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MET+jets differential cross sections: Limit setting

Stephen Menary

University of Manchester



Methodology



Phase spaces highlight
different DM production
processedFit multiple observables
- greater sensitivityFit multiple observables
- CRs constrain modelling of
SM V+jets processes

Challenge: treatment of modelling uncertainties when simultaneously fitting to multiple observables and constraining using multiple regions (with different V+jets contributions)



Re-interpret using a likelihood-profile method

(mostly consider upper limits using CLs method)

$$\chi^2\left(\vec{x};\vec{c},\vec{\theta}\right) = \left(\vec{x} - \vec{p}(\vec{c}) - \sum_i \theta_i \vec{\epsilon}_{\theta_i}\right)^T \operatorname{Cov}^{-1}\left(\vec{x} - \vec{p}(\vec{c}) - \sum_i \theta_i \vec{\epsilon}_{\theta_i}\right)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left(\vec{x};\vec{c},\vec{\theta}\right) = \mathcal{N} \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2}\chi^{2}\left(\vec{x};\vec{c},\vec{\theta}\right)} \cdot \prod_{i} \pi\left(\theta_{i}\right)$$

- Each uncertainty can be put in covariance matrix and/or treated as NPs
- All model and experimental systematics modelled as Gaussian
- Uncertainties in cov matrix must be symmetric and absolute
- NPs allowed to be asymmetric and relative
- Could have free floating NPs if needed
- Currently treating all systematics as NPs, so we can study their pulls and constraints
- Signal models modify the prediction, p(c) where c are parameters of interest



SM fractional contribution



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m_jj bin index

S. Menary



V+jets "uncertainties" on SM





Current strategy

- Modelling >> experimental stats and systematics (few %), so important that we treat them rigorously. Otherwise end up with poor data/SM agreement (even when SM is true), leading to biased reinterpretations.
 - ~20% uncertainty from envelope of SM scale variations (falls off with mjj due to falling V+jets fraction)
 - 107 PDF replicas treated as individual variations, combine to O(%) [incorrect combination method!]
 - PDF (alpha_s) also O(%), which is the envelope of two variations
 - Currently use nominal scale choice to model mjj, then treat the correction as a Gaussian constrained one-sided NP
- Not yet included EWK Vjj systematics, but will consider them uncorrelated with V+jets



m_{jj} shape correction

- **Current:** use nominal Sherpa as SM prediction. Treat difference w.r.t. alternative scale choice as a "modelling uncertainty". Fit as a NP with a Gaussian constraint.
- **Problems with method:** NP pulls != 1 not well motivated. Constraint artificially favours correction slightly below 1.
- Alternative (unconstrained NP): too much freedom to fit NP pulls other than 1. Artificial broadening of model uncertainty, since dramatic shape corrections are considered justified.
- Alternative (prefit correction to mjj prediction): still an uncertainty on the shape correction. What do we use?
- Treatment needs to work when fitting to $\Delta \phi(j,j)$ and MET at the same time.

Combination of processes and regions

- Current: model systematics considered 100% correlated between different V+jets processes, regions, phase spaces, and within wide range of energies.
- Plan to slightly decorrelate processes.

Enveloping of QCD scale uncertainties (7-point variations)

- Dominant uncertainties of O(10-20%) compared with O(few %) experimental precision need to get right!
- Preserve correlations between bins, processes and regions

Combination of PDF uncertainties

Current: each of 107 variations is treated as independent source. This is an overestimate. Can we combine and
preserve correlations between processes, regions and bins?