

### Vector bosons + heavy flavours: lessons learned in ATLAS Run 1



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- Introduction
- The main client: VH(H→bb)
- → W+b @ 7 TeV
- ➡ Z+b(b) @ 7 TeV
- ➡ Diversion: W+c @ 7 TeV
- Conclusions



## Introduction

### - Why is the measurement of V+HF important?

- Theory-wise, I guess you know ;-), I will present what we tried to address analysis by analysis
- Try to address here main experimental motivation
- Let's concentrate on what we can measure (and have already measured)
- Idea: have two complementary talks (this and Josh's tomorrow)
  - In this talk: where we're at ⇒ what we already measured during Run 1, and experimental motivations for measurements
  - In Josh's talk (he will illustrate this better..): where we're going ⇒ plans and first ATLAS results V+hf - related





# ...some experimental motivation to start with!



The "main client" (experimentally)

- VH(H→bb) analysis is the main "client" for these measurements
- Z+bb and W+bb are irreducible backgrounds, and the modelling of V+b is also important for a good modelling of the control regions
- → ATLAS Run 1 analysis (based on full 7+8 TeV dataset) uses a BDT, trained in 12 different categories: 3 "lepton channels" (vv, ℓv, ℓℓ), 2 or 3 jet exclusive, high and low p<sub>T</sub>

Variable	0-Lepton	1-Lepton	2-Lepton	
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{V}$		х	Х	
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$	х	Х	x	
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{b_1}$	×	Х	х	
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{b_2}$	×	×	х	
$m_{bb}$	×	×	х	
$\Delta R(b_1, b_2)$	×	×	×	
$ \Delta\eta(b_1,b_2) $	х		х	
$\Delta \phi(V,bb)$	х	Х	×	
$ \Delta \eta(V, bb) $			х	
$H_{\mathrm{T}}$	×			
$\min[\Delta \phi(\ell, b)]$		Х		
$m_{ m T}^W$		Х		
$m_{\ell\ell}$			х	
$MV1c(b_1)$	х	Х	×	
$MV1c(b_2)$	×	х	x	
	Only in 3-jet events			
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{jet}_3}$	х	Х	х	
$m_{bbj}$	×	×	×	



Profile likelihood fit with large number of categories for the background for the backgro

### VH(bb) guidelines for V+HF future measurements

- Main source of uncertainty in the analysis comes from the V+HF modelling, mainly in the W channel, where feedback from measurement is lacking more
- Message to take: very important to reduce uncertainty on the predictions: our duty for Run 2 (see Josh's talk)
- Relevant variables for differential measurement of W+b and W+bb (planned for ATLAS Run 2) m<sub>bb</sub>, p<sub>T</sub>, ∆R(b,b)





## W+b analysis in Run 1 JHEP 06 (2013) 084



- Performed on 4.6 fb<sup>-</sup> of data collected @ 7 TeV
- Probing mainly following processes:





- b-tagging (Run 1 version, but see more in Hanna's talk tomorrow):
  - ightarrow multivariate combination of different algorithms, examining IP, SV and b—>c decay chains

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- Most background derived with data driven techr
- Signal extraction based on template likelihood :





4000

3000

2000

1000

## W+b - Cross section results

Comparison with different predictions: MCFM (5FNS), Powheg and Alpgen (4FNS)

### Correction factors applied to the predictions for:

- → non-perturbative effects (4% in 1-jet bin, 8% in 2-jet bin)
- → DPI (~25% of the total cross section, mainly in low momentum 1-jet bin)

### Fiducial cross section comparison to predictions:

- 1-jet bin: underestimate wrt data (~1.5 sigma less)
- 2-jet bin: good agreement
- all the predictions agree within the uncertainties





Differential cross section

Differential cross section in b-jet p<sub>T</sub> calculated with and w/o subtracting the single top contamination (very large)



- Discrepancy growing as a function of  $p_{\tau'}$  but large statistical uncertainty
- Study with single top included seems to vouch for this discrepancy, with a reduced stat uncertainty in the higher pt bins

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# Z+b(b) analysis in Run 1 JHEP 10 (2014) 141



Total cross section + large pool of differential distributions → feedback to generators

dơ/dx	X	
1 b-tag	$y^{Z}$ , $p_{T}^{Z}$ , $y^{b}$ , $p_{T}^{b}$ , $\Delta R^{Z,b}$ , $\Delta \Phi^{Z,b}$ , $y_{boost}^{Z,b}$	
2 b-tags	$y^{Z}$ , $p_{T}^{Z}$ , $m_{bb}$ , $\Delta R_{bb}$	



## Z+b(b) - Background and systematics

### Background treatment:

- top and diboson from simulation
- QCD multijet from data
- template fit to b-tag discriminant to extract signal and contribution of mistagged events of W+light and c-jets

### Dominant uncertainties and limiting factors (to be addressed in Run 2 analysis):

- Dominant systematic uncertainties from flavour fit, b-tagging and JES
- 2 b-jet region dominated by statistical uncertainties in the differential distributions









Different predictions compared:

```
Data s = 7 TeV, 4.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> (stat. \oplus syst.) order NLO for Z+\geq1 b and Z+\geq2b, 5FNS, massless b's)
NLO
MCFM® MSTW2008 compared different PDF sets, within 1 sigma (th) from one another - relatively good
MCFM \otimes CT10
             agreement in 1 b-jet case
MCFM⊗ NNPDF2.3
aMC@NL0 4FNS & MSTW2008 O (NLO ME for Z+bb, 4FNS, massive b's)
LO multileg
SHERPA⊗CT10 → good agreement for Z+bb, > 2sigma off for Z+1b
ALPGEN+HJ ⊗ CTEQ6L1
 ATLAS<sup>a</sup>MC@NLO (NLO ME for Z+1b, 5FNS, massless b's)
 Z+≥2 b-jet
          ⇒ good agreement for Z+1b, and large underestimate for Z+bb
              0.2
                       0.3
      0.1
                                        0.5
                                                0.6
                               0.4
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```

2+6(b) - do/dpt2

- Differential x sections compared to same MC's described in previous slide + LO multi leg (shown on plots without applying k-factors):
  - ➡ Alpgen (4FNS)
  - ➡ Sherpa (5FNS) 1.4.1
- Discrepancy with respect to NLO predictions at high  $p_{\tau} \rightarrow$  to be addressed with new Run 2 measurement!

Ζ





-  $d\sigma/dp$  -  $d\sigma/dp$  -  $d\sigma/d\sigma/d\Delta A = \frac{9 0.6}{0.40} 0.5 \frac{1}{1.5} \frac{1}{2} \frac{2.5}{4.5} \frac{3}{2} \frac{3}{2}$ 2+6(









Z rapidity most sensitive distribution to pdf's → still hard to make astatement because of large scale uncertainties22Trend of predictions with respect to data similar between different pdf's



0.6

Short digression: a different V+HF analysis

Ntc in Run 1

JHEP 05 (2014) 068

W+c - Dataset, motivation and strategy

- Measurement performed on the same 7 TeV dataset
- Probe for strange PDF
  - Provides info on SU(3) flavour symmetry
    - → is the symmetry of the sea broken by strange quark mass?
    - ➡ (how) does it depend on x?
- 2 analyses to extract c-component in the final state
  - ➡ soft muon tagging of the jet
  - → use D hadrons
- Charge correlation between W and c used for background suppression (OS-SS)





0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 m(W-decay μ, soft μ) [GeV] Analysis description

- W+c-jet based on cut and count of OS and SS events
- Main background estimated using data, smaller via MC







### Need to revisit asap the V+b(b) measurement (in progress)

- → Very complete Z channel analysis @ 7 TeV
- Less information from W+b analysis follow up and measurement of W+bb needed!
- Very important for Higgs analysis (and not only!!! Many BSM analyses have V+b's final states)
- Try and go as low as possible in ∆R(b,b) for the Z case → probe even more the gluon splitting
- → Interesting results from the W+c analysis, hinting towards symmetric light quark sea in PDF's - will be followed up
- ...more on plans and where we stand now and what we plan in Josh talk!





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Z+bb - differential cross sections

Differential cross section in b-jet pt calculated with and w/o subtracting the single top contamination (very large)



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- further info
- Z+b probes b-quark content of proton

2+0(0)

- Z+bb background for Higgs associated production and BSM searches
- Jets are tagged with Neural Net btagging using jet kinematics and impact parameter information
- Differential cross sections in 12 observables compared to NLO JHEP10(2014)141
- Iterative Bayesian (1-tag) and fiducial/efficiency (2-tag) unfolding to particle-level
- 5FNS Fixed-order MCFM discrepant at  $\Delta \Phi = \pi$ . Likely because it includes at most 2 outgoing partons in 5FNS association with Z 4FNS



#### JHEP10(2014)141



	$\sigma(Zb)$ [fb]	$\sigma(Zb) \times N_{b-jet}$ [fb]	$\sigma^*(Zb) \times N_{b-jet}[fb]$	$\sigma(Zbb)$ [fb]
Data	$4820 \pm 60^{+360}_{-380}$	$5390\pm60\pm480$	$4540\pm55\pm330$	$520 \pm 20^{+74}_{-72}$
MCFM⊗MSTW2008	$5230 \pm 30^{+690}_{-710}$	$5460 \pm 40^{+740}_{-740}$	$4331 \pm 30^{+400}_{-480}$	$410 \pm 10^{+60}_{-60}$
MCFM⊗CT10	$4850 \pm 30^{+580}_{-680}$	$5070 \pm 30^{+640}_{-710}$	$4030 \pm 30^{+350}_{-450}$	$386 \pm 5^{+55}_{-50}$
MCFM⊗NNPDF23	$5420 \pm 20^{+670}_{-710}$	$5660 \pm 30^{+720}_{-740}$	$4490 \pm 30^{+380}_{-460}$	$420 \pm 10^{+70}_{-50}$
amc@nlo 4FNS⊗MSTW2008	$3390 \pm 20^{+580}_{-480}$	$3910 \pm 20^{+660}_{-560}$	$3290 \pm 20^{+580}_{-460}$	$485 \pm 7^{+80}_{-70}$
amc@nlo 5FNS⊗MSTW2008	$4680 \pm 40^{+550}_{-580}$	$5010 \pm 40^{+590}_{-620}$	$4220 \pm 40^{+460}_{-510}$	$314 \pm 9^{+30}_{-30}$
Sherpa⊗CT10	$3770 \pm 10$	$4210 \pm 10$	$3640 \pm 10$	$422 \pm 2$
Alpgen+HJ⊗CTEQ6L1	$2580 \pm 10$	$2920 \pm 10$	$2380 \pm 10$	$317 \pm 2$

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 Determine strange suppression r<sub>s</sub> using HERAPDF1.5 set, best fit value:



 ATLAS Wc-jet/WD(\*) data favor a symmetric light-quark sea in agreement with inclusive W, Z fit (ATLAS-epWZ12)



courtesy of Y. Ninomiya

## VH(Hbb) - modelling uncertainties

Signal					
Cross section (scale)	$1\% \; (q\overline{q}),  50\% \; (gg)$				
Cross section (PDF)	$2.4\%~(q\overline{q}),17\%~(gg)$				
Branching ratio	3.3~%				
Acceptance (scale)	1.5% – 3.3%				
3-jet acceptance (scale)	3.3% – 4.2%				
$p_{\rm T}^V$ shape (scale)	S				
Acceptance (PDF)	2%– $5%$				
$p_{\rm T}^V$ shape (NLO EW correction)	S				
Acceptance (parton shower)	8% - 13%				
Z+jets					
Zl normalisation, 3/2-jet ratio	5%				
Zcl 3/2-jet ratio	26%				
Z+hf 3/2-jet ratio	20%				
Z + hf/Zbb ratio	12%				
$\Delta \phi(\text{jet}_1, \text{jet}_2), p_{\text{T}}^V, m_{bb}$	S				
W+jets					
Wl normalisation, 3/2-jet ratio	10%				
Wcl, W+hf 3/2-jet ratio	10%				
Wbl/Wbb ratio	35%				
Wbc/Wbb, Wcc/Wbb ratio	12%				
$\Delta \phi(\text{jet}_1, \text{jet}_2),  p_{\text{T}}^V,  m_{bb}$	S				
$t\overline{t}$					
3/2-jet ratio	20%				
High/low- $p_{\rm T}^V$ ratio	7.5%				
Top-quark $p_{\rm T}, m_{bb}, E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$	S				
Single top					
Cross section	4% (s-,t-channel), $7%$ (Wt)				
Acceptance (generator)	3%– $52%$				
$m_{bb}, p_{\mathrm{T}}^{b_1}$	S				
Diboson					
Cross section and acceptance (scale)	3%-29%				
Cross section and acceptance (PDF)	2%– $4%$				
$m_{bb}$	S				
Multijet					
0-, 2-lepton channels normalisation	100%				
1-lepton channel normalisation	2%– $60%$				
Template variations, reweighting	S				



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