# Searches for new physics in top quark final states with the ATLAS experiment

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PRIMUS

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#### **Recent results**

- Dark matter search in the tW+MET final state: <u>ATLAS-CONF-2022-012</u>
- Search for pair-produced scalar and vector LQs decaying to 3rd-gen quarks and 1st/2nd-gen leptons: <u>ATLAS-CONF-2022-009</u>
- Search for ttH/A→4-top production in multilepton final states: <u>ATLAS-CONF-2022-008</u>
- Heavy Higgs boson from g2HDM in multilepton plus b-jets final states, <u>ATLAS-CONF-2022-039</u>

Search for dark matter produced in association with a single top quark and an energetic W boson in  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV pp collisions with the ATLAS detector

ATLAS-CONF-2022-012

- Dark matter search in a single-top final state
- Benchmark model 2HDM+a (<u>JHEP05(2017)138</u> and <u>1712.03874</u>)



- Final state
  - 0 leptons (0L) or 1 lepton (1L) final states (2L covered by Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 860)
  - Jets from top and W decays
  - Large missing transverse energy ( $E_T^{miss}$ ) due to dark-matter particles

OL final state strategy

- High  $E_{\tau}^{miss}$  from dark matter
- All-hadronic decays of t and W
- Expected boosted W for wide range of model parameters → W tagging
- At least one b jet from top decay
- Discriminating variable (binned in 5 bins of E<sub>T</sub><sup>miss</sup>): m<sub>W-tagged,b1</sub>



1L final state strategy

- Leptonic top:  $m(b_1,j_1) > 200 \text{ GeV}$ 
  - W(qq) expected boosted → using W-tagger to reconstruct W
  - Inclusive SR
- Hadronic top:  $m(b_1, j_1) < 200 \text{ GeV}$ 
  - W from to less boosted
  - SR binned in MET (same as 0L)

Both 0L and 1L categories have CR to control ttbar, Z+jets and W+jets



- Background-only fit: upper limits on the BSM number of events and the BSM fiducial cross-section
- Exclusion limits: combination of 0L+1L (this analysis) + 2L (EPJ C 81 (2021) 860)
  - Limit up to  $m_{H} = 1.5$  TeV and  $m_{a} = 100$  GeV if tan $\beta=1$ 
    - $\dot{m}_a = 150^{\circ} \text{ GeV: } m_H \text{-tan}\beta \text{ scan} \rightarrow \text{Exclusion at high tan}\beta > 20$
    - $m_a^{"}$ =250 GeV:  $m_H^{"}$ -tanβ scan → Exclusion at tanβ=30,  $m_H^{"}$  = 900







Search for pair-produced scalar and vector leptoquarks decaying into third-generation quarks and first- or second-generation leptons in *pp* collisions with the ATLAS detector

ATLAS-CONF-2022-009

- search for pair-produced cross-generational leptoquarks (LQ)
- benchmark models:
  - scalar up-type and down-type LQs
  - vector up-type LQs in Yang-Mills or minimal coupling scenario
  - $\circ$  couplings to t/b and l/v characterised by B(LQ  $\rightarrow$  ql)
- motivated by flavour anomalies, measurements of anomalous magnetic moment of muons
- Focus on single lepton final state with at least 4 jets and hight  $E_{\tau}^{miss}$





Analysis strategy:

- Using NN output as discriminating variable
  - Dedicated training region enriched with signal
  - Neural networks for various signal hypotheses
  - In each training combined multiple mass hypotheses
- NN output defines SR and CR:
  - NNout > 0.5: SR (5 bins)
  - NNout < 0.5: CR (mostly ttbar events)
- Additional 2 CR:
  - W+jets CR
  - Single-top CR



Fit results:

- simultaneous fit to the CR + low NN + single-top + Wjets CRs
- largest uncertainty from top modelling
- Example for vLQ DY with B=0.5



ATLAS Preliminary

√s = 13 TeV. 139 fb<sup>-1</sup>

🔶 data

W+iets

sinale top

- limits reach up to 1980 GeV for vector LQs
- limits reach around 1400 GeV for scalar LQs
- Strictest limits for B = 0.5





Search for  $t\bar{t}H/A \rightarrow t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  production in the multilepton final state in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV with the ATLAS detector

ATLAS-CONF-2022-008

- Analysis of 4-top events with 2 same-sign leptons or multiplepton final states
- Previous SM 4top analysis: <u>EPJ C 80 (2020) 1085</u>
  - Excess of data over SM expectation
- This analysis benchmark model:
  - $\circ \quad 2HDM \text{ type-II ttH} \to 4top \text{ signal and interpretation on low} \\ tan(\beta) \text{ region in the alignment limit } tan(\beta-\alpha) \to 1$
  - all couplings are similar to the SM Higgs boson





Analysis strategy

- High jet and b-jet multiplicities and high H<sub>T</sub>
- Same-sign di-lepton category (SS):
  - same-sign ee, eμ, and μμ events
- Multi-lepton category (ML):
  - $\circ$  >= 3 leptons (e or  $\mu$ )
  - еее, ееµ, еµµ, µµµ
  - Z-veto (based on the invariant mass)
- Using BDT output as a discriminating variable
  - SM BDT to select 4-top-like events. Used to define SR
  - mass-parametrized BSM BDT (pBDT) to separate BSM 4-top from the rest
- 4 more CRs to control heavy-flavour contribution, ttW contribution, and contribution from gamma conversions



Fit results (background-only fit): no significant excess over SM expectation

m(H/A) = 400 GeV

m(H/A) = 1 TeV



Results:

- 95% CL exclusion limits on cross-section of 2HDM type II scalar (H) and pseudo-scalar (A) Higgs boson
- The observed upper limits range between 14 fb and 6 fb for the studied mass range



Results:

- Three scenarios of interpretation are considered:
  - Only ttH or only ttA: excluded values of  $tan(\beta)$  range between 0.5 (for large m) to 1.2 (small m)
  - $\circ$  ttH + ttA: excluded values of tan( $\beta$ ) range between 0.6 to 1.6



#### Search for heavy Higgs bosons from a g2HDM in multilepton plus *b*-jets final states in *pp* collisions at 13 TeV with the ATLAS detector

ATLAS-CONF-2022-039

#### Heavy Higgs boson in multilepton plus b-jets final states

- Analysis of multi-lepton + b-jets final state
- Benchmark model:
  - A general 2HDM including off-diagonal Yukawa couplings for the second doublet
  - Heavy sub-TeV bossons: scalar H and pseudo-scalar A
  - can address several shortcomings of the SM: electroweak baryogenesis, strong CP problem, flavour problem, etc



## Heavy Higgs boson in multilepton plus b-jets final states

- Analysis strategy
  - Event categorization based on lepton multiplicity and total charge and output of the multi-category deep neural network (2I same-sign, 3I, and 4I combined with NN categories: ss tt, ttq, tttq, and tttt)
  - Multi-output deep neural network (DNN<sup>cat</sup>) trained to categorize BSM signal
  - Second DNN<sup>sb</sup> in each category to suppress SM background
  - Control regions to control main backgrounds: WZ, ttZ, conversion lep., and non-promp HF lep.



#### Heavy Higgs boson in multilepton plus b-jets final states

#### • Results

- Scan the full 4D planes of couplings vs mass search for new physics (small excess for  $m_{\mu} = 1 \text{ TeV}$ )
- $\circ$  95% CL upper limits on the  $\sigma$  x BR for all the 2HDM signals together
- Excluded masses as a function of two couplings
- Bonus: SUSY RPV reinterpretation





## Conclusions

## Conclusions

- Four recent BSM searches with top quark in the final state were presented
- The tW+MET final state was probed
  - The reach of the search was extended using the 0-lepton final state and reconstruction of boosted hadronically decaying W bosons
  - The exclusion limits of the 2HDM+a benchmark model were extended using a combination with the previous measurement
- The search for a pair production of the leptoquarks with a subsequent decays into the 3rd generation quarks and light leptons was performed
  - The benchmark models were excluded for LQ masses ranging from 1.4 to 1.9 TeV
- 4-top events were analyzed in the same-sign di-lepton and multi-lepton final states
  - The 2HDM type-II model was used as a benchmark
  - Limits on the BSM signal cross-section was as a function of H/A mass were determined
- Limits on heavy Higgs boson in g2HBM model in multilepton plus b-jets final states were set

# Backup slides

#### Signal regions definition:



Variable	$SR_{tW_{0L}}$	$SR_{tW_{1L}}^{lep.top}$	$SR_{tW_{1L}}^{had.top}$
Trigger	$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$	$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$	$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}   [{\rm GeV}]$	$\geq \! 250$	$\geq 250$	$\geq 250$
$\mathcal{S}_{E_{ ext{T}}^{ ext{miss}}}$	$\geq 14$	$\geq 15$	-
$\min[\Delta\phi(\text{jet}_{1-4}, E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}})]$	$\geq 0.9$	$\geq 0.5$	$\geq 0.5$
Number of baseline leptons	0	1	1
Number of signal leptons	0	1	1
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell_1}  \mathrm{[GeV]}$	-	$\geq 30$	$\geq 30$
Number of signal jets	$\geq 4$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 3$
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathbf{j}_{1}} \; [\mathrm{GeV}]$	$\geq 100$	$\geq 50$	$\geq 50$
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathbf{j}_2}  \mathrm{[GeV]}$	$\geq 60$	$\geq 30$	$\geq 30$
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{j}_3}~[\mathrm{GeV}]$	$\geq 60$	-	$\geq 30$
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{j}_4} \; \mathrm{[GeV]}$	$\geq 40$	-	-
Number of $b$ -tagged jets	$\geq 1$	$\geq 1$	$\geq 1$
$p_{\rm T}^{{\rm b}_1}  [{ m GeV}]$	$\geq 50$	$\geq 50$	$\geq 50$
$p_{\rm T}^{\rm b_2}~[{ m GeV}]$	$\leq 50$	$\leq 50$	$\leq 50$
Number of W-tagged jets $(N_{W-\text{tagged}}^{J;R=1.0})$	$\geq 1$	$\geq 1$	-
$p_{\rm T}^{J;R=1.0} [{ m GeV}]$	$\geq 200$	$\geq 200$	-
$\Delta R_{W-{ m tagged,b_1}}$	$\geq 1.0$	-	-
$m_{W-\text{tagged,b}_1}$ [GeV]	$\geq 220$	-	-
$m_{\rm T}({\rm b}_1, E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss})$ [GeV]	$\geq 180$	-	-
$m_{\mathbf{b}_1,\mathbf{b}_1}$ [GeV]	-	$\geq 200$	$\leq 200$
$m_{\rm T}(\ell, E_{\rm T}^{ m miss}) ~[{ m GeV}]$	-	$\geq 130$	$\geq 200$
$am_{\mathrm{T2}} \; [\mathrm{GeV}]$	-	$\geq 180$	$\geq 180$
$m_{\rm W}^{\rm had}   [{\rm GeV}]$	-	-	$\geq 60$

- Background-only fit: upper limits on the BSM number of events and the BSM fiducial cross-section
- Background uncertainty dominated by W-tagging, jet, and theory uncertainties (V+jets, ttbar and single top)



Region	E <sup>miss</sup> bins		
OL SR	[250, 330, 400, 500, 600, inf] GeV		
1L leptonic-top SR	Inclusive		
1L hadronic-top SR	[250, 300, 350, 400, 450, inf] GeV		

Signal channel	Obs.	SM. exp	$\langle \epsilon \sigma \rangle_{\rm obs}^{95} [{\rm fb}]$	$S_{ m obs}^{95}$	$S_{ m exp}^{95}$	$CL_{\rm B}$
$\operatorname{SR}_{tW_{0L}}(E_{T}^{\text{miss}} \ge 250 \text{ GeV})$	133	$147 \pm 15$	0.27	37.2	$39.4^{+16.9}_{-7.2}$	0.33
$\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{tW}_{0\mathrm{L}}}(E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \geq 330 \; GeV)$	66	$82.8\pm8.9$	0.14	20.1	$25.8^{+8.2}_{-6.0}$	0.17
$\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{tW}_{0L}}(E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \ge 400 \; GeV)$	33	$42.0\pm5.6$	0.10	13.9	$18.5_{-5.0}^{+6.5}$	0.22
$\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{tW}_{0L}}(E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \ge 500 \ GeV)$	8	$16.6\pm2.3$	0.04	5.0	$9.9^{+4.1}_{-2.2}$	0.04
$\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{tW}_{0\mathrm{L}}}(E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \ge 600 \ GeV)$	6	$7.0\pm1.7$	0.05	6.6	$7.4^{+2.9}_{-1.5}$	0.38
$\operatorname{SR}_{tW_{1L}}^{had.top}(E_{T}^{miss} \ge 250 \; GeV)$	239	$237\pm25$	0.43	59.4	$59^{+20}_{-15}$	0.51
$\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{tW}_{1\mathrm{L}}}^{\mathrm{had.top}}(E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \ge 300 \; GeV)$	130	$121 \pm 17$	0.35	48.8	$43^{+15}_{-12}$	0.65
$\mathrm{SR}^{\mathrm{had.top}}_{\mathrm{tW}_{1\mathrm{L}}}(E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \ge 350 \; GeV)$	69	$65.8\pm8.8$	0.20	27.9	$25.9^{+9.2}_{-6.7}$	0.59
$\mathrm{SR}^{\mathrm{had.top}}_{\mathrm{tW}_{1\mathrm{L}}}(E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \ge 400 \; GeV)$	40	$36.7\pm9.0$	0.18	24.6	$23.8_{-4.3}^{+9.7}$	0.59
$\mathrm{SR}^{\mathrm{had.top}}_{\mathrm{tW}_{1\mathrm{L}}}(E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} \ge 450 \; GeV)$	25	$20.2\pm8.4$	0.17	23.0	$19.1_{-3.8}^{+7.0}$	0.72
$\mathrm{SR}^{\mathrm{lep.top}}_{\mathrm{tW}_{1\mathrm{L}}}$	9	$6.4\pm2.3$	0.08	10.9	$8.7^{+2.6}_{-1.8}$	0.78

Observed number of data events and expected SM contribution from the background-only fit

The 95% CL upper limits on the visible cross section ( $\langle\epsilon\sigma\rangle_{obs}^{~95}$ ) and on the number of signal events (S $_{obs}^{~95}$ ), and the limit on signal events, given the expected number of bkg events (S $_{exp}^{~95}$ )

Selection

Preselection					
	$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ triggers				
	= 1 signal lep	oton			
	veto on additional baseline leptons				
	$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} > 250{\rm G}$	GeV			
	$\geq$ 4 small- <i>R</i> j	jets			
$\Delta \Phi(E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}, j_{1,2}) > 0.4$					
top reweighting region	W+jets CR	single top CR	training region		
$n_b \ge 1$	$n_b = 1$	$n_b = 2$	$n_b \ge 1$		
$m_{\rm T}(\ell, E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}) \ge 120 {\rm GeV}$	$50 \mathrm{GeV} \le m_{\mathrm{T}}(\ell, E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}) < 120 \mathrm{GeV}$	$m_{\rm T}(\ell, E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}) < 120 { m GeV}$	$m_{\rm T}(\ell, E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}) \ge 120 {\rm GeV}$		
$am_{T2} < 200 \mathrm{GeV}$	$am_{T2} > 200 \mathrm{GeV}$	$am_{T2} > 200 \mathrm{GeV}$	$am_{T2} > 200 \mathrm{GeV}$		
-	$t_{\rm had}$ candidate veto	large-R jet veto	-		
-	-	-			
-	-				

#### Cross-section limits on scalar LQs for B=0.5



#### Cross-section limits on vector LQs for B=0.5



#### NN variables

14			
8	Variable	Description	
	$m_{\rm T}(\ell, E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss})$	transverse mass of lepton and $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$	
	$m_{\rm eff}$	scalar sum of the transverse momenta of leptons, jets, and $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$	
	lepton flavour	flavour of the signal lepton	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(\ell)$	transverse momentum of the lepton	
	$m_{\rm inv}(b_1,\ell)$	invariant mass of leading- $p_{\rm T}$ b-jet and lepton	
	$n_{lj}$	reclustered large- $R$ jet multiplicity	
	$am_{T2}$	asymmetric transverse mass	
	$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ significance	measure for the compatibility of the observed $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ with zero, taking resolution	15
		of reconstructed objects into account	
	$m_T(b_1, E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss})$	transverse mass of leading- $p_{\rm T}$ b-jet and $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$	
	$p_{\rm T}(t_{\rm had})$	transverse momentum of $t_{had}$	
	$\Delta \Phi(E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}, b_2)$	azimuthal angle separation between $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ and subleading- $p_{\rm T}$ b-jet	
	$m_{\rm inv}(b_2,\ell)$	invariant mass of subleading- $p_{\rm T}$ b-jet and lepton	
	$\Delta \Phi(E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}, b_1)$	azimuthal angle separation between $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ and leading- $p_{\rm T}$ b-jet	
	$\Delta \Phi(t_{\rm had}, \ell)$	azimuthal angle separation between $t_{had}$ and lepton	
	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(b_1)$	transverse momentum of leading- $p_{\rm T}$ b-jet	30

Selection

Region	Channel	Nj	N <sub>b</sub>	Other selection cuts	Fitted variable
CR Conv	$e^{\pm}e^{\pm} \mid\mid e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	$4 \le N_j < 6$	≥ 1	$m_{ee}^{CV} \in [0, 0.1] \text{ GeV}$ 200 < $H_{T}$ < 500 GeV	$m_{ee}^{\rm PV}$
CR HF e	eee    eeµ		= 1	$100 < H_{\rm T} < 250 {\rm GeV}$	Yield
CR HF $\mu$	еµµ    µµµ		= 1	$100 < H_{\rm T} < 250 {\rm GeV}$	Yield
CR tīW	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}\mid\mid\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$	≥ 4	≥ 2	$m_{ee}^{CV} \notin [0, 0.1] \text{ GeV},  \eta(e)  < 1.5$ for $N_{b} = 2, H_{T} < 500 \text{ GeV}$ or $N_{j} < 6$ ; for $N_{b} \ge 3, H_{T} < 500 \text{ GeV}$	$\sum p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$
CR lowBDT	SS+3L	≥ 6	≥ 2	$H_{\rm T} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \text{ SM BDT} < 0.55$	SM BDT
BSM SR	SS+3L	≥ 6	$  \geq 2$	$H_{\rm T} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \text{ SM BDT} \ge 0.55$	BSM pBDT