

$t\bar{t}W$ PRODUCTION: A VERY COMPLEX PROCESS

INTRODUCTION

- $t\bar{t}W$ process: rates measured at the LHC with larger yields than reference Standard Model (SM) predictions (CERN YR4); background for BSM searches and rare SM processes (such as $t\bar{t}H$ and $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$); these motivate further study of this process.
- Event selection: $t\bar{t}$ semileptonic decay and a W boson leptonic decay, being both charged leptons of the same sign. Selection cuts to particle level jets: $p_T(j) > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$ except when forward jets are defined ($2.5 < |\eta| < 4.5$).

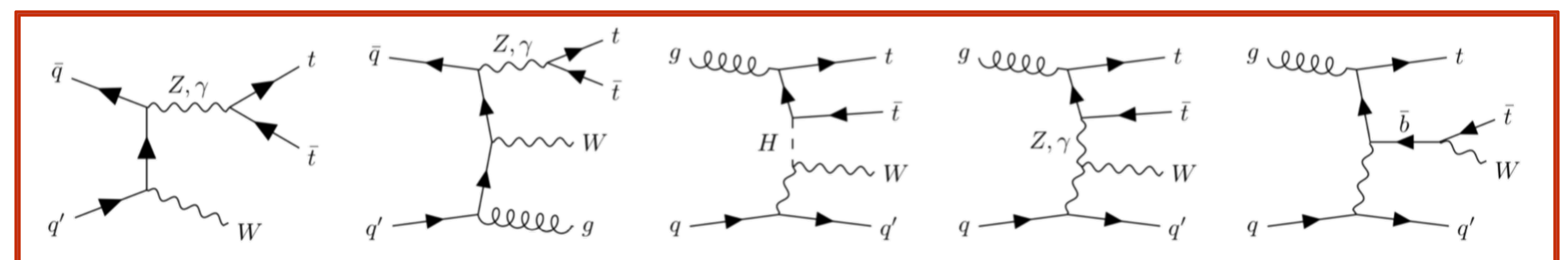
MC: Monte Carlo
ME: Matrix Element
PS: Parton Shower

QCD: Quantum Chromodynamics
EW: Electroweak

DISENTANGLEMENT OF HIGHER ORDER EFFECTS

- Higher order effects (in QCD strong coupling constant α_s and EW coupling constant α) are very important for $t\bar{t}W$ production and can significantly modify leading order predictions.
- For MadGraph5_aMC@NLO MC generator: scale variations of μ_R and μ_F scales in the ME (comparisons with of three different functional forms); multileg setups $t\bar{t}W + 0,1j$ NLO + $2j$ LO (with FxFx algorithm); and systematic parameter variations have been studied.

“tree-level EW” Production



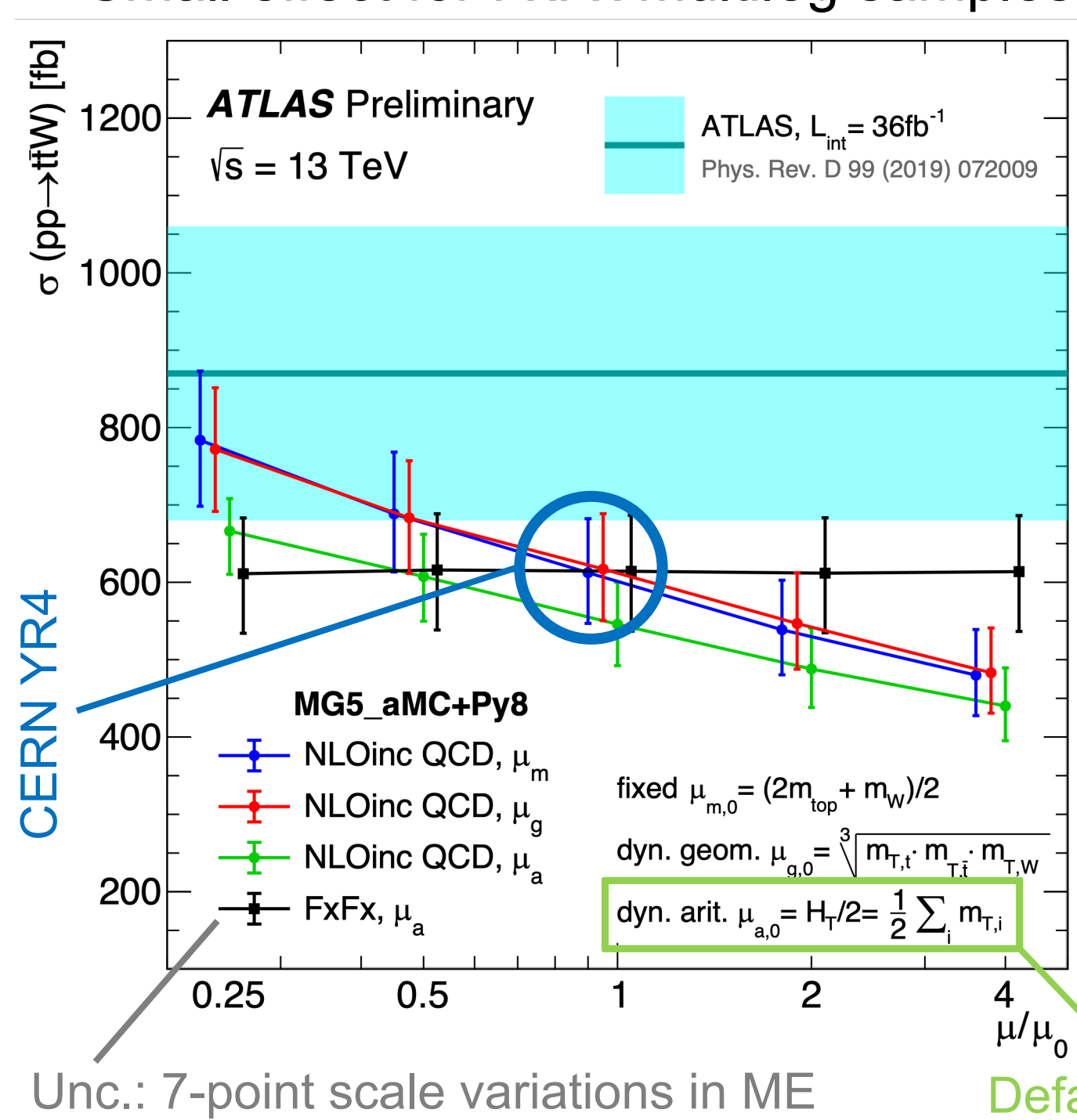
$$\sigma_{QCD+EW}^{NLO} = \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3\alpha) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha^3) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s\alpha^3) + \underbrace{\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha)}_{\text{NLO EW}} + \underbrace{\mathcal{O}(\alpha^4)}_{\text{negligible}}$$

Feynman Diagrams and orders in α_s and α included in this poster's MC simulations

QCD PRODUCTION WITH NLO INCLUSIVE AND MULTILEG MERGED SETUPS

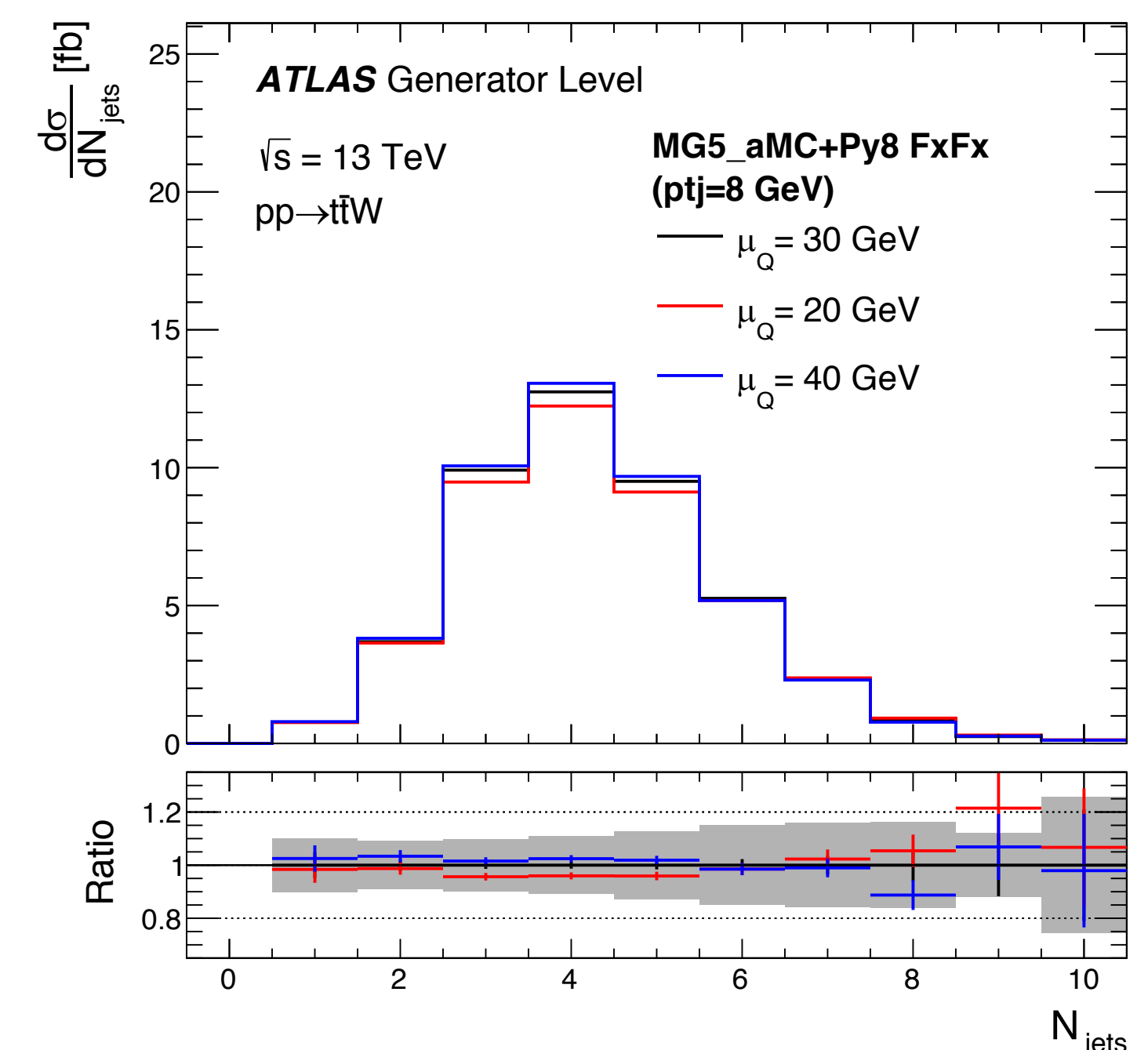
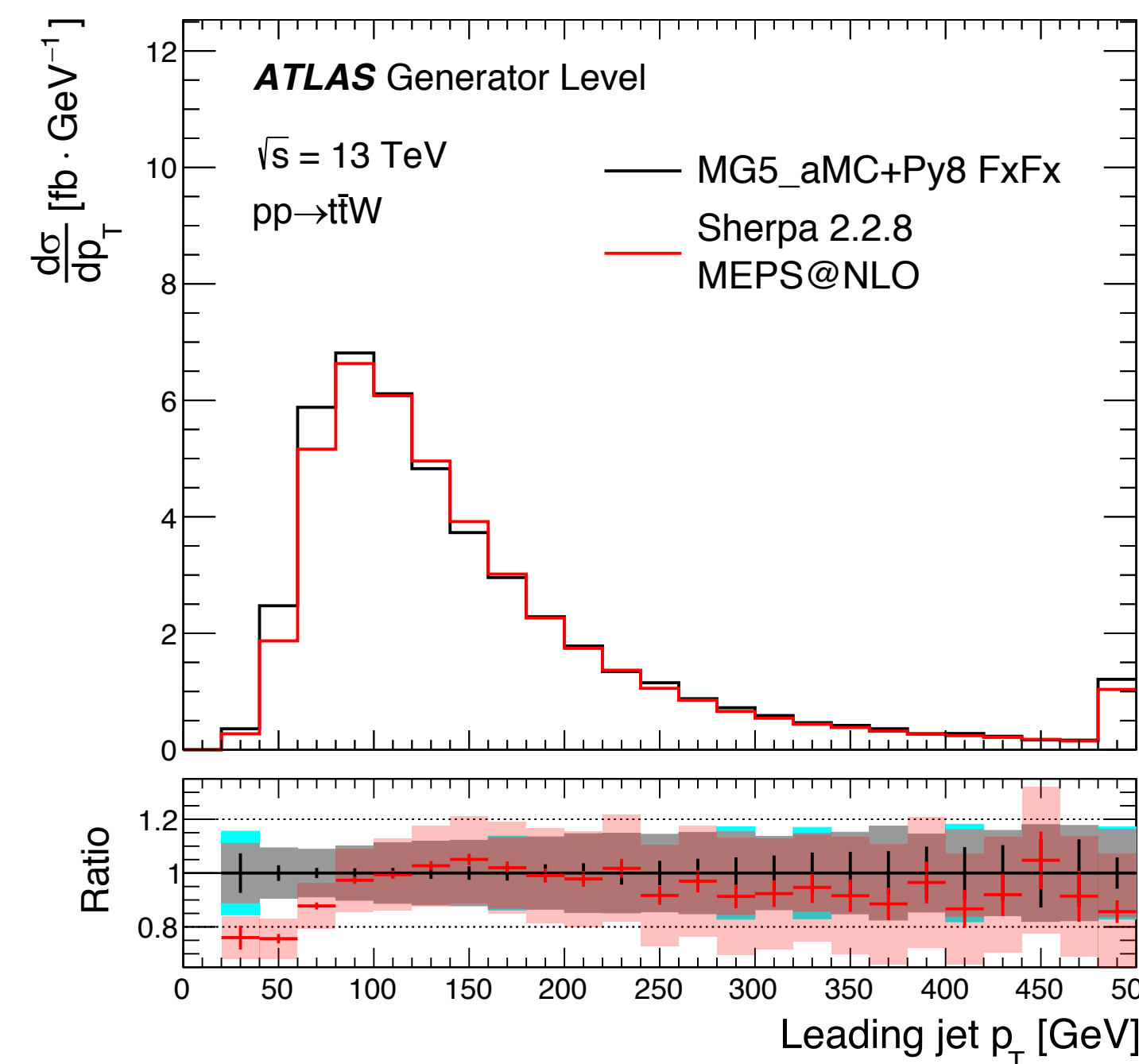
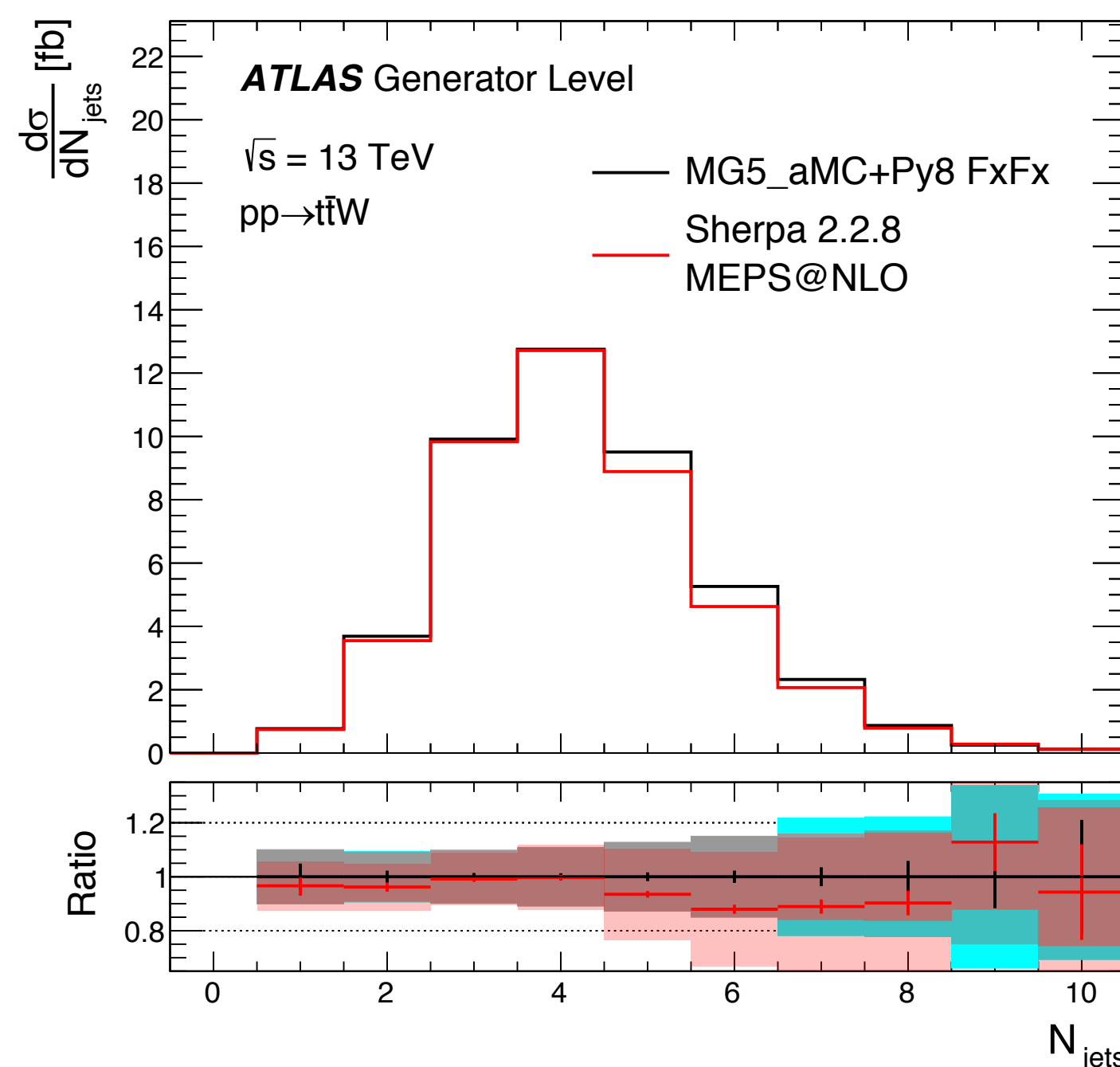
Cross-section dependence with three functional forms of the μ_R and μ_F scales

- Big effect on NLOinc samples:
 $\sigma(\mu_0/4)/\sigma(\mu_0) \sim 1.4$
- Small effect for FxFx multileg samples



Comparisons between the MG5_aMC@NLO and Sherpa MC generators

- Good agreement between both generators inside unc. bands:
 - Grey: MG5_aMC@NLO 7-point scale variations in ME
 - Cyan: same scale variations propagated in a correlated way to the PS
 - Red: Sherpa scale variations in both the ME and PS



MG5_aMC@NLO FxFx samples

- Nominal: $\mu_Q = 30$ GeV, $p_{Tj} = 8$ GeV
- Merging scale (μ_Q) variations:
 - No significant shape effects
 - Cross-section difference of $\sim 2\%$
 - No effect for min. jet p_T (p_{Tj}) variations

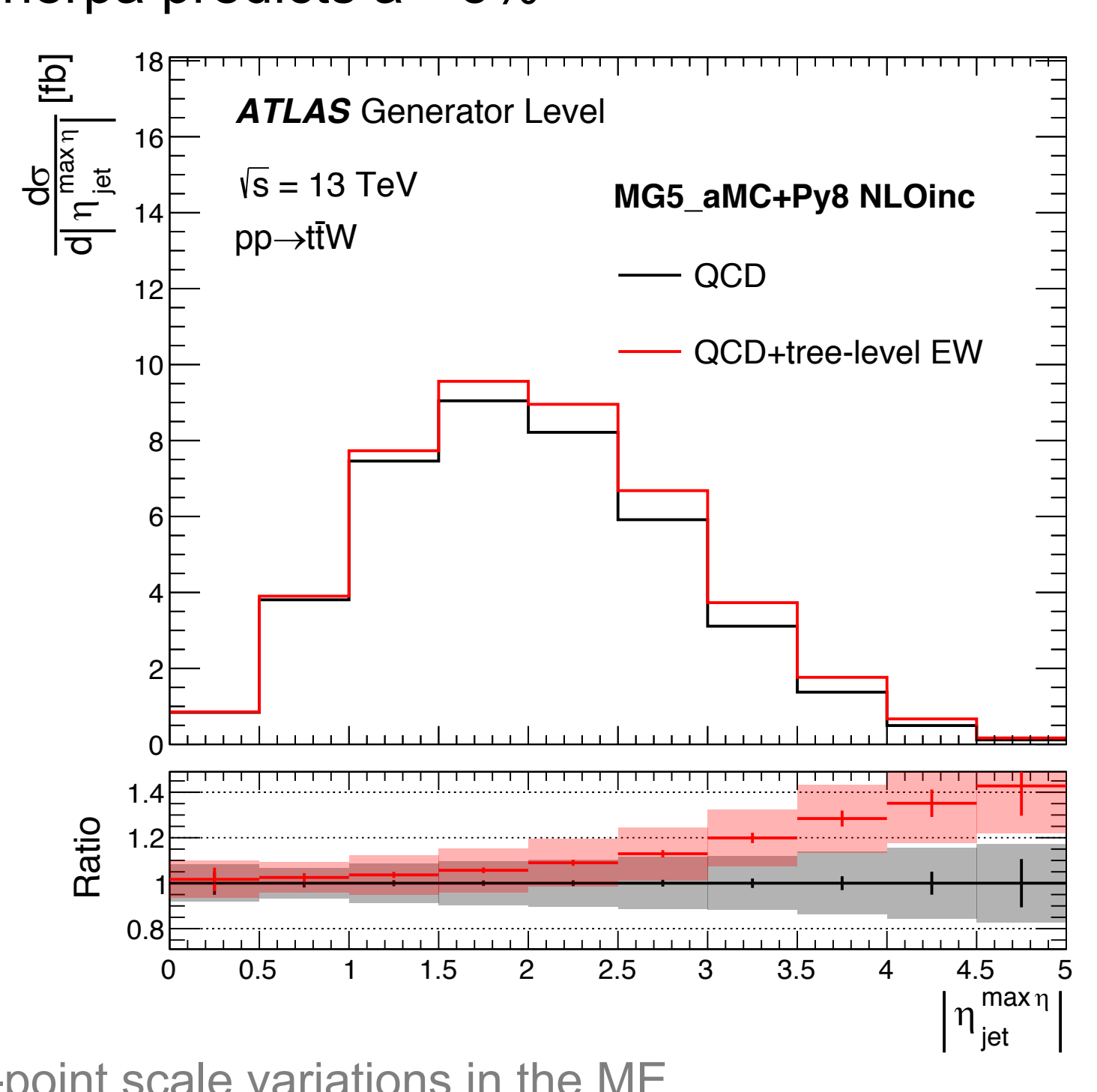
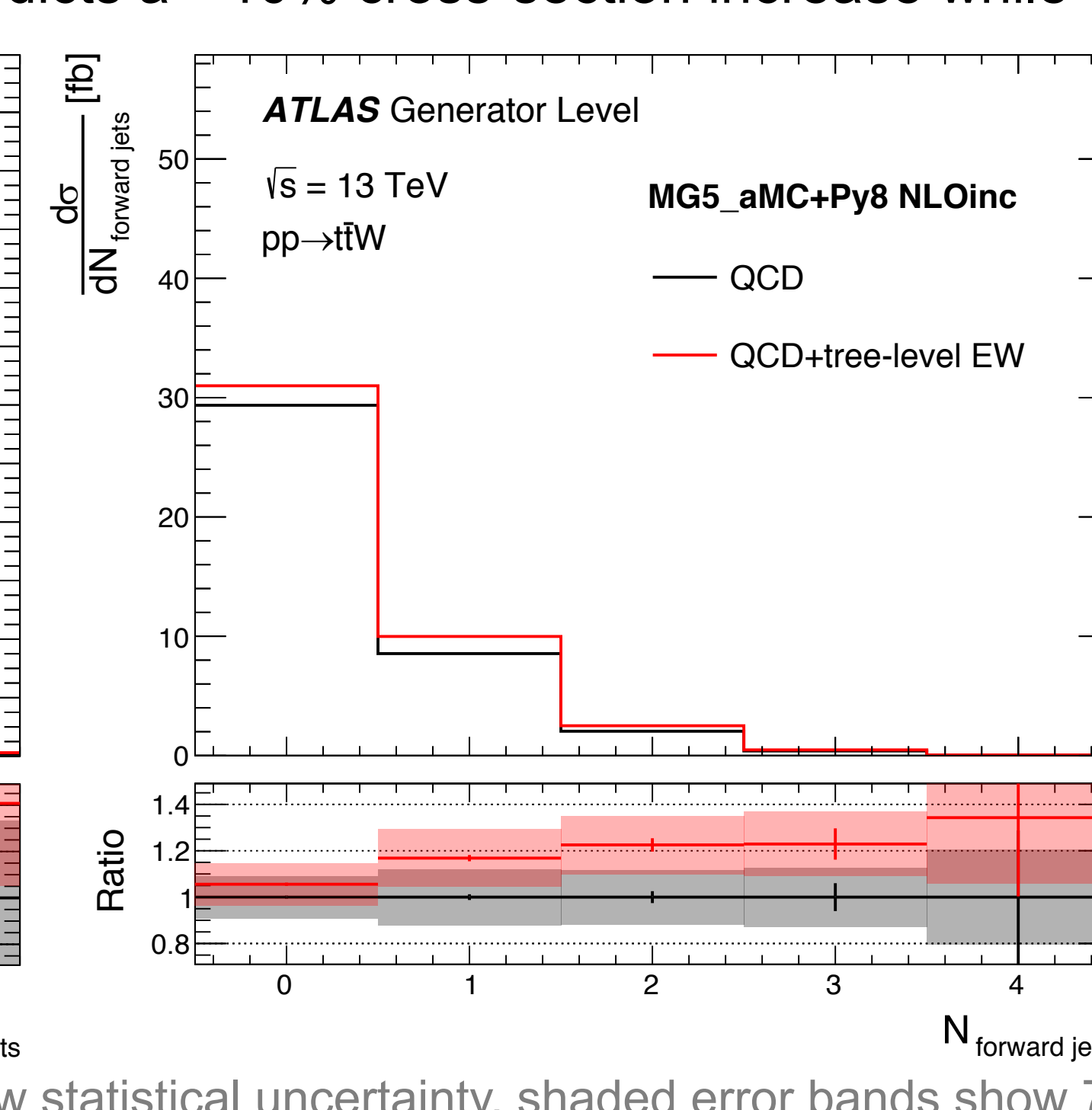
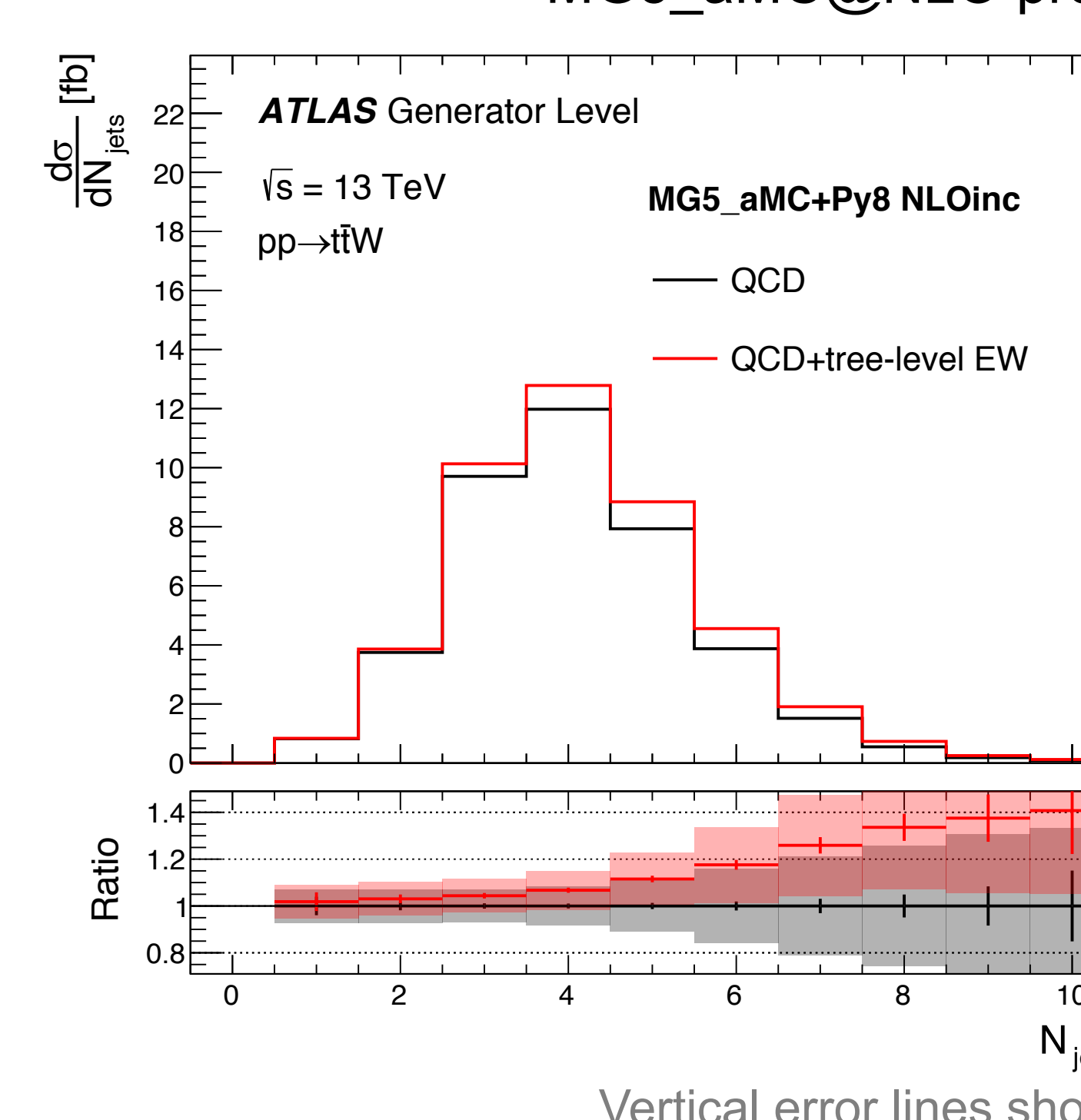
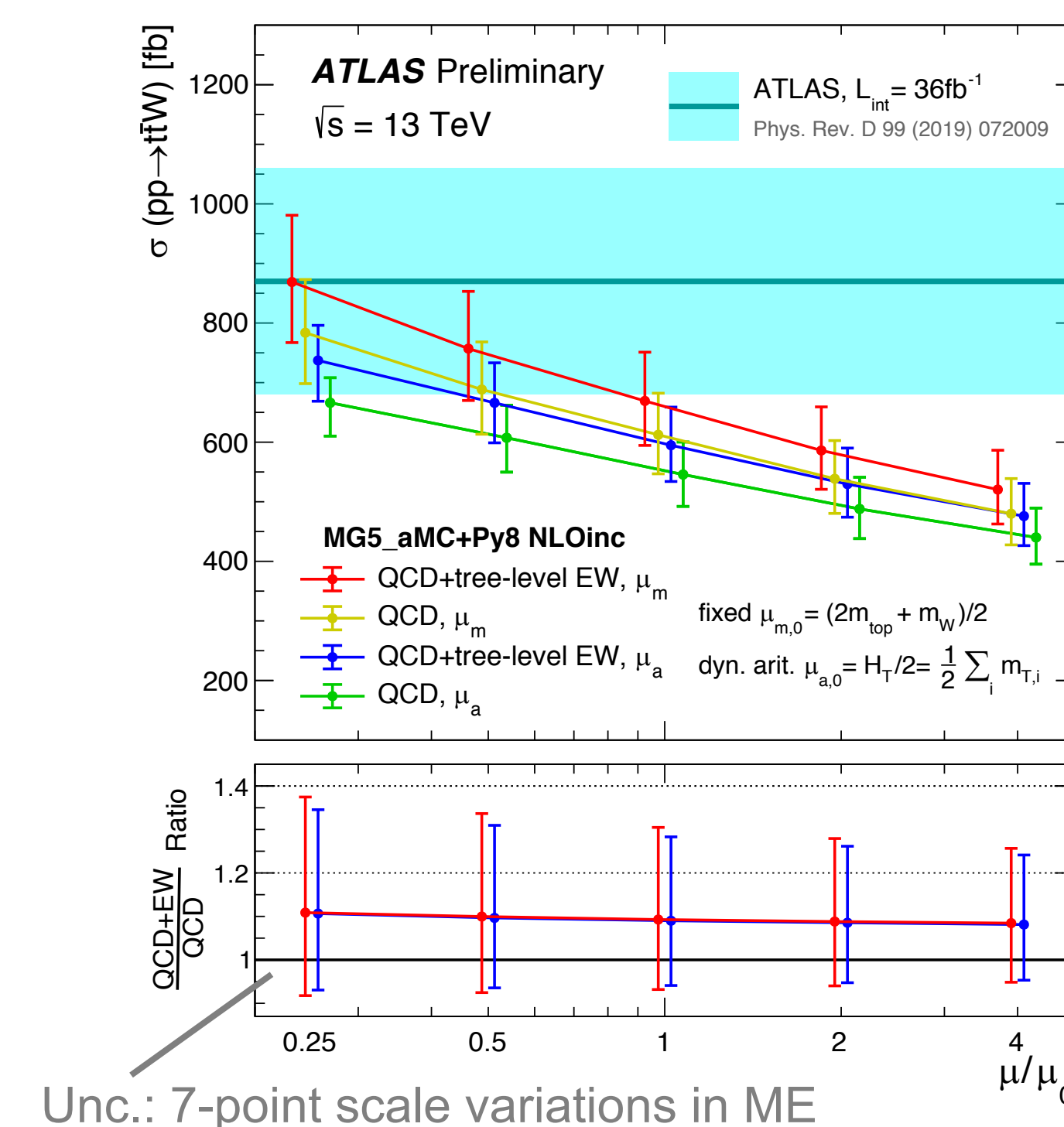
“tree-level EW” PRODUCTION

Cross-section dependence with two functional forms of the μ_R and μ_F scales

- Low values of these scales + EW contribution give better cross-section agreement with data

Effect of the “tree-level EW” contribution for MG5_aMC@NLO for some kinematic variable distributions

- $\sim 20\%$ effect for events in high central and forward jet multiplicity and in high pseudo rapidity region ($2.5 < |\eta| < 4.5$) where the extra jet in $tW \rightarrow tW$ scattering is expected
- MG5_aMC@NLO predicts a $\sim 10\%$ cross-section increase while Sherpa predicts a $\sim 5\%$



CONCLUSIONS

- $\sim 11\%$ increase in cross-section using NLO multileg compared to NLO inclusive
- Good agreement among multileg setups and small syst. parameter effects
- EW corrections boost $t\bar{t}W$ cross-section by $\sim 10\%$ and have significant effects in some kinematic distributions