Next-to-Leading Log Contributions to Jet Production with High Energy Jets YTF Jan 2016

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#### 14th January 2016

# Outline

- High Energy Jets (HEJ) An overview
- Leading and Next-to-Leading Log
- Results
- Conclusion



 In the limit of infinite rapidity separation between all final state particles of fixed transverse momenta (MRK limit), QCD amplitudes are dominated by t-channel gluon exchanges. Moreover, they adopt a simple form. For example;

$$|M_{qQ \to q...Q}^{MRK}|^{2} = \frac{4s^{2}}{N_{C}^{2} - 1} \frac{g^{2}C_{F}}{|p_{1\perp}|^{2}} \left(\prod_{i=2}^{n-1} \frac{4g^{2}C_{A}}{|p_{i\perp}|^{2}}\right) \frac{g^{2}C_{F}}{|p_{n\perp}|^{2}}$$

- This equation has a very limited applicability
- Question How few approximations can we make and still create this simple structure?



Why would it be useful to have such a structure?

- Fast evaluation of the matrix element per point in phase space
- Allows for an efficient all-order sum! (See later)



#### Use method of *currents* and *effective vertices*;

$$|M_{qQ \to q...Q}^{HEJ}|^{2} = \frac{||S_{qQ \to qQ}||^{2}}{4(N_{C}^{2} - 1)} \frac{g^{2}C_{F}}{t_{1}} \left(\prod_{i=1}^{n-2} \frac{-g^{2}C_{A}}{t_{i}t_{i+1}} V^{\mu}V_{\mu}\right) \frac{g^{2}C_{F}}{t_{n-1}}$$

- Produced by considering high energy behaviour, but in such a way as to minimise the amount of approximation in the end. For example,  $S_{qQ \rightarrow qQ}$  is exact
- Important check by applying the MRK limit to this expression, we arrive back at the MRK equation



The approximation agress well with the LO result and reduces to the MRK equation in the right limit





- Amplitude behaviour dictated by t-channel poles
- Can employ the *Lipatov Ansatz* for the virtual corrections to the process;

$$\frac{1}{t_i} \rightarrow \frac{1}{t_i} \exp\left[\hat{\alpha}(q_i)(y_{i-1} - y_i)\right]$$

$$\hat{\alpha}(q_i) = \alpha_s C_A \frac{\Gamma(1-\varepsilon)}{(4\pi)^{2+\varepsilon}} \frac{2}{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{q_{\perp}^2}{\mu^2}\right)^{\varepsilon}$$

- This ansatz is accurate to Leading Logarithmic (LL) accuracy
- When combined with real corrections, the IR singularities from the real emissions are cancelled to all orders, and finite regularised matrix elements can be evaluated in 4D



- A key part of the HEJ amplitude is the effective vertex that captures the emission of extra gluons. Without them, the explicit factorisation of the t-channel poles cannot be done
- We can extend this idea to study other partonic processes in the same manner - for example, processes where we emit qq
   pairs
- Such considerations are formally sub-leading in the jet process
  Next-to-Leading Log (NLL). They also have the added advantage that they will produce LL predictions for some partonic subprocesses that we didn't have before



Diagrammatically, we want to search for a way to describe;





$$M_{qg \to qQQ} \sim \frac{\langle 1|\mu|a\rangle V^{\mu\nu}\varepsilon_{\nu}(p_b)}{t_1}$$

 $M_{qQ \to qq'\bar{q}'Q} \sim \frac{\langle 1 | \mu | a \rangle V^{\mu\nu} \langle 4 | \nu | b \rangle}{t_1 t_3}$ 

Factorised, general, gauge invariant











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 After making some sensible approximations and combining the graphs, we get;

$$\begin{aligned} V_{extremal}^{\mu\nu} &= \frac{C_1}{s_{nb}} \left( \bar{u}_{n-1} \gamma^{\mu} (\not\!\!p_n - \not\!\!p_b) \gamma^{\nu} u_n \right) - \frac{C_2}{s_{n-1,b}} \left( \bar{u}_{n-1} \gamma^{\nu} (\not\!\!p_{n-1} - \not\!\!p_b) \gamma^{\mu} u_n \right) + \\ &i \frac{C_t}{s_{n,n-1}} V_{3g}^{\mu\nu\rho} \langle n-1|\rho|n \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$V_{central}^{\mu\nu} = \frac{C_1}{s_{q\bar{q}}} \left( \eta^{\mu\nu} V_{eik,sym}^{\sigma} + V_{3g}^{\mu\nu\sigma} \right) \langle p_q | \sigma | p_{\bar{q}} \rangle + \frac{iC_2}{(q_{in} - p_q)^2} V_{qprop}^{\mu\nu} - \frac{iC_3}{(q_{in} - p_{\bar{q}})^2} V_{crossed}^{\mu\nu}$$



These derived vertices show good agreement with the full, LO calculation





 HEJ currently uses a fixed-order matching to include contributions not captured by the equation we derived (non-FKL configurations). By considering these types of processes, we are able to reduce our dependence on this





 One advantage of this is that the resum part of HEJ can now do a better job in regions where these non-FKL contributions become important







 Another advantage is that it improves our description of observables that are sensitive to the resummation procedure, such as the 'gap fraction'



This is not the only contribution to consider at NLL, so we do not have full NLL accuracy yet. Also need;

- Loop corrections to one gluon emission
- Two gluon emission without assumption of large rapidity gap
- "Unordered" emissions (done)



# Conclusions

- Part of the NLL contribution to jet processes has been calculated. These contributions will become part of standard HEJ
- HEJ is now able to produce LL predictions for certain partonic subprocesses that it could not before
- The derivation of these new effective vertices is such that they can be applied to other processes in HEJ, away from pure jets

