

Quantum Gravity from Conformal Field Theory

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General Idea

AdS/CFT correspondence

$\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM \iff Supergravity on $\text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$
gauge group $SU(N)$

4pt correlation functions \iff AdS amplitudes
(Witten diagrams)

► Interested in loop corrections to supergravity in AdS_5

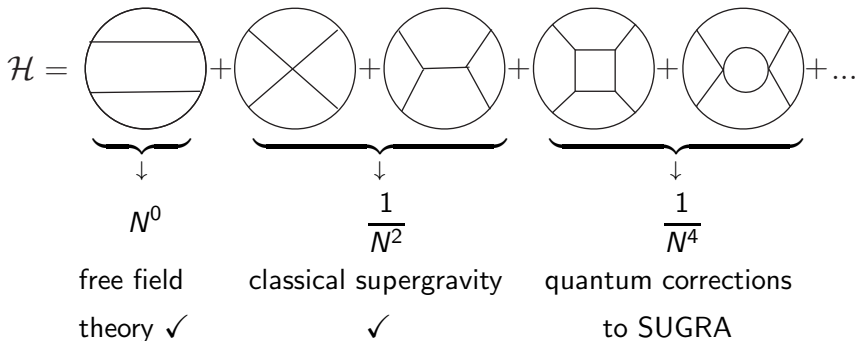
strong coupling ($\lambda \rightarrow \infty$) \iff weak coupling $\rightarrow \frac{1}{N^2}$ expansion

General Idea

Consider simplest case:

$\frac{1}{2}$ -BPS single-trace operator \iff graviton multiplet

$$\mathcal{O}_2(x) = y^i y^j \text{Tr}[\varphi_i(x)\varphi_j(x)] \in [0, 2, 0] \text{ rep of } SU(4)$$



Operator Product Expansion

In $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM, consider the correlator

$$\mathcal{H} = \langle \mathcal{O}_2(x_1) \mathcal{O}_2(x_2) \mathcal{O}_2(x_3) \mathcal{O}_2(x_4) \rangle = \frac{1}{g_{12}^2 g_{34}^2} \sum_i \mathcal{H}_{R_i}(u, v),$$

where $R_i \in [0, 2, 0] \times [0, 2, 0]$ and $\mathcal{H}_{R_i}(u, v)$ **crossing symmetric**.

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Consequences of **superconformal symmetry**:

$$\sum_i \mathcal{H}_{R_i}(u, v) = (\text{protected}) + \mathcal{I} \cdot \mathcal{F}(u, v),$$

with $\mathcal{I} = (x - y)(x - \bar{y})(\bar{x} - y)(\bar{x} - \bar{y})$.

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Focus on **interacting part** (only $[0, 0, 0]$ rep contributes):

$$\mathcal{F}(u, v) = \mathcal{F}^{(0)} + a \cdot \mathcal{F}^{(1)} + a^2 \cdot \mathcal{F}^{(2)} + \dots$$

$$a = \frac{1}{N^2 - 1}$$

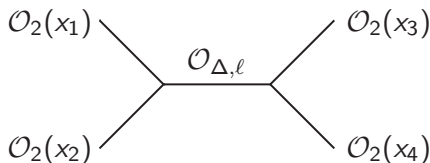
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Strategy: use OPE



- ▶ Exchanged $\mathcal{O}_{\Delta, l}$ can be unprotected (e.g. double-trace, ...)

Operator Product Expansion

Which operators contribute?

Remember: $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM at $\lambda \rightarrow \infty \iff$ supergravity limit

\Rightarrow long single-trace operators ('string states') decouple

\Rightarrow remaining spectrum: double-trace operators (up to $O(a^2)$)

Operator Product Expansion

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Analyse CFT data in large N expansion

$$\Delta = \Delta^{(0)} + a \cdot \eta^{(1)} + a^2 \cdot \eta^{(2)} + \dots$$

$$C_{\Delta,\ell} = C_{\Delta,\ell}^{(0)} + a \cdot C_{\Delta,\ell}^{(1)} + \dots$$

Conformal blocks

Expand contributions from long operators into conformal blocks:

$$\mathcal{F}(u, v) = \sum_{t, \ell \geq 0}^{\infty} C_{t, \ell}^2 \cdot \mathcal{B}_{t, \ell}(u, v)$$

where the long conformal blocks $\mathcal{B}_{t, \ell}$

[Dolan-Osborn '01]

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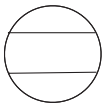
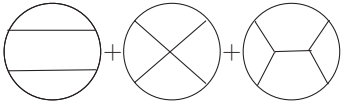
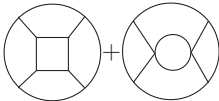
where the long conformal blocks $\mathcal{B}_{t, \ell}$ [Dolan-Osborn '01]

- ▶ are Eigenfunctions of the quadratic conformal Casimir
- ▶ capture the contribution of a primary operator and all its descendants
- ▶ in the OPE-limit $u \rightarrow 0$ they behave like

$$\mathcal{B}_{t, \ell}(u, v) \rightarrow u^t (\dots), \quad \text{with twist } t = \Delta - \ell$$

Conformal blocks and large N expansion

Combining conformal block expansion with large N expansion:

- ▶ $O(1)$:  ✓
- ▶ $O(a)$:  ✓
- ▶ $O(a^2)$:  ←

Conformal blocks and large N expansion

Combining conformal block expansion with large N expansion:

▶ $O(1)$:

$$\mathcal{F}^{(0)}(u, v) = \sum_{t, \ell} (C_{t, \ell}^{(0)})^2 \cdot \mathcal{B}_{t, \ell}(u, v) \quad \checkmark$$

▶ $O(a)$:

$$\mathcal{F}^{(1)}(u, v)|_{\log(u)} = \sum_{t, \ell} (C_{t, \ell}^{(0)})^2 \cdot \eta_{t, \ell}^{(1)} \cdot \mathcal{B}_{t, \ell}(u, v) \quad \checkmark$$

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▶ $O(a^2)$:

$$\mathcal{F}^{(2)}(u, v)|_{\log^2(u)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{t, \ell} (C_{t, \ell}^{(0)})^2 \cdot (\eta_{t, \ell}^{(1)})^2 \cdot \mathcal{B}_{t, \ell}(u, v)$$

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⇒ double-discontinuity is determined by tree level data!

Problem: double-trace operator mixing

Problem: double-trace operators are degenerate!

$$\mathcal{O}_{t,\ell} \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}_{t,\ell}^i$$

At twist t we have $\frac{t}{2} - 1$ operators:

$$\mathcal{O}_{t,\ell}^i = \left\{ (\mathcal{O}_2 \square^{\frac{t}{2}-2} \partial^\ell \mathcal{O}_2), (\mathcal{O}_3 \square^{\frac{t}{2}-3} \partial^\ell \mathcal{O}_3), \dots, (\mathcal{O}_{\frac{t}{2}} \square^0 \partial^\ell \mathcal{O}_{\frac{t}{2}}) \right\}$$

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Not discussed here:

- ▶ Operator mixing can be resolved using data from higher charge correlators
- ▶ Consider $\langle \mathcal{O}_p \mathcal{O}_p \mathcal{O}_q \mathcal{O}_q \rangle$ instead of just $\langle \mathcal{O}_2 \mathcal{O}_2 \mathcal{O}_2 \mathcal{O}_2 \rangle$
- ▶ Closed expressions for $C_{t,\ell,i}^{(0)}$ and $\eta_{t,\ell,i}$ found

Results: loop predictions

Predict one-loop $\log^2(u)$ term at $O(a^2)$:

$$\mathcal{F}^{(2)}(u, v)|_{\log^2(u)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{t,\ell} (C_{t,\ell}^{(0)})^2 \cdot (\eta_{t,\ell}^{(1)})^2 \cdot \mathcal{B}_{t,\ell}(u, v)$$

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this resums to:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}^{(2)}|_{\log^2(u)} = & \frac{1}{uv} \left[p(u, v) \frac{\text{Li}_1(x)^2 - \text{Li}_1(\bar{x})^2}{x - \bar{x}} + 2 \left[p(u, v) + p\left(\frac{1}{v}, \frac{u}{v}\right) \right] \frac{\text{Li}_2(x) - \text{Li}_2(\bar{x})}{x - \bar{x}} \right. \\ & \left. + q(u, v)(\text{Li}_1(x) + \text{Li}_1(\bar{x})) + r(u, v) \frac{\text{Li}_1(x) - \text{Li}_1(\bar{x})}{x - \bar{x}} + s(u, v) \right] \end{aligned}$$

with

$$p(u, v) = 24uv \partial_x^2 \partial_{\bar{x}}^2 \left[\frac{u^2 v^2 (1 - u - v) [(1 - u - v)^4 + 20uv(1 - u - v)^2 + 30u^2 v^2]}{(x - \bar{x})^{10}} \right]$$

Results: loop predictions

Promote double-discontinuity of $\mathcal{F}^{(2)}$ to full crossing-symmetric amplitude:

$$\mathcal{F}^{(2)}(u, v) = \frac{1}{uv} \left[f(u, v) + \frac{1}{u} f\left(\frac{1}{u}, \frac{v}{u}\right) + \frac{1}{v} f\left(\frac{1}{v}, \frac{u}{v}\right) \right].$$

$$f(u, v) = \frac{uv}{x - \bar{x}} \partial_x^2 \partial_{\bar{x}}^2 \left[(x - \bar{x})(g^{(4)} + g^{(3)} + g^{(2)} + g^{(1)} + g^{(0)}) \right]$$

$$g^{(4)}(u, v) = P_-^{(4)}(u, v) \Phi^{(2)}(u, v)$$

$$g^{(3)}(u, v) = P_+^{(3)}(u, v) \Psi(u, v) + P_-^{(3)}(u, v) \log(uv) \Phi^{(1)}(u, v)$$

$$g^{(2)}(u, v) = P_+^{(2)}(u, v) \log u \log v + P_-^{(2)}(u, v) \Phi^{(1)}(u, v)$$

$$g^{(1)}(u, v) = P_+^{(1)}(u, v) \log(uv)$$

$$g^{(0)}(u, v) = P_+^{(0)}(u, v)$$

Only ladder integrals $\Phi^{(1)}$ and $\Phi^{(2)}$ appearing!

Results: new CFT data

From our result, we can extract new CFT data at order $O(\frac{1}{N^4})$:

- ▶ At $t = 4$, we find for the second correction to the dimension:

$$\Delta_{t=4,\ell} = \Delta_{4,\ell}^{(0)} + a \cdot \eta_{4,\ell}^{(1)} + a^2 \cdot \eta_{4,\ell}^{(2)} + \dots,$$

$$\eta_{4,\ell}^{(2)} = \frac{1344(\ell - 7)(\ell + 14)}{(\ell - 1)(\ell + 1)^2(\ell + 6)^2(\ell + 8)} - \frac{2304(2\ell + 7)}{(\ell + 1)^3(\ell + 6)^3}$$

- ▶ For $t \geq 6$, mixing with *triple*-trace operators obstructs the extraction of more data.

Summary and Outlook

- ▶ We bootstrapped the supergravity loop correction to $\langle \mathcal{O}_2 \mathcal{O}_2 \mathcal{O}_2 \mathcal{O}_2 \rangle$ from OPE consistency and crossing symmetry
- ▶ We relied on being able to resolve double-trace mixing from classical data ('solving' the theory)
- ▶ Result is structurally simpler than one could have hoped for
- ▶ Can extract new subsubleading CFT data at $O(a^2)$

Outlook:

- ▶ Mellin representation of our result - simpler form?
- ▶ Consider loop corrections to higher charge correlators ($\langle \mathcal{O}_2 \mathcal{O}_2 \mathcal{O}_3 \mathcal{O}_3 \rangle$ already done)
- ▶ Bootstrapping higher loops?