2} - 5 - \ell_{\pi\pi}^{I=0} \right) \right] + c a^2$$



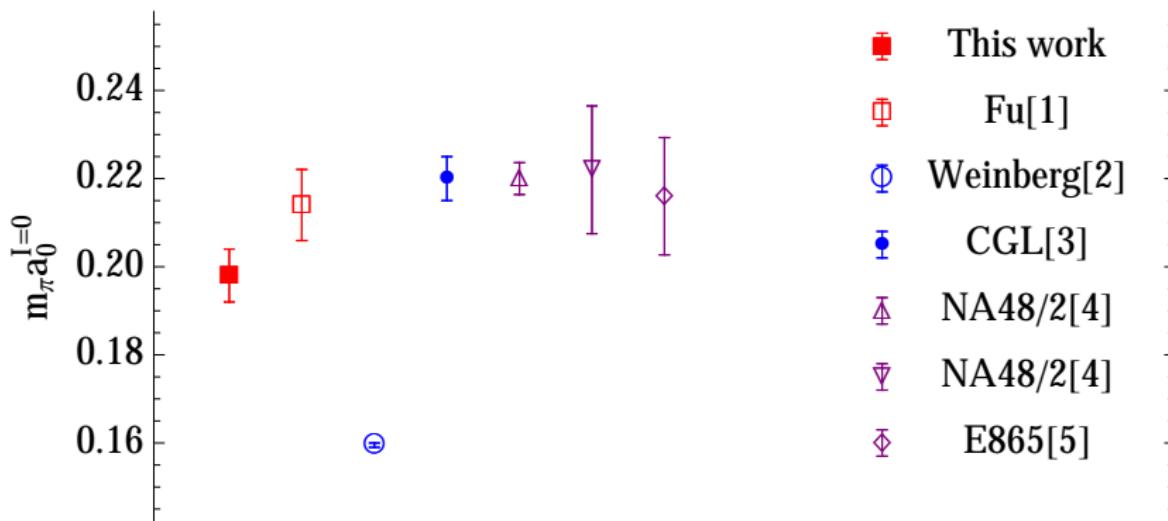
Results: Chiral extrapolation $N_f = 2$

$$M_\pi a_0^{I=0} = \frac{7M_\pi^2}{16\pi f_\pi^2} \left[1 - \frac{M_\pi^2}{16\pi^2 f_\pi^2} \left(9 \ln \frac{M_\pi}{f_\pi} - 5 - \ell_{\pi\pi}^{I=0} \right) \right]$$



$M_\pi/f_\pi < 2.1$	
$M_\pi a_0^{I=0}(\text{Phy.})$	0.198(6)
$\ell_{\pi\pi}^{I=0}$	30(6)
χ^2/dof	0.7/1
$M_\pi a_0^{I=0}(\text{Phy.Latt.})$	0.23(6)

Comparison with other determinations



- [1]. Z. Fu, Phys. Rev. D87, 074501 (2013), 1303.0517.
- [2]. S. Weinberg, Phys. Rev. Lett. 17, 616 (1966).
- [3]. G. Colangelo, J. Gasser, and H. Leutwyler, Nucl. Phys. B603, 125 (2001).
- [4]. J. R. Batley et al. (NA48-2), Eur. Phys. J. C70, 635 (2010).
- [5]. S. Pislak et al., Phys. Rev. D67, 072004 (2003)

Summary and outlook

- We computed the isospin-0 $\pi\pi$ scattering length in twisted mass lattice QCD with a large range of pion masses and various lattice spacings.
- Chiral and continuum extrapolations.
- Residual systematic uncertainties.
- Plan to repeat the computation with an action without isospin symmetry breaking, e.g. Wilson clover action.
- σ resonance.