



Feasibility study for the selection of $ZZ \rightarrow \tau\tau\mu\mu$ events



Introduction

- Aims:
 - look into selecting a sample of $ZZ \rightarrow \tau\tau\mu\mu$ events,
 - use to increase ZZ event statistics \rightarrow better probe anomalous NTGC's?
- No standard production $ZZ \rightarrow \tau\tau\mu\mu$ sample exists
 - use 10000 event privately generated sample (MC@NLO + 12.0.6.5 job transforms).



Samples Used

Run	Channel	No.Events	Release	Generator	Generator Cuts
Private Sample	$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	10000	12.0.6.5	MC@NLO	-
R5146	$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	80900	11.0.4.2	PYTHIA	$m_{\tau\tau} > 60\text{GeV}$, 2 leptons with $p_T > 5\text{GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.8$
R5151	$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	2600	11.0.4.2	MC@NLO	$m_{\mu\mu} > 60\text{GeV}$, 1 lepton with $p_T > 5\text{GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.8$
R5152	$Z \rightarrow ee$	69550	11.0.4.2	MC@NLO	$m_{ee} > 60\text{GeV}$, 1 lepton with $p_T > 10\text{GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.7$
R5185	$Z \rightarrow ee$	58700	11.0.4.2	PYTHIA	$Z p_T > 100\text{GeV}$, 2 leptons with $p_T > 10\text{GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.7$
R5186	$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	95500	11.0.4.2	PYTHIA	$Z p_T > 100\text{GeV}$, 2 leptons with $p_T > 5\text{GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.8$
R5200	$t t\text{-bar}$	10000	11.0.4.2	MC@NLO	No all hadronic events
R5924	$WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$	10950	11.0.4.2	MC@NLO	-
R5931	$ZZ \rightarrow ll ll$	9000	11.0.4.2	MC@NLO	-
R5981	$ZZ \rightarrow ll \nu\nu$	10000	11.0.4.2	PYTHIA	2 leptons with $p_T > 4.5\text{GeV}$ and $ \eta < 2.7$



'True' Efficiencies

What is the best we could do if all particles were correctly reconstructed?

Answer this by examining what fraction of the lepton pairs produced directly by Z boson decays are within $|\eta| < 2.5$ in truth:

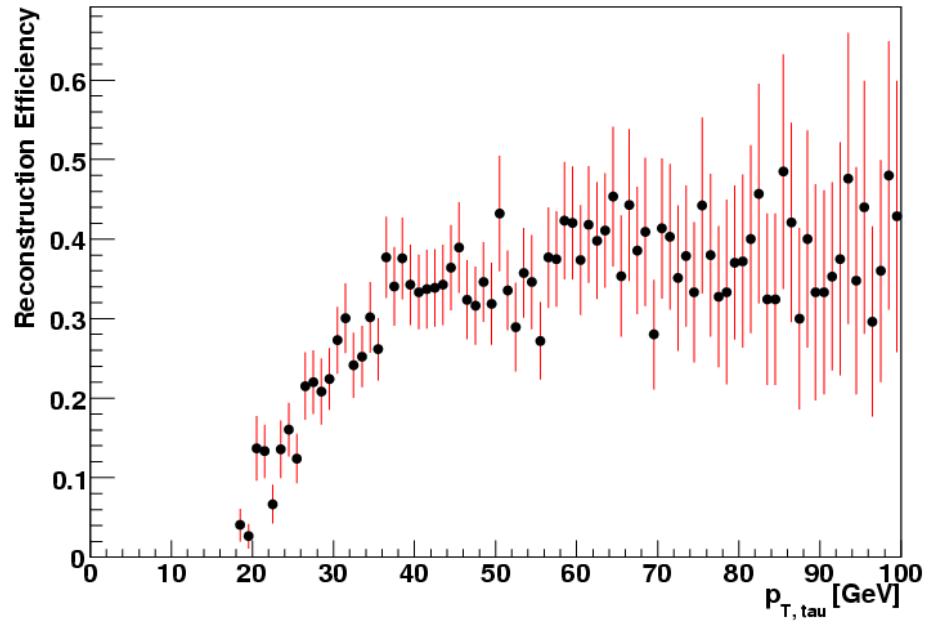
The **two τ leptons** are both within $|\eta| < 2.5$ in truth in **67%** of reconstructed signal events.

Both muons are within $|\eta| < 2.5$ in truth in **66%** of reconstructed signal events.

49% of reconstructed signal events have **two muons** and **two τ leptons** within $|\eta| < 2.5$ in truth.



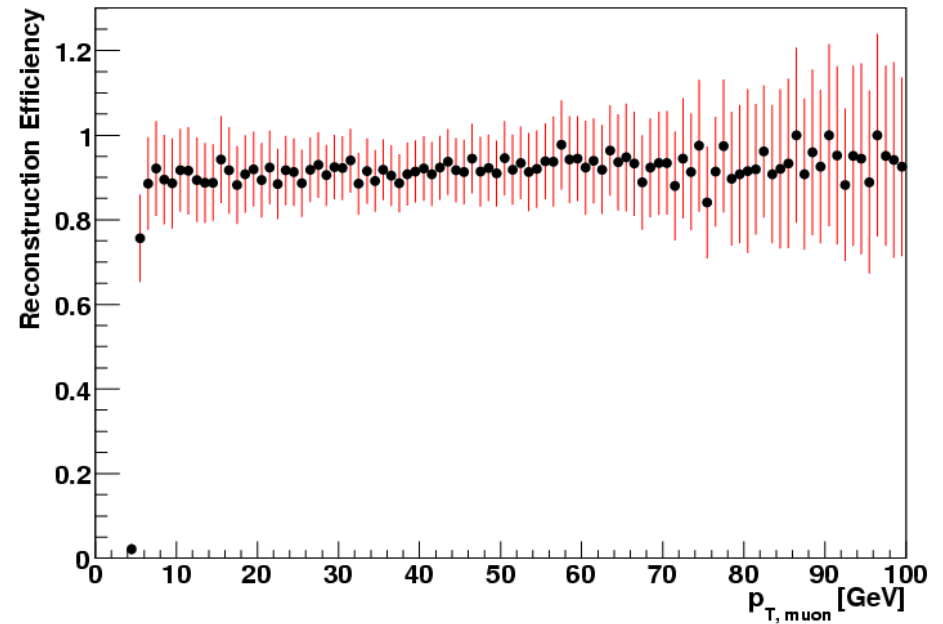
Reconstruction Efficiencies



Muons in central η range



Hadronically decaying τ leptons in central η range





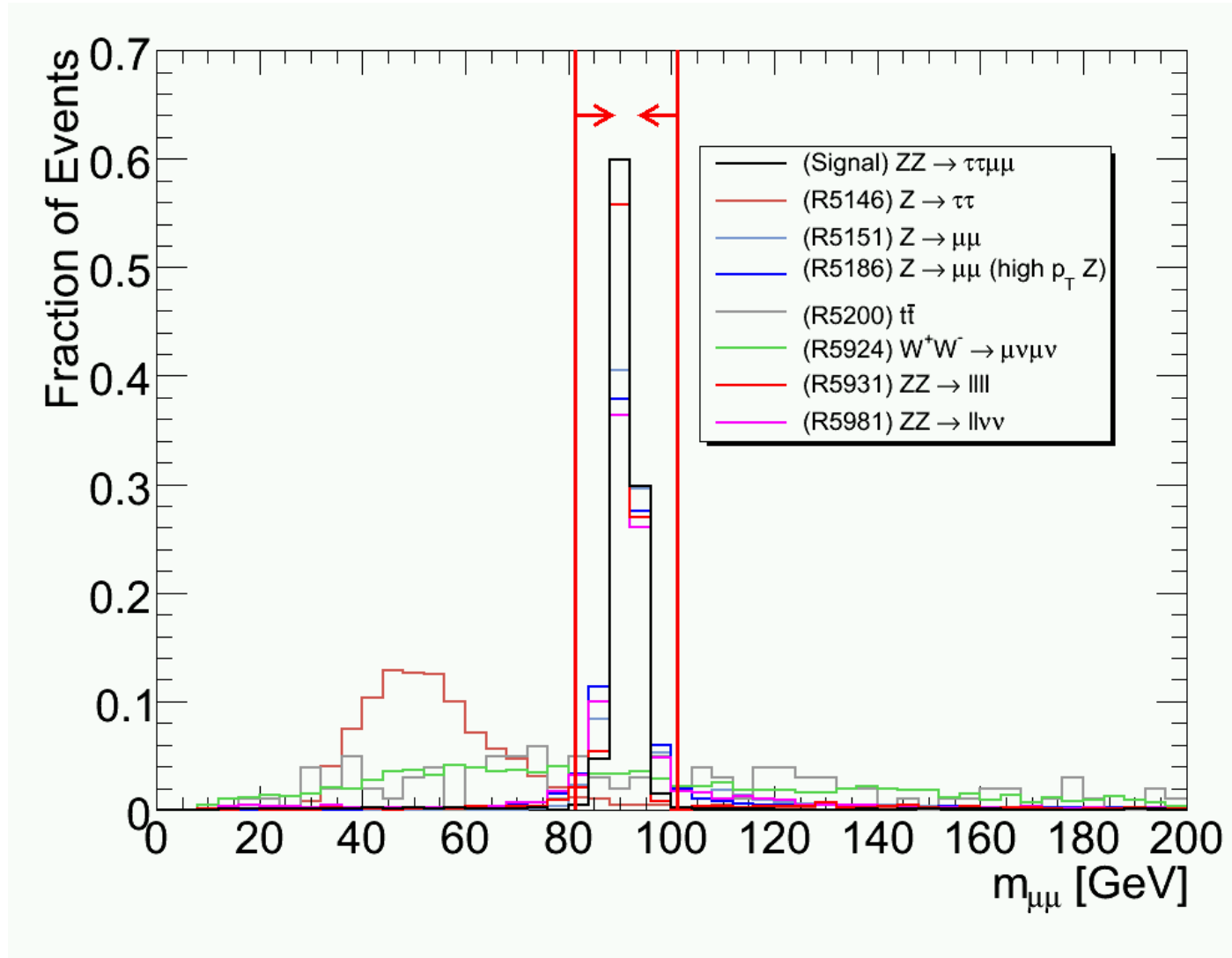
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ Candidate Selection



- Selection:
 - at least **two** μ to be reconstructed in the event with $|\eta| < 2.5$ and $p_T > 5$ GeV.
 - best $\mu\mu$ combination must have **oppositely charged muons** and **minimum** $|m_Z - m_{\mu\mu}|$.
 - best combination must satisfy $|m_Z - m_{\mu\mu}| < 10$ GeV.



$$|m_Z - m_{\mu\mu}| < 10 \text{ GeV}$$





$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ Candidate Selection Results



Channel	Events In	Two good muons	Found $\mu^+\mu^-$ pair	$ m_Z - m_{\mu\mu} < 10$ GeV
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	330.0	181.2	175.6	169.0
$ZZ \rightarrow llll$	668.0	321.0	311.3	276.1
$ZZ \rightarrow ll\nu\nu$	2647.3	923.7	923.7	728.3
$t\bar{t}$	4623900.0	73584.9	69811.3	10062.9
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	754004.0	35913.3	35661.8	1169.5
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ($Z p_T > 100$ GeV)	213398.0	114321.0	114288.0	96035.9
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	16617400.0	8001690.0	7999520.0	6827360.0
$Z \rightarrow ee$ ($Z p_T > 100$ GeV)	210003.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow ee$	16057900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$	13000.1	6020.4	6020.4	849.3

(Event numbers normalised to 10 fb^{-1})



$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ Candidate Selection



- Consider 6 possible final states of $\tau\tau$ decay:
 - $\tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + \text{missing } E_T$
 - $\tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + \mu + \text{missing } E_T$
 - $\tau\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu + \text{missing } E_T$
 - $\tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + e + \text{missing } E_T$
 - $\tau\tau \rightarrow ee + \text{missing } E_T$
 - $\tau\tau \rightarrow e\mu + \text{missing } E_T$
- Selection is similar in each case.

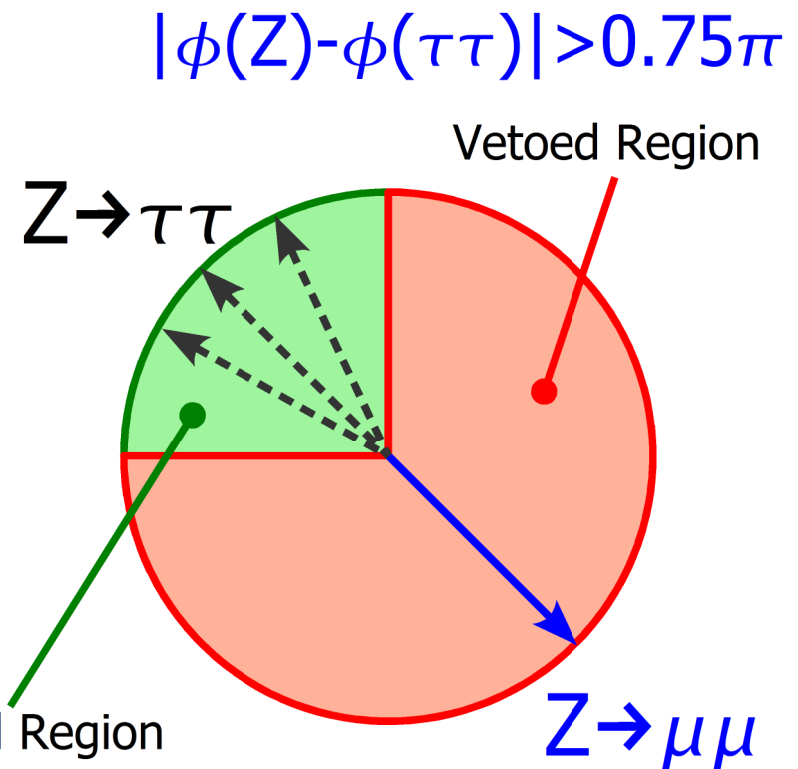
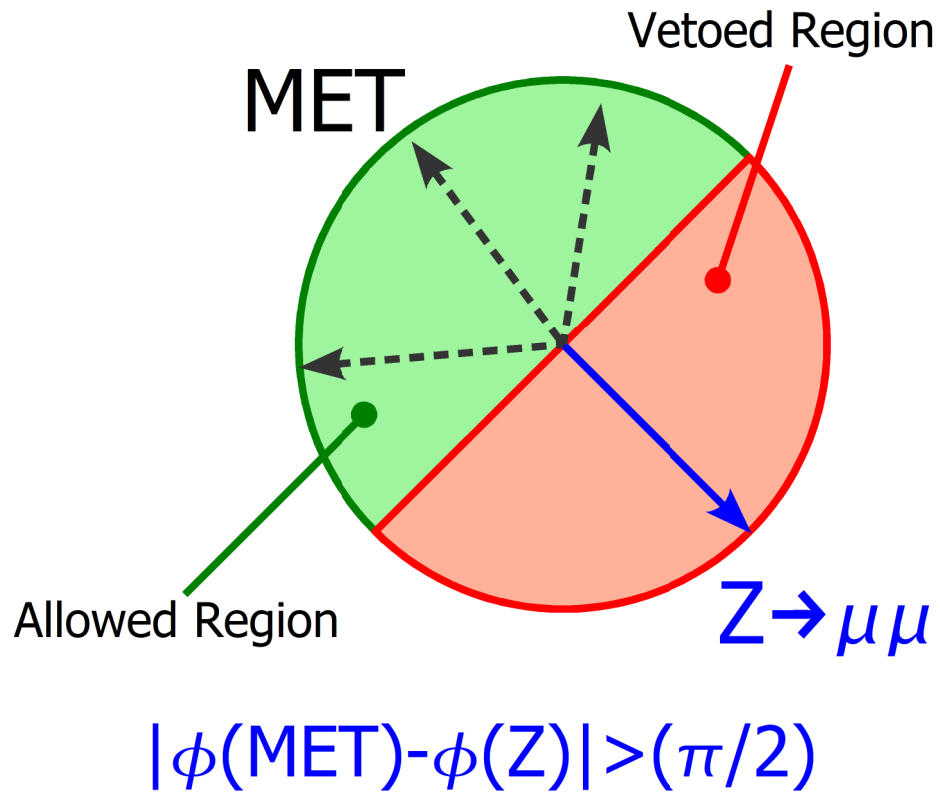


Common Selection Scheme

- Find at least two oppositely charged, good quality τ lepton decay candidates (e, μ , τ -jet) within $|\eta| < 2.5$.
- Select the best pairing by minimising $|p_T(Z) - p_T(\tau\tau)|$. ($p_T(Z)$ refers to the transverse momentum of the first muon pair and $p_T(\tau\tau)$ refers to the combined transverse momentum of the τ lepton decay candidates and any missing energy contributions.)
- Cut on maximum value of the invariant mass of the two τ lepton decay candidates.
- Angular cuts $|\phi(\text{MET}) - \phi(Z)| > (\pi/2)$ and $|\phi(Z) - \phi(\tau\tau)| > 0.75\pi$ (see next slide).
- Missing energy cuts (if necessary).



Angular Cuts





Selection Specifics (I)

- Selection: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + \text{missing } E_T$
 - at least two τ -jets ($p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$, $\tau_{NN} > 0.03^*$)
 - best τ -jet pair must have oppositely charged τ -jets and minimise $|p_T(Z) - p_T(\tau\tau)^{**}|$.
 - $|\phi(Z) - \phi(\tau\tau)^{**}| > 0.75\pi$ (see next slide).
- Selection: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + \mu + \text{missing } E_T$
 - at least one τ -jet ($\tau_{NN} > 0.03$, $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$) and one (maximum two) additional μ ($p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$)
 - best $\mu\tau$ -jet combination must have oppositely charged components and minimise $|p_T(Z) - p_T(\tau\tau)|$.
 - invariant mass, $m_{\mu\tau\text{-jet}} < 80 \text{ GeV}$.
 - Angular cuts

* τ_{NN} = TauNeuralNetwork parameter. ** does not include MET contribution in this case



Selection Specifics (II)

- Selection: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu + \text{missing } E_T$
 - two (maximum three) additional μ ($p_T > 8$ GeV).
 - best $\mu\mu$ combination must have oppositely charged muons and minimise $|p_T(Z) - p_T(\tau\tau)|$.
 - invariant mass, $m_{\tau\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu} < 50$ GeV.
 - Angular cuts
- Selection: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + e + \text{missing } E_T$
 - at least one τ -jet ($\tau_{NN} > 0.03$, $p_T > 15$ GeV) and one (maximum two) additional electron (e γ candidate, $p_T > 10$ GeV).
 - best e τ -jet combination must have oppositely charged components and minimise $|p_T(Z) - p_T(\tau\tau)|$.
 - invariant mass, $m_{e\tau\text{-jet}} < 50$ GeV.
 - Angular Cuts
 - MET/ $p_T(Z) < 1.0$



Selection Specifics (III)

- Selection: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow ee + \text{missing } E_T$
 - two (maximum three) additional e (e γ candidate, $p_T > 10$ GeV).
 - best ee combination must have oppositely charged electrons and minimise $|p_T(Z) - p_T(\tau\tau)|$.
 - invariant mass, $m_{ee} < 70$ GeV.
 - Angular cuts
 - $MET/p_T(Z) < 1.0$ and $|p_T(Z) - p_T(ee + MET)|/p_T(Z) < 0.1$
- Selection: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e\mu + \text{missing } E_T$
 - one (maximum two) additional μ ($p_T > 15$ GeV) and one (maximum two) additional e (e γ candidate, $p_T > 15$ GeV).
 - best e μ combination must have oppositely charged components and minimising $|p_T(Z) - p_T(\tau\tau)|$.
 - invariant mass, $m_{e\mu} < 50$ GeV.
 - Angular cuts
 - $MET > 10$ GeV, $MET/p_T(Z) > 0.3$ and $MET/p_T(Z) < 1.0$



Overall $ZZ \rightarrow \tau\tau\mu\mu$ Selection

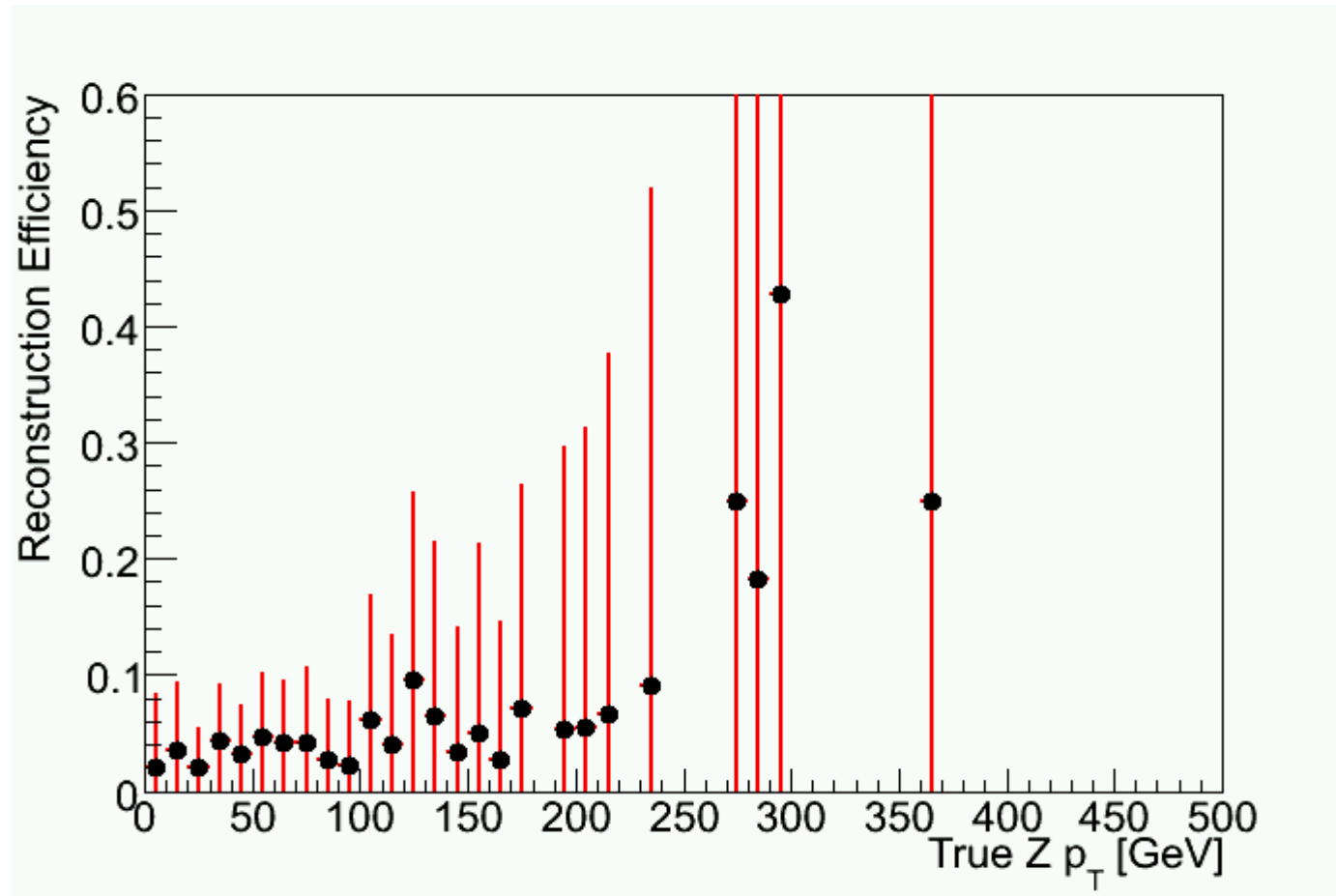
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu + Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \dots$	Signal	Background
$h\nu h\nu$	0.9	0.0
$h\nu\mu\nu\nu$	1.6	0.2
$\mu\nu\nu\mu\nu\nu$	0.9	0.0
$h\nu e\nu\nu$	3.2	280.4
$e\nu\nu e\nu\nu$	0.7	11.5
$\mu\nu\nu e\nu\nu$	2.6	0.2
Total	9.9	292.3

(Event numbers normalised to 10 fb^{-1})

- Background in channels with final state elections is much higher than in other channels. (NB These numbers are based on a handful of remaining events.)
- Excluding high background final states Monte Carlo predicts 6.0 events out of a possible 162 in truth would be selected (9.9 including high background final states) for 10 fb^{-1} of ATLAS data.



Selection Efficiency vs $Z p_T$



- Overall signal efficiency is 3.7% (6.1% including high background channels).
- Signal is approximately constant with $Z p_T$



Conclusions

- A signal efficiency of 3.7% can be achieved with low backgrounds.
- A higher signal efficiency of 6.1% can be achieved, by including other decay channel, but backgrounds may increase.
- More statistics needed, particularly at higher $Z p_T$ values.
- Other backgrounds, such as Zbb , should be considered in any future study.
- $ZZ \rightarrow \tau\tau\mu\mu$ channel would be worth returning to look at in more detail for 100fb^{-1} of ATLAS data.



Backup Slides



$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + \text{missing } E_T$



Channel	Preselection	Good τ -jet pair	$ \Phi(Z) - \Phi(\tau\tau) > 0.75\text{Pi}$
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	169.0	1.3	0.9
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu ll$	276.1	-0.1	0.0
$ZZ \rightarrow ll\nu\nu$	728.3	0.0	0.0
t t-bar	10062.9	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	1169.5	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ($Z p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$)	96035.9	2.2	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	6827360.0	0.0	0.0
$WW \rightarrow \nu l \nu l$	849.3	0.0	0.0

(Event numbers normalised to 10 fb^{-1})



$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + \mu + \text{missing } E_T$



Channel	Preselection	Good μ/τ -jet pair	$m_{\mu\text{-jet}} < 80 \text{ GeV}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\text{MET}) > 0.75\text{Pi}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\tau\tau) > 0.75\text{Pi}$	MET cuts
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	169.0	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.1	1.6
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu\mu$	276.1	2.4	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.2
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu\nu$	728.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
t t-bar	10062.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	1169.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ($Z p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$)	96035.9	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	6827360.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$WW \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu\nu$	849.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

(Event numbers normalised to 10 fb^{-1})



$$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu + \text{missing } E_T$$

Channel	Preselection	2 nd Good $\mu\mu$ pair	$m_{\mu\mu} < 50 \text{ GeV}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\text{MET}) > 0.75\text{Pi}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\tau\tau) > 0.75\text{Pi}$
ZZ$\rightarrow\mu\mu\tau\tau$	169.0	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.9
ZZ $\rightarrow\text{llll}$	276.1	57.0	0.6	0.3	0.0
ZZ $\rightarrow\text{ll}\nu\nu$	728.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
t t-bar	10062.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Z $\rightarrow\tau\tau$	1169.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Z $\rightarrow\mu\mu$ (Z pT > 100 GeV)	96035.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Z $\rightarrow\mu\mu$	6827360.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WW $\rightarrow\text{ll}\nu\nu$	849.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

(Event numbers normalised to 10 fb⁻¹)



$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \text{Hadrons} + e + \text{missing } E_T$



Channel	Preselection	Good e/ τ -jet pair	$m_{e\text{-jet}} < 80 \text{ GeV}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\text{MET}) > 0.5\text{Pi}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\tau\tau) > 0.75\text{Pi}$ and MET cuts
ZZ$\rightarrow\mu\mu\tau\tau$	169.0	6.6	6.2	4.8	3.2
ZZ $\rightarrow\text{llll}$	276.1	1.8	0.0	0.2	0.0
ZZ$\rightarrow\text{ll}\nu\nu$	728.3	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.3
t t-bar	10062.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Z $\rightarrow\tau\tau$	1169.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Z$\rightarrow\mu\mu$ (Z $p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$)	96035.9	192.2	67.0	60.3	38.0
Z$\rightarrow\mu\mu$	6827360.0	1452.8	726.4	484.3	242.1
WW $\rightarrow\text{lvlv}$	849.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

(Event numbers normalised to 10 fb^{-1})



$$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow ee + \text{missing } E_T$$

Channel	Preselection	Good μ/τ -jet pair	$m_{\mu\tau\text{-jet}} < 80 \text{ GeV}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\text{MET}) > 0.5\text{Pi}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\tau\tau) > 0.75\text{Pi}$	MET cuts
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	169.0	8.5	6.8	5.1	4.1	0.7
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	276.1	97.1	3.1	1.1	0.7	0.0
$ZZ \rightarrow ll\nu\nu$	728.3	2.6	1.6	1.1	1.1	0.3
t t-bar	10062.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	1169.5	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (Z pT > 100 GeV)	96035.9	1474.8	775.4	643.5	516.2	11.2
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	6827360.0	1937.1	1694.9	1210.7	928.5	0.0
$WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$	849.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

(Event numbers normalised to 10 fb^{-1})



$$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e\mu + \text{missing } E_T$$

Channel	Preselectio	Good μ/τ -jet pair	$m_{\mu\tau\text{-jet}} < 50 \text{ GeV}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\text{MET}) > 0.5\text{Pi}$	$ \Phi(Z)-\Phi(\tau\tau) > 0.75\text{Pi}$	MET cuts
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	169.0	7.8	4.7	3.9	3.4	2.6
$ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	276.1	2.8	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2
$ZZ \rightarrow ll\nu\nu$	728.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
t t-bar	10062.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	1169.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (Z $p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$)	96035.9	26.8	8.9	2.2	0.0	0.0
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	6827360.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
$WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$	849.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

(Event numbers normalised to 10 fb^{-1})