

Grand Covariance in Quantum Gravity

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Grand Covariance in Quantum Gravity

Outline

- Motivational Example
- Covariance
- Covariance in Gravity
- Grand Covariance in Gravity
- Grand Covariance in Quantum Gravity
- Summary

Complex Scalar Field

$$\mathcal{L} = \partial_\mu \phi^* \partial^\mu \phi - m^2 |\phi|^2 - \lambda |\phi|^4$$

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$$\phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\phi_1 + i\phi_2)$$

Real and Imaginary Parts

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi_1 \partial^\mu \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi_2 \partial^\mu \phi_2 - \frac{1}{2} m^2 (\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2) - \frac{\lambda}{4} (\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2)^2$$

$$\langle \phi \rangle = \rho_0 \equiv \sqrt{\frac{-m}{\lambda}}, \quad m_1 = m^2 + 3\lambda\rho_0^2$$

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Feynman Rules

$$\text{---} = \frac{i}{p^2 - m_1^2},$$

$$\text{----} = \frac{i}{p^2},$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \diagup \\ \diagdown \end{array} = -6i\lambda\rho_0,$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \diagup \\ \diagdown \end{array} = -2i\lambda\rho_0,$$

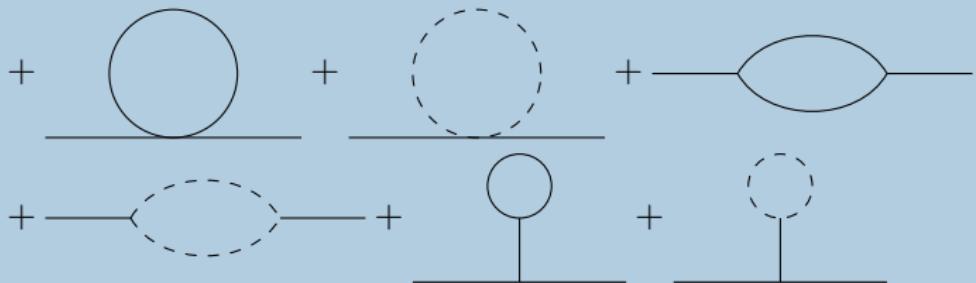
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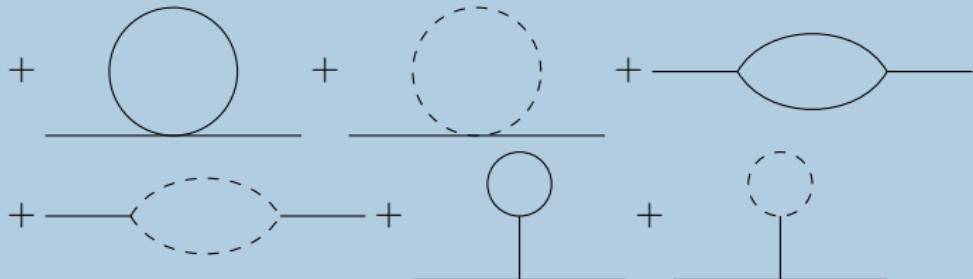
Higgs Self-energy

$$i\Gamma_{HH}(p) = \text{_____}$$



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$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma_{HH}(p) = & (p^2 - m_1^2) + \frac{\lambda m_1^2}{4\pi^2} \ln \left(\frac{p^2}{\mu^2} \right) \\ & + \frac{\lambda m_1^2}{(4\pi)^2} \left[4C_{UV} - 4 - 9 \int_0^1 dx \ln \left(\frac{x(x-1)p^2 + m_1^2}{\mu^2} \right) \right] \\ C_{UV} \equiv & \frac{2}{4-D} - \gamma_E + \ln(4\pi)\end{aligned}$$

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Modulus and Argument

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \rho \partial^\mu \rho + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\rho}{\rho_0} \right)^2 \partial_\mu \sigma \partial^\mu \sigma - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \rho^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4} \rho^4$$

Feynman Rules: Modulus and Argument

$$\text{---} = \frac{i}{p^2 - m_1^2},$$

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$$\text{X} = -6i\lambda,,$$

$$\text{-----} = \frac{i}{p^2}$$

$$\text{---} \text{---}^{k_1} \text{---} \text{---}^{k_2} = -\frac{2i}{\rho_0} k_1 \cdot k_2,$$

$$\text{X} \text{---} \text{---}^{k_1} \text{---} \text{---}^{k_2} = -\frac{2i}{\rho_0^2} k_1 \cdot k_2$$

Feynman Rules: Real and Imaginary Parts

$$\text{---} = \frac{i}{p^2 - m_1^2},$$

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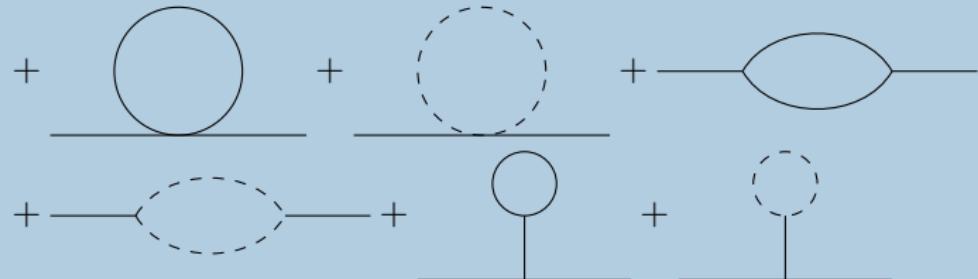
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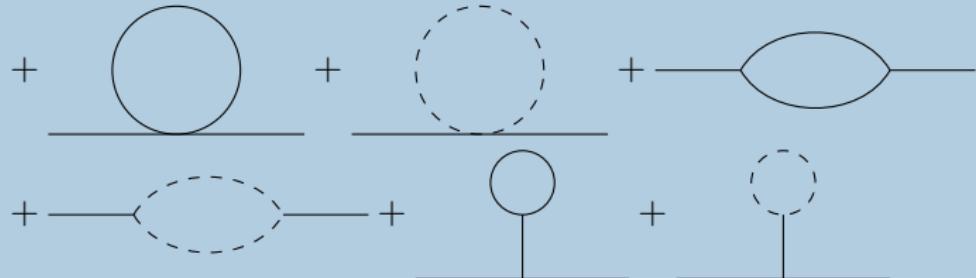
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Higgs Self-Energy: Real and Imaginary Parts

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Field Space Covariance

Field Theory

- Fields: ϕ^A
- Field Redefinitions: $\phi^A \rightarrow \tilde{\phi}^A(\phi)$

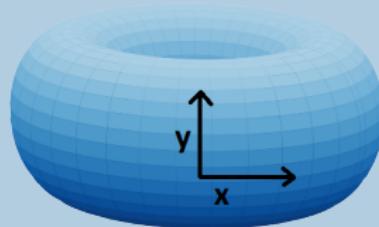
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Spacetime

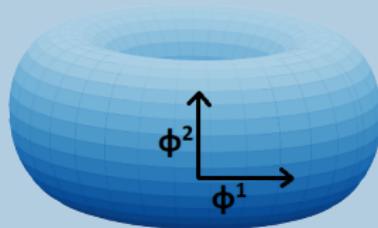
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Field Space Covariance

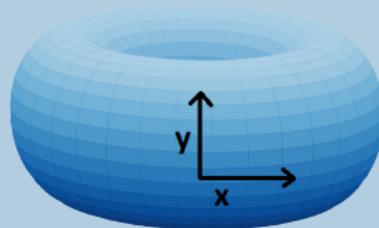
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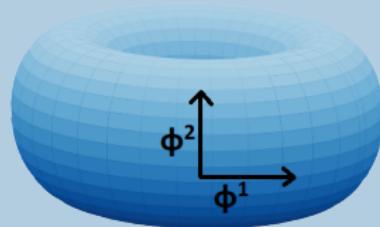
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Field Space Covariance

Field Theory

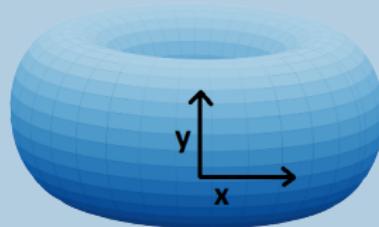
- Fields: ϕ^A
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- Field-space tensors: S, V^A, T^{AB}

Spacetime

- Coordinates: x^μ
- Diffeomorphisms: $x^\mu \rightarrow \tilde{x}^\mu(x)$



- Spacetime tensors: $S, V^\mu, T^{\mu\nu}$

Are Feynman Diagrams Covariant?

Propagators

$$\phi^A \bullet \text{---} \bullet \phi^B = \left(\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial \phi^A \partial \phi^B} \Big|_{\langle \phi \rangle} \right)^{-1}$$

Vertices

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \phi^B & & \phi^C \\ \diagdown & & \diagup \\ \phi^A & & \phi^N \end{array} = \frac{\partial^N \mathcal{L}}{\partial \phi^A \dots \partial \phi^N} \Big|_{\langle \phi \rangle}$$

Are Feynman Diagrams Covariant?

Propagators

$$\phi^A \bullet \text{---} \bullet \phi^B = \left(\nabla_A \nabla_B \mathcal{L}|_{\langle\phi\rangle} \right)^{-1}$$

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Field Space Covariant Derivatives

- $\nabla_C X^A = \frac{\partial X^A}{\partial \phi^C} + \Gamma_{CD}^A X^D, \quad \nabla_C X_A = \frac{\partial X_A}{\partial \phi^C} - \Gamma_{CA}^D X_D, \quad \text{etc.}$
- Field-space Christoffels: $\Gamma_{BC}^A \equiv \frac{1}{2} G^{AD} \left[\frac{\partial G_{BD}}{\partial \phi^C} + \frac{\partial G_{DC}}{\partial \phi^B} - \frac{\partial G_{BC}}{\partial \phi^D} \right]$

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- Field-space Metric: $G_{AB} \equiv \frac{g_{\mu\nu}}{D} \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial(\partial_\mu \phi^A) \partial(\partial_\nu \phi^B)}$

Example: Scalar field Theory

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} k_{AB} \partial^\mu \phi^A \partial_\mu \phi^B - V(\phi)$$



$$G_{AB} = k_{AB}$$

Complex Scalar Field

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Real and Imaginary Parts

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi_1 \partial^\mu \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi_2 \partial^\mu \phi_2 - \frac{1}{2} m^2 (\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2) - \frac{\lambda}{4} (\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2)^2$$

Field space Metric

$$G_{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Field space Christoffels

$$\Gamma_{BC}^A = 0$$

Complex Scalar Field

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Covariant Feynman Rules: Real and Imaginary Parts

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Modulus and Argument

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \rho \partial^\mu \rho + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\rho}{\rho_0} \right)^2 \partial_\mu \sigma \partial^\mu \sigma - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \rho^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4} \rho^4$$

Field space Metric

$$G_{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \left(\frac{\rho}{\rho_0} \right)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Field space Christoffels

$$\Gamma_{\sigma\sigma}^\rho = -\frac{\rho}{\rho_0^2},$$
$$\Gamma_{\rho\sigma}^\sigma = \frac{1}{\rho}$$

Complex Scalar Field

$$\mathcal{L} = \partial_\mu \phi^* \partial^\mu \phi - m^2 |\phi|^2 - \lambda |\phi|^4,$$

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Gravity

Scalar-Tensor Gravity

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[-\frac{f(\phi)}{2} R + \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} k_{AB}(\phi) \partial_\mu \phi^A \partial_\nu \phi^B - V(\phi) \right]$$

Field Redefinitions

- $g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \tilde{g}_{\mu\nu}(g_{\mu\nu}, \phi)$
- $\phi^A \rightarrow \tilde{\phi}^A(g_{\mu\nu}, \phi)$

Gravity

Scalar-Tensor Gravity

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[-\frac{f(\phi)}{2} R + \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} k_{AB}(\phi) \partial_\mu \phi^A \partial_\nu \phi^B - V(\phi) \right]$$

Frame Transformations

- $g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \Omega^2(\phi) g_{\mu\nu}$
- $\phi^A \rightarrow \tilde{\phi}^A(\phi)$

Scalar-Tensor Gravity

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Grand Field Space

$$\blacksquare \quad \Phi^I = \begin{pmatrix} g^{\mu\nu} \\ \phi^A \end{pmatrix}$$

Scalar-Tensor Gravity

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Grand Field Space

- $\Phi^I = \begin{pmatrix} g^{\mu\nu} \\ \phi^A \end{pmatrix}$
- $G_{IJ} = \frac{g_{\mu\nu}}{D} \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial(\partial_\mu \Phi^I) \partial(\partial_\nu \Phi^J)}$

Scalar-Tensor Gravity

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[-\frac{f(\phi)}{2} R + \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} k_{AB}(\phi) \partial_\mu \phi^A \partial_\nu \phi^B - V(\phi) \right]$$

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Grand Field Space

- $\Phi^I = \begin{pmatrix} g^{\mu\nu} \\ \phi^A \end{pmatrix}$
- $G_{IJ} = \cancel{\frac{g_{\mu\nu}}{D}} \frac{\cancel{\partial}^2 \mathcal{L}}{\cancel{\partial}(\partial_\mu \Phi^I) \cancel{\partial}(\partial_\nu \Phi^J)}$

Spacetime in the Grand Field Space

Spacetime Line Element

$$ds^2 = g_{\mu\nu} dx^\mu dx^\nu$$

Conformal Transformation

$$g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \Omega^2(\phi) g_{\mu\nu} \Rightarrow ds^2 \rightarrow \Omega^2(\phi) ds^2$$

Spacetime in the Grand Field Space

Spacetime Line Element

$$\underline{ds^2 = g_{\mu\nu} dx^\mu dx^\nu}$$

Conformal Transformation

$$g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \Omega^2(\phi) g_{\mu\nu} \Rightarrow ds^2 \rightarrow \Omega^2(\phi) ds^2$$

Spacetime in the Grand Field Space

Spacetime Line Element

$$ds^2 = \bar{g}_{\mu\nu} dx^\mu dx^\nu$$

$$\bar{g}_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{\ell^2(\phi)} g_{\mu\nu}$$

Conformal Transformation

$$\begin{aligned} g_{\mu\nu} &\rightarrow \Omega^2 g_{\mu\nu} \\ \ell &\rightarrow \Omega \ell \end{aligned} \Rightarrow ds^2 \rightarrow ds^2$$

Grand Covariant Quantum Gravity

Action

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[-\frac{f(\phi)}{2} R + \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} k_{AB}(\phi) \partial_\mu \phi^A \partial_\nu \phi^B - V(\phi) \right] \equiv \int \sqrt{-g} \mathcal{L} d^4x$$

Grand Covariant Quantum Gravity

Action

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-\bar{g}} \ell^4 \left[-\frac{f(\phi)}{2} R + \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} k_{AB}(\phi) \partial_\mu \phi^A \partial_\nu \phi^B - V(\phi) \right] \equiv \int \sqrt{-\bar{g}} \bar{\mathcal{L}} d^4x$$

Grand Covariant Quantum Gravity

Action

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Metric

- $G_{IJ} = \frac{\bar{g}_{\mu\nu}}{D} \frac{\partial^2 \bar{\mathcal{L}}}{\partial(\partial_\mu \Phi^I) \partial(\partial_\nu \Phi^J)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \ell^2 f P_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} & -\frac{1}{2} \ell^2 f_{,B} g_{\mu\nu} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \ell^2 f_{,A} g_{\rho\sigma} & \ell^2 k_{AB} \end{pmatrix}$
- $P_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} = \frac{1}{2} (g_{\mu\rho}g_{\sigma\nu} + g_{\mu\sigma}g_{\rho\nu} - g_{\mu\nu}g_{\rho\sigma})$

Grand Covariant Quantum Gravity

Action

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-\bar{g}} \ell^4 \left[-\frac{f(\phi)}{2} R + \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} k_{AB}(\phi) \partial_\mu \phi^A \partial_\nu \phi^B - V(\phi) \right] \equiv \int \sqrt{-\bar{g}} \bar{\mathcal{L}} d^4x$$

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- $P_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} = \frac{1}{2} (g_{\mu\rho}g_{\sigma\nu} + g_{\mu\sigma}g_{\rho\nu} - g_{\mu\nu}g_{\rho\sigma})$

Invariant Path Integral Measure

$$\sqrt{\det(G_{IJ})} [\mathcal{D}\Phi]$$

Summary

- The standard approach to quantum field theory is parametrisation dependent
- This can be rectified using field-space covariance
- The inclusion of gravity introduces a new subtlety regarding the spacetime metric
- We must therefore introduce a new model function $\ell(\phi)$ and redefine the spacetime metric as $\bar{g}_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{\ell^2} g_{\mu\nu}$
- We can then construct a fully grand covariant theory of quantum gravity